





## Queries

1. Retrieve the names of all patients who got treated in the year 2020.  
This query will be flexible to help track patients between the range of specific dates.

```
SELECT CONCAT(p.Person_FName," ",p.Person_LName) as "Patient Names",  
Treatment_Date  
FROM person p, treatment t, patient pa  
WHERE p.Person_ID = pa.Patient_ID  
AND pa.Patient_ID = t.Patient_ID  
AND t.Treatment_Date BETWEEN "2020-01-01" AND "2020-12-31"
```

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2. Retrieve the names of patients who received medication that is under \$350.  
This query will help track patients that received medication that is in a specific range of price.

```
SELECT DISTINCT CONCAT(p.Person_FName," ",p.Person_LName) as "Patient Names",  
CONCAT("$",FORMAT(m.Medication_Price,2)) as "Medication Price"  
FROM person p, patient pa, treatment t, prescription pr, medication m  
WHERE p.Person_ID = pa.Patient_ID  
AND pa.Patient_ID = t.Patient_ID  
AND t.Patient_ID = pr.Patient_ID  
AND pr.Medication_ID = m.Medication_ID  
AND m.Medication_Price <= 350;
```

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3. Retrieve the names of patients that have an "A" in their blood type.  
This query will help track patients that have a specific letter in their blood type.

```
SELECT DISTINCT CONCAT(Person_FName," ", Person_LName) as "Patient Names",  
Record_Bloodtype as "Blood Type"  
FROM person p, patient pa, treatment t, record r  
WHERE p.Person_ID = pa.Patient_ID  
AND pa.Patient_ID = t.Patient_ID  
AND t.Patient_ID = r.Patient_ID  
AND Record_Bloodtype RLIKE "A"
```

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4. Retrieves the number of patients that do not have an allergie.  
This query will help track patients with a specific allergie or whether if they do not have one.

```
SELECT DISTINCT CONCAT(Person_FName," ", Person_LName) as "Patient Name",  
Record_Allergy as Allergy  
FROM person p, patient pa, treatment t, record r  
WHERE p.Person_ID = pa.Patient_ID  
AND pa.Patient_ID = t.Patient_ID  
AND t.Patient_ID = r.Patient_ID  
AND Record_Allergy = "none"
```

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5. Retrieve the patients who have received a treatment the same day they visited the hospital.  
This query will help to see whether the hospital treated the patients right away. They might have not treated them right away if it was not an emergency.

```
SELECT CONCAT(Person_FName," ", Person_LName) as "Patient Names",  
Treatment_Date, Patient_DateVisted as "Date Visited"  
FROM person p, patient pa, treatment t  
WHERE p.Person_ID = pa.Patient_ID  
AND pa.Patient_ID = t.Patient_ID  
AND t.Treatment_Date = pa.Patient_DateVisted
```

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6. Retrieve the names of patients that received medication that starts with the letter "A".  
This query will help track patients that received medication that starts with a specific letter.

```
SELECT CONCAT (Person_FName," ", Person_LName) as "Patient Names",  
Medication_Name  
FROM person p, treatment t, patient pa, prescription pr, medication m  
WHERE p.Person_ID = pa.Patient_ID  
AND pa.Patient_ID = t.Patient_ID  
AND t.Patient_ID = pr.Patient_ID  
AND pr.Medication_ID = m.Medication_ID  
AND m.Medication_Name RLIKE "^A"
```

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7. Retrieve the last names of all employees with their salary along with an additional column that identifies salary as “excellent” if it is over \$100,000, “bad” if it’s less than \$40,000, and “moderate” if it’s between \$100,000 and \$40,000.

This query will help track the employees’ salaries and see if they are paid reasonably or not.

```
SELECT Person_LName as "Last Names", CONCAT("$", FORMAT(Employee_Salary,2))
as Salary,
IF(e.Employee_Salary < 40000, "bad", IF(e.Employee_Salary >= 100000,
"excellent", "moderate")) as Rating
FROM person p, employee e
WHERE p.Person_ID = e.Employee_ID;
```

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8. Retrieve the names of the Receptionist with a senior rank that got hired before the year 2010.

This query will help track an employee with a specific rank that got hired before a specific date.

```
SELECT CONCAT(Person_FName," ", Person_LName) as "Receptionist Names",
Employee_DateHired
FROM person p, employee e, receptionist r
WHERE p.person_ID = e.employee_ID
AND e.employee_ID = r.receptionist_ID
AND Receptionist_Rank = "Senior"
AND Employee_DateHired < "2010-1-1"
```

## Parameterized Queries

1. Retrieves the names of people who were born in a certain range of dates within a specific state.

This query will help track people that were born within a certain date range and within a certain state.

```
SELECT CONCAT(Person_FName," ", Person_LName) as "Names", Person_DOB
FROM person
WHERE Person_DOB BETWEEN var_date1 AND var_date2
AND Person_State = var_state;
```

2. Retrieves the names of medication that was prescribed that has not expired within a specific price range.

This query will help track the expiration dates of each medication that was prescribed and their price.

```
SELECT Medication_Name, Medication_Expire, Medication_Price
FROM medication
WHERE Medication_Expire <= var_date
AND Medication_Price BETWEEN var_price1 AND var_price2;
```

## Trigger

1. When Person\_ID is changed in the person table, it will update the Patient\_ID in the patient table.  
This trigger helps update the sub entity tables when its parent table is updated.

```
Delimiter //
CREATE TRIGGER update_Patient_ID
AFTER UPDATE ON person
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
UPDATE patient SET patient.Patient_ID = NEW.Person_ID
WHERE patient.Patient_ID = OLD.Person_ID;
END
```

2. When Person\_ID is changed in the person table, it will update the Employee\_ID in the employee table.  
This trigger helps update the sub entity tables when its parent table is updated.

```
Delimiter //
```

```
CREATE TRIGGER update_EmployeeID
```

```
AFTER UPDATE ON person
```

```
FOR EACH ROW
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
UPDATE employee SET employee.Employee_ID = NEW.Person_ID
```

```
WHERE employee.Employee_ID = OLD.Person_ID;
```

```
END
```