Appointment Scheduler - Pocket RN

Web application that allows users to schedule appointments with one another and have the ability to accept, decline, and view their appointments.

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Running locally for devolopment

1. Starting Firebase Emulators

Run command in main directory in new terminal.
firebase emulators:start

2. Build Firebase Functions

Run command in functions directory in new terminal.

npm run watch

3. Build React Application

Run command in hosting directory.
npm run start

4. Seeding Data

If you don't want to manually add data through the use of the application. Seed creates 3 users and 5 appointments. The 5 appointments are between test123@gmail.com and a@gmail.com with a@gmail.com scheduling them.

- test123@gmail.com
- a@gmail.com
- b@gmail.com
- Password: 123456

Run command in hosting directory.
npm run seed

2 Models/Schema

- Each document uses the auto generated id from Firestore as its unique identifier for the uid field.
- Storing the uid in the text field allows for faster operations when you return the document id for reference.
- Each user contains an array of appointment uids/IDs which allows for faster read operations when retrieving by document id rather than searching by the text field email.

Users Collection

Each document in the users collection contains:

```
// Date object for when document was created. Stored as timestamp in firestore.
creationTime: Date;

// Document uid stored in text field.
uid: string;

// User email.
email: string;

// User display name.
username: string;

// Array of appointment IDs related to user.
appointments: string[];
```

Appointments Collection

Each document in the appointments collection contains:

```
// Document uid stored in text field.
uid: string;
// Date and time the appointment is scheduled at.
scheduledTime: Date;
// User uid of sender.
userID: string;
// Sender email.
senderEmail: string;
// Person scheduled appointment with email.
receiverEmail: string;
// Description of the appointment. 1000 chars.
description: string;
// Status of appointment. "Pending" | "Accepted" | "Declined".
status: 0 | 1 | 2;
// Date object for when document was created. Stored as timestamp in firestore.
creationTime: Date;
// Date object for when document was updated. Stored as timestamp in firestore.
updatedTime: Date;
// Date object for when document was deleted. Stored as timestamp in firestore.
deletedTime: Date;
```

3 Features

Firebase User Authentication

Firebase Authentication with sign-in method Email/Password enabled.

Register / Create an account

Create an account through Firebase auth with email and password. Then create a user document in firestore.

```
* Register a user through firebase auth and then create user doc in firestore.
 * @param username string
 * @param email Email string @ domain.
 * @param password string
 * @returns
 */
export function register(
  username: string,
  email: string,
  password: string
): Promise<void> {
  return firebase
    .auth()
    .createUserWithEmailAndPassword(email, password)
    .then((userCredential) => {
      const { user } = userCredential;
      const { uid } = user!;
      const { creationTime } = user!.metadata;
      /** Update user with display name */
      user!.updateProfile({
       displayName: username,
      });
      /** Create user document */
      firebaseFunctions.httpsCallable("createUser")({
        username,
        email,
        uid,
        creationTime,
      });
    })
    .catch((error) => {
      throw new Error(error);
    });
}
```

Login

Login through Firebase auth and then return user displayname and uid from document.

```
interface LoginData {
  displayName: string;
  email: string;
  uid: string;
}
/**
 * Login user with email and password
 * @param email Email string @ domain.
 * @param password string
 * @returns User displayname, email, and uid.
 */
export function login(email: string, password: string): Promise<LoginData> {
  return firebase
    .auth()
    .signInWithEmailAndPassword(email, password)
    .then((userCredential) => {
      const { user } = userCredential;
      const displayName = user!.providerData[0]!.displayName!;
      return { displayName, email, uid: user!.uid };
    })
    .catch((error) => {
      console.log(error);
      throw new Error(error);
    });
}
```

Logout

Sign out through Firebase auth.

```
* Logout user.
 * @returns
 */
export function logout(): Promise<any> {
  return new Promise((resolve, reject) => {
    firebase
      .auth()
      .signOut()
      .then(() => {
       // Sign-out successful.
        resolve("Logged out");
      })
      .catch((error) => {
        // An error happened.
        reject(error);
      });
  });
}
```

Firebase Functions

Features for users and appointments.

© User

Create User

Create user document in firestore after firebase auth.

```
interface RegisterBody {
  username: string;
  email: string;
  uid: string;
  creationTime: string;
}
/**
 * Create user doc after auth.
export const createUser = functions.https.onCall(
  async (data: RegisterBody, context) => {
    const { username, email, uid, creationTime } = data;
    /** Set collections users at document uid with information */
    await firestoreDB
      .collection("users")
      .doc(uid)
      .set({
        username,
        email,
        uid,
        creationTime: new Date(creationTime),
        appointments: [],
      });
    return { text: "Registered" };
  }
);
```

Search Users

Search users by email to schedule an appointment with.

```
interface SearchBody {
  email: string;
  uid: string;
}
/**
 * Search for users to schedule an appointment with
export const searchUsers = functions.https.onCall(
  async (data: SearchBody, context) => {
    const { email } = data;
    const users = await firestoreDB.collection("users");
    const query = await users.where("email", "==", email);
    /**
     * https://firebase.google.com/docs/firestore/query-data/queries?authuser=3
    const execution = await query
      .get()
      .then((querySnapshot) => {
        let results: { [key: string]: string }[] = [];
        /** Push in user information that matches email */
        querySnapshot.forEach((doc) => {
          results.push(doc.data());
        });
        return results;
      })
      .catch((error) => {
        console.log("Error getting documents: ", error);
      });
    return { users: execution };
  }
);
```

Appointment

Schedule Appointment

Create appointment document, return uid and update field with it. Update both receiver and sender appointment arrays with newly created appointment uid.

```
interface ScheduleAppointmentBody {
  uid: string;
  sender: string;
  receiver: string;
  description: string;
  scheduledTime: string;
}
/**
 * Create appointment document, update document with auto generated id and return id.
* Update both user appointment arrays with id.
*/
export const scheduleAppointment = functions.https.onCall(
  async (data: ScheduleAppointmentBody, context) => {
    const { sender, receiver, description, uid, scheduledTime } = data;
    /**
     * Returns document id after adding document into collection.
     * https://firebase.google.com/docs/firestore/manage-data/add-data
     */
    const createAppointment = await firestoreDB
      .collection("appointments")
      .add({
        userID: uid,
        senderEmail: sender,
        receiverEmail: receiver,
        description,
        scheduledTime: new Date(scheduledTime),
        creationTime: new Date(),
        status: Status.PENDING,
      })
      .then((docRef) => {
        docRef.update({
          uid: docRef.id,
       });
        return docRef.id;
      })
      .catch((error) => {
        console.log(error);
      });
    /**
     * Update both sender and receiver with the appointment.
     * https://stackoverflow.com/questions/55714423/firestore-query-then-update
     */
    await firestoreDB
      .collection("users")
      .where("email", "in", [receiver, sender])
      .get()
      .then((querySnapshot) => {
```

```
querySnapshot.forEach((doc) => {
    const data = doc.data();
    doc.ref.update({
        appointments: [...data.appointments, createAppointment],
        });
    });
})
.catch((error) => {
    console.log(error);
});
}
```

Get Appointment

Helper function retrieveAppointment to retrieve appointment with uid.

```
* Helper function to retrieve appointment data. Modify firestore timestamp to string.
 * @param id string
 * @returns appointment data {}
const retrieveAppointment = async (id: string) => {
  const appointment = await firestoreDB
    .collection("appointments")
    .doc(id)
    .get()
    .then((docSnapshot) => {
      const data = docSnapshot.data();
      /** Don't return appointment if soft deleted */
      if (!data!.deletedTime) {
        /** Make copy of data and alter firestore timestamps */
        return Object.assign({}, data, {
          scheduledTime: data!.scheduledTime.toDate().toString(), // Convert firestore timestamp
          creationTime: data!.creationTime.toDate().toString(), // Convert firestore timestamp t
        });
      } else {
        return;
    });
  return appointment;
};
/**
 * Retrieve array of appointments from uid.
export const getAppointments = functions.https.onCall(
  async (data: { uid: string }, context) => {
    const appointmentIDs = await firestoreDB
      .collection("users")
      .doc(data.uid)
      .get()
      .then((docSnapshot) => {
        const data = docSnapshot.data();
        return data!.appointments;
      });
    let results = [];
    for (let i = 0; i < appointmentIDs.length; i++) {</pre>
      const result = await retrieveAppointment(appointmentIDs[i]);
      if (result) results.push(result);
    }
    return results;
```

```
}
);
```

Update Appointment

Update timestamp for updatedTime and status in document.

```
interface UpdateAppointmentBody {
  uid: string;
  status: string;
}
/**
 * Update appointment document by id with new status
 */
export const updateAppointmentStatus = functions.https.onCall(
  async (data: UpdateAppointmentBody, context) => {
    const { uid, status } = data;
    let code;
    if (status === "ACCEPTED") code = Status.ACCEPTED;
    if (status === "DECLINED") code = Status.DECLINED;
    const appointment = await firestoreDB
      .collection("appointments")
      .doc(uid)
      .update({
        status: code,
        updatedTime: new Date(),
      })
      .then((result) => {
        return result;
      })
      .catch((error) => {
        console.log(error);
      });
    return appointment;
  }
);
```

Delete Appointment

Update timestamp for deletedTime in document.

```
* Soft delete appointment by adding deleted time.
export const deleteAppointment = functions.https.onCall(
  async (data: { uid: string }, context) => {
   const { uid } = data;
   const appointment = await firestoreDB
      .collection("appointments")
      .doc(uid)
      .update({
        deletedTime: new Date(),
      })
      .then((result) => {
        return result;
      })
      .catch((error) => {
        console.log(error);
      });
   return appointment;
);
```

4 Additional Features to Implement

- Time block
- · Length of appointment
- · Authentication for database operations