

Experiment 1.4

Student Name: Kanishk Soni

Branch: BE-CSE

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UID: 20BCS9398

Section/Group: 20BCS_DM_708-B

Subject Code: 20CSP-376

Aim:

Demonstration of FP Growth algorithm on supermarket data.

Objective:

Association rule mining finds interesting associations and relationships among large sets of data items. This rule shows how frequently a itemset occurs in a transaction. Given a set of transactions, we can find rules that will predict the occurrence of an item based on the occurrences of other items in the transaction.

Code and Output:

```
setwd("D:\\ Data
```

```
Mining")
```

```
library("arules")
```

```
data("Mushroom")
```

```
Fp_output <- fim4r(Mushroom, method = "fpgrowth", target = "rules", supp =  
60, conf = 50)
```

```
Fp_output
```

```
inspect(Fp_output
```

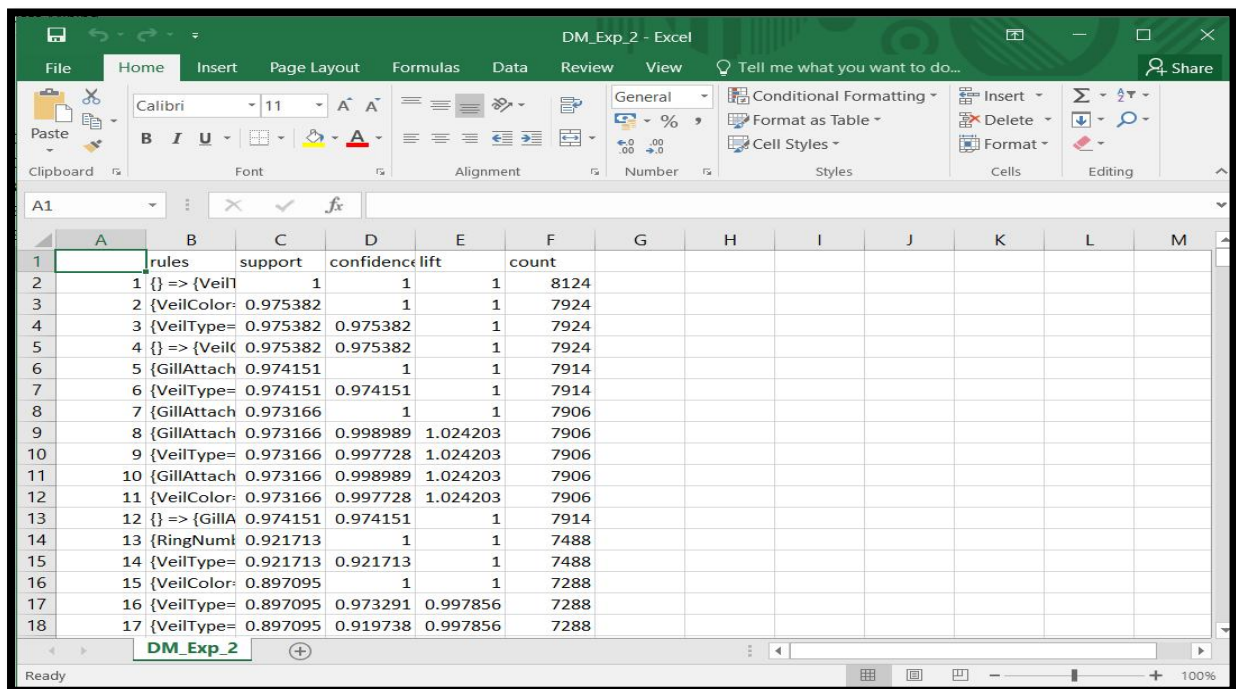
```
[1:5])
```

```
Data_File <- as(Fp_output, "data.frame")
```

```
write.csv(Data_File, file="DM_Exp_2.csv")
```

OUTPUT:

```
> setwd("D:\\Data Mining")
> library("arules")
> data("Mushroom")
> Fp_output <- fim4r(Mushroom, method = "fpgrowth", target = "rules", supp = 60, conf = 50)
>
> Fp_output
set of 594 rules
> inspect(Fp_output [1:5])
    lhs      rhs      support  confidence lift  count
[1] {} => {VeilType=partial} 1.0000000 1.0000000 1 8124
[2] {VeilColor=white} => {VeilType=partial} 0.9753816 1.0000000 1 7924
[3] {VeilType=partial} => {VeilColor=white} 0.9753816 0.9753816 1 7924
[4] {} => {VeilColor=white} 0.9753816 0.9753816 1 7924
[5] {GillAttached=free} => {VeilType=partial} 0.9741507 1.0000000 1 7914
> Data_File<- as(Fp_output,"data.frame")
> write.csv(Data_File, file="DM_Exp_2.csv")
```



	rules	support	confidence	lift	count
1	{}	1	1	1	8124
2	{VeilColor=white} => {VeilType=partial}	0.975382	1	1	7924
3	{VeilType=partial} => {VeilColor=white}	0.975382	0.975382	1	7924
4	{}	0.975382	0.975382	1	7924
5	{GillAttached=free} => {VeilType=partial}	0.974151	1	1	7914
6	{VeilType=partial} => {GillAttached=free}	0.974151	0.974151	1	7914
7	{GillAttached=free}	0.973166	1	1	7906
8	{GillAttached=free} => {VeilType=partial}	0.973166	0.998989	1.024203	7906
9	{VeilType=partial} => {GillAttached=free}	0.973166	0.997728	1.024203	7906
10	{GillAttached=free} => {VeilType=partial}	0.973166	0.998989	1.024203	7906
11	{VeilColor=white} => {VeilType=partial}	0.973166	0.997728	1.024203	7906
12	{}	0.974151	0.974151	1	7914
13	{RingNumber=1} => {VeilType=partial}	0.921713	1	1	7488
14	{VeilType=partial} => {RingNumber=1}	0.921713	0.921713	1	7488
15	{VeilColor=white} => {VeilType=partial}	0.897095	1	1	7288
16	{VeilType=partial} => {VeilColor=white}	0.897095	0.973291	0.997856	7288
17	{VeilType=partial} => {VeilColor=white}	0.897095	0.919738	0.997856	7288

Observations & Conclusion:

The "fim4r" function is used to mine frequent itemsets and generate association rules using the "fpgrowth" method with a minimum support of 60% and minimum confidence of 50%. The output of the function is stored in the "Fp_output" variable, which is then inspected using the "inspect" function to display the first five association rules.

Learning outcomes (What I have learnt):

1. Association rule mining: Students can learn how to use different methods, such as Apriori or FP-Growth, to mine frequent itemsets and generate association rules.
2. Minimum support and confidence: The code uses the minimum support and minimum confidence parameters to filter out weak rules and ensure that only meaningful rules