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require(MASS)
library(LaplacesDemon)
library(mvtnorm)
library(CholWishart)
# Below is the example prior density used for input, output generation
# prior <- function(x)
# {
# m<-c(1,1,1,1,1)
# c <-0.5*diag(5)
  pd<-dmvnorm(x,m,c,log = FALSE)
# return(pd)
# }
likelihood <- function(x,data){
 # m is mean and has 2 dimensions
 # c is of covariance 2*2 dimensions
 # x is theta and has 5 dimesnions, with first 2 as mean and next 3 as covariance triangle
 m < -c(0,0)
 m[1] = x[1]
 m[2] = x[2]
 c < - diag(2)
 c[1,1] = x[3]
 c[1,2] = x[4]
 c[2,1] = x[4]
 c[2,2] = x[5]
 return(sum(dmvnorm(data,m,c)))
}
calculate mcmc <- function(prior,data,theta init)
 # prior contains prior density from user, data is observed data with 2 dimesions
 # theta_init is of 5 dimesnions, with furst 2 dimesions as mean vector and rest as covariance
triangle
 require(MASS)
 x <- theta_init
 th <- x # th is theta
 for (i in 2:10000)
  y <- mvrnorm(1, x, 1.2*diag(5)) # step 1 :proposed distribution, y is proposed value
  temp_y = prior(y)*likelihood(y,data)
  temp_x = prior(x)*likelihood(x,data)
  if (runif(1) < min(1, temp_y/temp_x)) # step 2 calculate(r(x,y))
   x <- y # step 3 setting the next value with probability r as proposed value, otherwise previous
value
  th <- rbind(th,x)
 require(rql)
 plot3d(th[,1], th[,2], th[,3], xlab='x',ylab='y', zlab='z',col='red', size=1)
 for(i in 1:5)
 hist(th[,i],xlim=c(0,10),probability = TRUE, xlab=paste("dimension of theta is ",i),
main="Histogram of values of theta visited by MCMC algorithm")
 cat("final 5 theta points are \n")
 print(th[(9996):(10000),])
```

 $\\ \texttt{\#calculate_mcmc(prior,mvrnorm(10,c(5,5),diag(2)),c(1,2,3,4,5))} \\$