

# TITLE: IMPROVING GENEDISEASE ASSOCIATION EXTRACTION USING LLM CHATBOT

#### **Overview:**

Bioinformatics involves analyzing complex biological data, but extracting useful information from vast amounts of biomedical literature can be challenging. This process is often slow and error-prone, which impacts research efficiency and decision-making.

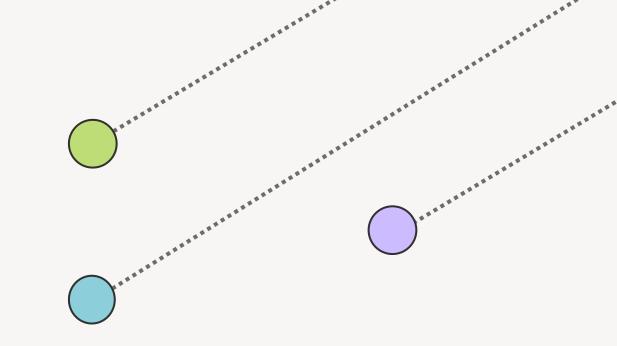
#### **Problem Statement:**

Researchers struggle to quickly and accurately extract relevant gene-disease associations from large volumes of biomedical literature, leading to inefficiencies and missed opportunities in research.

Objective: Develop a chatbot using an LLM to automate the extraction and summarization of gene-disease associations from biomedical texts. This will streamline the research process, providing faster and more reliable insights.

#### DATASETS:

Utilizing diverse and high-quality datasets will ensure the LLM chatbot is well-trained to accurately extract and summarize gene-disease associations, thereby enhancing its effectiveness and reliability.



1. PubMed Abstracts

2. DisGeNET

3. Gene Ontology (GO)

Abstracts with mentions of genes and diseases to help the model learn relevant associations.

Annotated records that link specific genes with diseases, aiding in fine-tuning the model's accuracy.

Data on gene functions that helps the model understand gene-related processes and diseases.

#### **MODELS FOR FINE-TUNING:**

Preprocessing: Implement data preprocessing techniques to clean and prepare datasets for model training and validation.

1

#### **BIOBERT**

- A pre-trained LLM specifically tailored for biomedical text mining tasks.
- Usage: Fine-tuning BioBERT
  with biomedical data helps it
  understand and extract genedisease associations from
  specialized literature.

2

#### **GPT-4 (OPENAI)**

- A powerful and versatile LLM capable of understanding and generating human-like text.
- Usage: Fine-tuning GPT-4
   allows it to generate coherent
   summaries and answer
   queries related to gene disease associations.

3

#### **BIOGPT**

- An LLM designed explicitly for biomedical text, focusing on generating and understanding biomedical content.
- Usage: Fine-tuning BioGPT with biomedical literature enhances its ability to understand.

#### **WORKFLOW OF THE PROJECT** Deploy the chatbot Integrate and train Gather and the chatbot **Process** Select dataset, Data model and Define 5 Fine-tune LLM Scope and Objectives

### LITERATURE REVIEW

S.No	Authors and Year	Title of the Paper	Observation
1	Jinhyuk Lee, Woonho	BioBERT: A Pre-trained Biomedical	BioBERT significantly improves performance
	Yang, and Jaewoo Kang	Language Representation Model for	in biomedical text mining tasks, such as
	(2020)	Biomedical Text Mining	named entity recognition and relation extrac-
			tion.
2	Jacob Devlin, Ming-Wei	BERT: Pre-training of Deep Bidirec-	BERT's architecture offers a strong founda-
	Chang, Kenton Lee, and	tional Transformers for Language Un-	tion for pre-training on large datasets and fine-
	Kristina Toutanova (2019)	derstanding	tuning on specific tasks, achieving state-of-
			the-art performance in various NLP tasks.
3	Wei Cheng, Xiao Liu, and	BioGPT: A Generative Pre-trained	BioGPT excels in generating coherent biomed-
	Wei Chen (2021)	Transformer for Biomedical Text Gen-	ical text and can be fine-tuned for improved
		eration	understanding and generation of biomedical
			content.
4	T. Si, H. Liu, Y. Zhang,	ClinicalBERT: Modeling Clinical Notes	ClinicalBERT extends BERT's capabilities to
	and J. Zhang (2020)	and Predicting Hospital Readmission	the clinical domain, enhancing prediction ac-
			curacy for hospital readmissions and other
			clinical outcomes.
5	R. Pinero, I. Saez, J. C.	DisGeNET: A Comprehensive Platform	DisGeNET offers a comprehensive resource for
	L. Garcia, A. Queralt-	for the Exploration of Human Diseases	gene-disease associations, essential for train-
	Rosinach, R. Furlong, and	and Genes	ing models to extract relevant biomedical re-
	M. A. T. Olivares (2020)		lationships.

## THANK YOU