X86 Assembly Language - Programming Exercise

Assignment 03 (Ch07)

Practice in Chapter 7

Multiplication and division instructions

Greatest Common Divisor

► The greatest common divisor (GCD) of two integers is the largest integer that will evenly divide both integers. The GCD algorithm involves integer division in a loop, described by the following pseudocode:

```
int GCD(int x, int y)
x = abs(x) // absolute value
y = abs(y)
do {
    int n = x \% y
    x = y
    y = n
\} while (y > 0)
return x
```

Greatest Common Divisor (Cont'd)

Implement this function in assembly language. Write a non-recursive procedure CalcGcd to calculate the GCD of two integers received from eax and ebx, and return EAX as GCD calculated for display. This is an example in action:

x %	y =	n
10	24	10
24	10	4
10	4	2
4	2	0
2	0	

Greatest Common Divisor (Cont'd)

The program will be run like this:

Enter a 32 bit number: 10

Enter a 32 bit number: 24

Greatest common divisor is: 2

Enter a 32 bit number: -100

Enter a 32 bit number: 48

Greatest common divisor is: 4

Submission Format

- Turn in your report in group
- Observe the changes of registers and memory while executing. Screenshot when needed.
- Pack (archive) the following files
 - xxxx.asm
 - Report (file format: .doc/.docx/.pdf)
 - Follow the given programming exercise report format
 - ▶ Please include screenshots, the source code with comments, and your feedback about the assignment in one file.
- Upload to Tronclass