CSCI 3104, Algorithms Final Exam S18–S20 Profs. Chen & Grochow Spring 2020, CU-Boulder

Instructions: This quiz is open book and open note. You may post clarification questions to Piazza, with the understanding that you may not receive an answer in time and posting does count towards your time limit. Questions posted to Piazza must be posted as PRIVATE QUESTIONS. Other use of the internet, including searching for answers or posting to sites like Chegg, is strictly prohibited. Violations of these are grounds to receive a 0 on this quiz. Proofs should be written in complete sentences. Show and justify all work to receive full credit.

TIMING: If you are not attempting all the standards in a given quiz, please only use the ordinary amount of time for the number of standards you attempt. For example, if you are only attempting one standard on a 4-standard quiz, please only use 30 min (or 38 for 1.5x, 45 for 2x).

YOU MUST SIGN THE HONOR PLEDGE. Your quiz will otherwise not be graded. Honor Pledge: On my honor, I have not used any outside resources (other than my notes and book), nor have I given any help to anyone completing this assignment.

Your Name:	Daniel Kim ₋		
Quicklinks: 18	19 20		

18. **Standard 18.** Suppose we have *n* stairs to climb. You may choose to jump up either 1,3, or 5 stairs each time. Your goal is to find the **minimum number of jumps** to climb the stairs. Note that your starting position is on the ground floor and not on the first stair.

Is there a clear recursive structure in the problem that would be useful in designing an effective dynamic programming algorithm? That is, is dynamic programming a useful algorithmic technique for this problem? Clearly justify your answer.

(BEGIN YOUR ANSWER ON THE NEXT PAGE.)

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YOUR ANSWER HERE FOR STANDARD 18. (YOU CAN DELETE ALL THIS TEXT IN CAPS.)

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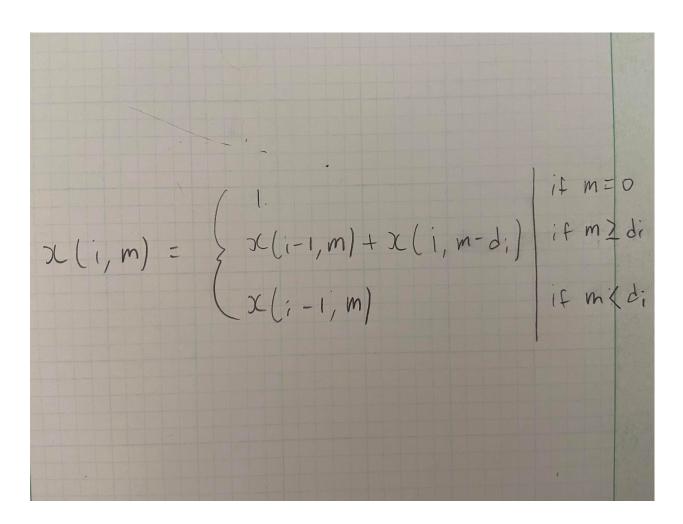
19. **Standard 19.** Consider a set of coin denominations in cents $\{d_1, d_2, \dots, d_k\}$ with $d_1 = 1 < d_2 < \dots < d_k$, and suppose you want to make change for n cents. Your goal is to find the number of ways to make the change. Note that the order of the coins does not matter, e.g., if the denominations are standard US coin denominations and we are making change for 6 cents, then 1 penny + 1 nickel and 1 nickel + 1 penny count as *one* way of making change, not two distinct ways. (There are only two ways to make change for 6 cents using US coin denominations: 6 pennies, or 1 penny + 1 nickel.)

Define X(i, m) to be the number of ways to make change for m cents using the coins of first i denominations $\{d_1, d_2, \dots, d_i\}$, $i \leq k$. Write down a recurrence for counting the number of ways to make change, and justify it.

(BEGIN YOUR ANSWER ON THE NEXT PAGE.)

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For the base case, there is only one way to select which is nothing from the first i denominations. In other words, if m = 0, there is only one way to make the change. For the optimal substructure, there are only two cases at a given denomination d_i , which are to make the change or not make the change. To represent "make the change", we use $X(i, m - d_i)$. In addition, since we may have to use i denominations more than once, the first parameter is unchanged. To represent "not make the change", we use X(i-1,m). Since it will move on to the next denomination, we use i-1. To add on, m will remain unchanged because it uses d_i to make the change.

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20. Standard 20. Consider the weighed interval scheduling problem for the job list

$$A = [(1,3;4), (2,4;5), (3,5;2), (3,6;3), (2,7;5)]$$

of (start time, finish time; value) triples. Fill in the values of the following DP table, where OPT(i) is the value of optimal solution to the problem consisting of the first i jobs.

triple	OPT(i)
(1, 3; 4)	
(2, 4; 5)	
(3, 5; 2)	
(3, 6; 3)	
(2, 7; 5)	

(BEGIN YOUR ANSWER ON THE NEXT PAGE.)

ID: 102353420

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YOUR ANSWER HERE FOR STANDARD 20. (YOU CAN DELETE ALL THIS TEXT IN CAPS.)

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