



|  |           |
|--|-----------|
| <b>Project Name</b>  | <b>2</b>  |
| <b>Contributors</b>  | <b>2</b>  |
| <b>Goal</b>  | <b>2</b>  |
| Data Set   | 3         |
| <b>Design &amp; Development Approach</b>   | <b>4</b>  |
| Create a Tigergraph Cloud Account  | 4         |
| Use Jupyter Notebook   | 4         |
| Use TigerGraph Studio  | 5         |
| <b>Implementation Process</b>  | <b>5</b>  |
| Setup Github Project   | 5         |
| Fetch dataset  | 5         |
| Create Graph   | 6         |
| Schema information   | 6         |
| Vertex information:  | 6         |
| Edge information:  | 7         |
| <b>Analysis</b>  | <b>8</b>  |
| Exploratory Analysis: Find which diseases use most number of drugs                     | 8         |
| Query  | 8         |
| Graph  | 9         |
| Observations   | 10        |
| Exploratory Analysis: Find which drugs are used to treat most number of diseases       | 11        |
| Query  | 11        |
| Graph  | 12        |
| Observations   | 12        |
| Exploratory Analysis: Find the Drugs Most prescribed by Prescribers                    | 13        |
| Observations   | 14        |
| Advanced Analysis: Find the doctors prescribing low rated drugs for different diseases | 14        |
| Query  | 14        |
| Graph  | 15        |
| Observation  | 15        |
| Advanced Analysis: Find the diseases being treated with low rated drugs                | 16        |
| Query  | 16        |
| Graph  | 16        |
| Observations   | 17        |
| <b>Future Work</b>   | <b>17</b> |
| <b>References</b>  | <b>18</b> |



GRADIENT

## Project Name

GRADIENT (**GRA**phical **D**rug **I**nsights for **E**ffective **T**reatment)

## Contributors

Kaniska Mandal

[kaniska.mandal@gmail.com](mailto:kaniska.mandal@gmail.com)

<https://www.linkedin.com/in/kaniskamandal/>

Tyrone Hou

[tyroneh@bu.edu](mailto:tyroneh@bu.edu)

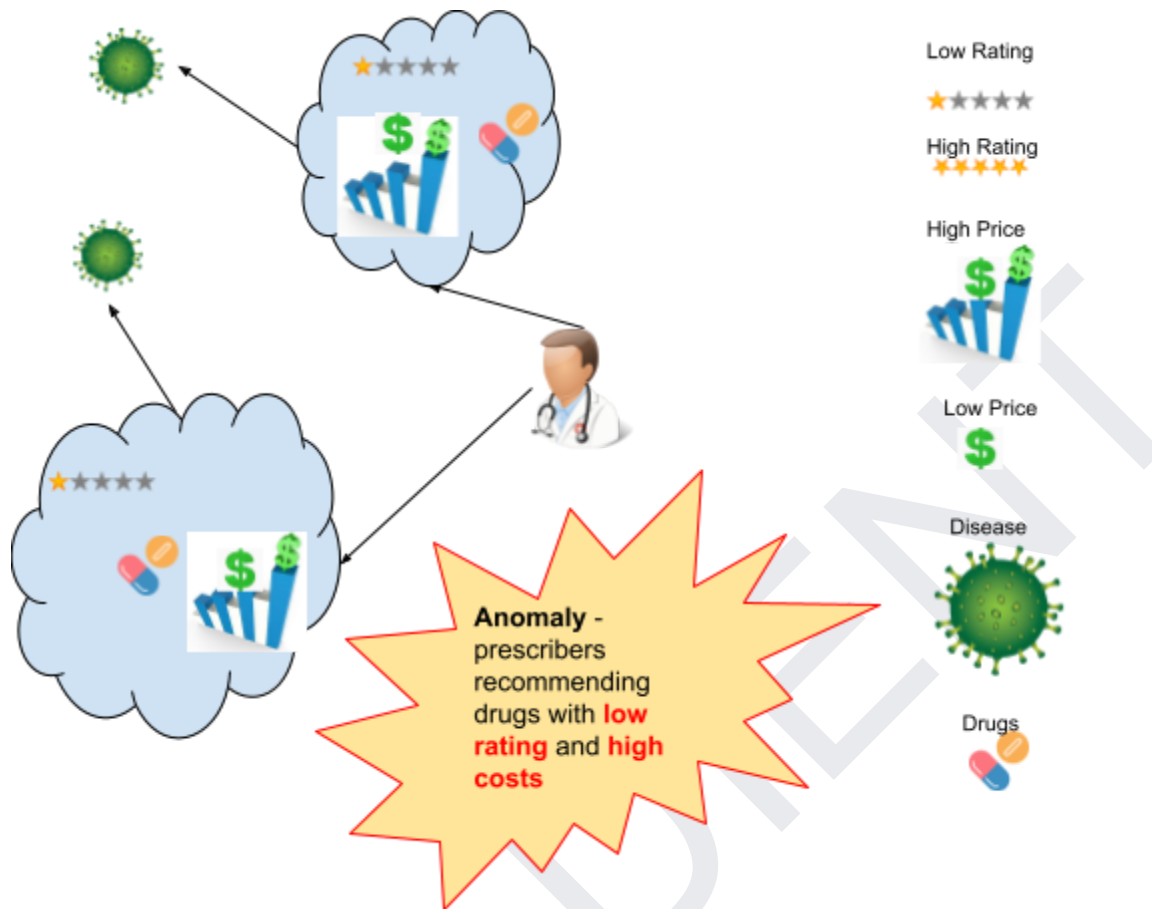
<https://www.linkedin.com/in/tyronehou/>

## Goal

This project aims at developing functionalities using TigerGraph which can help review the quality of drugs used for treatment of diseases and identify potential anomalies like if the prescribers are using low rated drugs. Our goal is to improve healthcare by extracting useful insights from the usage of drugs, discovering anomalies and help saving lives.



GRADIENT



## Data Set

- Drug Bank Ids  
<https://go.drugbank.com/releases/latest#open-data>
- Stanford Biosnap databases  
Disease Synopsis  
<http://snap.stanford.edu/biodata/datasets/10003/10003-D-MeshMiner.html>
- Disease-Drug associations  
<http://snap.stanford.edu/biodata/datasets/10004/10004-DCh-Miner.html>
- Medicare Part D Prescribers - by Provider and Drug  
<https://data.cms.gov/provider-summary-by-type-of-service/medicare-part-d-prescribers/medicare-part-d-prescribers-by-provider-and-drug/data>



GRADIENT

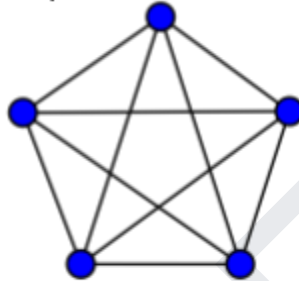
## Design & Development Approach

ETL (Extract, Transform,  
Load data)



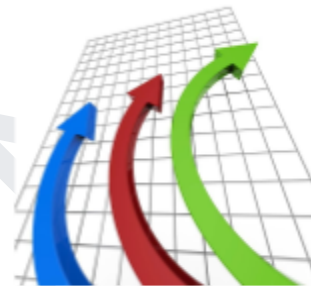
pandas & SQL

GRAPH (Visualize &  
Explore connections)



pytigergraph  
( $G \rightarrow \{V, E\}$ )

INSIGHTS (Analysis  
and Report)



GSQL

## Create a Tigergraph Cloud Account

My Solutions

| Name          | Tag         | Status | Instance         | Creation Date | Last Updated | Actions |
|---------------|-------------|--------|------------------|---------------|--------------|---------|
| gradient-test | GraphForAll | Ready  | TG.Free us-west1 | 04/13/20...   | 04/20/20...  |         |

## Use Jupyter Notebook



## GRADIENT

- We have used Jupyter Notebook to fetch and preprocess data (ETL) and create graphs by connecting it with TigerGraph Cloud.

## Use TigerGraph Studio

- TigerGraph Studio was used for executing GSQL queries to extract insights.

## Implementation Process

### Setup Github Project

Codebase: <https://github.com/kaniska/gradient>

GSQL Queries: <https://github.com/kaniska/gradient/tree/main/core/graph>

Notebook: <https://github.com/kaniska/gradient/tree/main/notebooks>

### Fetch dataset

#### Dataset of Drug Rating Per Review

|           | drugName  | condition                    | review   | rating | date              | Gnrc_Name |
|-----------|-----------|------------------------------|--|--------|-------------------|-----------|
| review_id |           |                              |  |        |                   |           |
| 0         | Valsartan | Left Ventricular Dysfunction | "It has no side effect, I take it in combination of Bystolic 5 Mg and Fish Oil"  | 9.0    | May 20, 2012      | Valsartan |
| 1         | Cialis    | Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia | "2nd day on 5mg started to work with rock hard erections however experienced headache, lower bowel pressure. 3rd day erections would wake me up & hurt! Leg/ankles aches severe lower bowel pressure like you need to go #2 but can't! Enjoyed the initial rockhard erections but not at these side effects or \$230 for months supply! I'd m 50 & work out 3Xs a week. Not worth side effects!" | 2.0    | November 28, 2015 | Tadalafil |

#### Dataset of Drugs prescribed by Doctors

```
In [34]: filtered_prescriber_drug_names_df.iloc[:3]
```

```
Out[34]:
```

|         | Prscrbr_NPI | Prscrbr_Last_Org_Name | Prscrbr_First_Name | Prscrbr_Type      | Brnd_Name    | Gnrc_Name    | Tot_Drug_Cst | GE65_Tot_Drug_Cst |
|---------|-------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------|
| drug_id |             |                       |                    |                   |              |              |              |                   |
| 3       | 1003000126  | Enkeshafi             | Ardalan            | Internal Medicine | Azithromycin | Azithromycin | 132.57       | -1.00             |
| 4       | 1003000126  | Enkeshafi             | Ardalan            | Internal Medicine | Carvedilol   | Carvedilol   | 118.53       | 118.53            |
| 5       | 1003000126  | Enkeshafi             | Ardalan            | Internal Medicine | Cefdinir     | Cefdinir     | 203.03       | -1.00             |



## GRADIENT

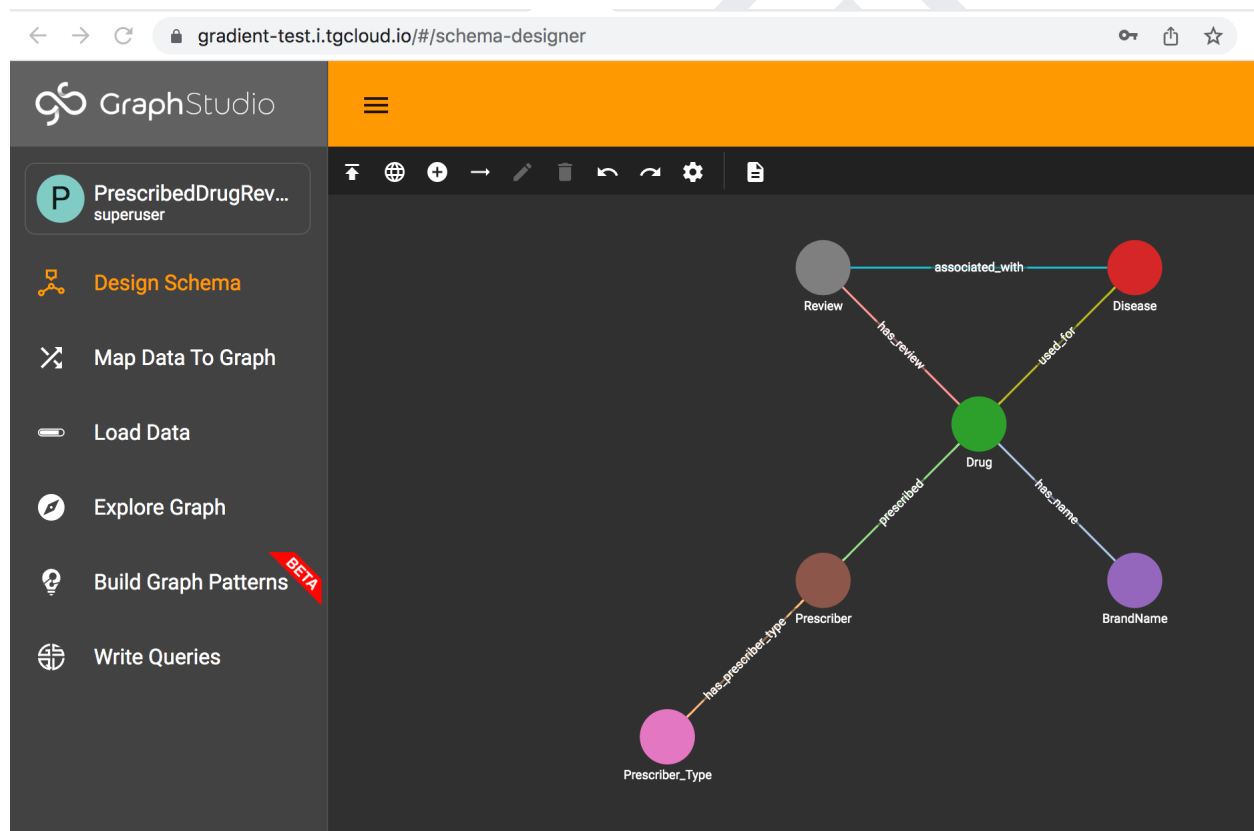
[Run this Notebook to explore and preprocess the dataset](#)

Once the initial exploration is done, we created 4 types of output dataset required for populating the Nodes and Edges of graph

1. reviews\_df
2. drug-disease.tsv
3. drug-review.tsv
4. disease-review.tsv

## Create Graph

[Run this Notebook to create Graph](#)



## Schema information

Vertex information:



## GRADIENT

Vertex: Drug  
(PRIMARY ID) generic\_name: STRING

Vertex: Disease  
(PRIMARY ID) disease\_name: STRING  
description: STRING

Vertex: BrandName  
(PRIMARY ID) name: STRING

Vertex: Prescriber  
(PRIMARY ID) prescriber\_npi: STRING  
first\_name: STRING  
last\_name: STRING

Vertex: Prescriber\_Type  
(PRIMARY ID) prescriber\_type: STRING

Vertex: Review  
(PRIMARY ID) review\_id: STRING  
date: DATETIME  
rating: INT  
review: STRING

Edge information:

Edge: used\_for

Source: Drug

Target: Disease

Edge: associated\_with

Source: Review

Target: Disease

Edge: has\_name

Source: Drug

Target: BrandName

Edge: has\_prescriber\_type

Source: Prescriber

Target: Prescriber\_Type



## GRADIENT

Edge: prescribed

Source: Prescriber

Target: Drug

total\_drug\_cost: FLOAT

total\_drug\_cost\_ge65: FLOAT

Edge: has\_review

Source: Drug

Target: Review

## Analysis

### \*Disclaimer\*

- Following reports have been generated from research datasets (links specified in Reference section) and are only for demonstrative purposes.

## Exploratory Analysis: Find which diseases use most number of drugs

### Query

```
CREATE QUERY DiseaseByDrugCount(INT topK) FOR GRAPH PrescribedDrugReview {  
  TYPEDEF tuple<Vertex<Disease> disease, INT treated_by_drug_count> TreatedByDrugCount;  
  
  SetAccum<EDGE> @@drug_disease_edges;  
  HeapAccum<TreatedByDrugCount>(topK, treated_by_drug_count DESC) @@topk_diseases_accum;  
  
  topk_diseases = SELECT ds FROM Disease:ds  
  POST-ACCUM @@topk_diseases_accum += TreatedByDrugCount(ds, ds.outdegree("used_for"))  
  ORDER BY ds.outdegree("used_for") DESC  
  LIMIT 10  
;  
  
  drugs = SELECT d FROM topk_diseases:ds -(used_for:e)- Drug:d
```

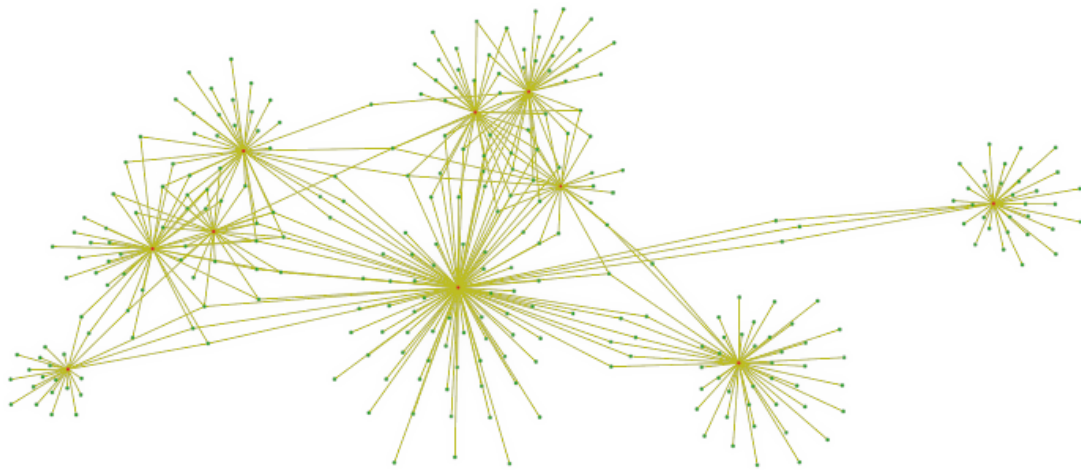




## GRADIENT

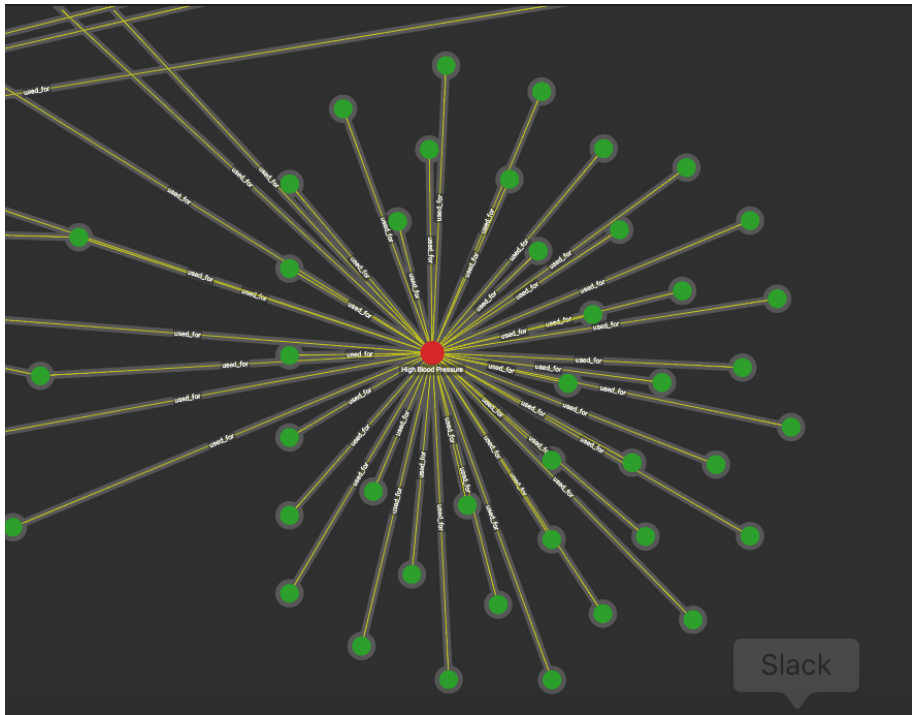
```
ACCUM @@drug_disease_edges += e  
;  
  
PRINT @@topk_diseases_accum;  
PRINT topk_diseases, @@drug_disease_edges, drugs;  
}
```

## Graph





GRADIENT



Observations

| Disease / Medical Condition | Drug Count |
|-----------------------------|------------|
| High Blood Pressure         | 48         |
| Rheumatoid Arthritis        | 43         |
| Pain                        | 39         |
| Depression                  | 38         |
| Diabetes, Type 2            | 35         |
| Bipolar Disorde             | 33         |
| Osteoarthritis              | 25         |



## Exploratory Analysis: Find which drugs are used to treat most number of diseases

### Query

```
CREATE QUERY DrugByDiseaseCount(INT topK) FOR GRAPH PrescribedDrugReview {
  TYPEDEF tuple<Vertex<Drug> drug, INT diseases_treated_count> DiseasesTreatedCount;

  SetAccum<EDGE> @@drug_disease_edges;
  SumAccum<INT> @diseases_treated_count;

  topk_drugs = SELECT d FROM Drug:d
  POST-ACCUM d.@diseases_treated_count += d.outdegree("used_for")
  ORDER BY d.outdegree("used_for") DESC
  LIMIT 10
  ;

  topk_brand_names = SELECT b FROM topk_drugs:d -(has_name:e)- BrandName:b
  ACCUM @@drug_disease_edges += e;

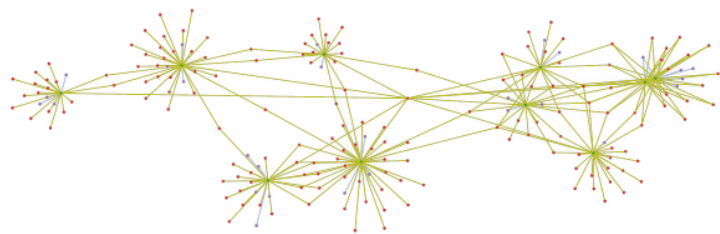
  diseases = SELECT ds FROM topk_drugs:d -(used_for:e)- Disease:ds
  ACCUM @@drug_disease_edges += e
  ;

  PRINT topk_drugs, @@drug_disease_edges, diseases, topk_brand_names;
}
```



GRADIENT

Graph



Observations

| @diseases_treated_count | generic_name                  |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 39                      | Prednisone                    |
| 31                      | Gabapentin                    |
| 25                      | Ciprofloxacin                 |
| 23                      | Metronidazole                 |
| 23                      | Metronidazole/Sodium Chloride |
| 22                      | Dexamethasone                 |
| 20                      | Azithromycin                  |
| 19                      | Clarithromycin                |
| 18                      | Risperidone                   |
| 18                      | Ibuprofen                     |



GRADIENT

## Exploratory Analysis: Find the Drugs Most prescribed by Prescribers

```
CREATE QUERY DrugsByPrescriberCount(INT topK, INT botK) FOR GRAPH
PrescribedDrugReview {
  TYPEDEF tuple<Vertex<Drug> drug, INT prescriber_count> DrugPrescriberCount;
  SumAccum<INT> @prescribed_count;

  HeapAccum<DrugPrescriberCount>(topK, prescriber_count DESC)
  @@most_prescribed_drugs;
  HeapAccum<DrugPrescriberCount>(botK, prescriber_count ASC)
  @@least_prescribed_drugs;

  drugs = SELECT d FROM Drug:d
  POST-ACCUM
    @@most_prescribed_drugs += DrugPrescriberCount(d, d.outdegree("prescribed")),
    @@least_prescribed_drugs += DrugPrescriberCount(d, d.outdegree("prescribed"))
  ;

  PRINT @@most_prescribed_drugs, @@least_prescribed_drugs;
}
```



GRADIENT

## Observations

| drug                  | prescriber_count |
|-----------------------|------------------|
| Gabapentin            | 319849           |
| Lisinopril            | 298762           |
| Prednisone            | 275103           |
| Omeprazole            | 269618           |
| Furosemide            | 267731           |
| Metoprolol Tartrate   | 234458           |
| Hydrochlorothiazide   | 234005           |
| Simvastatin           | 220868           |
| Carvedilol            | 205977           |
| Clopidogrel Bisulfate | 198404           |

## Advanced Analysis: Find the doctors prescribing low rated drugs for different diseases

### Query

```
CREATE QUERY LowRatedPrescribers(VERTEX<Prescriber> prescriber, FLOAT threshold)
FOR GRAPH PrescribedDrugReview {
  BagAccum<FLOAT> @ratings_by_disease;
  SumAccum<FLOAT> @cum_avg_drug_rating;
  SetAccum<EDGE> @@allEdges;

  prescriber_set = {prescriber};
  start_drugs = SELECT d FROM prescriber_set:ps -(prescribed:e)- Drug:d;

  drugs = SELECT d FROM start_drugs:d -(used_for:e)- Disease:ds
  ACCUM d.@ratings_by_disease += LowRatedPrescribersSubquery(d, ds)
  POST-ACCUM d.@cum_avg_drug_rating += avg(d.@ratings_by_disease)
  HAVING d.@cum_avg_drug_rating <= threshold;
```

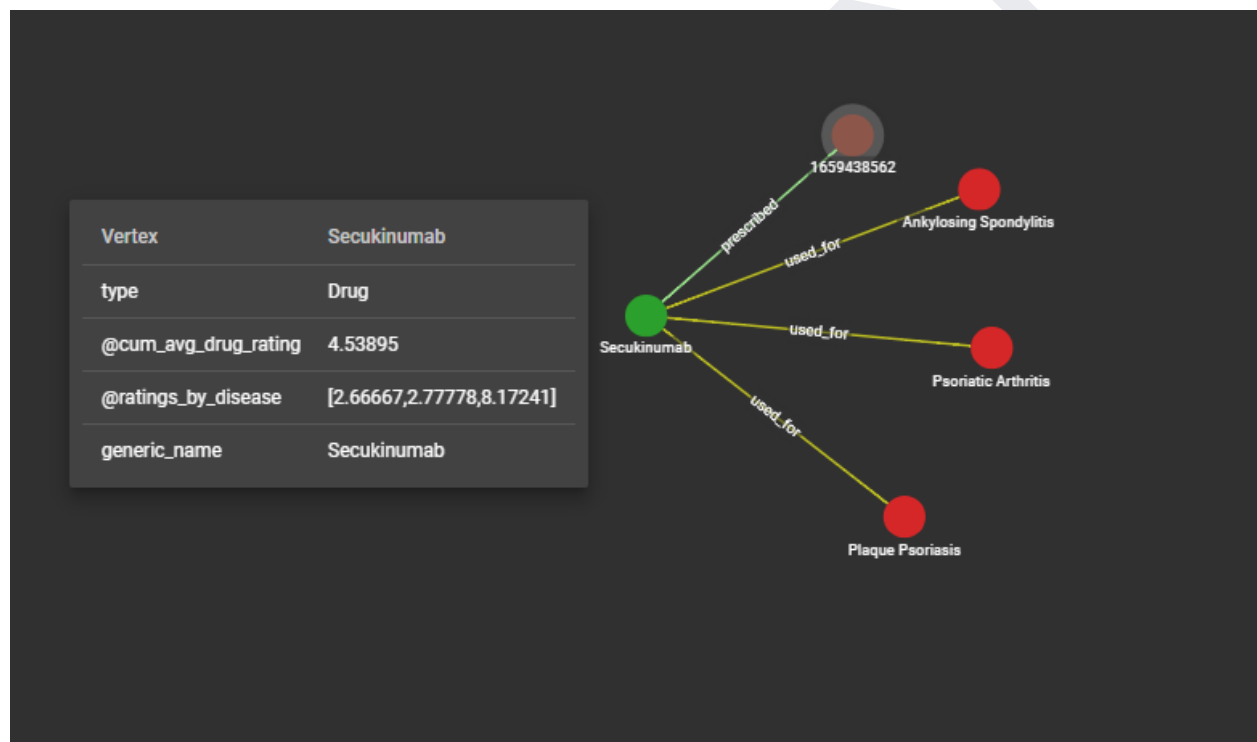


## GRADIENT

```
prescribers = SELECT ps FROM prescriber_set:ps -(prescribed:e)- drugs:d ACCUM
@@allEdges += e;

diseases = SELECT ds FROM drugs:d -(used_for:e)- Disease:ds ACCUM @@allEdges += e;
PRINT prescriber_set, drugs, diseases, @@allEdges;
}
```

## Graph



## Observation

**This Graph shows that a Prescriber prescribed a Drug that has a low rating and it also shows the diseases that this drug is used for.**



GRADIENT

## Advanced Analysis: Find the diseases being treated with low rated drugs

### Query

```
CREATE QUERY DrugReviewForDisease(VERTEX<Disease> disease, INT threshold) FOR
GRAPH PrescribedDrugReview {
  # Assign drug ratings per drug

  BagAccum<INT> @ratings_list;
  SumAccum<FLOAT> @avg_drug_rating;
  SetAccum<EDGE> @@disease_drug_edges;

  disease_set = {disease};

  drugs = SELECT d FROM Drug:d -(has_review:e1)- Review:r -(associated_with:e2)-
disease_set:ds
  PER (d, e1, r, e2, ds)
  ACCUM d.@ratings_list += r.rating
  POST-ACCUM d.@avg_drug_rating += avg(d.@ratings_list)
  HAVING d.@avg_drug_rating >= threshold;

  tmp = SELECT d FROM drugs:d -(used_for:e)- disease_set:ds
  ACCUM @@disease_drug_edges += e;

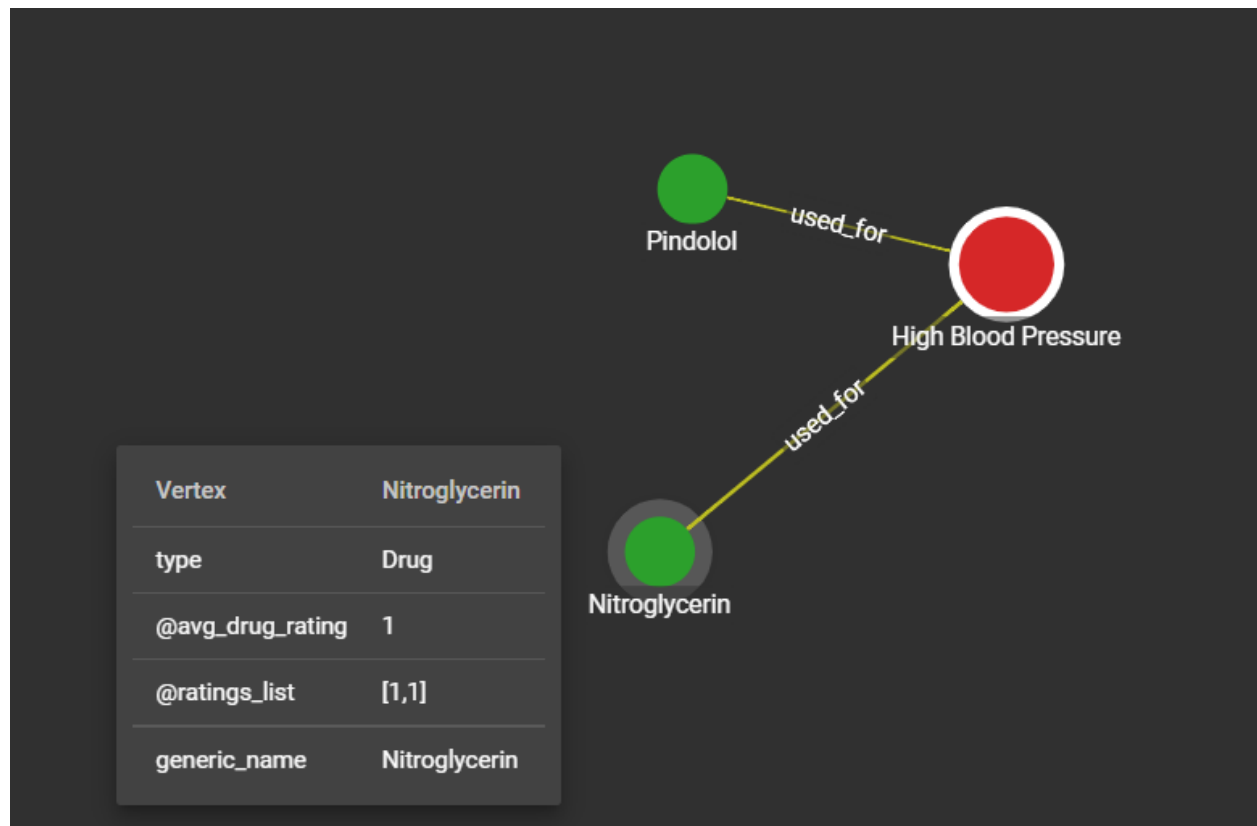
  PRINT disease_set, @@disease_drug_edges, drugs;
}
```

### Graph





## GRADIENT



## Observations

This Graph helped discover that a very low-rated drug was used for treating high blood pressure. This presents an opportunity to check if drugs with adverse effects or banned drugs being used for disease treatment.

## Future Work

- Overall we have established a solid foundation for developing interesting features and discovering many anomalies which can improve healthcare and save lives.
- Cluster the Prescriber and providers based on drugs prescribed.
- We have already identified prescribers recommending low rated drugs which are also very costly for example related to HIV Treatments.
- We would like to create a cluster of such prescriber-drug-disease groups.
- There is a great opportunity to find if banned drugs and drugs with adverse effects are being used.
- Check if any low rated drugs are being prescribed to age group > 65



## GRADIENT

- Find similar prescribers based on the drugs prescription.
- Find social sentiment and usefulness of drugs by mining the review dataset (using NLP) and then enrich the Graph.
- Find Adverse Drug Events and Key Terms from the Review Notes and link them to the Drug Node in Graph.
- We want to capture time as a node in our graph in order to show how the price and rating of drugs change over time.
- We want to leverage Data Science Algorithms like <https://docs.tigergraph.com/graph-ml/current/classification-algorithms/k-nearest-neighbors> and <https://docs.tigergraph.com/graph-ml/current/similarity-algorithms/jaccard-similarity-of-neighbors-batch>

## References

<https://docs.tigergraph.com/home/>