X86 Assembly Language - Programming Exercise

Assignment 04 (Ch08)

Practice in Chapter 8

- Stack Frames
- Recursion

Recursive Fibonacci Numbers

The goal of this assignment is to learning X86 assembly language. By the end of this assignment, you should be able to:

- 1. read a string from standard input
- 2. write an algorithm in pseudocode
- 3. translate that pseudocode into assembly
- 4. implement recursion by calling procedure with passing parameters

Requirements

- This assignment asks you to write an X86 assembly program to implement *Recursive Fibonacci numbers*. (Check Recursive Factorial example in Ch08) Specifically, your program should be divided into the following four sections, which must perform several specific tasks.
 - Section 1: Introduction
 - Section 2: Get and validate n
 - Section 3: Calculate and print the Fibonacci numbers recursively
 - Section 4: Conclusion

Requirements (Cont'd)

Section 1: Introduction

- Print an introduction that includes your name, a title, and (optionally) a description of the program.
- Prompt the user to enter their name and read in the string input.
- Print a greeting that includes the user's name.

Section 2: Get and validate n

- Prompt the user to enter a number between 1 and 25; read in the input (Let us call this n).
- Check that n is within the range. If not, print an error message and prompt the user again.
- Repeat until the user enters a valid number.

Requirements (Cont'd)

Section 3: Calculate and print the Fibonacci numbers recursively

- Calculate and print the Fibonacci numbers during recursive calls.
- The first several numbers should be: 0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, ...
- Note that you do not need to store the Fibonacci numbers in memory. You may just print them as they are computed

Section 4: Conclusion

- Print a farewell message that again refers to the user's name.
- Use the exit system call to end your program.

Example

```
Fibonacci Numbers by, Andy
What is your name?: June
Hi, June
How many Fibonacci numbers should I display?
Enter an integer in the range [1..25]: 50
That number was out of range, try again.
How many Fibonacci numbers should I display?
Enter an integer in the range [1..25]: 3
F(3) = F(2) + F(1) =
     F(2) = F(1) + F(0) =
          F(1) = 1
          F(0) = 0
     F(2) = 1
```

Goodbye, June

F(3) = 2

F(1) = 1

Submission Format

- Turn in your report in group
- Observe the changes of registers and memory while executing. Screenshot when needed.
- Pack (archive) the following files
 - xxxx.asm
 - Report (file format: .doc/.docx/.pdf)
 - Follow the given programming exercise report format
 - ▶ Please include screenshots, the source code with comments, and your feedback about the assignment in one file.
- Upload to Tronclass