Aim:

Write a program to find the gcd (Greatest Common Divisor) of a given two numbers using recursion

The greatest common divisor ([gcd]) of two or more integers, when at least one of them is not zero, is the largest positive integer that is a divisor of both numbers.

At the time of execution, the program should print the message on the console as:

```
Enter two integer values :
```

For example, if the user gives the input as:

```
Enter two integer values : 12 18
```

then the program should print the result as:

```
The gcd of two numbers 12 and 18 = 6
```

Note: Write the recursive function **gcd()** in Program906a.c.

Source Code:

Program906.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "Program906a.c"
void main() {
   int a, b;
   printf("Enter two integer values : ");
   scanf("%d %d", &a, &b);
   printf("The gcd of two numbers %d and %d = %d\n", a, b, gcd(a, b));
}
```

Program906a.c

```
int gcd (n1,n2);
int gcd(n1,n2)
   if(n2!=0)
   return gcd(n2,n1%n2);
   else
   return n1;
}
```

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1

User Output

Enter two integer values : 12 15

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Test Case - 2	
User Output	
Enter two integer values : 36 124	
The gcd of two numbers 36 and 124 = 4	