

Transformer

1. A transformer has 1500 primary turns and 3000 secondary turns. If the primary voltage is 240V, determine the secondary voltage, assuming an ideal transformer.

A. -250V B. 50V C. 1440V D. 480V

Ans:D

2. An ideal transformer with a turns ratio of $N_1:N_2=1:7$ is fed from a 100 V supply. Determine its output voltage.

A. 840V B. 50V C. 700V D. 52V

Ans:C

3. An ideal transformer has a turns ratio of $N_1:N_2=4:1$ and the primary current is 3 A when it is supplied at 240 V. Calculate the secondary voltage and current.

A. 60V,12A B. 50V,5A C. 140V,24A D. 30V, 24A

Ans:A

4. A 10 kVA single-phase ideal transformer has a turns ratio of $N_1:N_2=4:1$ and is fed from a 2.5 kV supply. Neglecting losses, determine the full load secondary current.

A. 20A B. 0.625A C. 16A D. 30A

Ans:C

5. A transformer takes a current of 1A when its primary is connected to a 240 volt, 50 Hz supply, the secondary being on open circuit. If the power absorbed is 72 watts, determine (i) the iron loss current, (ii) the power factor on no-load, and (iii) the magnetizing current.

A. 0.3A, 0.375, 0.74A B. 0.3A, 0.3, 0.95A C. 0.3A, 0.375, 74A
D. 0.3A,1.5, 0.74A

Ans: B

6. An ideal transformer is one which has

- (a) no losses and magnetic leakage
- (b) interleaved primary and secondary windings
- (c) no losses in its primary and secondary windings
- (d) core of stainless steel and winding of pure copper metal

Ans:A, B

7. If the supply frequency to the transformer is increased the iron loss will

- (a) not change
- (b) increase
- (c) decrease
- (d) any of the above.

Ans:B

8. In an ideal Transformer, the primary flux is always _____ the secondary (flux).

- A. Same as that of
- B. Smaller then
- C. Equal

D. Equal in both step up and Step down Transformer

Ans:A, C, D

10. The rating of transformer may be expressed in _____.

- A. kVA
- B. kW
- C. kVAR
- D. Horse power.

Ans:A

11. What will happen if the primary of a transformer is connected to D.C supply?

- A. Transformer will operate with low efficiency
- B. Transformer will operate with high efficiency
- C. Transformer may start to smoke and burn
- D. No effect

Ans:C

12. A transformer has 300 primary turns and 150 secondary turns. The primary and secondary resistances are 2.5Ω and 0.01Ω respectively and the corresponding leakage reactances are 10.0Ω and 0.04Ω respectively.

- A. the equivalent resistance referred to the secondary winding is 15.7525Ω
- B. the equivalent reactance referred to the secondary winding is 0.629Ω
- C. the equivalent resistance referred to the secondary winding is 0.0635Ω
- D. the equivalent impedance referred to the secondary winding is $0.157525 + j0.629\Omega$

Ans:C