# Pattern Recognition and Computer Vision

Instructor: Yao Yao

Fall 2024



### **Course Information**



Course: 模式识别与计算机视觉

Location: 南雍楼东428

• Instructor: 姚遥

• Instructor Office: 南雍楼东509

Instructor Office hour: Monday 2pm - 4pm

Instructor Email: yaoyao@nju.edu.cn

Instructor Webpage: <a href="https://yoyo000.github.io/">https://yoyo000.github.io/</a>



### Instructor



### Yao Yao

Nanjing University, Associate Professor
 2023.06 - now

Apple, Senior Researcher 2020.04 - 2023.05

• **Altizure**, Founding Member 2015.07 - 2020.04

### **Research Interests**

3D Computer Vision

Reconstruction: 3D Reconstruction and Differentiable Rendering

Generation: Generative Models for 3D Content Creation



# **Today's Topics**



Course Objective

What is Pattern Recognition?

Course Overview

Introduction to Image Data



## **Course Objective**



 Grasp the basic knowledge of pattern recognition and computer vision, including related problems and applications

Dive deep into one or two recent topics related to PRCV

With a focus on computer vision and natural language processing



# **Pre-requisite**



- Machine Learning
- Image processing
- C++
- Python
- PyTorch



## **Pattern Recognition**



What is Pattern Recognition?



## **Pattern Recognition**



"The field of pattern recognition is concerned with the automatic discovery of regularities in data through the use of computer algorithms and with the use of these regularities to take actions such as classifying the data into different categories."



## **Data**



Text

Image

Video

3D

. . .



## Data: Image





How is the image captured?

Where is the image captured?

What is in the image?



## **Data: Image**





Clip retrieval works by converting the text query to a CLIP embedding, then using that embedding to query a knn index of clip image embedddings

Display captions Display full captions Display similarities

Safe mode Hide duplicate urls
Hide (near)
duplicate images

Search over

[image v

Search with
multilingual clip

french cat





french cat

笑到岔氣之後我也手







Q 🙍 🕹

Hilarious pics of funny cats! funnycatsgif.com





wears a b ...





French Bread Cat Loaf Metal Print

What is the dataset about?

• Given this dataset, can you generate one new cat in the same pattern?



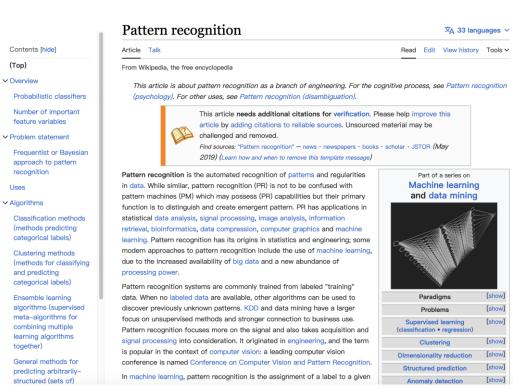


### **Data: Text**





Q Search Wikipedia



**WikiPedia** 

Search

Create account Log in •••

What is the text about?

Can you summarize the article?

Can you fix typos?

Can you translate the Chinese?



### **Data: Text**



#### Input

Andrew is free from 11 am to 3 pm, Joanne is free from noon to 2 pm and then 3:30 pm to 5 pm. Hannah is available at noon for half an hour, and then 4 pm to 6 pm. What are some options for start times for a 30 minute meeting for Andrew, Hannah, and Joanne?

#### Output

Andrew: 11 am - 3 pm

Joanne: 12 pm - 2 pm, 3:30 pm - 5 pm Hannah: 12 pm - 12:30 pm, 4 pm - 6 pm

Common availability for a 30-minute meeting: 12 pm - 12:30 pm

**ChatGPT** 

Can you response to my words?

- Predict the next word



### Data: 3D





3D Content

How to present a 3D model?

How to reconstruct a 3D model?

How to align 3D with image/text?

How to generate a 3D model?



### **Data: Audio**





Who is speaking?

Can you translate the speech into text?

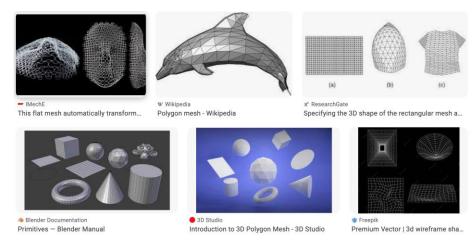
Can you reduce the background noise?

Can you tune my voice?

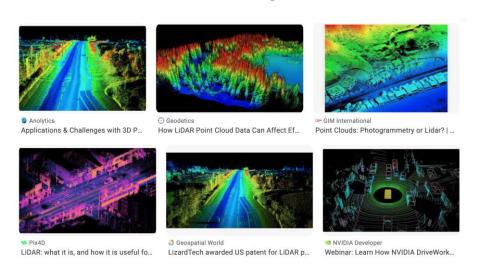


### **Data: Others**

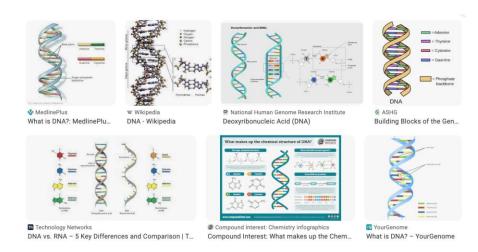




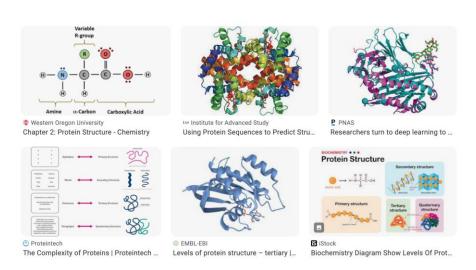
### 3D Shape



**Lidar Points** 



#### **DNA**



#### **Protein**



## Regularities



## **Feature**

Image features: corners, edges, deep features

Text embeddings/tokenization

Point cloud descriptors/3D latent

. . .



## Regularities



## Distribution

Distribution in 1D space

Distribution in N-D space

Distribution in high-dimensional N^2-D image space

Distribution in latent space

. . .



# **How to Recognize Patterns**



Data collection

Feature extraction / Data washing

Modeling (+ Training)



## **Applications**



### **Computer Vision**

- Feature detector and descriptor
- Semantic segmentation
- Image Classification
- Image generation
- •

### **Natural Language Processing**

- Tokenization
- Grammatical Error Correction
- Relation extraction
- Text Classification
- ...

Others ...



## Pattern Recognition vs. Machine Learning



### 模式识别 vs. 机器学习

- ✓ 机器学习在模式识别中有非常重要的作用
- ✓但是,模式识别具有更多的"系统"性
  - 数据获取
  - 提取特征
  - ...
- ✓主要的区别是: "数据" vs."特征"
  - 但是,在深度学习中,这个区别不那么明显了





## Pattern Recognition vs. Computer Vision



### 模式识别 vs. 计算机视觉

- ✓ 模式识别与计算机视觉(computer vision)的研究和应 用有非常多的重合
  - 识别recognition是计算机视觉中最重要的问题之一
  - 模式识别中很大部分输入是图像
- ✓模式识别包含很多视觉以外的问题
  - 音频、雷达、文本、...
- ✓ 计算机视觉包括很多识别以外的问题
  - 如,超分辨率super-resolution
  - 三维重建3D reconstruction





## Pattern Recognition vs. Multimedia



### 模式识别与多媒体(multimedia)

- ✓都可能牵涉多种媒体
- ✔但多媒体更具有"系统"性
  - 多媒体不特别强调单个模块的性能
  - 更注重整个大系统的成功
  - 比模式识别更强调多种媒体之间的配合
  - 就算每个模块都采用了已有的技术,但是一个科学利用现有技术和多种媒体的系统仍然可以是很大的成功





## Pattern Recognition vs. Others



Overlapped with ML, CV, NLP

Just focus on problems

Do not set boundaries



### **Course Overview**



### Introduction:

• W1 - Course Introduction

### **Low-level Vision**:

- W2 Image features: image filters and edges
- W3 Image features: image features and matching

#### Mid-level Vision:

- W4 Camera calibration: camera model, structure from motion
- W5 Geometry reconstruction: stereo and multi-view stereo



### **Course Overview**



### **High-level Vision**:

- **W6** Neural Network: layers, back propagation, computational graph
- W7 Backbone Networks: CNN, RNN; AlexNet VGGNet ResNet MobileNet
- **W8** Classification and Recognition: Methods

### **Natural Language Processing:**

- W9 Tasks and Methods before LLM
- W10 Large Language Model: Transformer, BERT, and GPT



### **Course Overview**



### **Advanced Topics:**

- W1x Aligning Vision and Language: Contrastive Language-Image Pretraining (CLIP)
- W1x Bringing Vision and Graphics: Differentiable Rendering
- W1x Modeling Distribution of Image: VAE, GAN, and 2D diffusion
- W1x Modeling Distribution of Video: AR, Diffusion (UNet), and Diffusion Transformer (DiT)
- W1x Modeling Distribution of 3D: lifting 2D diffusion to 3D and direct 3D diffusion

#### Exam:

W15 - Final Exam or Presentation



## Lectures



Lecture + Paper Reading



### **Materials**



### **Recommended Courses:**

Computer Vision, Noah Snavely, Cornell University:

https://www.cs.cornell.edu/courses/cs5670/2023sp/lectures/lectures.html

Pattern Recognition, Jianxin Wu, Nanjing University:

https://cs.nju.edu.cn/wujx/teaching\_PR.html



### **Materials**



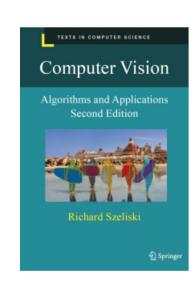
#### **Recommended Books:**

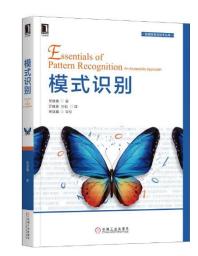
Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications, 2nd ed. Richard Szeliski.

2022: https://szeliski.org/Book/

Essentials of Pattern Recognition: An Accessible Approach.

Jianxin Wu. 2020: https://cs.nju.edu.cn/wujx/PR\_Book\_CN/PR\_Book\_CN.htm







### **Materials**



### Recommended Papers: 1-2 papers per week

W2 - Canny Edge Detector: A Computational Approach to Edge Detection. John Canny.
 TPAMI 1986.

 W2 - ControlNet: Adding Conditional Control to Text-to-Image Diffusion Models. Lvmin Zhang. ICCV 2023.



# **Grading**



• Attendance: 1% x 15 = 15%

• Mid-term Project: 35%

• Final Project: 50%



## **Projects**



### Mid-term Project: choose 1 below, solo work

- Image Features: two-view matching
- Image Features: image-stitching for panoramas
- Point Cloud Features: point cloud registration

### Final Project: choose 1 below, pair work

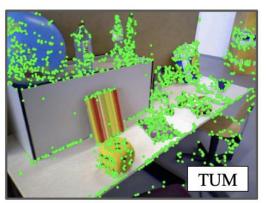
- Large Language Model: domain GPT
- Large Vision Model: domain diffusion
- Others... (discuss with Yao)

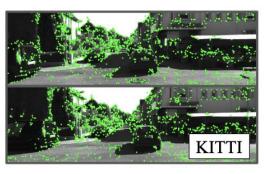
Open-source codes are allowed, but make sure your delta is clear



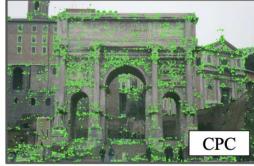
## **Projects: Two-view Matching**



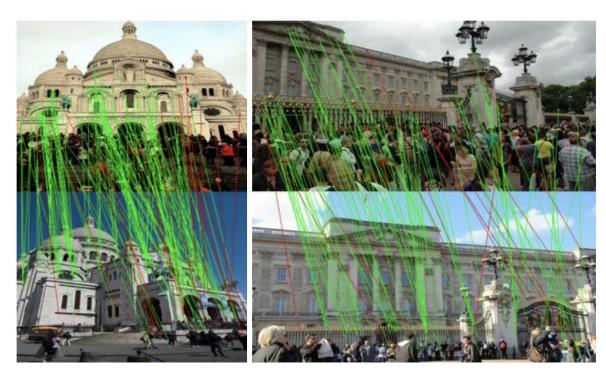








**ASLFeat**. Luo et al, CVPR 2020



OANet. Zhang et al, CVPR 2019



# **Projects: Image-stitching for Panorama**









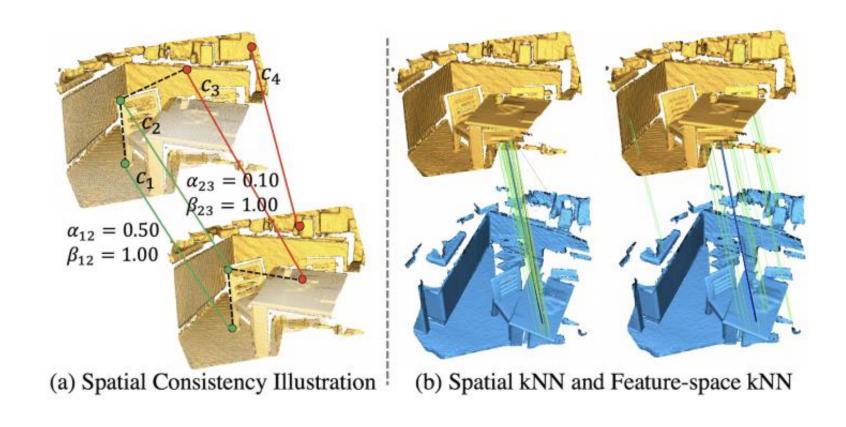


**Mountains in Hong Kong** (captured by Yao)



## **Projects: Point-cloud Registration**





PointDSC [Bai et al, CVPR 2020]



## **Projects: Domain X**

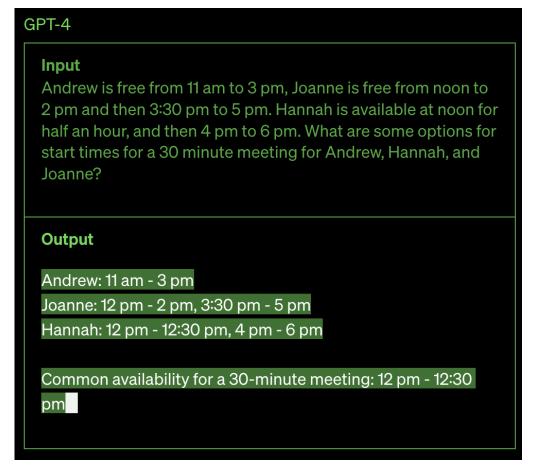


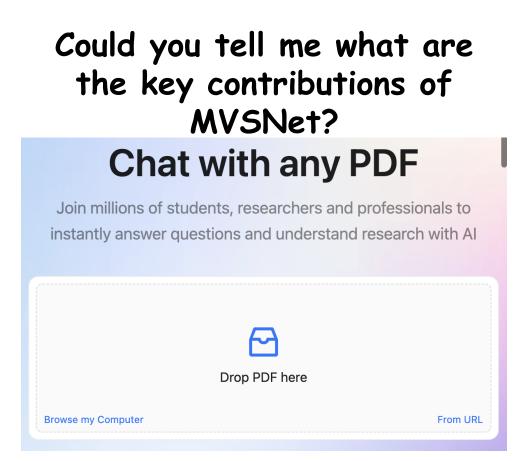
Dataset Collection and Finetuning a Foundation Model



## **Projects: Domain GPT**







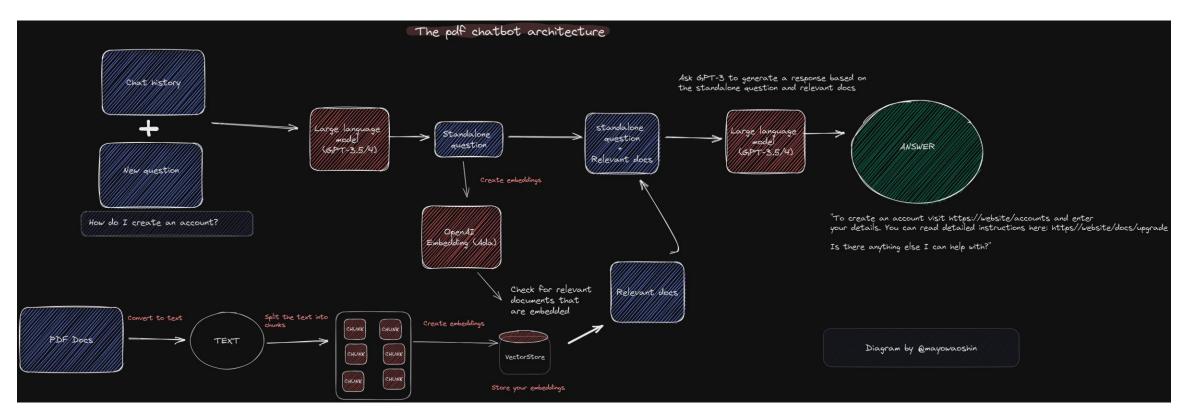
ChatGPT ChatPDF



## **Projects: Domain GPT**



External Database



PDF-ChatBot: https://github.com/mayooear/gpt4-pdf-chatbot-langchain



## **Projects: Domain GPT**



### Finetuning on small LLM



Vicuna 13B

#### ChatGLM-6B

⊕ Blog • № HF Repo • Ø Twitter • ■ [GLM@ACL 22] [GitHub] • ■ [GLM-130B@ICLR 23] [GitHub]

≫ 加入我们的 Slack 和 WeChat

₹在 chatglm.cn 体验更大规模的 ChatGLM 模型。

Read this in English.

#### 介绍

ChatGLM-6B 是一个开源的、支持中英双语的对话语言模型,基于 General Language Model (GLM) 架构,具有 62 亿参数。结合模型量化技术,用户可以在消费级的显卡上进行本地部署(INT4 量化级别下最低只需 6GB 显存)。 ChatGLM-6B 使用了和 ChatGPT 相似的技术,针对中文问答和对话进行了优化。经过约 1T 标识符的中英双语训练,辅以监督微调、反馈自助、人类反馈强化学习等技术的加持,62 亿参数的 ChatGLM-6B 已经能生成相当符合人类偏好的回答,更多信息请参考我们的博客。欢迎通过 chatglm.cn 体验更大规模的 ChatGLM 模型。

为了方便下游开发者针对自己的应用场景定制模型,我们同时实现了基于 P-Tuning v2 的高效参数微调方法 (使用指南), INT4 量化级别下最低只需 7GB 显存即可启动微调。

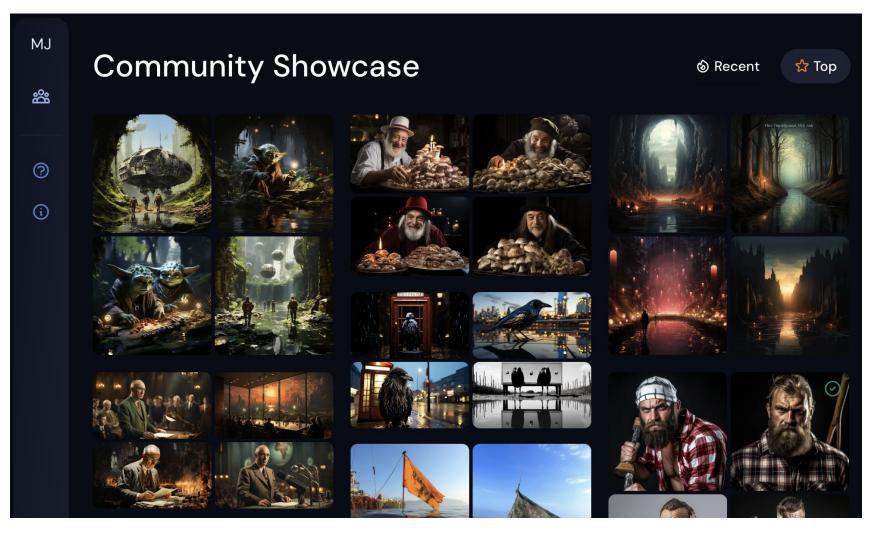
ChatGLM-6B 权重对学术研究完全开放,在填写问卷进行登记后亦允许免费商业使用。

#### **ChatGLM 6B**



## **Projects: Domain Diffusion**



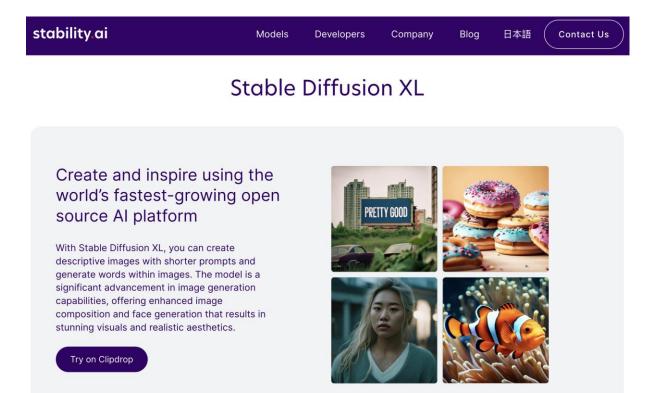


Midjourney: https://www.midjourney.com/showcase/top/

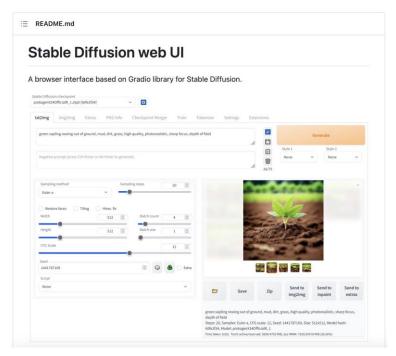


## **Projects: Domain Diffusion**





Stable Diffusion XL



Stable Diffusion web UI



Stable Diffusion with Lora

