## **Embedding Adaptors**

From DeepLearning.Al "Advanced Retrieval for Al with Chroma" course

The goal to train an adaptor matrix is that it can be used to customize query embeddings to a specific application.

```
1. Use LLM to generate queries related to the context.
```

- 2. Retrieve query embedding and retrieved text embedding.
- 3. For each query embedding, for each retrieved text embedding, use LLM to judge relevance with a -1 or 1 label.
- document\_embedding) equals to adapter\_labels
- 5. adapted\_query\_embeddings = np.matmul(best\_matrix, np.array(query\_embeddings).T).T

```
In [1]: import chromadb
import numpy as np
import torch
               import umap
               from chromadb.utils.embedding_functions import SentenceTransformerEmbeddingFunction
from langchain.text_splitter import RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter, SentenceTransformersTokenTextSplitter
               from pypdf import PdfReader
from tqdm import tqdm
```

```
def _read_pdf(filename):
    reader = PdfReader(filename)
      pdf_texts = [p.extract_text().strip() for p in reader.pages]
      # Filter the empty strings
pdf_texts = [text for text in pdf_texts if text]
return pdf_texts
def _chunk_texts(texts):
    character_splitter = RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter(
        separators=["\n\n", "\n", ". ", ""],
        chunk_size=1000,
        chunk_overlap=0
      character split texts = character splitter.split text('\n\n'.join(texts))
      token_splitter = SentenceTransformersTokenTextSplitter(chunk_overlap=0, tokens_per_chunk=256)
      token_split_texts = []
for text in character_split_texts:
    token_split_texts += token_splitter.split_text(text)
      return token split texts
def load_chroma(filename, collection_name, embedding_function):
    texts = _read_pdf(filename)
    chunks = _chunk_texts(texts)
      chroma_cliet = chromadb.Client()
chroma_collection = chroma_cliet.create_collection(name=collection_name, embedding_function=embedding_function)
```

```
ids = [str(i) for i in range(len(chunks))]
                      chroma_collection.add(ids=ids, documents=chunks)
                      return chroma_collection
               def word_wrap(string, n_chars=72):
    # Wrap a string at the next space after n_chars
if len(string) < n_chars:
    return string</pre>
                                    urn (
string[:n_chars].rsplit(' ', 1)[0] + '\n'
+ word_wrap(string[len(string[:n_chars].rsplit(' ', 1)[0])+1:], n_chars)
              def project_embeddings(embeddings, umap_transform):
    umap_embeddings = np.empty((len(embeddings),2))
    for i, embedding in enumerate(tqdm(embeddings)):
        umap_embeddings[i] = umap_transform.transform([embedding])
    return umap_embeddings
In [2]: embedding_function = SentenceTransformerEmbeddingFunction()
```

```
chroma_collection = load_chroma(
    filename='microsoft_annual_report_2022.pdf',
    collection_name='microsoft_annual_report_2022',
    embedding_function=embedding_function
chroma_collection.count()
```

/usr/local/lib/python3.9/site-packages/umap/umap\_.py:1943: UserWarning: n\_jobs value -1 overridden to 1 by setting random\_state. Use no seed for parallelism. warn(f"n jobs value (self.n\_jobs) overridden to 1 by setting random\_state. Use no seed for parallelism.") 100%| 349/349 [06:22<00:00, 1.10s/it] In [4]: import os

embeddings = chroma\_collection.get(include=['embeddings'])['embeddings']
umap\_transform = umap.UMAP(random\_state=0, transform\_seed=0).fit(embeddings)
projected\_dataset\_embeddings = project\_embeddings(embeddings, umap\_transform)

```
import openai
from openai import OpenAI
from dotenv import load_dotenv, find_dotenv
_ = load_dotenv(find_dotenv()) # read local .env file
openai.api_key = os.environ['OPENAI_API_KEY']
openai_client = OpenAI()
```

## Creating a dataset In [5]: def generate\_queries(model="gpt-3.5-turbo"): messages = [

In [3]: embeddings

```
"role": "system",
"content": "You are a helpful expert financial research assistant. You help users analyze financial statements
"suggest 10 to 15 short questions that are important to ask when analyzing an annual report. "
"bo not output any compound questions (questions with multiple sentences or conjunctions)."
"Output each question on a separate line divided by a newline."
                                          },
                                 1
                                 response = openai_client.chat.completions.create(
   model=model,
                                          messages=messages;
                                   content = response.choices[0].message.content
content = content.split("\n")
return content
         In [6]:
    generated_queries = generate_queries()
    for query in generated_queries:
        print(query)
huggingface/tokenizers: The current process just got forked, after parallelism has already been used. Disabling paralleli
sm to avoid deadlocks...
              void deadlocks.
```

To disable this warning, you can either:
- Avoid using `tokenizers` before the fork if possible
- Explicitly set the environment variable TOKENIZERS\_PARALLELISM=(true | false)

```
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1. What is the company's revenue trend over the past few years?

2. How has the company's net income been performing?

3. What are the key drivers behind the changes in the company's profitability?

4. How does the company's current financial position compane to the previous year?

5. What is the company's debt level and how has it changed over time?

6. What is the company's cash flow from operating activities and how stable is it?

7. How are the company's key performance indicators like return on assets and return on equity trending?

8. What are the company's capital expenditures and investments in growth opportunities?

9. How does the company sapiral expenditures and investments in growth opportunities?

10. How is the company managing its working capital, inventory, and accounts receivable?

11. What are the company's major sources of revenue and how diversified are they?

12. What risks and uncertainties does the company disclose in its annual report?

13. How does the company plan to address any identified risks and challenges?

14. What are the company's long-term strategic goals and how is it positioning itself for future growth?

15. Are there any significant changes in accounting policies or estimates that impact the financial statements?
                                  In [7]: results = chroma_collection.query(query_texts=generated_queries, n_results=10, include=['documents', 'embeddings'])
retrieved_documents = results['documents']
```

```
In [8]: def evaluate_results(query, statement, model="gpt-3.5-turbo"):
             messages = [
```

```
"role": "system",
"content": "You are a helpful expert financial research assistant. You help users analyze financial statements to l
"For the given query, evaluate whether the following satement is relevant."
"Output only 'yes' on 'no'."
       "role": "user",
"content": f"Query: {query}, Statement: {statement}"
response = openai client.chat.completions.create(
```

```
messages=messages,
max_tokens=1
                     content = response.choices[0].message.content
if content == "yes":
In [9]: retrieved_embeddings = results['embeddings']
query_embeddings = embedding_function(generated_queries)
```

```
In [10]: adapter_query_embeddings = []
adapter_doc_embeddings = []
adapter_labels = []
In [11]: for q, o
```

```
, query in enumerate(tqdm(generated_queries)):
or d, document in enumerate(retrieved_documents[q]):
    adapter_query_embeddings.append(query_embeddings[q])
    adapter_doc_embeddings.append(retrieved_embeddings[q][d])
    adapter_labels.append(evaluate_results(query, document))
```

```
100%| 15/15 [00:59<00:00, 3.97s/it]
   In [12]: len(adapter labels)
```

## Setting up the model

```
In [15]: def model(query_embedding, document_embedding, adaptor_matrix):
    updated_query_embedding = torch.matmul(adaptor_matrix, query_embedding)
    return torch.cosine_similarity(updated_query_embedding, document_embedding, dim=0)

In [16]: def mse_loss(query_embedding, document_embedding, adaptor_matrix, label):
    return torch.nn.MSELoss()(model(query_embedding, document_embedding, adaptor_matrix), label)

In [17]: # Initialize the adaptor matrix
    mat_size = len(adapter_query_embeddings[0])
    adapter_matrix = torch.randn(mat_size, mat_size, requires_grad=True)

In [18]: min_loss = float('inf')
    best_matrix = None

for epoch in tqdm(range(100)):
    for query_embedding, document_embedding, label in dataset:
        loss = mse_loss(query_embedding, document_embedding, adapter_matrix, label)

    if loss < min_loss:
        min_loss:
        min_loss = loss
        best_matrix = adapter_matrix.clone().detach().numpy()

    loss.backward()
    with torch.no_grad():
        adapter_matrix -= 0.01 * adapter_matrix.grad
        adapter_matrix.grad.zero_()</pre>
```

```
0%| | 0/100 [00:00<?, ?it/s]/usr/local/lib/python3.9/site-packages/torch/nn/modules/loss.py:535: UserWarning: Using a target size (torch.Size([1])) that is different to the input size (torch.Size([])). This will likely lead to incorrect results due to broadcasting. Please ensure they have the same size. return F.mse loss(input, target, reduction=self.reduction)
100%| 100/100 [51:41<00:00, 31.01s/it]
```

```
In [19]: print(f"Best loss: {min_loss.detach().numpy()}")

Best loss: 0.5034573674201965
```

```
In [21]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    plt.bar(range(len(scaled_vector)), scaled_vector.flatten())
    plt.show()
```

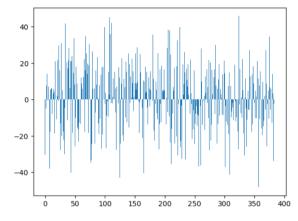
```
plt.show()
huggingface/tokenizers: The current process just got forked, after parallelism has already been used. Disabling parallelism to avoid deadlocks...
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```



```
In [22]: query_embeddings = embedding_function(generated_queries)
adapted_query_embeddings = np.matmul(best_matrix, np.array(query_embeddings).T).T

projected_query_embeddings = project_embeddings(query_embeddings, umap_transform)
projected_adapted_query_embeddings = project_embeddings(adapted_query_embeddings, umap_transform)

[15/15 [00:20<00:00, 1.38s/it]
```

```
100% | 15/15 [00:20<00:00, 1.38s/it]
100% | 15/15 [00:13<00:00, 1.09it/s]
```

```
In [23]: # Plot the projected query and retrieved documents in the embedding space
plt.figure()
plt.scatter(projected_dataset_embeddings[;, 0], projected_dataset_embeddings[;, 1], s=10, color='gray')
plt.scatter(
    projected_query_embeddings[;, 0],
    projected_query_embeddings[;, 1],
    s=150, marker='X', color='r', label="original"
)
plt.scatter(
    projected_adapted_query_embeddings[;, 0],
    projected_adapted_query_embeddings[;, 1],
    s=150, marker='X', color='green', label="adapted"
)

plt.gca().set_aspect('equal', 'datalim')
plt.title("Adapted_Queries")
plt.axis('off')
plt.legend()

<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7fb54b33d4c0>
```

Adapted Queries

