

Inpatient Management Guidelines for Patients with Confirmed COVID-19

Table 1: Initial Workup at Admission	
• Admission Workup:	CBC/diff, CMP, LDH*, CPK*, Procalcitonin* (D-dimer, IL-6, Ferritin, CRP)** 2x Blood cultures. RPNA. Sputum cultures if producing. If LFTS elevated: HCV/HBV, HIV serologies PT/PTT, Fibrinogen Troponin/CK-MB if clinically indicated. Pregnancy test if reproductive age female.
• Imaging/Studies:	ECG. Portable Chest X-ray. CT Chest is not recommended.
• Determine Severity of illness to determine Level of Care, Monitoring, and Management (Table 2)	
*Unclear evidence to support, **For potential COVID-19 Specific Therapeutic Trials	

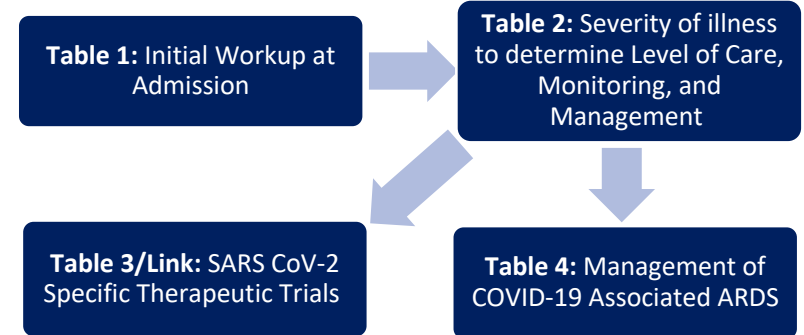


Table 2: Severity of illness to determine Level of Care, Monitoring, and Management		
Severity of Illness	Admission Location and Labs	Management (All management should continue as severity of illness increases)
Mild <ul style="list-style-type: none"> No oxygen requirement No new dyspnea Normal chest x-ray* (patients with abnormal chest x-rays may require observation) 	May send home with close monitoring for 2 weeks <ul style="list-style-type: none"> RTC if unable to tolerate PO, worsening fevers not resolving > 3 days, dyspnea Strict Counseling: Patient should be masked at all times in public, strict isolation for 2 weeks plus 3 days of being asymptomatic 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Supportive Care <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Oral hydration Acetaminophen for fevers >38.3 Celsius prn (D/c during remdesivir study) Close monitoring emphasized for HTN, Chronic Lung/Heart Disease, CKD, or Immunosuppression comorbidities, Age ≥ 60 May qualify for outpatient COVID-19 Specific Therapeutic Trials (Currently not enrolling)
Moderate <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Oxygen Requirement: ≤ 6L NC for SaO₂ ≥ 92%. RR ≤ 30-35 without respiratory distress, use clinical judgement 	Admission to Inpatient Wards <ul style="list-style-type: none"> CBC/d, CMP, ABG, Procalcitonin as needed, not standing Inflammatory Markers (D-dimer, IL-6, Ferritin, CRP)** Chest X-ray as needed, not standing Telemetry/Continuous oximetry If treating bacterial pneumonia - Limit treatment 5-7 days 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Conservative Fluid Management: avoid fluid boluses and IV maintenance fluids unless hypotensive. Consider diuresis. If >6L NC to maintain SaO₂ ≥ 92%, or rapid increase in O₂ requirement, consider severe illness start non-rebreather and consult ICU.* All patients should be on DVT prophylaxis (SCDs + Heparin) if no contraindications If bronchodilators clinically indicated, order MDI (not S.V.Neb) See Table 3 COVID-19 Specific Therapeutic Trials (Interim Therapeutics Guideline)
Severe without Mechanical Ventilation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Greater 6L to maintain SaO₂ >92% (non-rebreather) RR ≥ 24 or respiratory distress Rapid increase in O₂ requirements 	Admission to ICU *** <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Standard ICU Care: ABCs/FASTHUGS Check (Procalc, CRP, Pro-BNP, Troponin, ECG)* 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Non-Rebreather with reservoir up to 15Lpm; with expiratory filter if available Consider Intubation if: severe cough / exposing staff, intubations done at UCSD by anesthesiology (see intubation protocol reference below) NIV and HFNC are not being used for COVID-19 patients at UCSD* Consider ID Consult
Severe with Mechanical Ventilation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Consider intubation with oxygen requirement <92% with NRB* (clinical judgement) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> (Fibrinogen, D-dimer, PT/PTT, Procalcitonin, CRP)* Pneumonia panel (tracheal aspirate) - avoid bronchoscopy. Chest X-ray as needed, not standing 	ARDS Management (See Table 4) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Start broad spectrum antibiotics if clinically indicated, and deescalate as appropriate Tracheostomy requires 2 negative COVID-19 NP/trach swabs separated by 24 hours If patient dies, autopsy is strongly encouraged for research purposes. If bronchodilators clinically indicated, may order nebulized Rx while intubated Critical Medication Shortage Mitigation (Sedation/Analgesia): See UC San Diego Guidelines on https://pulse.ucsd.edu/tools/medication-resources
*Unclear evidence to support, ** For potential COVID-19 Specific Therapeutic Trials, *** Admission criteria subject to change depending on COVID-19 surge phase		

UC San Diego Health COVID-19 Interim Therapeutics Guidelines: <https://pulse.ucsd.edu/departments/supplychain/Documents/formDocs/WD1215.pdf>

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Table 3: SARS CoV-2 Specific Therapeutic Trials			
Common between Trial Protocols	Remdesivir (currently Hillcrest Medical Campus)	Tocilizumab (currently La Jolla Medical Campus)	Hydroxychloroquine (not currently recruiting at UC San Diego)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ≥18 years of age Symptoms & Abnormal Imaging No allergy to study drug 	No pregnant patients. Must agree to either abstinence/contraception for 30 days SpO2 ≤ 94% on room air	No pregnant or breastfeeding women ≤93% or PaO2/FiO2 < 300 mmHg	Pregnancy ok if documented during consent ≥93% or PaO2/FiO2 > 300 mmHg No impending respiratory failure No mechanically ventilated patients
Monitoring, and Other Criteria	Cannot participate in any other COVID-19 treatment clinical trial	Exclude if progression to imminent and inevitable death in next 24 hours	Electrolyte imbalances must be corrected
	AST/ALT < 5x ULN EGFR <50 or dialysis excludes	ALT/AST < 10 x ULN ANC > 1000 Platelet > 50	GFR > 30 Hgb > 9.0 g/dL Platelet > 75 AST, ALT, and AP ≤ 3 ULN Total bilirubin ≤ 2.5 ULN
		No active TB or suspected active viral/bacterial/fungal infection	No QT prolongation. No significant abnormal ECG/Arrhythmia. No impaired neuropsychological performance
	Adaptive Trial Design, placebo arm may be replaced by another promising anti-viral or agent	No tocilizumab in past 6 months Ok to be on Antiviral (Medical monitor must ok)	No remdesivir, lopinavir, ritonavir, chloroquine or hydroxychloroquine prior 30 days
Adverse Effects	Co-admin with CYP3A4 inhibitor should be avoided	LFT abnormalities (AST, ALT >3x ULN must d/c), injection site reactions, infection risks (esp. TB, fungal infections)	Severe hypoglycemia, myopathy/weakness, QTc elevation, Retinopathy, anemia (G6PD related), anxiety, possible bronchospasm
Study Members and Contact Information	Dan Sweeney (Co-PI) & Connie Benson (Co-PI) Contact: Dan Sweeney, MD	Atul Malhotra (PI), Aaron Carlin, Robert Owens, and Connie Benson Contact: Pam DeYoung or DeeDee Pacheco	Cathy Logan (PI), Lucy Horton, Davey Smith, Susan Little, Doug Richman, John Guatelli, Sam Penziner, Scott Johns, and Nina Haste Contact: Davey Smith, MD (not currently recruiting at UCSD)
SARS CoV-2 Specific Therapies outside of a clinical trials are currently <u>not</u> being offered at UCSD			
Non-specific Therapies Systemic Steroids: Routine use in setting of severe SARS CoV-2 infection is not routinely recommended; consideration should be given in the following scenarios. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Refractory shock Chronic steroid use Patients with Asthma/ COPD Severe/refractory ARDS with persisting hypoxemia (1-2mg/kg/day methylprednisolone x5 days) Future Therapeutic Trials (Guidelines will be updated in real time as recruitment starts) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hydroxychloroquine and Azithromycin (Outpatient) Convalescent Serum (Inpatient) Vaccine Trials 			
UC San Diego Health COVID-19 Interim Therapeutics Guidelines: https://pulse.ucsd.edu/departments/supplychain/Documents/formDocs/WD1215.pdf			

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Table : Management of COVID-19 Associated ARDS					
Good COVID-19 Care = Good ARDS Care					
	Indications/Details	Mortality Reduction	Evidence in COVID-19	Comments	Key Trials in ARDS
Lung protective ventilation					
Low Tidal Volume	6 mL/kg IBW (range 4-8)	Yes	Expert recommendation	Increase RR up to 35 to maintain pH >7.15	ARMA (2000)
Plateau pressure	≤30 cm H ₂ O	Yes	Expert recommendation		ARMA (2000)
Low Driving Pressure	(Plateau pressure – PEEP)	Yes*	Minimal data		Amato, <i>NEJM</i> (2015)
PEEP	Per PEEP ladder†	No	Expert recommendation		ALVEOLI (2004)
Positioning					
Prone	ARDS with PaO ₂ /FiO ₂ < 150	Yes	Case reports	Consider earlier prone based on clinical discretion	PROSEVA (2014)
Head of bed 30-45°	Any intubated patient	No	Minimal data	Reduces VAP in ARDS	Cochrane review (2016)
Adjunctive therapy					
Neuromuscular Blockade	Ventilator dyssynchrony	No	Anecdotal	Consider as needed doses rather than continuous infusion	ROSE-PETAL (2019); ACURASYS (2010)
Pulmonary Vasodilators	Refractory hypoxemia	No	Anecdotal, RCT in progress	Preference INO: start at 20 ppm, (range 5-40) and 2nd line epo may also be considered. Not recommended for routine use.	Cochrane review (2016)
ECMO	Refractory hypoxemia or hypercarbia	No	Case reports	Notify ECMO team <u>early</u> Webpaging: "ECMO on Call" SD County COVID-19 ECMO Guidelines: pulse.ucsd.edu/ecmo	EOLIA (2018); CESAR (2009)
Recruitment maneuvers	Refractory hypoxemia	No	Not routinely recommended	Not recommended for routine use.	ART group, <i>JAMA</i> (2017)
APRV mode	Refractory hypoxemia	No	No data	Increases CO ₂ & dys-synchrony. Not recommended for routine use.	Zhou, <i>Int Care Med</i> (2017)
General Considerations					
Conservative fluid Management	ARDS	No	Expert recommendation	Reduces ventilator days in ARDS	FACTT (2006)
FASTHUGS/ABCDEF	Any ICU patient	Yes	Expert recommendation	Quality care bundles should be used in every ICU patient	Various
Minimize sedation	Any ventilated ICU patient	No	Expert recommendation	Shortens ventilator days	Various
Early Mobilization	Any ICU patient	No	Expert recommendation		Various
Pregnancy					
Positioning	-	-	Minimal data	Ability to prone patient dependent on gestational age in discussion with high risk OB team	-
General management	-	-		Recommend high risk OB consult for any pregnant patient in ICU	-

*Associated with lower mortality, though causal relationship not definitively established

†PEEP Ladder (Consider starting with low PEEP ladder first)

LOW PEEP LADDER	FiO ₂	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	1
	PEEP	5	5	8	8	10	10	10	12	14	14	14	16	18	18-24
HIGH PEEP LADDER	FiO ₂	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5-0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0
	PEEP	5	8	10	12	14	14	16	16	18	20	22	22	22	24

UC San Diego Health Inpatient Management Guidelines for Patients with Confirmed COVID-19**UC San Diego COVID-19 Pulse-Website**

PPE Guidelines

Intubation Policy

[COVID-19 Interim Therapeutics Guidelines](#)<https://pulse.ucsd.edu/coronavirus/>

Code Blue Policy

Drive-Up Testing

Epic Resources

ICU Care Policy

Women and Infants Services

Ambulatory In-Clinic Testing Process and Care

Other Resources

CDC:

WHO COVID-19 situation reports:

PubMed COVID-19 Publications (LitCovid):

Infectious Disease Society of America:

UW COVID-19 Policies/Resources:

Johns Hopkins COVID-19 Global Map:

SD County Coronavirus Cases:

<https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/><https://www.who.int/emergencies/diseases/novel-coronavirus-2019/situation-reports><https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/research/coronavirus/><https://www.idsociety.org/public-health/COVID-19-Resource-Center/><https://covid-19.uwmedicine.org/Pages/default.aspx><https://coronavirus.jhu.edu/map.html>https://www.sandiegocounty.gov/content/sdc/hhsa/programs/phs/community_epidemiology/dc/2019-nCoV/status.html

California Department of Public Health:

ELSO ECMO COVID-19 Guidelines

<https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/Immunization/nCoV2019.aspx><https://www.else.org/COVID19.aspx>**References (Not comprehensive)**

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- Alhazzani W, Møller MH, Arabi YM, Loeb M, et al. Surviving sepsis campaign: guidelines on the management of critically ill adults with Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19). Intensive Care Med. 2020 March 28. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00134-020-06022-5>

For any questions, comments, or suggestions please email our committee:

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We appreciate all the feedback received from the PCCSM, ID, ED, Hospitalists, and Pharmacy Departments/Divisions in the creation of this guideline.

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