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Aim:

S.No: 13

The <u>insertAtBegin(NODE first, int x)</u> function inserts a new node at the beginning of the singly linked list.

The algorithm for insertAtBegin (NODE first, int x) is as follows:

```
Step-1: Allocate memory to the node temp.
Step-2: Store an integer value into data field of node temp.
Step-3: Assign the address contained in the first node to the next field of temp.
Step-4: Now treat the temp node as first node.
Step-5: Finally return the first node.
```

The count (NODE first) function counts the number of nodes linked in a singly linked list.

The algorithm for count (node first) is as follows:

```
Step-1: Assign the address contained in first node to temp node.

Step-2: Initialize a variable sum to 0 (zero).

Step-3: Repeat Step-4 and Step-5 until temp reaches the NULL.

Step-4: Increment the sum by 1.

Step-5: Move to the next node by placing the address of the next node in temp node.

Step-6: Finally return sum.
```

Source Code:

SingleLL2.c

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include "InsAtBeginAndCount.c"
void main() {
   NODE first = NULL;
   int x, op;
   while(1) {
      printf("1.Insert At Begin 2.Count Number of Nodes 3.Traverse the List 4.
Exit\n");
      printf("Enter your option : ");
      scanf("%d", &op);
      switch(op) {
         case 1: printf("Enter an element : ");
               scanf("%d", &x);
               first = insertAtBegin(first, x);
         case 2: printf("The number of nodes in a SLL are : %d\n", count(firs
t));
               break;
         case 3: if (first == NULL) {
                  printf("Single Linked List is empty\n");
```

```
} else {
                  printf("The elements in SLL are : ");
                  traverseList(first);
               }
               break;
         case 4: exit(0);
      }
}
```

InsAtBeginAndCount.c

```
struct node {
   int data;
   struct node *next;
};
typedef struct node *NODE;
NODE createNode() {
   NODE temp;
   temp=(NODE)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
   temp->next=NULL;
   return temp;
}
NODE insertAtBegin(NODE first, int x) {
   NODE temp;
   temp=createNode();
   temp->data=x;
   temp->next=first;
}
int count(NODE first) {
   NODE temp=first;
   int sum=0;
   while(temp!=NULL)
      sum++;
      temp=temp->next;
   return sum;
}
void traverseList(NODE first) {
   NODE temp = first;
   while (temp != NULL) {
      printf("%d --> ",temp -> data);
      temp = temp -> next;
   printf("NULL\n");
}
```

Test Case - 1
User Output
1.Insert At Begin 2.Count Number of Nodes 3.Traverse the List 4.Exit1
Enter your option : 1
Enter an element : 10
1.Insert At Begin 2.Count Number of Nodes 3.Traverse the List 4.Exit1
Enter your option : 1
Enter an element : 20
1.Insert At Begin 2.Count Number of Nodes 3.Traverse the List 4.Exit1
Enter your option : 1
Enter an element : 30
1.Insert At Begin 2.Count Number of Nodes 3.Traverse the List 4.Exit 2
Enter your option : 2
The number of nodes in a SLL are : 33
1.Insert At Begin 2.Count Number of Nodes 3.Traverse the List 4.Exit3
Enter your option : 3
The elements in SLL are : 30> 20> 10> NULL 1
1.Insert At Begin 2.Count Number of Nodes 3.Traverse the List 4.Exit1
Enter your option : 1
Enter an element : 40
1.Insert At Begin 2.Count Number of Nodes 3.Traverse the List 4.Exit2
Enter your option : 2
The number of nodes in a SLL are : 43
1.Insert At Begin 2.Count Number of Nodes 3.Traverse the List 4.Exit 3
Enter your option : 3
The elements in SLL are : 40> 30> 20> 10> NULL 4
1.Insert At Begin 2.Count Number of Nodes 3.Traverse the List 4.Exit4
Enter your option : 4

Test Case - 2
User Output
1.Insert At Begin 2.Count Number of Nodes 3.Traverse the List 4.Exit1
Enter your option : 1
Enter an element : 99
1.Insert At Begin 2.Count Number of Nodes 3.Traverse the List 4.Exit1
Enter your option : 1
Enter an element : 89
1.Insert At Begin 2.Count Number of Nodes 3.Traverse the List 4.Exit3
Enter your option : 3
The elements in SLL are : 89> 99> NULL 2
1.Insert At Begin 2.Count Number of Nodes 3.Traverse the List 4.Exit2
Enter your option : 2
The number of nodes in a SLL are : 24
1.Insert At Begin 2.Count Number of Nodes 3.Traverse the List 4.Exit4
Enter your option : 4
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