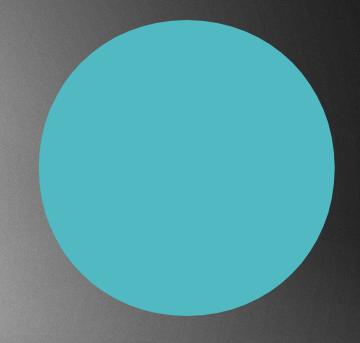
SORTING ALGORITHMS



INSERTION SORT

Insertion sort

- It is a simple sorting algorithm that builds the final sorted array one item at a time
- ► It has quadratic running time O(N)
- On large datasets it is very inefficient but on arrays with 10-20 items it is quite good
- Simple implementation !!!
- It is more efficient than other quadratic running time sorting procedures such as bubble sort or selection sort
- ▶ Adaptive algorithm → speeds up when array is already substantially sorted
- Stable sort → preserve the order of the items with equal keys

Insertion sort

- In-place algorithm → does not need any additional memory
- It is an online algorithm → it can sort an array as it receives it for example downloading data from web
- Hybrid algorithms uses insertion sort if the subarray is small enough Insertion sort is faster for small subarrays than quicksort !!!
- Variant of insertion sort is shell sort
- Sometimes selection sort is better: they are very similar algorithms
- Insertion sort requires more writes because the inner loop can require shifting large sections of the sorted portion of the array
- In general, insertion sort will write to the array O(n2) times while selection sort will write only O(n) times
- ► For this reason selection sort may be preferable in cases where writing to memory is significantly more expensive than reading → for example flash

Pseudocode

```
insertionSort(array)
  for i=1 to length(array)
        j = i

     while j > 0 and array[j-1] > array[j]
        swap(array, j, j-1)
        j = j - 1
        end
     end
end
```

Pseudocode

We iterate through the array sequentially !!!

Pseudocode

```
insertionSort(array)
  for i=1 to length(array)
      j = i

      while j > 0 and array[j-1] > array[j]
          swap(array, j, j-1)
          j = j - 1
      end
    end
end
```

While the previous item is greater than the given one, we keep swapping them !!!

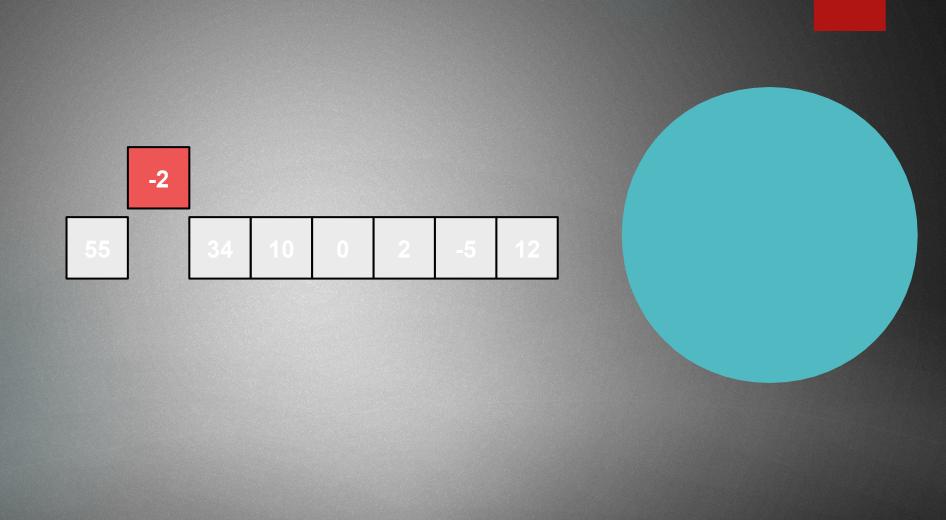
thats why there are so many shifts in insertion sort

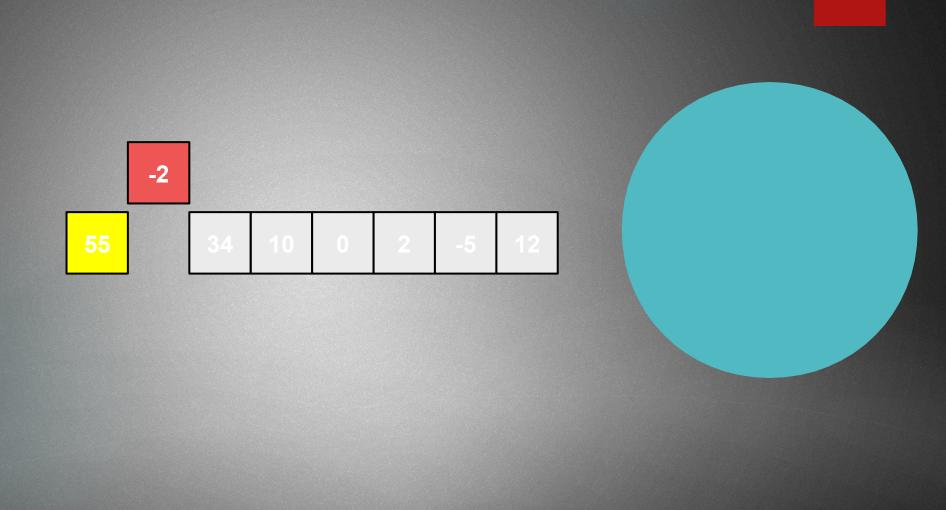
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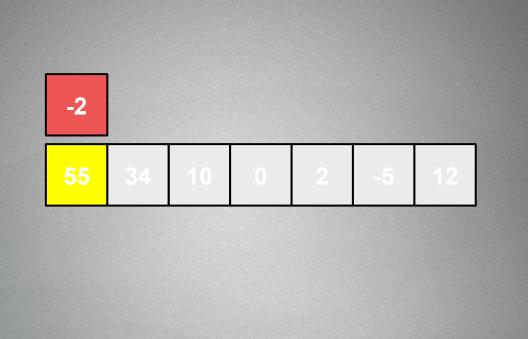
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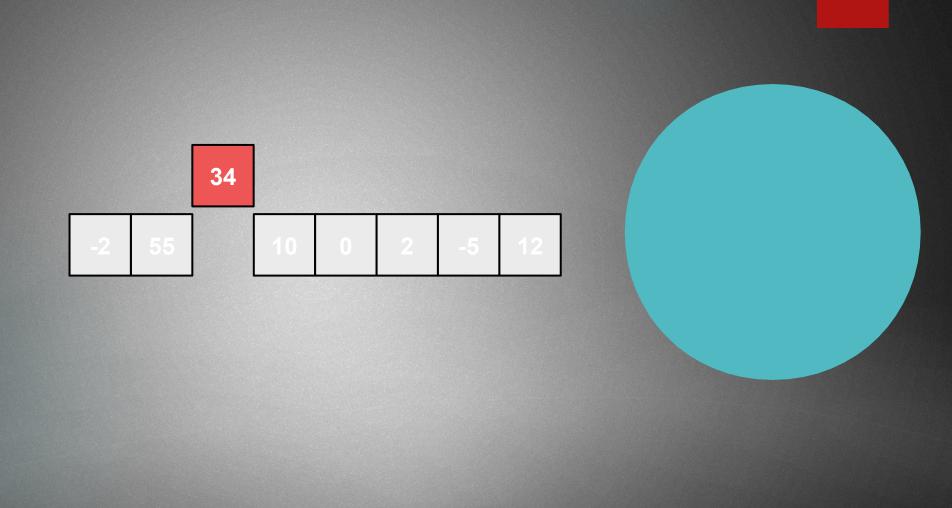


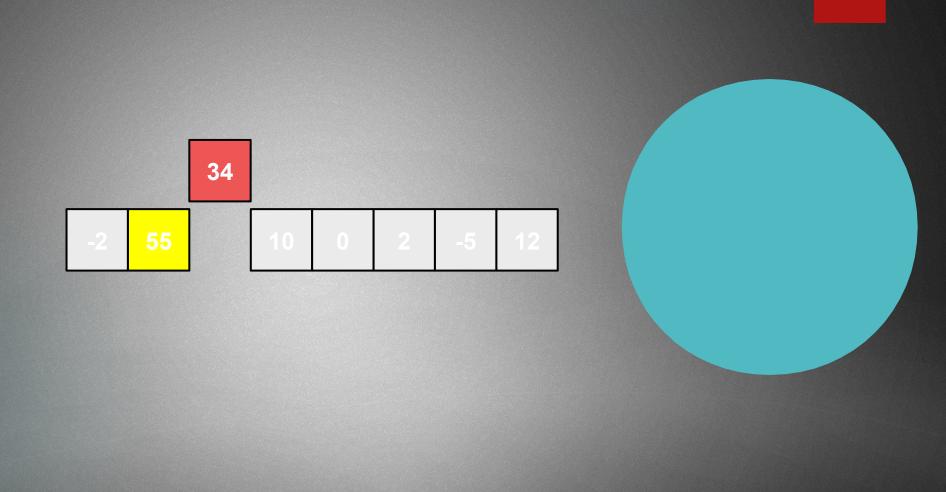


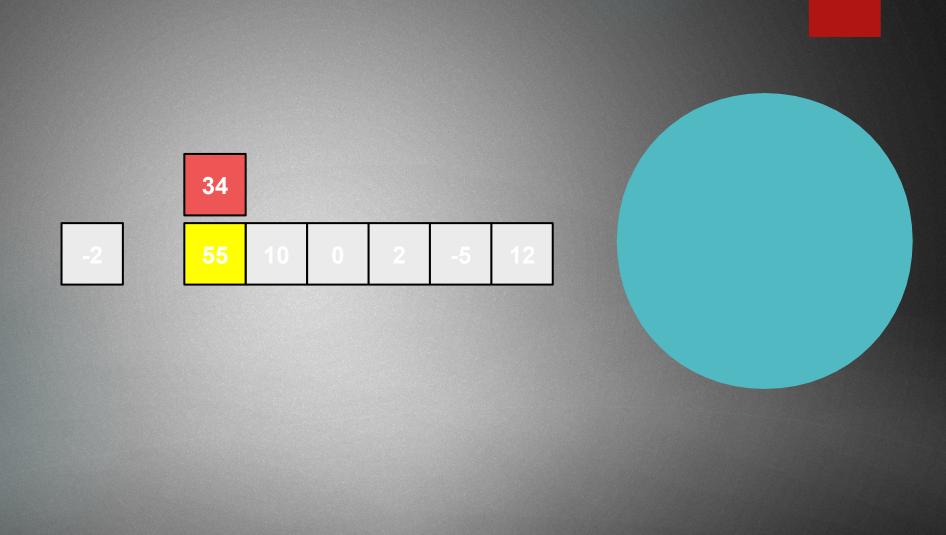
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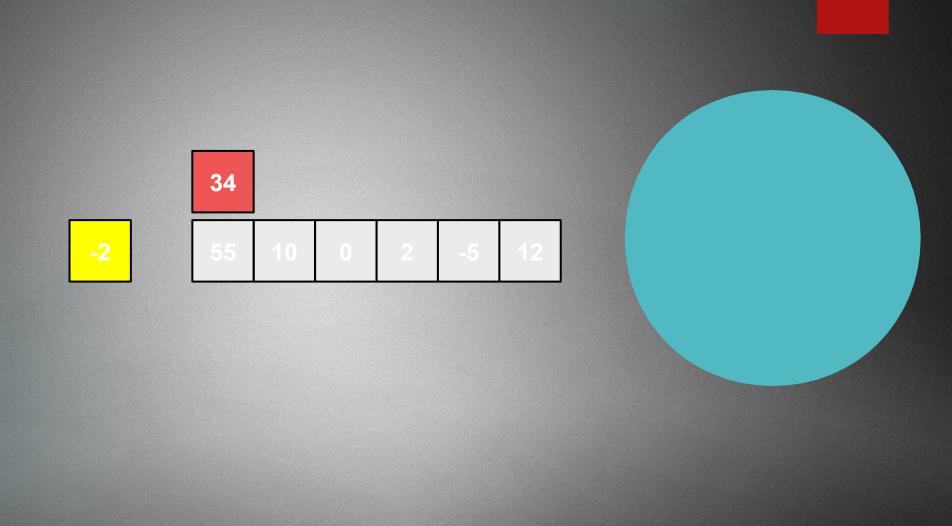
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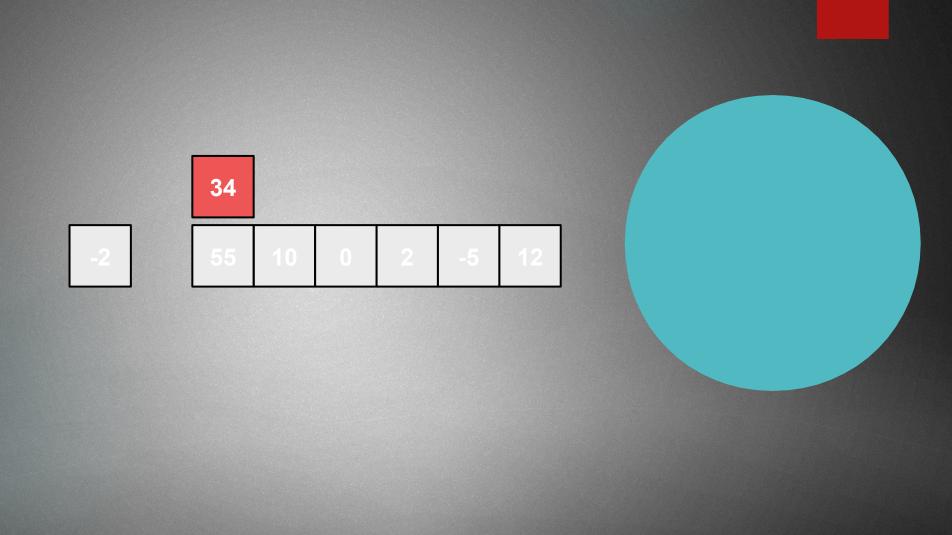
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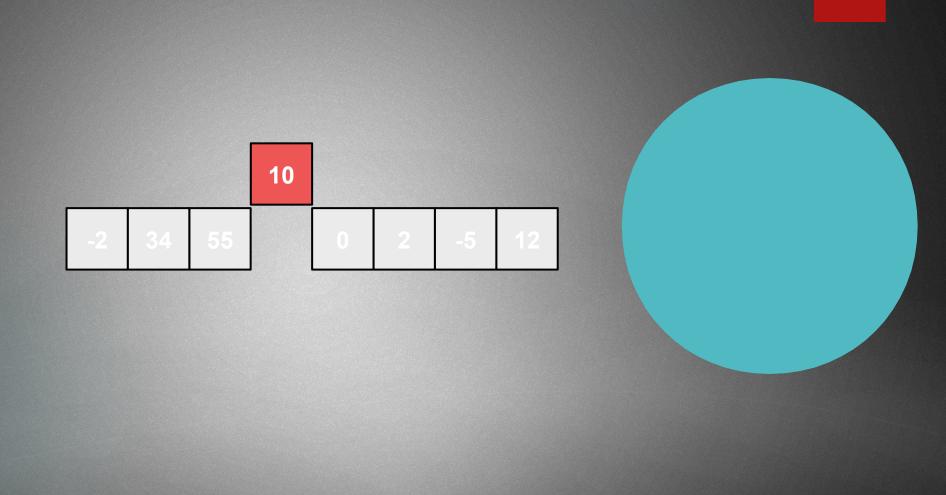


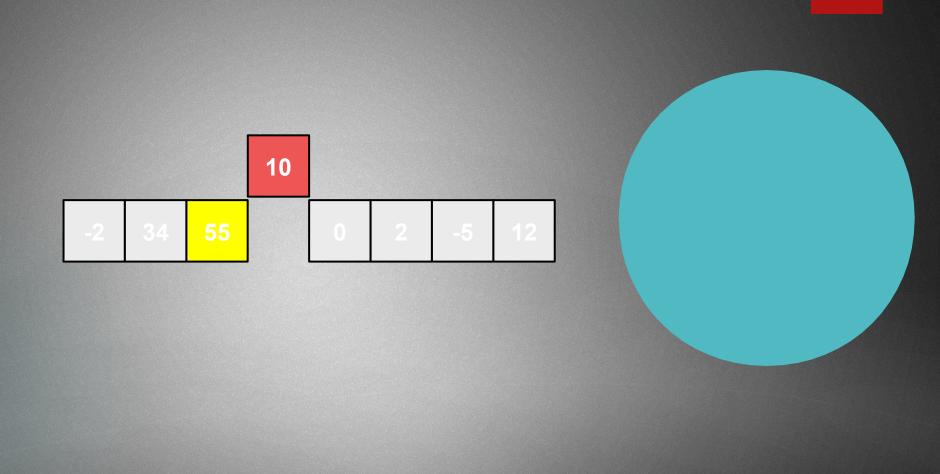


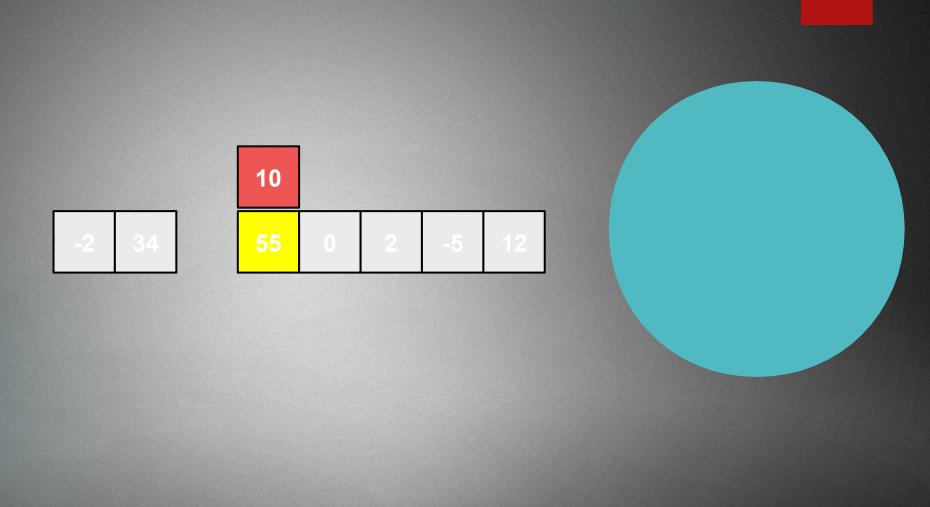
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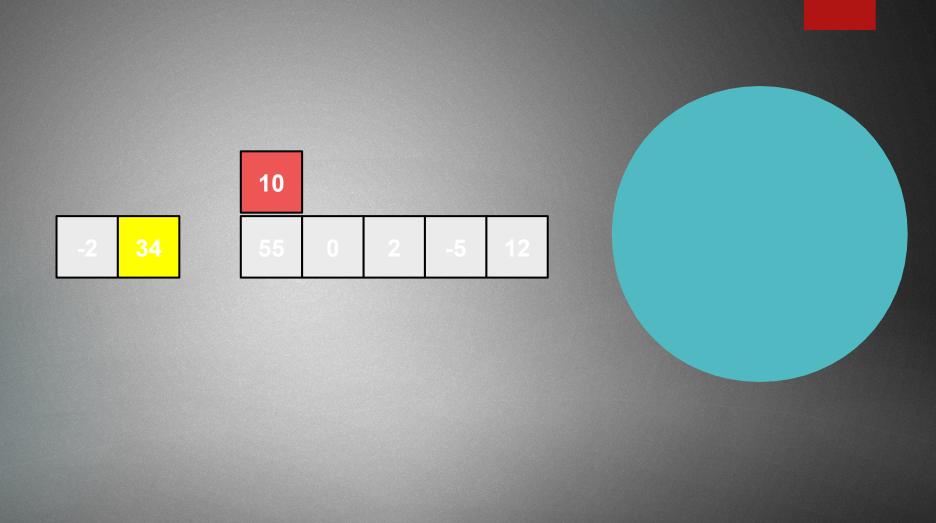
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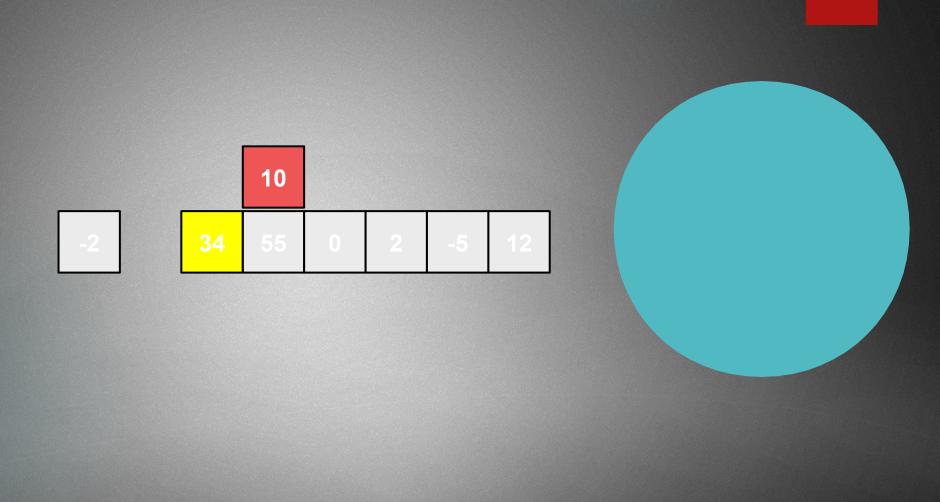
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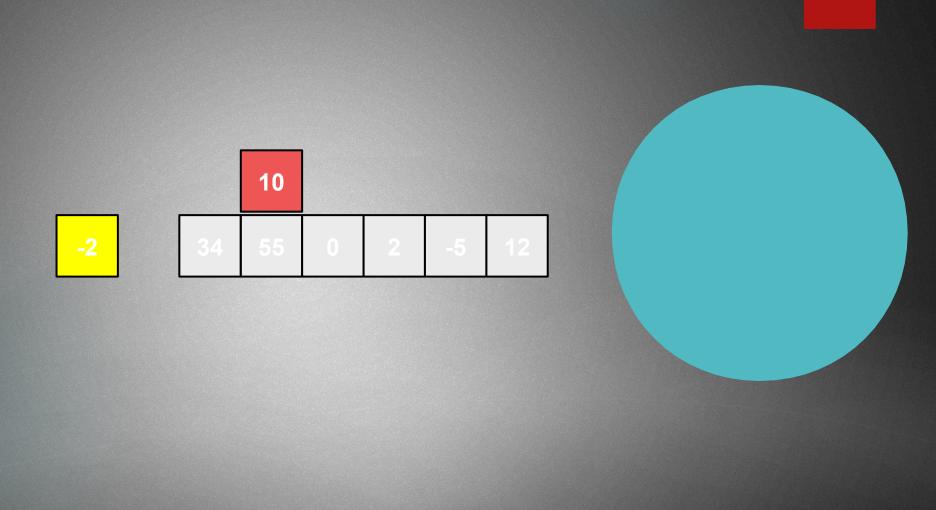


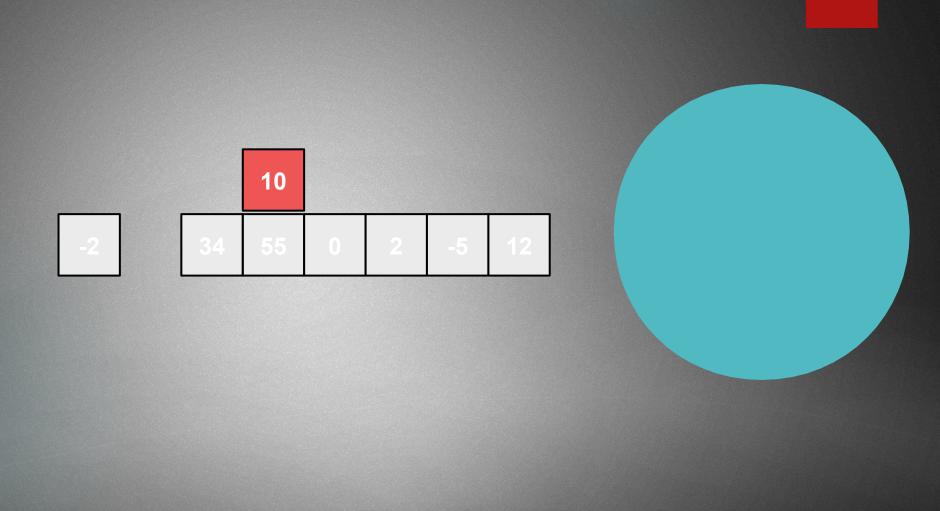






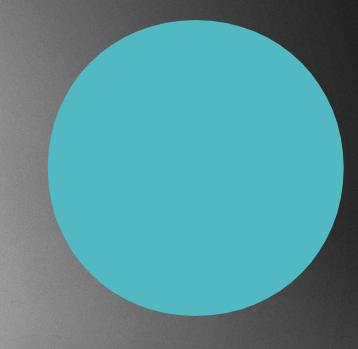




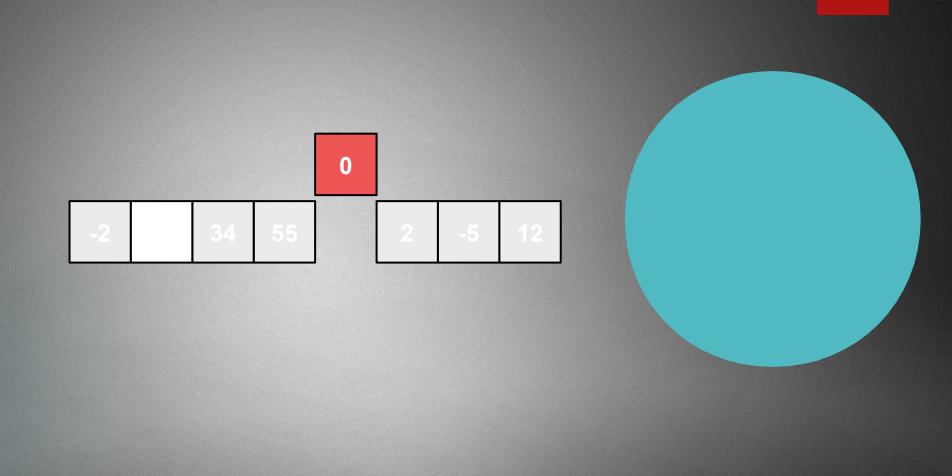


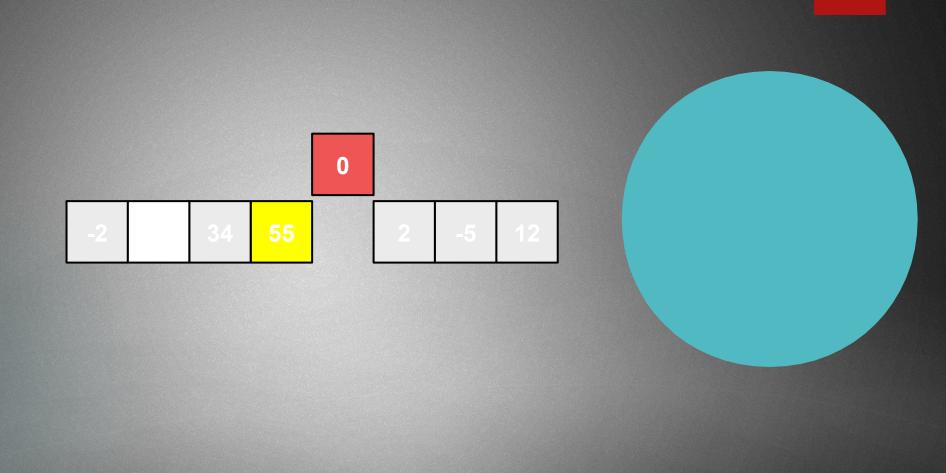
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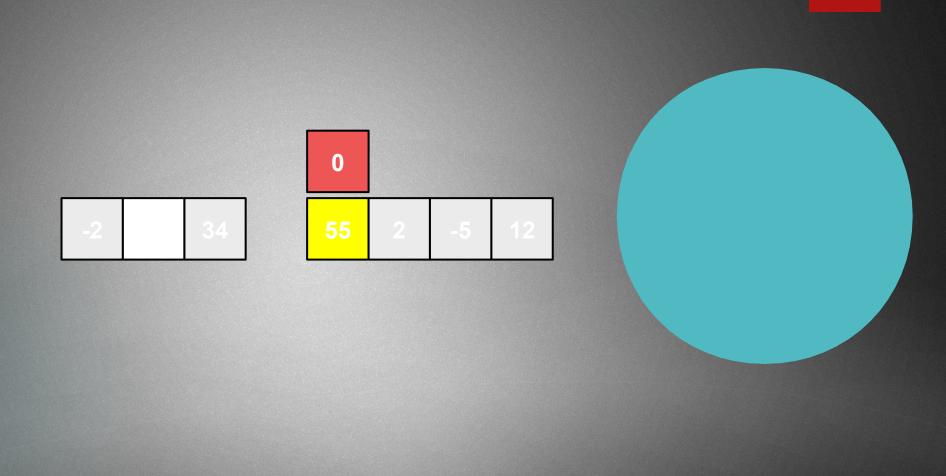
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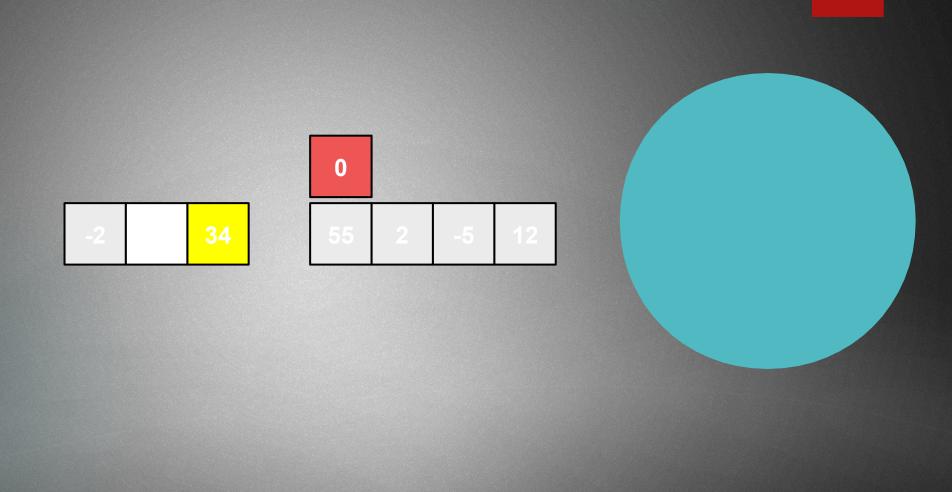


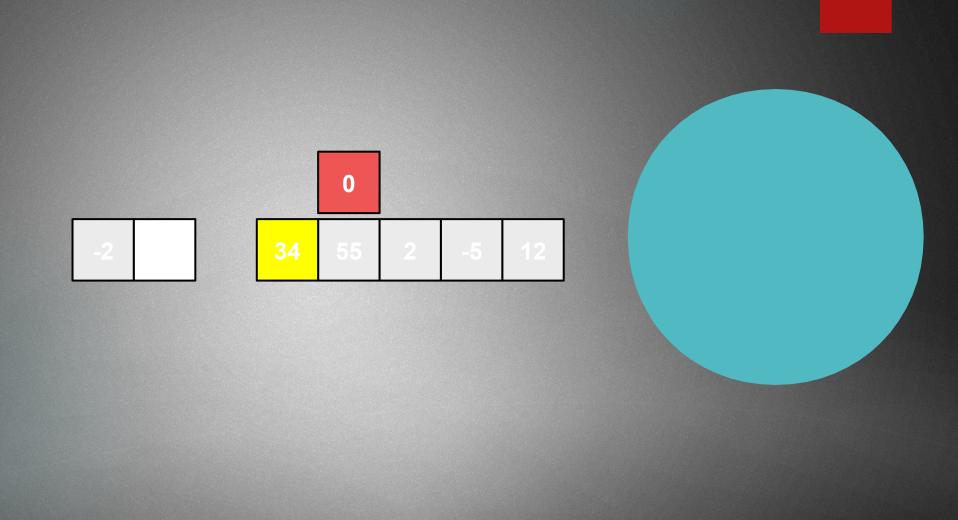
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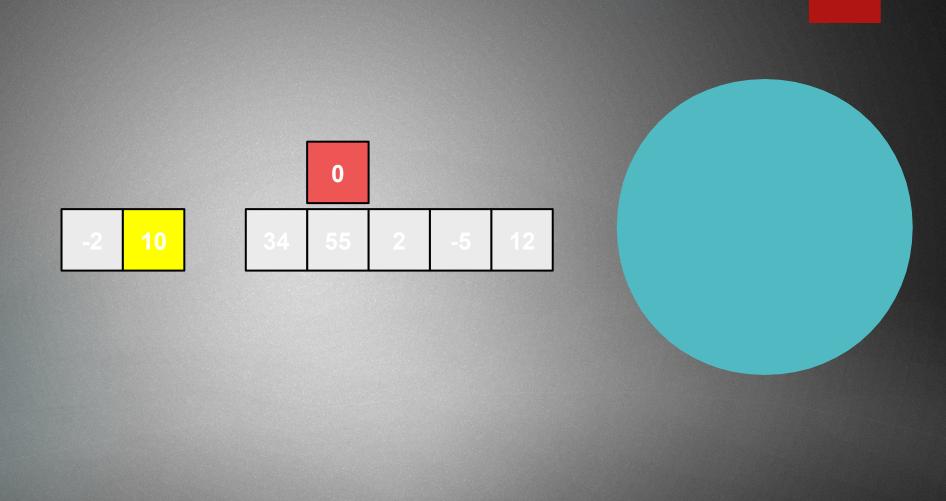


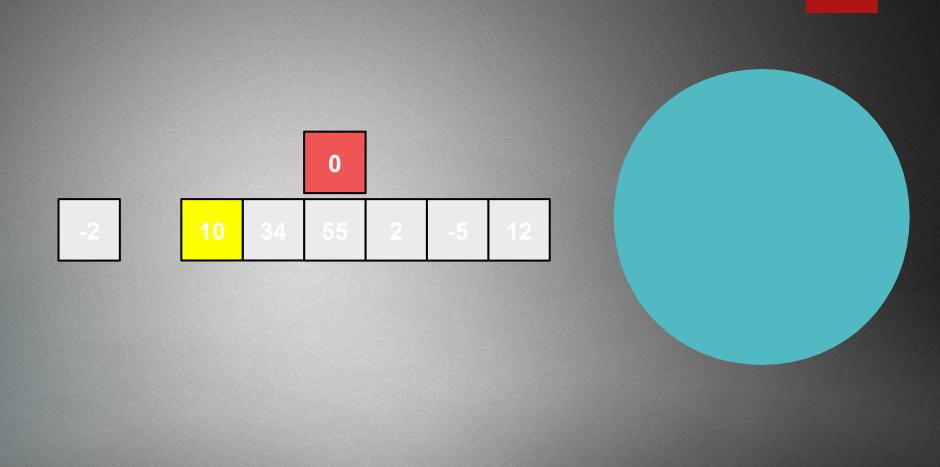


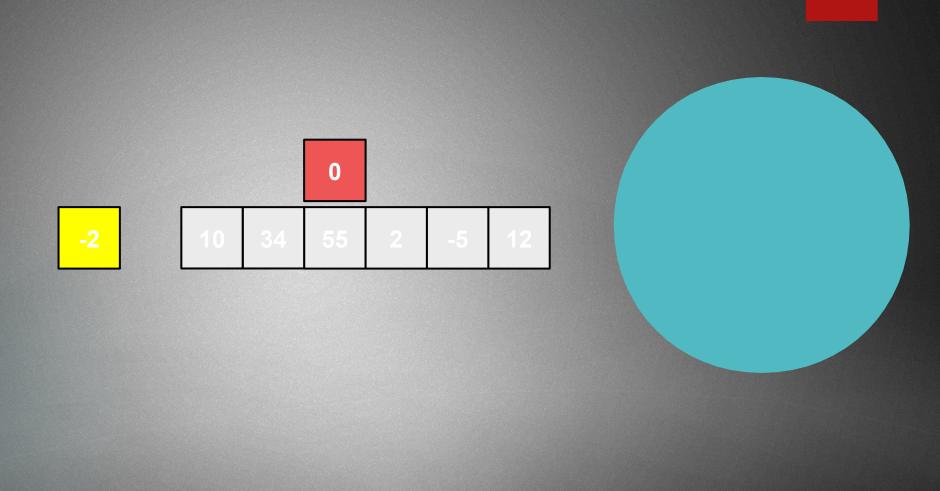


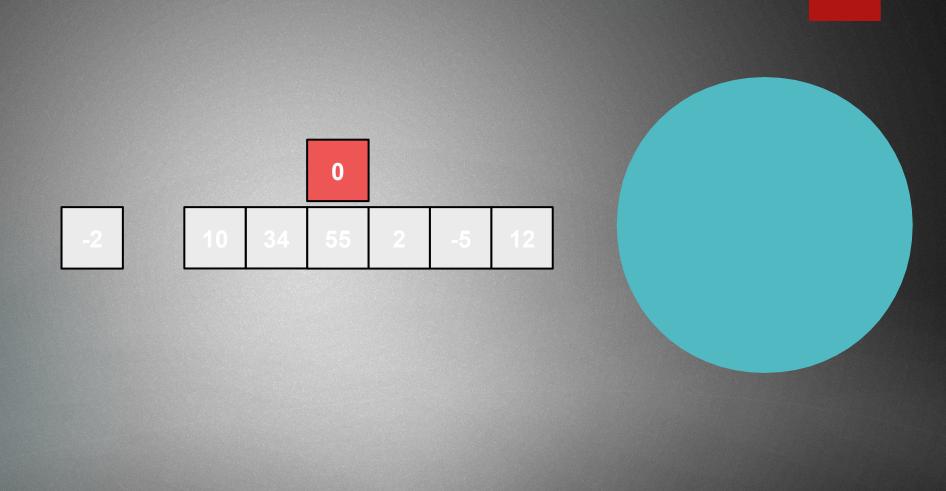










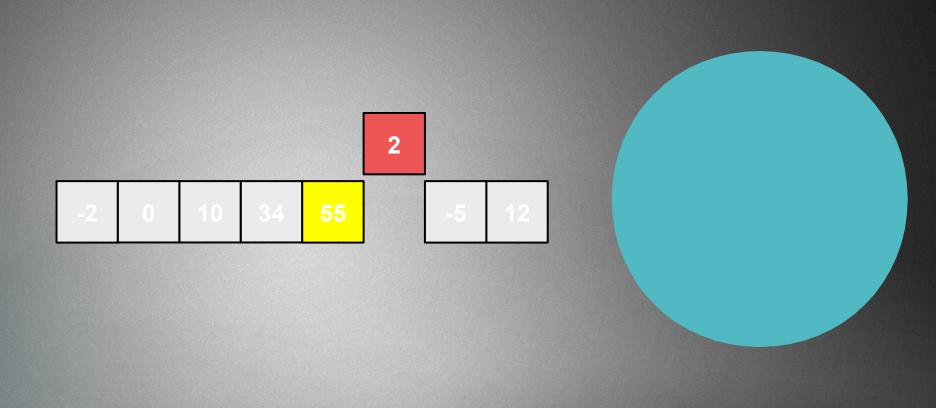


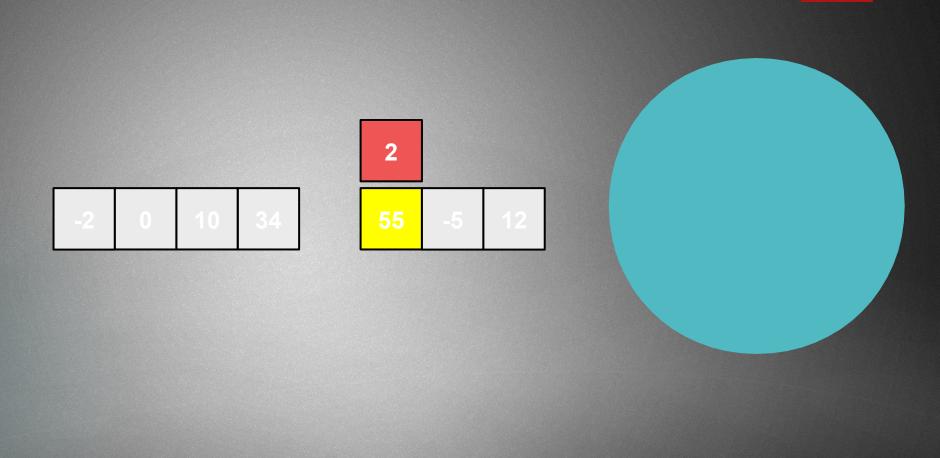
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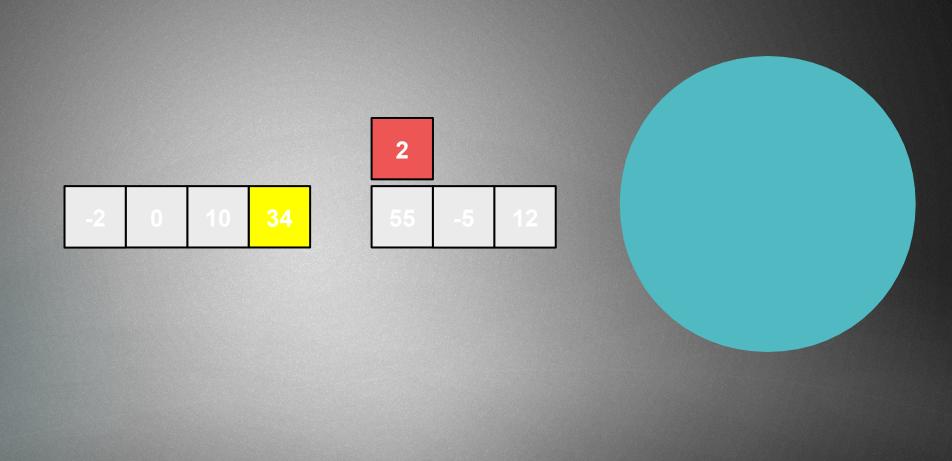
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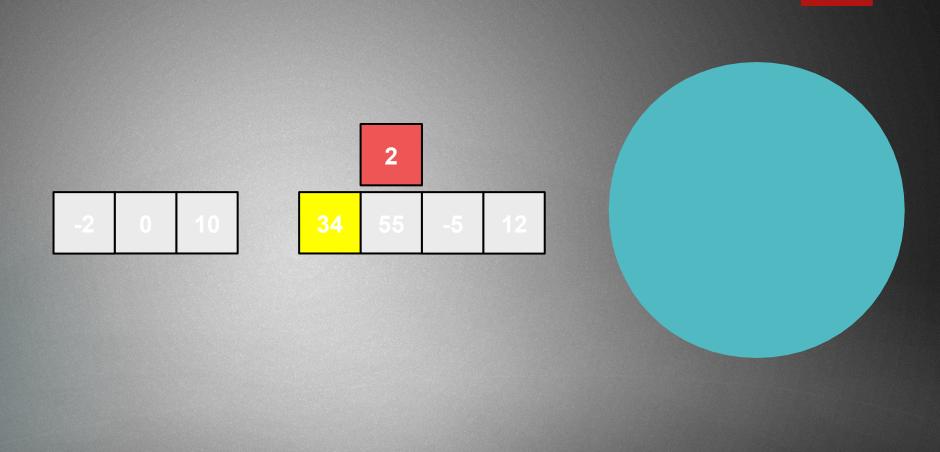
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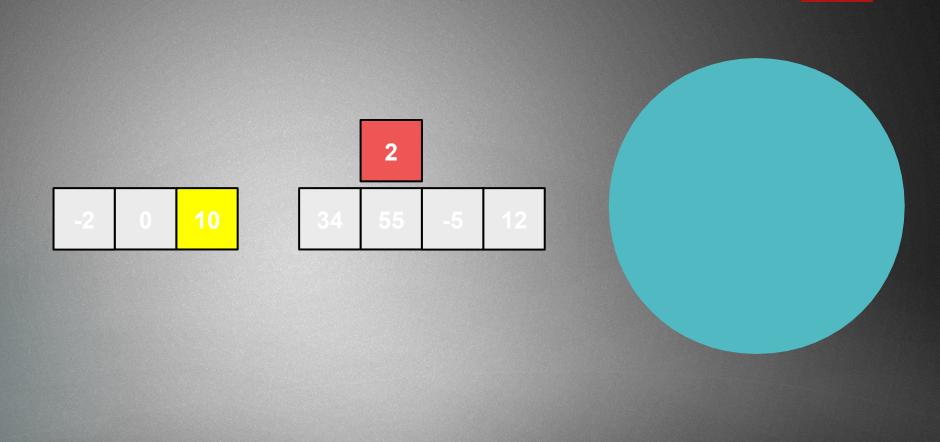
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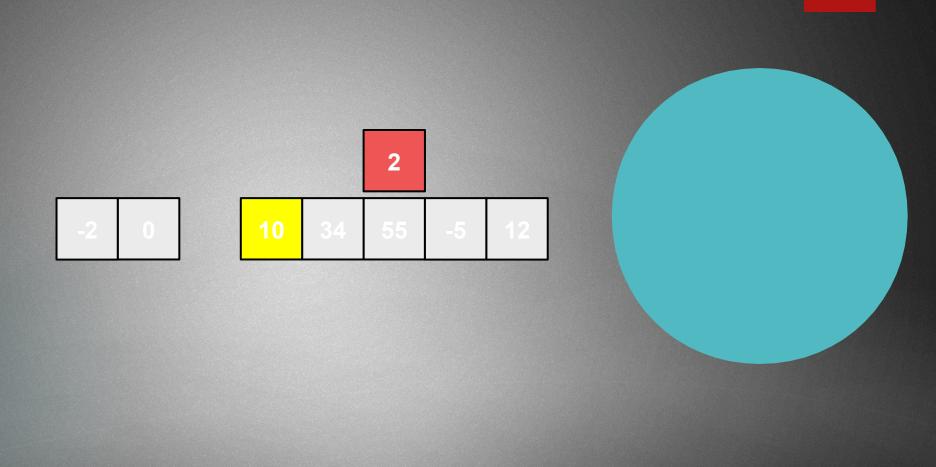


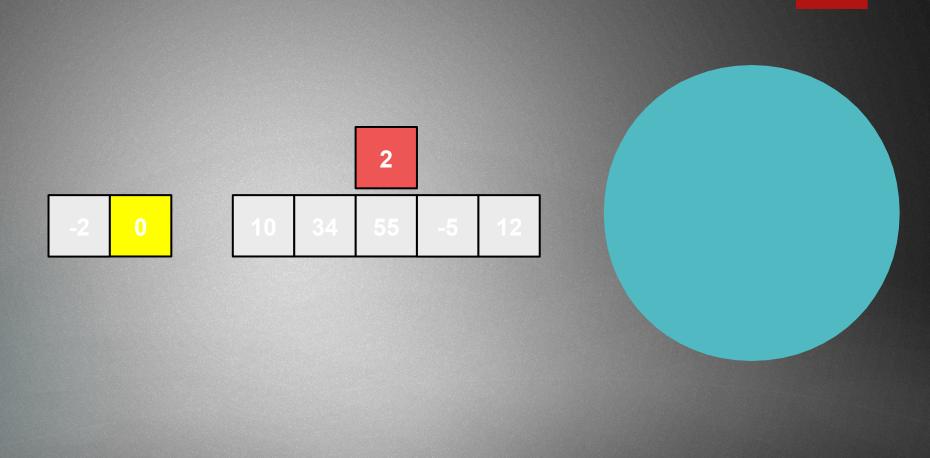


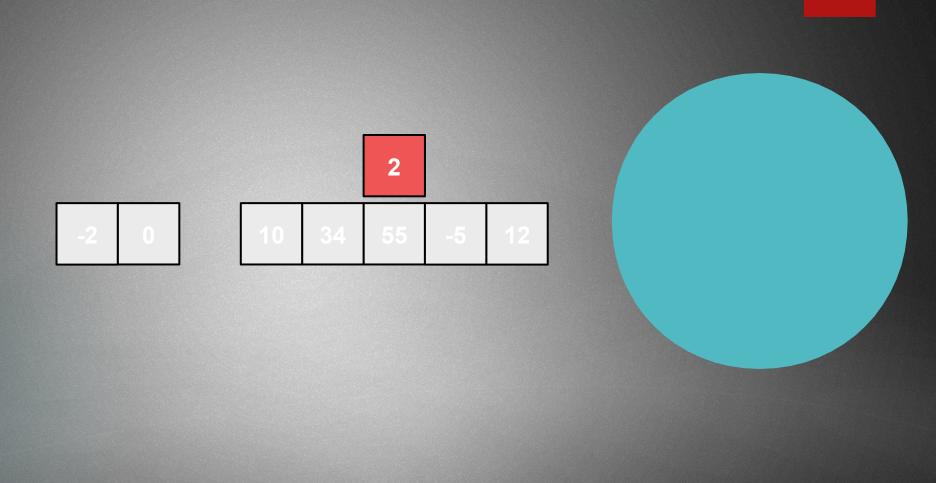


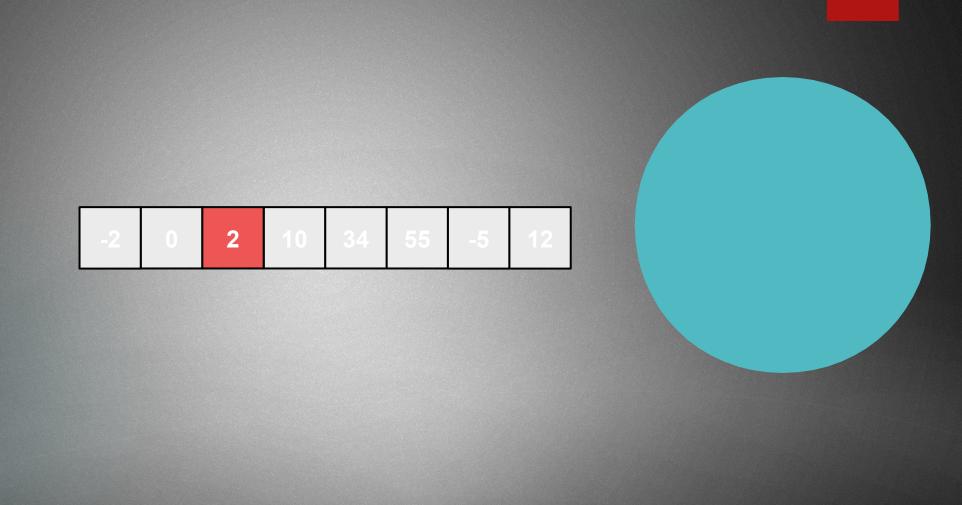






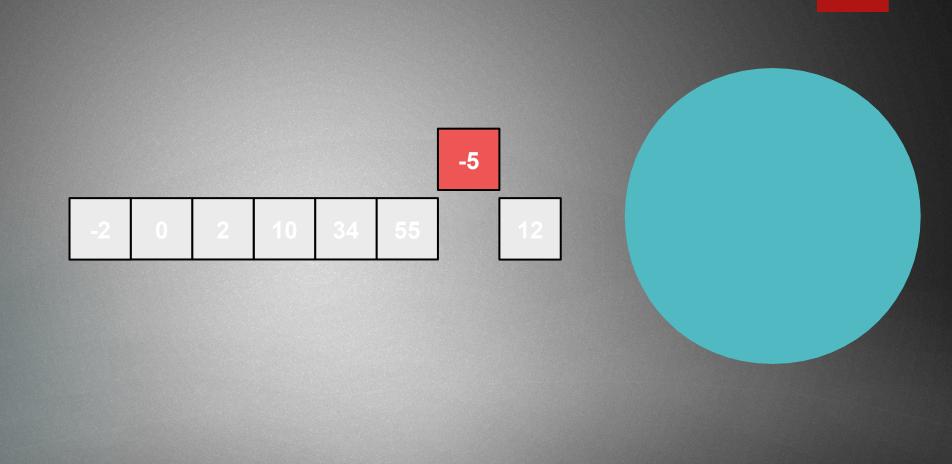


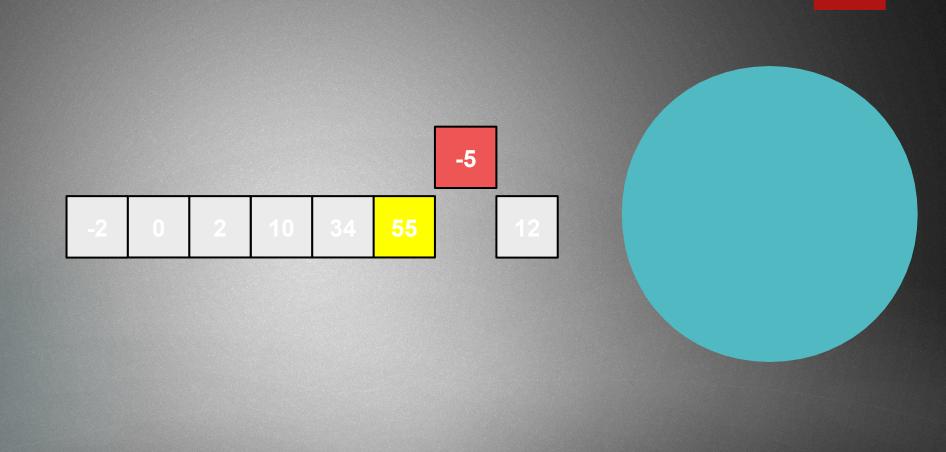


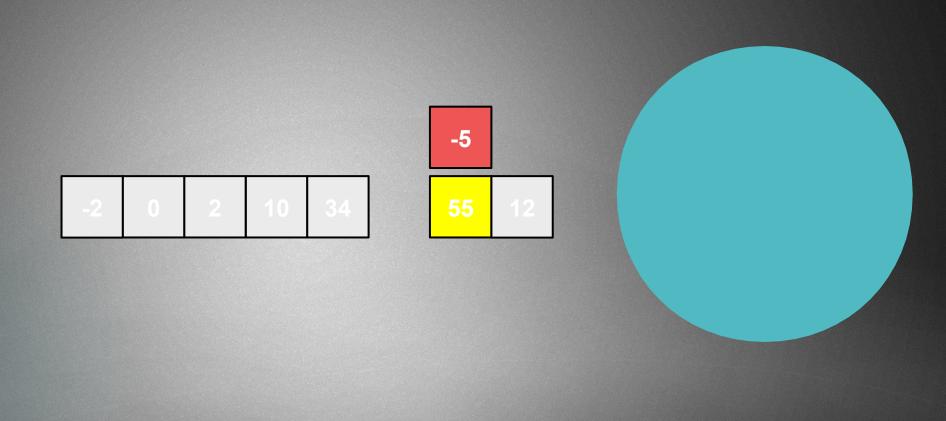


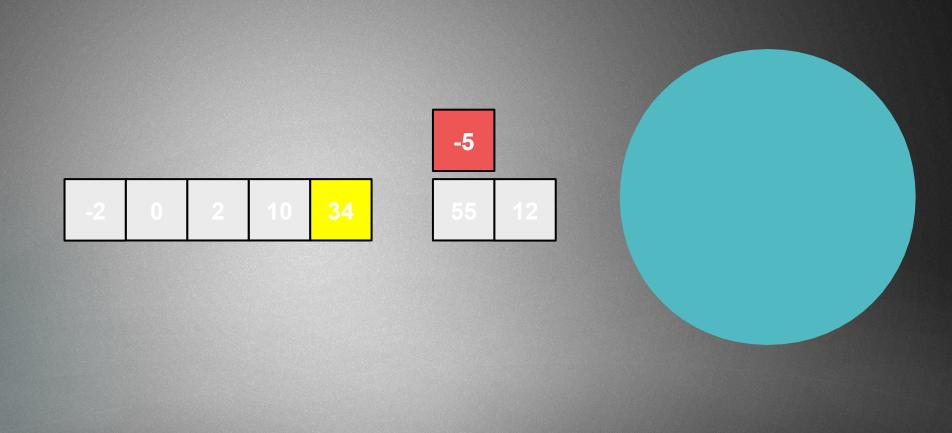
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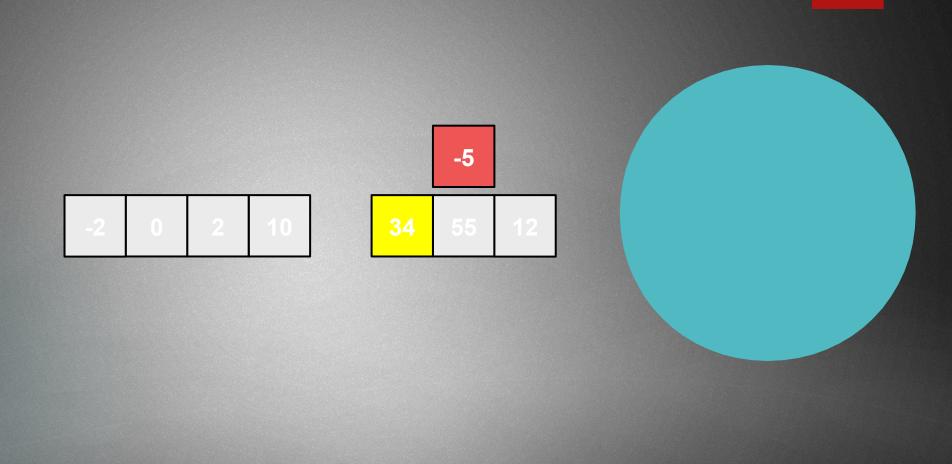
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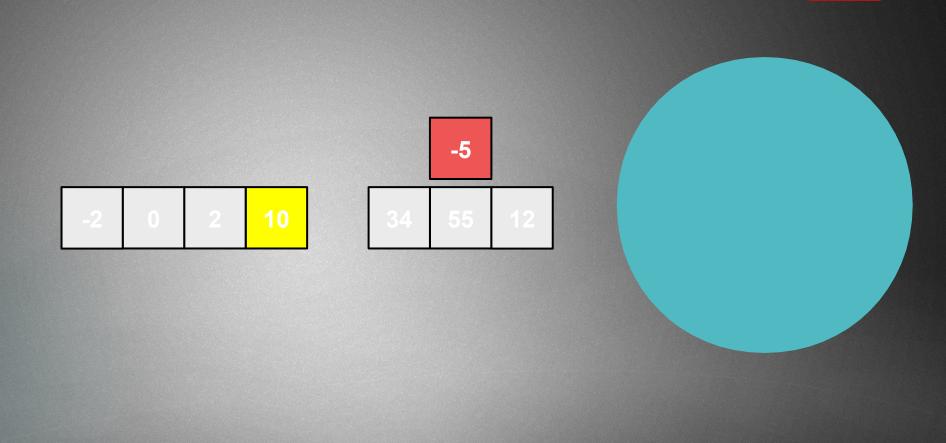


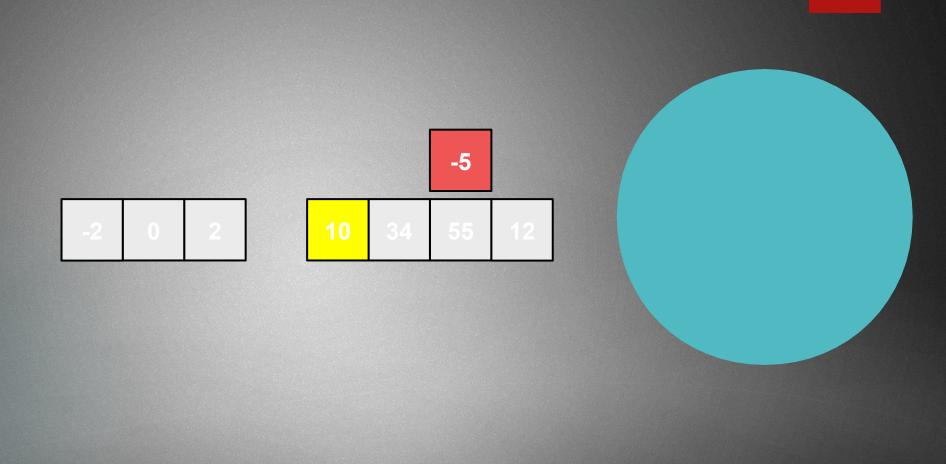


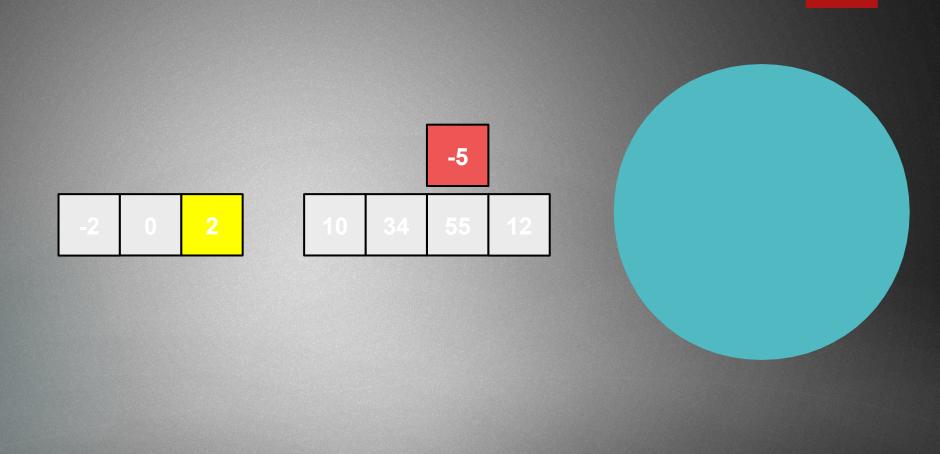


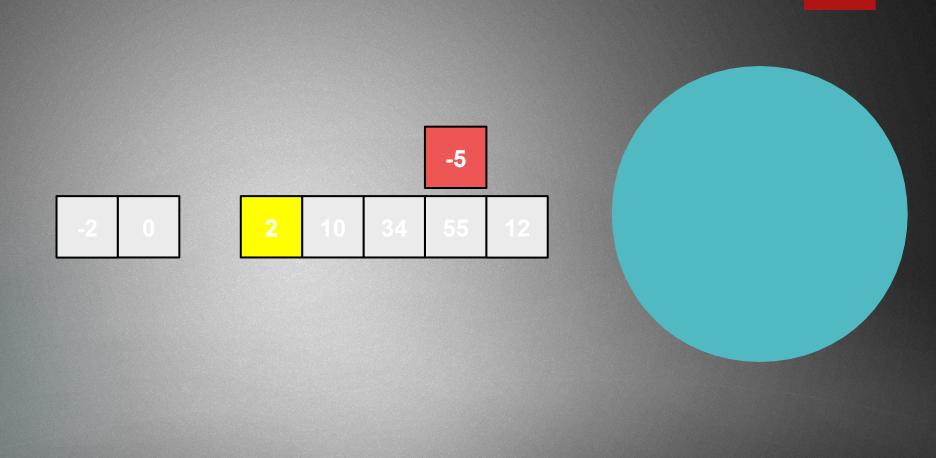


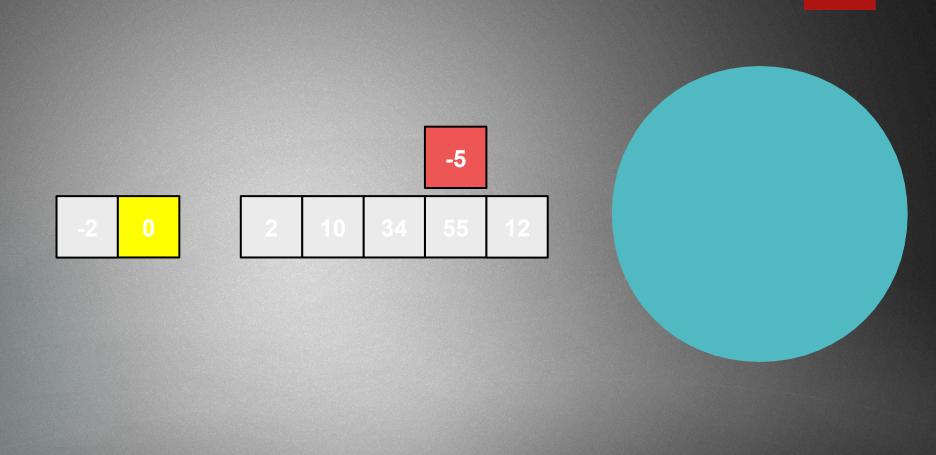


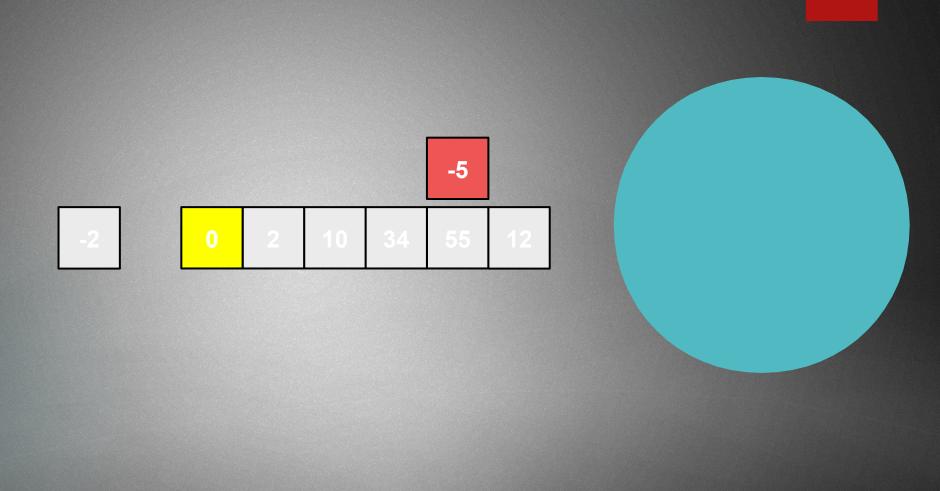


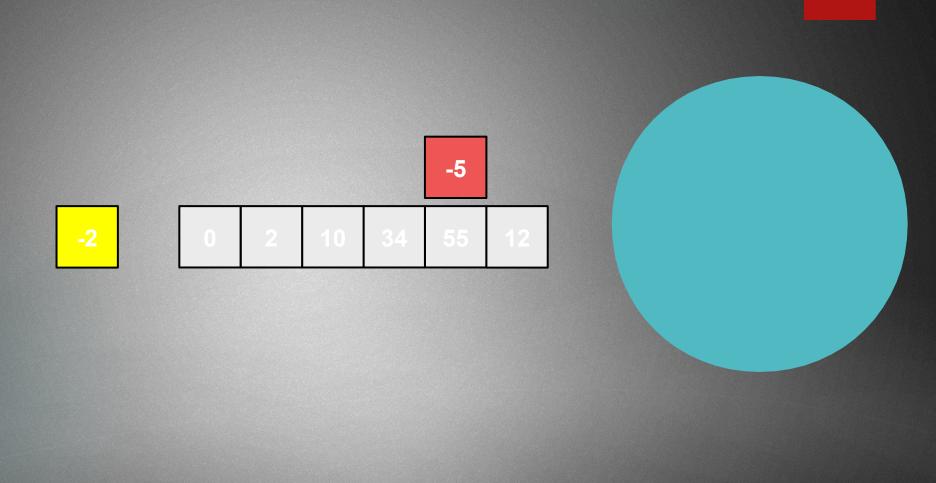


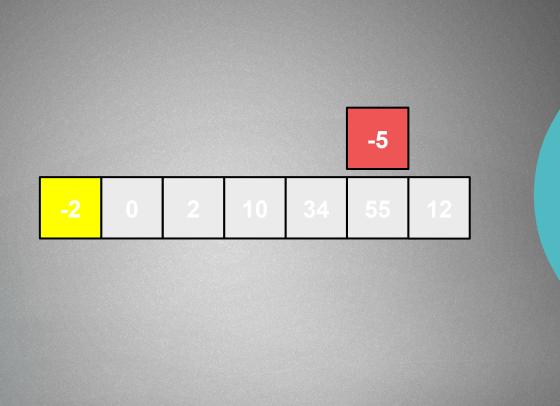


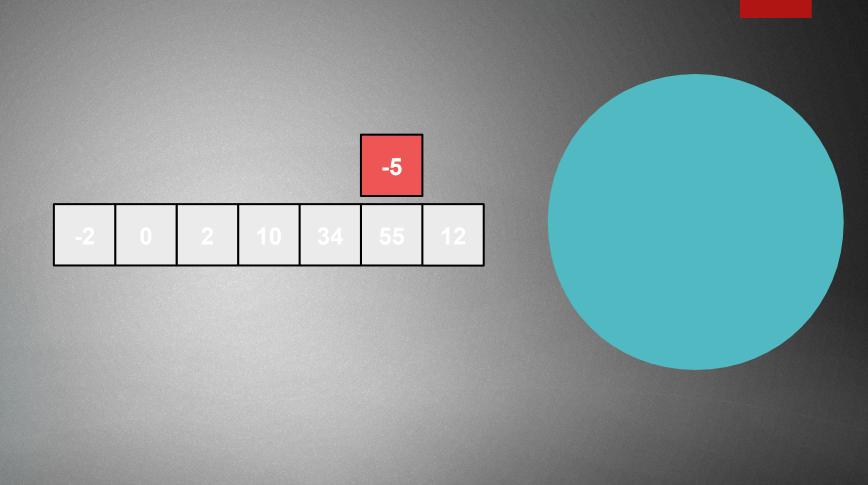












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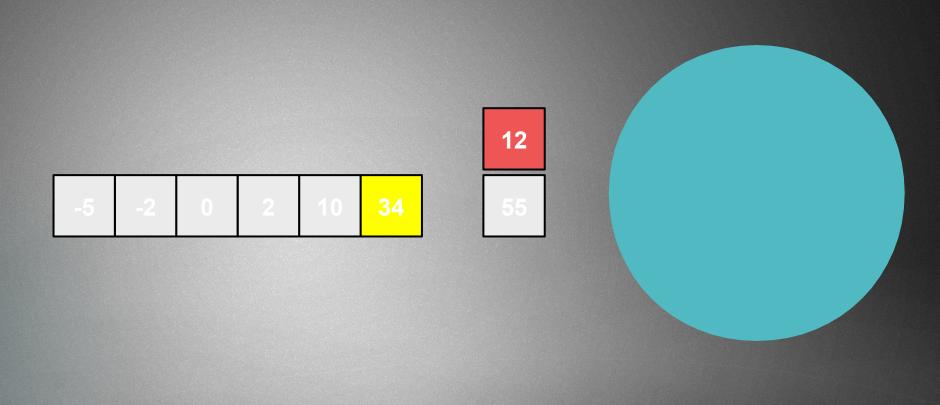
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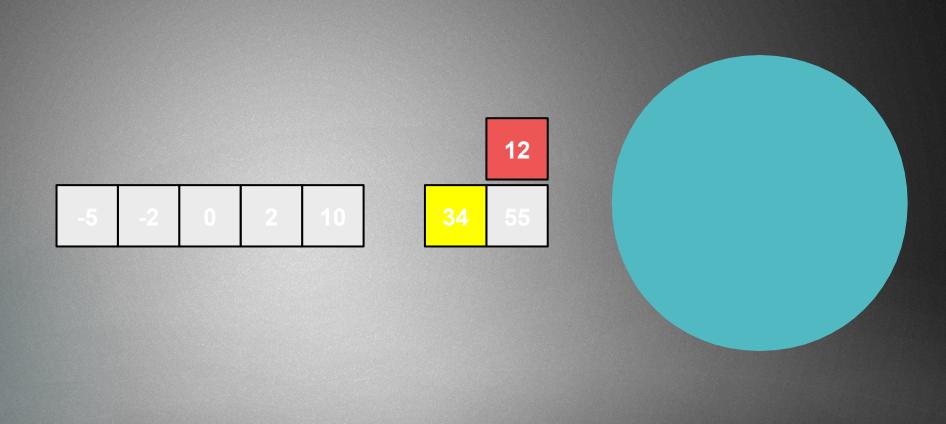
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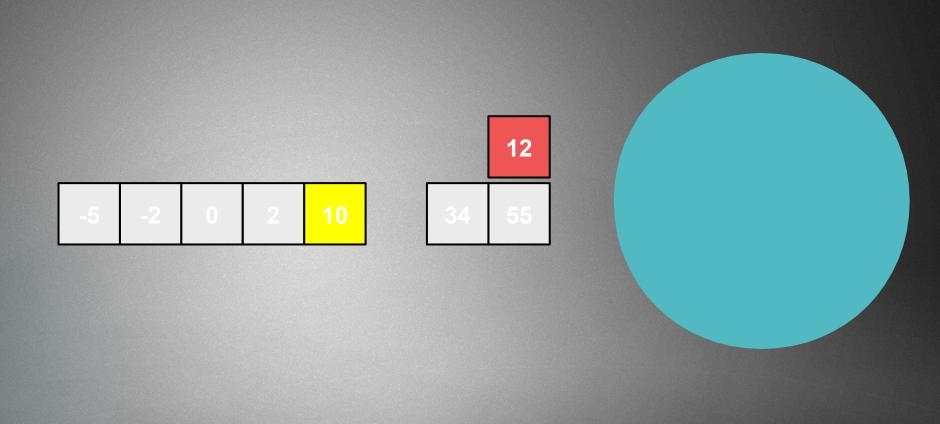
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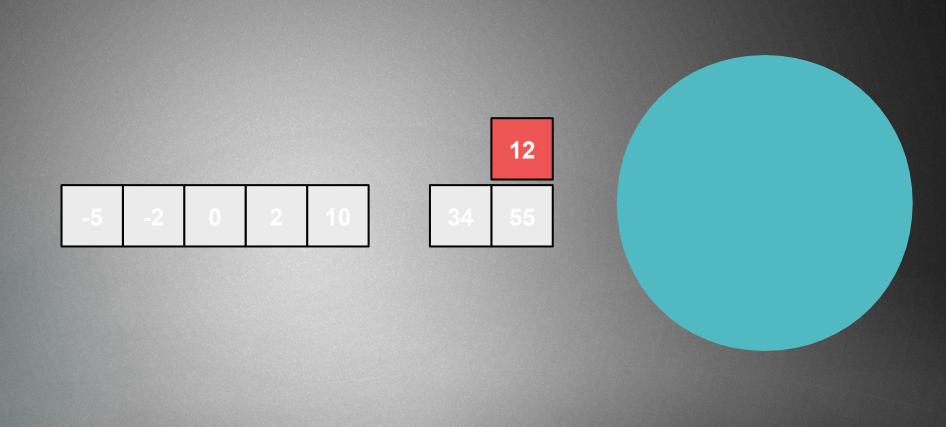
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-5 -2 0 2 10 **12** 34 55

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