# APOLLO3 PORTING GUIDE

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## **Revision History**

Date	Revision	History	Reviser
Sept 1, 2018	0.1	Initial Version	DM

#### 1. Overview

This document is a guide to porting applications from the Apollo/Apollo2 SDK to the Apollo3 SDK. The Apollo3 SDK is a step towards incorporating more industry standard features into the AmbiqSuite. Specifically, the Apollo3 SDK supports:

- CMSIS standard register definitions, interrupt vectors, and intrinsics
- Uniform device driver model for communications APIs
- Consistent error checking and error code returns
- Device instances associated with device handle

#### 2. Uniform Driver API

The majority of industry Cortex-M SDK implementations provide some level of commonality between similar devices (I2C, I2S, SPI, CAN, and UART). The Apollo/Apollo2 SDK organically grew the specific HAL device APIs based on the underlying features of the hardware and the need for efficient operation to demonstrate low-power. While this is necessary, it complicates the support model for many new customers as they need to learn the approach to each of these device APIs from scratch. The Uniform Device API is designed to establish a uniform set of APIs and requirement on the ADC, BLE, IOM, IOS, MSPI, PDM and UART devices in the Apollo3 MCU. These uniform APIs include the following generic functions:

- initialize creates an instance of the given device interface and returns a handle to the instance for use with all other APIs.
- power\_control provides a consistent interface to power-up and sleep the device (typically a device cannot be configured without first calling power control).
- configure configures the entire device or a subset of the device resources (there can be multiple configure functions depending how the device provides resources).
- enable enables a configured device to begin operation
- control provides the ability to configure less used parameters or modes of the device
- interrupt enable enable one or more interrupts from the device.
- interrupt\_disable disable one or more interrupts from the device.
- interrupt status get retrieve the current interrupts registered with the device.
- interrupt clear clear one or more interrupts from the device.
- interrupt service service an interrupt from the device.
- disable disables a configured device to stop operation
- deinitialize resets and returns a device instance

Not all devices require the full set as outlined above, but they do follow the same general pattern for initialization and shutdown. The differences are primarily in the calls made during operation of the device.

#### 3. CMSIS Register Definitions

The Apollo3 SDK supports the Cortex Microcontroller Software Interface Standard or CMSIS. Among other things, CMSIS defines a standard syntax for exposing MCU register definitions to software, interrupt vector naming and intrinsic function exposure. The Apollo SDK will deprecate the AM\_REG (Ambiq Micro Register) macros at the production release of the SDK. Any code from Apollo/Apollo2 implementations that directly use registers will need to port to the CMSIS standard.

#### 4. ADC HAL

## 4.1 Configuration

All of the selectable configuration structures have been converted into enums instead of #defines for value definitions to aid in compile-time type safety. For example:

#define AM HAL ADC LPMODE 0	AM REG ADC CFG LPMODE MODEO
#define AM HAL ADC LPMODE 1	AM REG ADC CFG LPMODE MODE1

Configuration of the ADC device can be mapped as follows:

Apollo/Apollo2 Function	Apollo3 Function
N/A	am_hal_adc_initialize
N/A	am_hal_adc_power_control
am_hal_adc_config	am_hal_adc_configure
am_hal_adc_window_set	am_hal_adc_control(AM_HAL_ADC_REQ_WINDOW_CONFIG)
am_hal_adc_slot_config	am_hal_adc_configure_slot
N/A	am_hal_adc_configure_dma
N/A	am_hal_adc_deinitialize

## 4.2 Operation

Operation of the ADC device can be mapped as follows:

operation of the 7 to a device can be mapped as follows:	
Apollo/Apollo2 Function	Apollo3 Function
am_hal_adc_enable	am_hal_adc_enable
am_hal_adc_disable	am_hal_adc_disable
N/A	am_hal_adc_status_get
am_hal_adc_trigger	am_hal_adc_sw_trigger

## 4.3 Interrupts

Interrupt control of the ADC device can be mapped as follows:

monapt control of the 7120 device can be mapped as follows.		
Apollo/Apollo2 Function	Apollo3 Function	
am_hal_adc_int_enable	am_hal_adc_interrupt_enable	
am_hal_adc_int_disable	am_hal_adc_interrupt_disable	
am_hal_adc_int_status_get	am_hal_adc_interrupt_status	
am_hal_adc_int_clear	am_hal_adc_interrupt_clear	

#### 4.4 Data Movement

Apollo3 implements DMA to support the ADC device. With DMA the samples are transferred directly to SRAM and an interrupt is generated when the total number of samples is collected.

Raw data movement of the ADC device can be mapped as follows:

Apollo/Apollo2 Function	Apollo3 Function
am_hal_adc_fifo_peek	am_hal_adc_samples_read
am_hal_adc_fifo_pop	am_hal_adc_samples_read

#### 5. CTIMER HAL

#### 5.1 Global Enable

There is a new function that allows synchronized start of all of the CTIMERs. This overrides the individual enables of the CTIMERs and is designed to be used with the new stepper motor/pattern generation features of the CTIMER. The default is for all the timers to be enabled.

# Apollo3 Function am hal ctimer globen

#### 5.2 Auxiliary Configuration

There are two additional functions that allow setting the new AUX registers. These are mostly designed to be used with the new stepper motor/pattern generation features of the CTIMER.

Apollo3 Function
am_hal_ctimer_aux_read
am_hal_ctimer_aux_compare_set
am_hal_ctimer_aux_period_set

#### **5.3 Output Control**

There is a new function which provides for coordinate routing of the new CTIMER output signal scheme to I/O pads. The function enforces the restrictions on the pad connectivity. It is recommended that the customer study the tables in the function implementation and the datasheet to get a sense for these restrictions.

# Apollo3 Function am\_hal\_ctimer\_output\_config

#### 6. GPIO HAL

The GPIO HAL implementation for Apollo3 has changed significantly from previous Apollo and Apollo2 SDKs. The hardware design for Apollo3 GPIO remains very similar to the previous products with a few new features added. The new GPIO features, however, do add some complexity that the new GPIO HAL makes more manageable for the user.

The previous software implementation was heavily dependent on macros for configuration and usage, which caused confusion to end users, especially with pin configuration, and contributed to code size due to the inline coding. The new implementation abstracts most of the configuration into the HAL with the caller supplying a single word containing all pin configuration parameters in a single 32-bit word defined by a standard C bitfield structure.

#### 6.1 Configuration

Apollo/Apollo2 Function	Apollo3 Function
am_hal_gpio_pin_config	am_hal_gpio_pinconfig

This function is called when configuring a given pad for its ultimate function. The specified parameters (bfGpioCfg) are checked for compatibility with the specified pin. Any configuration or parameter errors result in an error return.

The prototype is am\_hal\_gpio\_pinconfig(uint32\_t ui32Pin, am\_hal\_gpio\_pincfg\_t bfGpioCfg).

The ui32Pin parameter is simply the pin number to be configured.

am\_hal\_gpio\_pincfg\_t is a bitfield structure containing the following members:

uFuncSel This is a value from 0-7 which will usually come from am\_hal\_pin.h.

ePullup Many pads can supply a pullup resistor. For those that do, this member defines the value of that pullup. It is one of the following enumerations:

```
//
// Pullup configuration: am_hal_gpio_pincfg_t.ePullup enums
//
typedef enum
{
    //
    // Define pullup enums.
    // The 1.5K - 24K pullup values are valid for select I2C enabled pads.
    // The "weak" value is used for almost every other pad except pin 20.
    //
    AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_PULLUP_NONE = 0x00,
    AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_PULLUP_WEAK,
    AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_PULLUP_15K,
    AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_PULLUP_12K,
    AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_PULLUP_24K,
    AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_PULLUP_24K,
    AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_PULLUP_24K,
    AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_PULLUPOWN
} am hal_gpio_pullup e;
```

eGPOutcfg This member is generally used when defining a pad as a GPIO output and defines the output type. It is one of the following enumerations:

```
//
// OUTCFG pad configuration: am_hal_gpio_pincfg_t.eGPOutcfg enums
// Applies only to GPIO configured pins.
// Ultimately maps to GPIOCFG.OUTCFG, bits [2:1].
//
typedef enum
{
    AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_OUTCFG_DISABLE = 0x0,
    AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_OUTCFG_PUSHPULL = 0x1,
    AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_OUTCFG_OPENDRAIN = 0x2,
```

```
AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_OUTCFG_TRISTATE = 0x3
} am_hal_gpio_outcfg_e;
```

eDriveStrength For output configurations, many pads can be configured with various drive strengths. For those that do, this member defines that and will be one of the following enumerations:

```
//
// Pad Drive Strength configuration: am_hal_gpio_pincfg_t.eDriveStrength enums
//
typedef enum
{
    // DRIVESTRENGTH is a 2-bit field.
    // bit0 maps to bit2 of a PADREG field.
    // bit1 maps to bit0 of an ALTPADCFG field.
    // AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_DRIVESTRENGTH_2MA = 0x0,
    AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_DRIVESTRENGTH_4MA = 0x1,
    AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_DRIVESTRENGTH_8MA = 0x2,
    AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_DRIVESTRENGTH_12MA = 0x3
} am_hal_gpio_drivestrength_e;
```

eGPInput This member is generally used when defining a pad as a GPIO input and defines the input type. It is one of the following enumerations:

eGPRdZero This member is generally used when defining a pad as a GPIO input and defines whether the pin value can be read or if it always reads as zero. It is one of the following enumerations:

```
//
// am_hal_gpio_pincfg_t.eGPRdZero
// For GPIO configurations (funcsel=3), the pin value can be read or 0 can be
// forced as the read value.
//
typedef enum
{
    AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_RDZERO_READPIN = 0x0,
    AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_RDZERO_ZERO = 0x1
} am_hal_gpio_readen_e;
```

eIntDir This member is used when interrupts are to be enabled for a pad. It is one of the following enumerations:

```
//
// GPIO interrupt direction configuration: am_hal_gpio_pincfg_t.eIntDir enums
// Note: Setting INTDIR_NONE has the side-effect of disabling being able to
// read a pin - the pin will always read back as 0.
//
typedef enum
{
    // Bit1 of these values maps to GPIOCFG.INCFG (b0).
    // Bit0 of these values maps to GPIOCFG.INTD (b3).
    AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_INTDIR_LO2HI = 0x0,
    AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_INTDIR_HI2LO = 0x1,
    AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_INTDIR_HI2LO = 0x2,
```

```
AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_INTDIR_BOTH = 0x3
} am_hal_gpio_intdir_e;
```

ePowerSw

A select number of pins can be configured to source or sink current (see datasheet for which pins support these functions). For pins that support it, it is one of the following enumerations:

```
//
// Power Switch configuration: am_hal_gpio_pincfg_t.ePowerSw enums
//
typedef enum
{
    AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_POWERSW_NONE,
    AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_POWERSW_VDD,
    AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_POWERSW_VSS,
    AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_POWERSW_INVALID,
} am_hal_gpio_powersw_e;
```

ulOMnum This member is used when a pad is defined to be a chip enable and designates the IO Master

number (0-5) or MSPI (6) that the CE is to be used for. Most pads can be configured as a chip enable with each pad supporting 4 combinations of IOM/MSPI and channel numbers. See the datasheet for a table of these combinations. This member is always a value of 0-5 or 6.

uNCE This member is used when a pad is defined to be a chip enable and is used in conjunction with

uIOMnum to define the CE number for a particular SPI device. It is always a value of 0-3.

eCEpol This member is used when a pad is defined to be a chip enable and specifies the polarity of the CE

enable. It is one of the following enumerations:

```
//
// nCE polarity configuration: am_hal_gpio_pincfg_t.eCEpol enums
//
typedef enum
{
    AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_CEPOL_ACTIVELOW = 0x0,
    AM_HAL_GPIO_PIN_CEPOL_ACTIVEHIGH = 0x1
} am_hal_gpio_cepol_e;
```

## 6.2 Operation

Apollo/Apollo2 Functions	Apollo3 Function
am_hal_gpio_input_bit_read	am_hal_gpio_state_read
am_hal_gpio_output_bit_read	
am_hal_gpio_enable_bit_get	

The new Apollo3 am\_hal\_gpio\_state\_read function is used for reading GPIO values.

The prototype is am\_hal\_gpio\_state\_read(uint32\_t ui32Pin, am\_hal\_gpio\_read\_type\_e eReadType, uint32\_t \*pui32ReadState).

ui32Pin is the pin number to be read.

eReadType is one of the following enumerations:

```
typedef enum
{
    AM_HAL_GPIO_INPUT_READ,
    AM_HAL_GPIO_OUTPUT_READ,
    AM_HAL_GPIO_ENABLE_READ
} am hal gpio read type e;
```

pui32ReadState is a pointer to the variable to receive the read value of the pin.

Apollo/Apollo2 Functions	Apollo3 Function
am_hal_gpio_out_bit_set	am_hal_gpio_state_write
am_hal_gpio_out_bit_clear	
am_hal_gpio_out_bit_toggle	

The new Apollo3 am\_hal\_gpio\_state\_write function is used for writing GPIO values.

The prototype is am\_hal\_gpio\_state\_write(uint32\_t ui32Pin, am\_hal\_gpio\_write\_type\_e eWriteType).

ui32Pin is the pin number to be read.

eWriteType is one of the following enumerations:

```
typedef enum
{
    AM_HAL_GPIO_OUTPUT_CLEAR,
    AM_HAL_GPIO_OUTPUT_SET,
    AM_HAL_GPIO_OUTPUT_TOGGLE,
    AM_HAL_GPIO_OUTPUT_TRISTATE_DISABLE,
    AM_HAL_GPIO_OUTPUT_TRISTATE_ENABLE,
    AM_HAL_GPIO_OUTPUT_TRISTATE_TOGGLE
} am_hal_gpio_write_type_e;
```

#### 6.3 Interrupt functions

As with other peripherals, pins configured as GPIOs can be configured to provide interrupts. The HAL provides several functions to support this functionality.

Apollo/Apollo2 Functions	Apollo3 Function
am_hal_gpio_int_enable	am_hal_gpio_interrupt_enable
am_hal_gpio_int_enable_get	
am_hal_gpio_int_disable	am_hal_gpio_interrupt_disable
am_hal_gpio_int_clear	am_hal_gpio_interrupt_clear
am_hal_gpio_int_set	
am_hal_gpio_int_status_get	am_hal_gpio_interrupt_status_get
am_hal_gpio_int_service	am_hal_gpio_interrupt_service
am_hal_gpio_int_register	am_hal_gpio_interrupt_register
am_hal_gpio_int_polarity_bit_get	

The am\_hal\_gpio\_interupt\_enable function enables the given interrupt(s). Only bits 0-49 are valid in the mask.

The am hal gpio interrupt disable function disables the given interrupt(s). Only bits 0-49 are valid in the mask.

The am\_hal\_gpio\_interrupt\_clear function clears the given interrupt(s). Only bits 0-49 are valid in the mask. This function is often used in conjunction with am\_hal\_gpio\_interrupt\_status\_get(), with the returned IntStatus used as the input to this function.

The am\_hal\_gpio\_interrupt\_status\_get function returns the current interrupt status. It can return the status of every interrupt (bEnabledOnly=false) or the status of only those that are enabled (bEnabledOnly=true). The 64bit variable pointed to be pui64IntStatus contains the return status.

The am\_hal\_gpio\_interrupt\_service function is an overall service routine for GPIO interrupts. It is called by am\_gpio\_isr(), which also calls am\_hal\_gpio\_interrupt\_status\_get() to use as an input parameter to this function. The general usage is that the application calls am\_hal\_gpio\_interrupt\_register() to register a callback routine that this routine will call when the registered interrupt occurs. The application also supplies the main handler, am\_gpio\_isr().



The **am\_hal\_gpio\_interrupt\_register** function is call by the application for registering specific handlers to specific GPIO interrupts.

#### 6.4 GPIO Read and Write Macros

While the primary read and write functions will suffice for virtually all applications, there may be situations where minimal response time is required. To support these situations a set of macros are provided which provide minimal inline code for accessing GPIOs.

Advantages to usage of these macros include faster GPIO read or write access times, no function call overhead, and simple read return values.

Drawbacks to usage of these macros include no error checking, larger resultant code size, no guaranteed atomicity, and risk to general safety.

The "\_read" macros are counterparts to the enumerations used for the am\_hal\_gpio\_state\_read() function.

Likewise, the "\_set, \_clear, \_toggle) macros are counterparts to the enumerations used for the am hal gpio state write() function.

Apollo3 GPIO Macros
am_hal_gpio_input_read(n)
am_hal_gpio_output_read(n)
am_hal_gpio_enable_read(n)
am_hal_gpio_output_clear(n)
am_hal_gpio_output_set(n)
am_hal_gpio_output_toggle(n)
am_hal_gpio_output_tristate_enable(n)
am_hal_gpio_output_tristate_disable(n)
am_hal_gpio_output_tristate_toggle(n)

## 6.5 Create the bsp\_pins.src file

The file bsp\_pins.src is a simple text file containing a list of keywords and values. It is subsequently read in by a Python script and generates two files: am\_bsp\_pins.c and am\_bsp\_pins.h. These two C files contain each of the pins bitfield structures that are passed along to am\_hal\_gpio\_pinconfig().

Note - the .src file should contain no tab characters (only spaces). Also, indentation is important. A tab indentation of 4 spaces is recommended.

Each pin entry takes the form:

While there are about a dozen keywords (parameters) available, only the parameters required to define a pin need be included in any particular definition.

The keywords used in the file are:



name The name to be used for the pin. This name will be used as a base for generating

defines. Each pin name must be unique.

desc Optional: A description, if provided, will appear in the generated header file.

funcsel A value 0-7, or the equivalent AM HAL PIN nn xxxx macro from am hal pin.h. Note

that the AM HAL PIN nn xxxx nomenclature is preferred.

pinnum The pin number for the pin being defined (0-49). drystrength One of: 2, 4, 8, or 12. If not provided, 2 is default.

GPOutCfg Typically used if the pin is being defined as GPIO (funcsel=3).

One of: disable, pushpull, opendrain, tristate.

Also acceptable is a value 0-3, or a define.

GPinput Only used if the pin is being defined as GPIO (funcsel=3).

One of: true, false.

GPRdZero One of readpin, zero (or true or false). one of: none, lo2hi, hi2lo, either.

Note - does not enable any interrupt. Only configures the direction for when it is enabled.

pullup One of: none, 1\_5K, 6K, 12K, 24K. Also acceptable is a define (e.g.

AM\_HAL\_GPIO\_PIN\_PULLUP\_1\_5K).

PowerSw One of: VDD or VSS. Also acceptable is a define (e.g.

AM HAL GPIO PIN POWERSW VDD).

The following 3 parameters only apply when the pin is being defined as a chip enable, i.e. a CE for a SPI

or MSPI device.

IOMnum The IOM number pertaining to the CE. 0-5 for SPI, 6 for MSPI. CENum A value from 0-3 representing the chip enable channel number.

Results in a C define of the form:

#define AM\_BSP\_<name>\_CHNL <CEnum>

CEpol Designates the chip enable polarity, active high or active low.

One of: LOW (default) or HIGH.



#### 7. IOM HAL

The Apollo3 IOM HAL interface has been greatly simplified from Apollo/Apollo2. Support for a wide variety of blocking, queue, and nonblocking read/write operations has been reduced to just three transfer functions.

#### 7.1 Configuration

All of the selectable configuration structures have been converted into enums instead of #defines for value definitions to aid in compile-time type safety. Configuration of the IOM device can be mapped as follows:

Apollo/Apollo2 Function	Apollo3 Function
N/A	am_hal_iom_initialize
N/A	am_hal_iom_power_ctrl
am_hal_iom_config	am_hal_iom_configure
N/A	am_hal_iom_control
N/A	am_hal_iom_deinitialize

#### 7.2 Operation

Operation of the IOM device can be mapped as follows:

Apollo/Apollo2 Function	Apollo3 Function
am_hal_iom_enable	am_hal_iom_enable
am_hal_iom_disable	am_hal_iom_disable
am_hal_iom_status_get	am_hal_iom_status_get
am_hal_iom_error_status_get	N/A

#### 7.3 Interrupts

Interrupt control of the IOM device can be mapped as follows:

interrupt control of the folia device can be mapped as follows.	
Apollo/Apollo2 Function	Apollo3 Function
am_hal_iom_int_enable	am_hal_iom_interrupt_enable
am_hal_iom_int_enable_get	N/A
am_hal_iom_int_disable	am_hal_iom_interrupt_disable
am_hal_iom_int_status_get	am_hal_iom_interrupt_status_get
am_hal_iom_int_set	N/A
am_hal_iom_int_clear	am_hal_iom_interrupt_clear
am_hal_iom_int_service	am_hal_iom_interrupt_service

#### 7.4 Data Movement

Apollo3 implements DMA to support the IOM devices. With DMA the samples are transferred directly to SRAM and an interrupt is generated when the total number of samples is collected. In addition, Apollo3 supports a Command Queue for each IOM device. The Command Queue is used inside the non-blocking transfer function to provide queued request for DMA transfer.

The data movement of the IOM device can be mapped as follows:

Apollo/Apollo2 Function	Apollo3 Function
am_hal_iom_spi_write_nq	am_hal_iom_blocking_transfer
am_hal_iom_spi_read_nq	
am_hal_iom_i2c_write_nq	
am_hal_iom_i2c_read_nq	
am_hal_iom_spi_write_nb	am_hal_iom_nonblocking_transfer
am_hal_iom_spi_read_nb	



am_hal_iom_queue_spi_write am_hal_iom_queue_spi_read am_hal_iom_i2c_write_nb am_hal_iom_i2c_read_nb	
am_hal_iom_spi_fullduplex_nq	am_hal_iom_spi_blocking_fullduplex

The Apollo3 IOM HAL data movement operations have been greatly simplified from the Apollo/Apollo2 equivalents. There are essentially two primary transfer functions that can be used for half-duplex send (TX) or receive (RX) or full-duplex operation. A transfer can be called with either the blocking or nonblocking interface. The blocking interface returns after the transfer has been completed. The nonblocking interface returns after the transfer has been scheduled. There is an optional callback that can be supplied to the nonblocking interface to notify the application when the operation is complete.

#### 8. IOS HAL

The Apollo3 IOS HAL interface has been greatly simplified from Apollo/Apollo2. Support for direct LRAM interaction has been deprecated in preference to the FIFO interface.

#### 8.1 Configuration

Configuration of the IOS device can be mapped as follows:

Apollo/Apollo2 Function	Apollo3 Function
N/A	am_hal_ios_initialize
am_hal_ios_pwrctrl_enable	am_hal_ios_power_ctrl
am_hal_ios_pwrctrl_disable	
am_hal_ios_config	am_hal_ios_configure
N/A	am_hal_ios_control
N/A	am_hal_ios_uninitialize

#### 8.2 Operation

Operation of the IOS device can be mapped as follows:

Apollo/Apollo2 Function	Apollo3 Function
am_hal_ios_enable	am_hal_ios_enable
am_hal_ios_disable	am_hal_ios_disable

## 8.3 Interrupts

Interrupt control of the IOS device can be mapped as follows:

Apollo/Apollo2 Function	Apollo3 Function
am_hal_ios_host_int_set	N/A
am_hal_ios_host_int_clear	N/A
am_hal_ios_host_int_get	N/A
am_hal_ios_host_int_enable	N/A
am_hal_ios_access_int_enable	N/A
am_hal_ios_access_int_enable_get	N/A
am_hal_ios_access_int_disable	N/A
am_hal_ios_access_int_clear	N/A
am_hal_ios_access_int_set	N/A
am_hal_ios_access_int_status_get	N/A
am_hal_ios_int_enable	am_hal_ios_interrupt_enable
am_hal_ios_int_disable	am_hal_ios_interupt_disable
am_hal_ios_int_clear	am_hal_ios_interrupt_clear
am_hal_ios_int_set	N/A
am_hal_ios_int_status_get	am_hal_ios_interrupt_status_get



am_hal_ios_fifo_service	am_hal_ios_interrupt_service

#### 8.4 Data Movement

Apollo/Apollo2 Function	Apollo3 Function
am_hal_ios_fifo_space_left	am_hal_ios_fifo_space_left
am_hal_ios_fifo_space_used	am_hal_ios_fifo_space_used
am_hal_ios_fifo_write	am_hal_ios_fifo_write
am_hal_ios_fifo_write_simple	am_hal_ios_fifo_write_simple
am_hal_ios_fifo_ptr_set	N/A
am_hal_ios_update_fifoctr	N/A
am_hal_ios_read_poll_complete	N/A
am_hal_ios_Iram_write	N/A

#### 9. PDM HAL

#### 9.1 Configuration

The Apollo2 PDM HAL provided a number of macros to configure individual registers of the PDM block. These macros have been deprecated. In addition, the Apollo3 HAL follows the practice of using enums and booleans instead of discrete uint32\_t for configuration parameters.

Apollo2 Function	Apollo3 Function
N/A	am_hal_pdm_initialize
N/A	am_hal_pdm_power_control
am_hal_pdm_config	am_hal_pdm_configure
N/A	am_hal_pdm_deinitialize

## 9.2 Operation

Apollo2 Function	Apollo3 Function
am_hal_pdm_enable	am_hal_pdm_enable
am_hal_pdm_disable	am_hal_pdm_disable

#### 9.3 Interrupts

Apollo2 Function	Apollo3 Function
am_hal_pdm_int_enable	am_hal_pdm_interrupt_enable
am_hal_pdm_int_disable	am_hal_pdm_interrupt_disable
am_hal_pdm_int_clear	am_hal_pdm_interrupt_clear
am_hal_pdm_int_status_get	am_hal_pdm_interrupt_status_get

#### 9.4 Data Movement

Apollo2 Function	Apollo3 Function
am_hal_pdm_fifo_depth_read	N/A
am_hal_pdm_fifo_data_read	N/A
am_hal_pdm_fifo_flush	am_hal_pdm_fifo_flush
N/A	am_hal_pdm_dma_start



#### 10. PWRCTRL HAL

The Apollo3 SDK PWRCTRL is fairly consistent with Apollo/Apollo2 SDK. The biggest difference is the mapping of peripheral and memory configurations to enums as follows:

```
typedef enum
 AM_HAL_PWRCTRL_PERIPH_NONE,
 AM_HAL_PWRCTRL_PERIPH_IOS,
AM_HAL_PWRCTRL_PERIPH_IOMO,
 AM HAL PWRCTRL PERIPH IOM1,
 AM_HAL_PWRCTRL_PERIPH_IOM2,
  AM HAL PWRCTRL PERIPH IOM3,
 AM HAL PWRCTRL PERIPH IOM4,
 AM_HAL_PWRCTRL_PERIPH_IOM5,
 AM HAL PWRCTRL PERIPH UARTO,
 AM HAL PWRCTRL PERIPH UART1,
 AM HAL PWRCTRL PERIPH ADC,
 AM_HAL_PWRCTRL_PERIPH_SCARD,
  AM HAL PWRCTRL PERIPH MSPI,
 AM HAL PWRCTRL PERIPH PDM,
  AM HAL PWRCTRL PERIPH BLEL,
  AM_HAL_PWRCTRL_PERIPH_MAX
 am hal pwrctrl periph e;
```

```
typedef enum
 AM HAL PWRCTRL MEM NONE,
 AM_HAL_PWRCTRL_MEM_SRAM_8K_DTCM,
 AM HAL PWRCTRL MEM SRAM 32K DTCM,
 AM_HAL_PWRCTRL_MEM_SRAM_64K_DTCM,
 AM HAL PWRCTRL MEM SRAM 96K,
 AM_HAL_PWRCTRL_MEM_SRAM_128K,
 AM HAL PWRCTRL MEM SRAM 160K,
 AM HAL PWRCTRL MEM SRAM 192K,
 AM HAL PWRCTRL MEM SRAM 224K,
 AM HAL PWRCTRL MEM SRAM 256K,
 AM HAL PWRCTRL MEM SRAM 288K,
 AM HAL PWRCTRL MEM SRAM 320K,
 AM_HAL_PWRCTRL_MEM_SRAM_352K,
 AM HAL PWRCTRL MEM SRAM 384K,
 AM HAL PWRCTRL MEM FLASH 512K,
 AM_HAL_PWRCTRL_MEM_FLASH_1M,
 AM_HAL_PWRCTRL_MEM_CACHE,
 AM HAL PWRCTRL MEM ALL,
 AM HAL PWRCTRL MEM MAX
 am hal pwrctrl mem e;
```

The function mappings are almost equivalent.

Apollo2 Function	Apollo3 Function
am_hal_pwrctrl_periph_enable	am_hal_pwrctrl_periph_enable
am_hal_pwrctrl_periph_disable	am_hal_pwrctrl_periph_disable
N/A	am_hal_pwrctrl_periph_enabled
am_hal_pwrctrl_memory_enable	am_hal_pwrctrl_memory_enable
am_hal_pwrctrl_bucks_init	N/A
am_hal_pwrctrl_bucks_enable	
am_hal_pwrctrl_bucks_disable	
am_hal_pwrctrl_low_power_init	am_hal_pwrctrl_low_power_init

#### 11. STIMER HAL

The Apollo3 SDK STIMER HAL is 100% compatible with Apollo2, except for the addition of the following functions to set an read back the 4 32-bit words of NVRAM.



Apollo3 Function
am_hal_stimer_nvram_set
am_hal_stimer_nvram_get

#### 12. UART HAL

The Apollo3 SDK UART HAL greatly simplifies the HAL API from Apollo/Apollo2 HAL while deprecating the concept of string/char processing and embedding TX/RX buffering into the HAL.

## 12.1 Configuration

Apollo/Apollo2 Function	Apollo3 Function
N/A	am_hal_uart_initialize
am_hal_uart_pwrctrl_enable	am_hal_uart_power_control
am_hal_uart_pwrctrl_disable	
am_hal_uart_power_on_restore	
am_hal_uart_power_off_save	
am_hal_uart_config	am_hal_uart_configure
am_hal_uart_clock_enable	
am_hal_uart_clock_disable	
am_hal_uart_fifo_config	
am_hal_uart_init_buffered	
N/A	am_hal_uart_deinitialize

## 12.2 Operation

Apollo/Apollo2 Function	Apollo3 Function
am_hal_uart_enable	N/A
am_hal_uart_disable	N/A

## 12.3 Interrupts

Apollo/Apollo2 Function	Apollo3 Function
am_hal_uart_int_enable	am_hal_uart_interrupt_enable
am_hal_uart_int_disable	am_hal_uart_interrupt_disable
am_hal_uart_int_clear	am_hal_uart_interrupt_clear
am_hal_uart_int_status_get	am_hal_uart_interrupt_status_get
am_hal_uart_service_buffered	am_hal_uart_interrupt_service
am_hal_uart_service_buffered_timeout_save	
am_hal_uart_int_enable_get	N/A

#### 12.4 Data Movement

Apollo/Apollo2 Function	Apollo3 Function
am_hal_uart_char_transmit_polled	am_hal_uart_transfer
am_hal_uart_string_transmit_polled	
am_hal_uart_char_receive_polled	
am_hal_uart_line_receive_polled	
am_hal_uart_char_transmit_buffered	
am_hal_uart_string_transmit_buffered	



am_hal_uart_char_receive_buffered	
N/A	am_hal_uart_tx_flush
am_hal_uart_flags_get	am_hal_uart_flags_get
am_hal_uart_status_get	
am_hal_uart_get_status_buffered	





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