

# econ434

June 8, 2024

## 0.0.1 Group Members:

- Hiba Farhan

- Kanupriya Parashar

```
[2]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import statsmodels.api as sm
import statsmodels.formula.api as smf
from linearmodels.panel import PanelOLS
from sklearn.linear_model import Lasso
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LassoCV
```

```
[3]: from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive', force_remount=True)
```

Mounted at /content/drive

```
[3]: file_path = 'uber_dataset.csv'
data = pd.read_csv(file_path)
data.columns
```

```
[3]: Index(['Unnamed: 0', 'UPTTotal', 'treatUberX', 'treatGTNotStd', 'popestimate',
        'employment', 'aveFareTotal', 'VRHTotal', 'VOMSTotal', 'VRMTTotal',
        'gasPrice', 'agency', 'city', 'state', 'dateSurvey'],
        dtype='object')
```

```
[4]: data
```

```
[4]:
```

	Unnamed: 0	UPTTotal	treatUberX	treatGTNotStd	popestimate	\
0	0	8296756	0.0	0.000000	3163703	
1	1	7847113	0.0	1.400000	3163703	
2	2	9011399	0.0	3.000000	3163703	
3	3	8656389	0.0	2.250000	3163703	
4	4	8378406	0.0	2.600000	3163703	
...	...	...	...	...	...	
76208	76208	34686	1.0	14.639175	458238	

76209	76209	37022	1.0	15.206185	458238
76210	76210	39197	1.0	10.309278	458238
76211	76211	31516	1.0	8.453608	458238
76212	76212	31182	1.0	12.628866	458238

	employment	aveFareTotal	VRHTotal	VOMSTotal	VRMTotal	gasPrice	\
0	1572859	0.778015	333329.0	2626.0	4740396.0	1.701	
1	1581307	0.778015	310535.0	2626.0	4398939.0	1.862	
2	1592152	0.778015	356761.0	2626.0	5176183.0	2.063	
3	1598167	0.778015	341191.0	2626.0	4889387.0	2.121	
4	1593356	0.778015	333418.0	2626.0	4747018.0	2.266	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
76208	181847	NaN	3275.0	10.0	55441.0	3.396	
76209	180928	NaN	3144.0	10.0	54931.0	3.022	
76210	177404	NaN	3328.0	10.0	57652.0	2.792	
76211	176137	NaN	3041.0	10.0	52985.0	2.680	
76212	175412	NaN	3159.0	10.0	54610.0	2.627	

	agency	city	state	\
0	King County Department of Transportation - Met...	Seattle	WA	
1	King County Department of Transportation - Met...	Seattle	WA	
2	King County Department of Transportation - Met...	Seattle	WA	
3	King County Department of Transportation - Met...	Seattle	WA	
4	King County Department of Transportation - Met...	Seattle	WA	
...	...	...	...	
76208	City of Tulare	Visalia	CA	
76209	City of Tulare	Visalia	CA	
76210	City of Tulare	Visalia	CA	
76211	City of Tulare	Visalia	CA	
76212	City of Tulare	Visalia	CA	

	dateSurvey
0	2004-01-01
1	2004-02-01
2	2004-03-01
3	2004-04-01
4	2004-05-01
...	...
76208	2015-08-01
76209	2015-09-01
76210	2015-10-01
76211	2015-11-01
76212	2015-12-01

[76213 rows x 15 columns]

# 1 Clean Up Dataset

```
[5]: # List of required columns
required_columns = ['UPTTotal', 'treatUberX', 'treatGTNotStd', 'popestimate',
                    'employment', 'aveFareTotal', 'VRHTotal', 'VOMSTotal',
                    'VRMTotal', 'gasPrice', 'dateSurvey', 'agency']

# Filter the data to only include the required columns
data = data[required_columns]

data['dateSurvey'] = pd.to_datetime(data['dateSurvey'])

data
```

/var/folders/qb/5tn7xwyx26ldm65g74whq05w0000gn/T/ipykernel\_56828/720645514.py:9:  
SettingWithCopyWarning:  
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.  
Try using .loc[row\_indexer,col\_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: [https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user\\_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy](https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy)  
data['dateSurvey'] = pd.to\_datetime(data['dateSurvey'])

```
[5]:
```

	UPTTotal	treatUberX	treatGTNotStd	popestimate	employment	\
0	8296756	0.0	0.000000	3163703	1572859	
1	7847113	0.0	1.400000	3163703	1581307	
2	9011399	0.0	3.000000	3163703	1592152	
3	8656389	0.0	2.250000	3163703	1598167	
4	8378406	0.0	2.600000	3163703	1593356	
...	...	...	...	...	...	
76208	34686	1.0	14.639175	458238	181847	
76209	37022	1.0	15.206185	458238	180928	
76210	39197	1.0	10.309278	458238	177404	
76211	31516	1.0	8.453608	458238	176137	
76212	31182	1.0	12.628866	458238	175412	
	aveFareTotal	VRHTotal	VOMSTotal	VRMTotal	gasPrice	dateSurvey \
0	0.778015	333329.0	2626.0	4740396.0	1.701	2004-01-01
1	0.778015	310535.0	2626.0	4398939.0	1.862	2004-02-01
2	0.778015	356761.0	2626.0	5176183.0	2.063	2004-03-01
3	0.778015	341191.0	2626.0	4889387.0	2.121	2004-04-01
4	0.778015	333418.0	2626.0	4747018.0	2.266	2004-05-01
...	...	...	...	...	...	
76208	NaN	3275.0	10.0	55441.0	3.396	2015-08-01
76209	NaN	3144.0	10.0	54931.0	3.022	2015-09-01
76210	NaN	3328.0	10.0	57652.0	2.792	2015-10-01
76211	NaN	3041.0	10.0	52985.0	2.680	2015-11-01
76212	NaN	3159.0	10.0	54610.0	2.627	2015-12-01

```

                                agency
0      King County Department of Transportation - Met...
1      King County Department of Transportation - Met...
2      King County Department of Transportation - Met...
3      King County Department of Transportation - Met...
4      King County Department of Transportation - Met...
...
76208                                City of Tulare
76209                                City of Tulare
76210                                City of Tulare
76211                                City of Tulare
76212                                City of Tulare

```

[76213 rows x 12 columns]

```
[6]: data.isnull().sum()
```

```

[6]: UPTTotal      0
      treatUberX    0
      treatGTNotStd 14389
      popestimate    0
      employment    0
      aveFareTotal  4197
      VRHTotal      193
      VOMSTotal     147
      VRMTotal      181
      gasPrice      0
      dateSurvey    0
      agency        0
      dtype: int64

```

## 2 if we decide to impute values

```

[7]: missing_columns = data.columns[data.isnull().any()]

# Impute missing values with the median using loc
for column in missing_columns:
    median_value = data[column].median()
    data.loc[:, column] = data.loc[:, column].fillna(median_value)

# Verify that there are no missing values
data.isnull().sum()

```

```

[7]: UPTTotal      0
      treatUberX    0

```

```

treatGTNotStd    0
poestimate       0
employment       0
aveFareTotal     0
VRHTotal         0
VOMSTotal        0
VRMTotal         0
gasPrice         0
dateSurvey       0
agency           0
dtype: int64

```

[8]: data

```

[8]:      UPTTotal  treatUberX  treatGTNotStd  poestimate  employment  \
0      8296756          0.0      0.000000      3163703      1572859
1      7847113          0.0      1.400000      3163703      1581307
2      9011399          0.0      3.000000      3163703      1592152
3      8656389          0.0      2.250000      3163703      1598167
4      8378406          0.0      2.600000      3163703      1593356
...
76208    34686          1.0      14.639175      458238      181847
76209    37022          1.0      15.206185      458238      180928
76210    39197          1.0      10.309278      458238      177404
76211    31516          1.0       8.453608      458238      176137
76212    31182          1.0      12.628866      458238      175412

      aveFareTotal  VRHTotal  VOMSTotal  VRMTotal  gasPrice  dateSurvey  \
0      0.778015  333329.0      2626.0  4740396.0      1.701  2004-01-01
1      0.778015  310535.0      2626.0  4398939.0      1.862  2004-02-01
2      0.778015  356761.0      2626.0  5176183.0      2.063  2004-03-01
3      0.778015  341191.0      2626.0  4889387.0      2.121  2004-04-01
4      0.778015  333418.0      2626.0  4747018.0      2.266  2004-05-01
...
76208    0.914369    3275.0       10.0    55441.0      3.396  2015-08-01
76209    0.914369    3144.0       10.0    54931.0      3.022  2015-09-01
76210    0.914369    3328.0       10.0    57652.0      2.792  2015-10-01
76211    0.914369    3041.0       10.0    52985.0      2.680  2015-11-01
76212    0.914369    3159.0       10.0    54610.0      2.627  2015-12-01

      agency
0  King County Department of Transportation - Met...
1  King County Department of Transportation - Met...
2  King County Department of Transportation - Met...
3  King County Department of Transportation - Met...
4  King County Department of Transportation - Met...
...

```

```

76208          City of Tulare
76209          City of Tulare
76210          City of Tulare
76211          City of Tulare
76212          City of Tulare

```

```
[76213 rows x 12 columns]
```

### 3 Regression 1

```

[9]: df1 = data.copy()

# Define the dependent variable (log UPTTotal)
df1['log_UPTTotal'] = np.log(df1['UPTTotal'])

# Define the independent variables
# D_it be either treatUberX or treatGTNotStd
# W_it be the vector including remaining variables: popestimate, employment,
#   aveFareTotal, VRHTTotal, VOMSTotal, VRMTotal, gasPrice.
X = df1[['treatUberX', 'popestimate', 'employment', 'aveFareTotal', 'VRHTTotal',
#   'VOMSTotal', 'VRMTotal', 'gasPrice']]
#X = sm.add_constant(X)

# Define the dependent variable
#let Yit be UPTTotal
Y = df1['log_UPTTotal']

model1 = sm.OLS(Y, X).fit()

print(model1.summary())

```

#### OLS Regression Results

```

=====
=====
Dep. Variable:          log_UPTTotal    R-squared (uncentered):
0.943
Model:                  OLS            Adj. R-squared (uncentered):
0.943
Method:                 Least Squares   F-statistic:
1.574e+05
Date:                   Sat, 08 Jun 2024 Prob (F-statistic):
0.00
Time:                   17:00:25        Log-Likelihood:
-1.8848e+05
No. Observations:       76213          AIC:
3.770e+05
Df Residuals:           76205          BIC:

```

3.771e+05

Df Model: 8

Covariance Type: nonrobust

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
treatUberX	0.1847	0.033	5.659	0.000	0.121	0.249
popestimate	-1.592e-06	4.83e-08	-32.956	0.000	-1.69e-06	-1.5e-06
employment	3.582e-06	1.04e-07	34.372	0.000	3.38e-06	3.79e-06
aveFareTotal	-0.0496	0.003	-18.720	0.000	-0.055	-0.044
VRHTotal	-1.073e-05	4.42e-07	-24.289	0.000	-1.16e-05	-9.86e-06
VOMSTotal	0.0027	6.03e-05	45.395	0.000	0.003	0.003
VRMTotal	4.913e-07	2.36e-08	20.816	0.000	4.45e-07	5.38e-07
gasPrice	3.6039	0.004	831.201	0.000	3.595	3.612
Omnibus:	140.306	Durbin-Watson:	0.090			
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):	118.326			
Skew:	-0.033	Prob(JB):	2.02e-26			
Kurtosis:	2.819	Cond. No.	2.12e+07			

Notes:

[1]  $R^2$  is computed without centering (uncentered) since the model does not contain a constant.

[2] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

[3] The condition number is large, 2.12e+07. This might indicate that there are strong multicollinearity or other numerical problems.

## 4 Regression 2

```
[10]: df2 = data.copy()

df2['log_UPTTotal'] = np.log(df2['UPTTotal'])

# Set the index for panel data
# agency and dateSurvey are included to add fixed effects for the entity and
# time.
df2 = df2.set_index(['agency', 'dateSurvey'])

# EntityEffects and TimeEffects are included to add fixed effects for the
# entity and time.
formula = 'log_UPTTotal ~ treatUberX + popestimate + employment + aveFareTotal +
VRHTotal + VOMSTotal + VRMTotal + gasPrice + EntityEffects + TimeEffects'

model2 = PanelOLS.from_formula(formula, data=df2).fit()
```

```
print(model2)
```

#### PanelOLS Estimation Summary

```
=====
Dep. Variable:          log_UPTTotal    R-squared:                0.0220
Estimator:              PanelOLS        R-squared (Between):      0.1085
No. Observations:       76213          R-squared (Within):      0.0208
Date:                   Sat, Jun 08 2024 R-squared (Overall):      0.1078
Time:                   17:00:29        Log-likelihood            -2.257e+04
Cov. Estimator:         Unadjusted

                               F-statistic:                212.23
Entities:                703          P-value                  0.0000
Avg Obs:                 108.41       Distribution:            F(8,75359)
Min Obs:                 5.0000
Max Obs:                 222.00       F-statistic (robust):    212.23
                               P-value                  0.0000
Time periods:            144         Distribution:            F(8,75359)
Avg Obs:                 529.26
Min Obs:                 387.00
Max Obs:                 612.00
=====
```

#### Parameter Estimates

```
=====
               Parameter  Std. Err.    T-stat    P-value    Lower CI    Upper CI
-----
treatUberX      -0.0606      0.0062    -9.8442    0.0000    -0.0727    -0.0486
popestimate     6.54e-08    1.292e-08    5.0624    0.0000    4.008e-08    9.072e-08
employment      2.632e-07    2.166e-08    12.148    0.0000    2.207e-07    3.056e-07
aveFareTotal    -0.0032      0.0005    -7.0332    0.0000    -0.0041    -0.0023
VRHTotal        8.495e-07    1.65e-07     5.1497    0.0000    5.262e-07    1.173e-06
VOMSTotal       0.0004      2.2e-05     19.186    0.0000     0.0004     0.0005
VRMTotal       -2.508e-08    7.398e-09    -3.3901    0.0007    -3.958e-08    -1.058e-08
gasPrice        -0.0137      0.0156     -0.8799    0.3789    -0.0443     0.0168
=====
```

F-test for Poolability: 2045.1

P-value: 0.0000

Distribution: F(845,75359)

Included effects: Entity, Time



## 5 Regression 3

```
[11]: df3 = data.copy()

df3['log_UPTTotal'] = np.log(df3['UPTTotal'])

# Create the dummy variable P_it
median_population = df3['popestimate'].median()
df3['P_it'] = (df3['popestimate'] > median_population).astype(int)

df3 = df3.set_index(['agency', 'dateSurvey'])

formula = 'log_UPTTotal ~ treatUberX + treatUberX * P_it + popestimate +_
↪employment + aveFareTotal + VRHTotal + VOMSTotal + VRMTotal + gasPrice +_
↪EntityEffects + TimeEffects'

model3 = PanelOLS.from_formula(formula, data=df3).fit()

print(model3)
```

### PanelOLS Estimation Summary

```
=====
Dep. Variable:          log_UPTTotal    R-squared:                0.0223
Estimator:              PanelOLS       R-squared (Between):      0.1136
No. Observations:       76213          R-squared (Within):      0.0245
Date:                   Sat, Jun 08 2024 R-squared (Overall):     0.1128
Time:                   17:00:33        Log-likelihood           -2.256e+04
Cov. Estimator:         Unadjusted

                               F-statistic:          171.63
Entities:                703              P-value              0.0000
Avg Obs:                 108.41           Distribution:          F(10,75357)
Min Obs:                 5.0000
Max Obs:                 222.00           F-statistic (robust):   171.63
                               P-value              0.0000
Time periods:            144             Distribution:          F(10,75357)
Avg Obs:                 529.26
Min Obs:                 387.00
Max Obs:                 612.00
```

### Parameter Estimates

```
=====
===
               Parameter  Std. Err.    T-stat    P-value    Lower CI    Upper
CI
-----
---
treatUberX         -0.0303    0.0094    -3.2209    0.0013    -0.0488
```

-0.0119					
P_it	0.0028	0.0199	0.1413	0.8876	-0.0361
0.0417					
poestimate	6.607e-08	1.32e-08	5.0049	0.0000	4.019e-08
9.194e-08					
employment	2.714e-07	2.177e-08	12.468	0.0000	2.288e-07
3.141e-07					
aveFareTotal	-0.0033	0.0005	-7.0818	0.0000	-0.0042
-0.0024					
VRHTotal	8.483e-07	1.649e-07	5.1427	0.0000	5.25e-07
1.172e-06					
VOMSTotal	0.0004	2.203e-05	19.329	0.0000	0.0004
0.0005					
VRMTotal	-2.516e-08	7.397e-09	-3.4015	0.0007	-3.966e-08
-1.066e-08					
gasPrice	-0.0083	0.0156	-0.5303	0.5959	-0.0389
0.0224					
treatUberX:P_it	-0.0397	0.0094	-4.2414	0.0000	-0.0580
-0.0214					
=====					
===					

F-test for Poolability: 1998.6  
 P-value: 0.0000  
 Distribution: F(845,75357)

Included effects: Entity, Time

## 6 Regression 4

```
[12]: df4 = data.copy()

df4['log_UPTTotal'] = np.log(df4['UPTTotal'])

# Create the dummy variable F_it
median_rides = df4['UPTTotal'].median()
df4['F_it'] = (df4['UPTTotal'] > median_rides).astype(int)

df4 = df4.set_index(['agency', 'dateSurvey'])

formula = 'log_UPTTotal ~ treatUberX + treatUberX * F_it + popeestimate +_
↳employment + aveFareTotal + VRHTotal + VOMSTotal + VRMTotal + gasPrice +_
↳EntityEffects + TimeEffects'

model4 = PanelOLS.from_formula(formula, data=df4).fit()

print(model4)
```

#### PanelOLS Estimation Summary

```
=====
Dep. Variable:          log_UPTTotal    R-squared:                0.1155
Estimator:              PanelOLS        R-squared (Between):      0.1292
No. Observations:       76213           R-squared (Within):      0.1335
Date:                   Sat, Jun 08 2024 R-squared (Overall):     0.1356
Time:                   17:00:36         Log-likelihood           -1.874e+04
Cov. Estimator:         Unadjusted

                               F-statistic:          984.09
Entities:                703                P-value              0.0000
Avg Obs:                 108.41              Distribution:         F(10,75357)
Min Obs:                 5.0000
Max Obs:                 222.00              F-statistic (robust):   984.09
                               P-value              0.0000
Time periods:            144                Distribution:         F(10,75357)
Avg Obs:                 529.26
Min Obs:                 387.00
Max Obs:                 612.00
```

#### Parameter Estimates

```
=====
===
               Parameter  Std. Err.    T-stat    P-value    Lower CI    Upper
CI
-----
---
treatUberX          0.0092    0.0076    1.2126    0.2253    -0.0057
0.0241
F_it                0.6132    0.0069   89.228    0.0000     0.5997
0.6266
```

popestimate	1.221e-08	1.23e-08	0.9928	0.3208	-1.19e-08
3.633e-08					
employment	2.326e-07	2.061e-08	11.288	0.0000	1.922e-07
2.73e-07					
aveFareTotal	-0.0030	0.0004	-6.7820	0.0000	-0.0038
-0.0021					
VRHTotal	9.38e-07	1.569e-07	5.9790	0.0000	6.305e-07
1.246e-06					
VOMSTotal	0.0004	2.096e-05	19.401	0.0000	0.0004
0.0004					
VRMTotal	-3.016e-08	7.036e-09	-4.2869	0.0000	-4.396e-08
-1.637e-08					
gasPrice	0.0032	0.0148	0.2186	0.8269	-0.0258
0.0323					
treatUberX:F_it	-0.0974	0.0077	-12.623	0.0000	-0.1125
-0.0823					

=====

===

F-test for Poolability: 853.69

P-value: 0.0000

Distribution: F(845,75357)

Included effects: Entity, Time

## 7 Regression 5

```
[24]: df5 = data.copy()

df5['log_UPTTotal'] = np.log(df5['UPTTotal'])

# Create the dummy variable P_it
median_population = df5['popestimate'].median()
df5['P_it'] = (df5['popestimate'] > median_population).astype(int)

# Create interaction term D_it * P_it
df5['D_it_P_it'] = df5['treatUberX'] * df5['P_it']

# Create entity and time dummies
df5 = pd.get_dummies(df5, columns=['agency', 'dateSurvey'], drop_first=True)

y = df5['log_UPTTotal']

variables = [
    'treatUberX', 'popestimate', 'employment', 'aveFareTotal',
```

```

    'VRHTotal', 'VOMSTotal', 'VRMTTotal', 'gasPrice', 'D_it_P_it'
] + [col for col in df5.columns if col.startswith('agency_') or col.
    ↳startswith('dateSurvey_')]

X = df5[variables]

# Scale the independent variables
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_scaled = pd.DataFrame(scaler.fit_transform(X), columns=X.columns)

# Fit the LASSO model with cross-validation
model5 = LassoCV(cv=10)
model5.fit(X_scaled, y)

# Print the coefficients with column names, excluding dummies
coef = pd.Series(model5.coef_, index=X.columns)
main_variables = [col for col in X.columns if not (col.startswith('agency_') or
    ↳col.startswith('dateSurvey_'))]
print("LASSO Coefficients for main variables:\n", coef[main_variables])

# Print the R^2 score
r2_score = model5.score(X_scaled, y)
print(f"R^2: {r2_score:.4f}")

# Print the best alpha value
print(f"Best alpha: {model5.alpha_}")

```

LASSO Coefficients for main variables:

```

treatUberX      0.000000
popestimate     0.000000
employment      0.000000
aveFareTotal   -0.000000
VRHTotal        0.000000
VOMSTotal       0.578753
VRMTTotal       0.000000
gasPrice        0.000000
D_it_P_it       0.000000

```

dtype: float64

R^2: 0.2265

Best alpha: 0.4417525406804395

## 8 Regression 6

```

[25]: df6 = data.copy()

df6['log_UPTTotal'] = np.log(df6['UPTTotal'])

```

```

# Create the dummy variable F_it
median_rides = df6['UPTTotal'].median()
df6['F_it'] = (df6['UPTTotal'] > median_rides).astype(int)

# Create interaction term D_it * F_it
df6['D_it_F_it'] = df6['treatUberX'] * df6['F_it']

# Create entity and time dummies
df6 = pd.get_dummies(df6, columns=['agency', 'dateSurvey'], drop_first=True)

y = df6['log_UPTTotal']

variables = [
    'treatUberX', 'popestimate', 'employment', 'aveFareTotal',
    'VRHTotal', 'VOMSTotal', 'VRMTotal', 'gasPrice', 'D_it_F_it'
] + [col for col in df5.columns if col.startswith('agency_') or col.
    ↪startswith('dateSurvey_')]

X = df6[variables]

#X = df6.drop(columns=['UPTTotal', 'log_UPTTotal'])

# Scale the independent variables
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_scaled = pd.DataFrame(scaler.fit_transform(X), columns=X.columns)

# Fit the LASSO model with cross-validation and increased iterations
model6 = LassoCV(cv=10, max_iter=10000)
model6.fit(X_scaled, y)

# Print the coefficients with column names, excluding dummies
coef = pd.Series(model6.coef_, index=X.columns)
main_variables = [col for col in X.columns if not (col.startswith('agency_') or
    ↪col.startswith('dateSurvey_'))]
print("LASSO Coefficients for main variables:\n", coef[main_variables])

# Print the R^2 score
r2_score = model6.score(X_scaled, y)
print(f"R^2: {r2_score:.4f}")

# Print the best alpha value
print(f"Best alpha: {model6.alpha_}")

```

LASSO Coefficients for main variables:

treatUberX	0.000000
popestimate	0.000000
employment	0.000000

```

aveFareTotal    -0.000000
VRHTotal        0.000000
VOMSTotal       0.655866
VRMTotal        0.000000
gasPrice        0.000000
D_it_F_it       0.048678
dtype: float64
R^2: 0.2531
Best alpha: 0.3583191053255799

```

## 9 Regression 7

```

[26]: dt = data.copy()
      dt['year_month'] = dt['dateSurvey'].dt.to_period('M')
      dt.head()

```

```

[26]:   UPTTotal  treatUberX  treatGTNotStd  popestimate  employment  aveFareTotal  \
0    8296756         0.0         0.00      3163703      1572859      0.778015
1    7847113         0.0         1.40      3163703      1581307      0.778015
2    9011399         0.0         3.00      3163703      1592152      0.778015
3    8656389         0.0         2.25      3163703      1598167      0.778015
4    8378406         0.0         2.60      3163703      1593356      0.778015

```

```

      VRHTotal  VOMSTotal  VRMTotal  gasPrice  dateSurvey  \
0  333329.0    2626.0  4740396.0    1.701  2004-01-01
1  310535.0    2626.0  4398939.0    1.862  2004-02-01
2  356761.0    2626.0  5176183.0    2.063  2004-03-01
3  341191.0    2626.0  4889387.0    2.121  2004-04-01
4  333418.0    2626.0  4747018.0    2.266  2004-05-01

```

```

                                agency  year_month
0  King County Department of Transportation - Met...  2004-01
1  King County Department of Transportation - Met...  2004-02
2  King County Department of Transportation - Met...  2004-03
3  King County Department of Transportation - Met...  2004-04
4  King County Department of Transportation - Met...  2004-05

```

```

[27]: dt = pd.get_dummies(dt, columns=['year_month', 'agency'], drop_first=True)

```

```

[28]: dt.head()

```

```

[28]:   UPTTotal  treatUberX  treatGTNotStd  popestimate  employment  aveFareTotal  \
0    8296756         0.0         0.00      3163703      1572859      0.778015
1    7847113         0.0         1.40      3163703      1581307      0.778015
2    9011399         0.0         3.00      3163703      1592152      0.778015
3    8656389         0.0         2.25      3163703      1598167      0.778015
4    8378406         0.0         2.60      3163703      1593356      0.778015

```

	VRHTotal	VOMSTotal	VRMTotal	gasPrice	...	\
0	333329.0	2626.0	4740396.0	1.701	...	
1	310535.0	2626.0	4398939.0	1.862	...	
2	356761.0	2626.0	5176183.0	2.063	...	
3	341191.0	2626.0	4889387.0	2.121	...	
4	333418.0	2626.0	4747018.0	2.266	...	

	agency_Yolo County Transportation District	\
0	False	
1	False	
2	False	
3	False	
4	False	

	agency_York County Transportation Authority	\
0	False	
1	False	
2	False	
3	False	
4	False	

	agency_Yuba-Sutter Transit Authority	\
0	False	
1	False	
2	False	
3	False	
4	False	

	agency_Yuma County Intergovernmental Public Transportation Authority	\
0	False	
1	False	
2	False	
3	False	
4	False	

	agency_Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization	\
0	False	
1	False	
2	False	
3	False	
4	False	

	agency_vRide, Inc. - Anchorage	agency_vRide, Inc. - Atlanta	\
0	False	False	
1	False	False	
2	False	False	



```

3             False             False
4             False             False

```

```

    agency_vRide, Inc. - Denver  agency_vRide, Inc. - Tucson \
0             False             False
1             False             False
2             False             False
3             False             False
4             False             False

```

```

    agency_vRide, Inc. - Valley Metro
0             False
1             False
2             False
3             False
4             False

```

[5 rows x 856 columns]

```
[29]: dt.set_index(['dateSurvey'], inplace=True)
```

```
[30]: y = np.log(dt["UPTTotal"])
d = dt["treatUberX"].values
dt1 = pd.DataFrame(dt)
w_cols = ["popestimate", "employment", "aveFareTotal", "VRHTotal", "VOMSTotal",
↪ "VRMTotal", "gasPrice"]
w = dt1[w_cols].values
```

```
[31]: #Creating dummy
median_population = dt['popestimate'].median()
dt['P_it'] = (dt['popestimate'] > median_population).astype(int)
```

```
[32]: d_p = (d * dt['P_it'])
dt["d_p"] = d_p
d_p = dt["d_p"].values
fixed_effect_cols = [col for col in dt1.columns if col.
↪ startswith('year_month_') or col.startswith('agency_')]
fixed_effects = dt1[fixed_effect_cols].values
print("Shape of d:", d.shape)
print("Shape of d_p:", d_p.shape)
print("Shape of w:", w.shape)
print("Shape of fixed effects:", fixed_effects.shape)
```

```

Shape of d: (76213,)
Shape of d_p: (76213,)
Shape of w: (76213, 7)
Shape of fixed effects: (76213, 845)

```

```
[33]: x_dash = np.column_stack((d, d_p, w, fixed_effects))
```

```
[34]: import numpy as np
from sklearn.linear_model import LassoCV, LinearRegression
from statsmodels.api import add_constant, OLS
```

```
[35]: max_iterations = 10000 # I ADDED THIS, AND ADDEDD TO YOUR LASSO_Y FORMULAA TOO
#first LASSO
lasso_y = LassoCV(cv=5, max_iter=max_iterations).fit(x_dash,y)
```

```
[36]: coefficients = lasso_y.coef_
feature_names = ['d', 'd_p'] + w_cols + fixed_effect_cols
coef_df = pd.DataFrame({'Feature': feature_names, 'Coefficient': coefficients})
```

```
[37]: coef_df.head()
```

	Feature	Coefficient
0	d	0.000000e+00
1	d_p	0.000000e+00
2	popeestimate	1.272980e-08
3	employment	0.000000e+00
4	aveFareTotal	-0.000000e+00

```
[38]: selected_features_y = np.where(lasso_y.coef_ != 0)[0]
```

```
[39]: #second LASSO
x_dash1 = np.column_stack((w, fixed_effects))
lasso_d = LassoCV(cv=5, max_iter=max_iterations).fit(x_dash1,d)
selected_features_d = np.where(lasso_d.coef_ != 0)[0]
```

```
[40]: #second LASSO
lasso_dp= LassoCV(cv=10, max_iter=max_iterations).fit(x_dash1,d_p)
```

```
[41]: #OLS of y on selected covariates
selected_features_dp = np.where(lasso_dp.coef_ != 0)[0]
selected_features = np.union1d(np.union1d(selected_features_y,
↳selected_features_d), selected_features_dp)
Z_selected = x_dash[:, selected_features]
X_final = np.column_stack((d,d_p, Z_selected))
ols_model = sm.OLS(y, X_final).fit()
ols_model.summary()
```

```
[41]:
```

Dep. Variable:	UPTTTotal	R-squared (uncentered):	0.372
Model:	OLS	Adj. R-squared (uncentered):	0.372
Method:	Least Squares	F-statistic:	9045.
Date:	Sat, 08 Jun 2024	Prob (F-statistic):	0.00
Time:	16:33:58	Log-Likelihood:	-2.7986e+05
No. Observations:	76213	AIC:	5.597e+05
Df Residuals:	76208	BIC:	5.598e+05
Df Model:	5		
Covariance Type:	nonrobust		

  

	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025	0.975]
x1	5.6974	0.103	55.429	0.000	5.496	5.899
x2	-3.5568	0.119	-29.839	0.000	-3.790	-3.323
x3	5.6974	0.103	55.429	0.000	5.496	5.899
x4	-3.5568	0.119	-29.839	0.000	-3.790	-3.323
x5	9.267e-07	6.61e-09	140.147	0.000	9.14e-07	9.4e-07
x6	1.008e-05	1.11e-06	9.098	0.000	7.91e-06	1.22e-05
x7	5.266e-08	7.62e-08	0.691	0.489	-9.67e-08	2.02e-07

  

Omnibus:	32462.408	Durbin-Watson:	0.009
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000	Jarque-Bera (JB):	159257.829
Skew:	-2.056	Prob(JB):	0.00
Kurtosis:	8.765	Cond. No.	1.73e+19

Notes:

- [1]  $R^2$  is computed without centering (uncentered) since the model does not contain a constant.
- [2] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.
- [3] The smallest eigenvalue is 9.51e-21. This might indicate that there are strong multicollinearity problems or that the design matrix is singular.

```
[42]: #After Double-LASSO variables and coefficients
treatment_vars = ['d', 'd_p']
fixed_effect_names = fixed_effect_cols
all_variable_names = treatment_vars + w_cols + fixed_effect_names
coefficients7 = ols_model.params
selected_variable_names7 = []
for idx in selected_features:
    selected_variable_names7.append(all_variable_names[idx])
selected_variable_names7 = ['d', 'd_p'] + selected_variable_names7
result7 = pd.DataFrame({
    'Feature': selected_variable_names7,
    'Coefficient': coefficients7
})

result7
```

```
[42]:      Feature  Coefficient
x1         d  5.697352e+00
x2        d_p -3.556761e+00
```

```

x3          d  5.697352e+00
x4          d_p -3.556761e+00
x5  popestimate  9.267066e-07
x6    VRHTotal  1.007846e-05
x7    VRMTotal  5.266218e-08

```

## 10 Regression 8

```

[43]: # Creating the dummy variable F_it
median_rides = dt['UPTTotal'].median()
dt['F_it'] = (dt['UPTTotal'] > median_rides).astype(int)

```

```

[44]: d_f = (d * dt['F_it'])
dt["d_f"] = d_f
d_f = dt["d_f"].values

```

```

[45]: x_dash2 = np.column_stack((d, d_f, w, fixed_effects))

```

```

[46]: #first LASSO
lasso_y1 = LassoCV(cv=10, max_iter=max_iterations).fit(x_dash2,y)

```

```

[47]: coefficients1 = lasso_y1.coef_
feature_names1 = ['d', 'd_f'] + w_cols + fixed_effect_cols
coef_df1 = pd.DataFrame({'Feature': feature_names1, 'Coefficient':
↪ coefficients1})

```

```

[48]: coef_df1.head()

```

```

[48]:      Feature  Coefficient
0          d  0.000000e+00
1         d_f  0.000000e+00
2  popestimate  1.272980e-08
3   employment  0.000000e+00
4  aveFareTotal -0.000000e+00

```

```

[49]: selected_features_y1 = np.where(lasso_y1.coef_ != 0)[0]

```

```

[50]: #second Lasso
lasso_d1 = LassoCV(cv=10, max_iter=max_iterations).fit(x_dash1,d)

```

```

[51]: selected_features_d1 = np.where(lasso_d1.coef_ != 0)[0]

```

```

[52]: #second LASSO
lasso_df = LassoCV(cv=10, max_iter=max_iterations).fit(x_dash1,d_f)
selected_features_df = np.where(lasso_df.coef_ != 0)[0]

```

```
[53]: #OLS of y on selected variables
selected_features1 = np.union1d(np.union1d(selected_features_y1,
↳selected_features_d1), selected_features_df)
Z_selected1 = x_dash2[:, selected_features1]
X_final1 = np.column_stack((d,d_f, Z_selected1))
ols_model1 = sm.OLS(y, X_final1).fit()
ols_model1.summary()
```

```
[53]: Dep. Variable:    UPTTotal    R-squared (uncentered):    0.366
Model:              OLS      Adj. R-squared (uncentered): 0.366
Method:             Least Squares  F-statistic: 8795.
Date:               Sat, 08 Jun 2024  Prob (F-statistic): 0.00
Time:               16:39:11    Log-Likelihood: -2.8025e+05
No. Observations:   76213      AIC: 5.605e+05
Df Residuals:       76208      BIC: 5.606e+05
Df Model:           5
Covariance Type:    nonrobust
```

	coef	std err	t	P>  t	[0.025	0.975]
x1	2.4592	0.081	30.504	0.000	2.301	2.617
x2	1.0002	0.101	9.887	0.000	0.802	1.198
x3	2.4592	0.081	30.504	0.000	2.301	2.617
x4	1.0002	0.101	9.887	0.000	0.802	1.198
x5	8.913e-07	6.53e-09	136.474	0.000	8.78e-07	9.04e-07
x6	9.789e-06	1.11e-06	8.792	0.000	7.61e-06	1.2e-05
x7	5.843e-08	7.66e-08	0.763	0.446	-9.17e-08	2.09e-07
Omnibus:	34221.541		Durbin-Watson:	0.007		
Prob(Omnibus):	0.000		Jarque-Bera (JB):	184256.552		
Skew:	-2.149		Prob(JB):	0.00		
Kurtosis:	9.289		Cond. No.	1.35e+19		

Notes:

- [1]  $R^2$  is computed without centering (uncentered) since the model does not contain a constant.
- [2] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.
- [3] The smallest eigenvalue is 1.57e-20. This might indicate that there are strong multicollinearity problems or that the design matrix is singular.

```
[54]: #After Double-LASSO variables and coefficients
treatment_vars = ['d', 'd_f']
fixed_effect_names = fixed_effect_cols
all_variable_names = treatment_vars + w_cols + fixed_effect_names
coefficients8 = ols_model1.params
selected_variable_names8 = []
for idx in selected_features1:
    selected_variable_names8.append(all_variable_names[idx])
selected_variable_names8 = ['d', 'd_f'] + selected_variable_names8
result8 = pd.DataFrame({
    'Feature': selected_variable_names8,
```

```

    'Coefficient': coefficients8
})

result8

```

```

[54]:
      Feature  Coefficient
x1         d  2.459209e+00
x2        d_f  1.000206e+00
x3         d  2.459209e+00
x4        d_f  1.000206e+00
x5  popestimate  8.912887e-07
x6    VRHTotal  9.788938e-06
x7    VRMTotal  5.842665e-08

```

## 11 Regression 9

```

[55]: from sklearn.preprocessing import PolynomialFeatures

poly = PolynomialFeatures(degree=5, interaction_only=True, include_bias=False)
w_tilde = poly.fit_transform(w)

feature_names_dash = poly.get_feature_names_out(w_cols)

w_tilde_df = pd.DataFrame(w_tilde, columns=feature_names_dash)

w_tilde_df.head()

```

```

[55]:
   popestimate  employment  aveFareTotal  VRHTotal  VOMSTotal  VRMTotal  \
0   3163703.0   1572859.0      0.778015  333329.0      2626.0  4740396.0
1   3163703.0   1581307.0      0.778015  310535.0      2626.0  4398939.0
2   3163703.0   1592152.0      0.778015  356761.0      2626.0  5176183.0
3   3163703.0   1598167.0      0.778015  341191.0      2626.0  4889387.0
4   3163703.0   1593356.0      0.778015  333418.0      2626.0  4747018.0

   gasPrice  popestimate  employment  popestimate  aveFareTotal  \
0     1.701           4.976059e+12           2.461408e+06
1     1.862           5.002786e+12           2.461408e+06
2     2.063           5.037096e+12           2.461408e+06
3     2.121           5.056126e+12           2.461408e+06
4     2.266           5.040905e+12           2.461408e+06

   popestimate  VRHTotal  ...  \
0           1.054554e+12  ...
1           9.824405e+11  ...
2           1.128686e+12  ...
3           1.079427e+12  ...

```

```

4          1.054836e+12 ...

poestimate aveFareTotal VRHTotal VOMSTotal gasPrice \
0          3.664846e+15
1          3.737392e+15
2          4.757239e+15
3          4.677530e+15
4          4.883457e+15

poestimate aveFareTotal VRHTotal VRMTotal gasPrice \
0          6.615698e+18
1          6.260685e+18
2          9.377129e+18
3          8.709161e+18
4          8.827820e+18

poestimate aveFareTotal VOMSTotal VRMTotal gasPrice \
0          5.211915e+16
1          5.294269e+16
2          6.902195e+16
3          6.703065e+16
4          6.952791e+16

poestimate VRHTotal VOMSTotal VRMTotal gasPrice \
0          2.232968e+22
1          2.113142e+22
2          3.165021e+22
3          2.939565e+22
4          2.979616e+22

employment aveFareTotal VRHTotal VOMSTotal VRMTotal \
0          5.077620e+21
1          4.413238e+21
2          6.006952e+21
3          5.446993e+21
4          5.152351e+21

employment aveFareTotal VRHTotal VOMSTotal gasPrice \
0          1.822006e+15
1          1.868053e+15
2          2.394108e+15
3          2.362888e+15
4          2.459486e+15

employment aveFareTotal VRHTotal VRMTotal gasPrice \
0          3.289045e+18
1          3.129265e+18

```

```

2          4.719095e+18
3          4.399494e+18
4          4.446012e+18

employment aveFareTotal VOMSTotal VRMTTotal gasPrice \
0          2.591143e+16
1          2.646223e+16
2          3.473570e+16
3          3.386101e+16
4          3.501679e+16

employment VRHTotal VOMSTotal VRMTTotal gasPrice \
0          1.110137e+22
1          1.056207e+22
2          1.592815e+22
3          1.484942e+22
4          1.500643e+22

aveFareTotal VRHTotal VOMSTotal VRMTTotal gasPrice
0          5.491294e+15
1          5.196619e+15
2          7.783392e+15
3          7.228952e+15
4          7.327444e+15

```

[5 rows x 119 columns]

```

[56]: interaction_only_indices = [i for i, name in enumerate(poly.
    ↪get_feature_names_out(w_cols)) if ' ' in name]
w_tilde = w_tilde[:, interaction_only_indices]
interaction_feature_names = [name for name in poly.
    ↪get_feature_names_out(w_cols) if ' ' in name]

```

```

[57]: x_dash3 = np.column_stack((d, d_p, w_tilde, fixed_effects))

```

```

[58]: lasso_y9 = LassoCV(cv=10).fit(x_dash3,y)

```

```

[59]: coefficients9 = lasso_y9.coef_
feature_names9 = ['d', 'd_p'] + interaction_feature_names + fixed_effect_cols
coef_df9 = pd.DataFrame({'Feature': feature_names9, 'Coefficient':
    ↪coefficients9})

```

```

[60]: coef_df9.head()

```

```

[60]:           Feature  Coefficient
0              d             0.0
1             d_p             0.0

```



2	poestimate employment	0.0
3	poestimate aveFareTotal	0.0
4	poestimate VRHTotal	0.0

```
[61]: non_zero_coefs9 = coef_df9[coef_df9['Coefficient'] != 0]
non_zero_coefs9
```

```
[61]:
```

	Feature	Coefficient
99	poestimate employment VRHTotal VOMSTotal VRMT...	3.496233e-32

## 12 Regression 10

```
[62]: x_dash4 = np.column_stack((d, d_f, w_tilde, fixed_effects))
```

```
[63]: lasso_y10 = LassoCV(cv=10).fit(x_dash4,y)
```

```
[64]: coefficients10 = lasso_y10.coef_
feature_names10 = ['d', 'd_f'] + interaction_feature_names + fixed_effect_cols
coef_df10 = pd.DataFrame({'Feature': feature_names10, 'Coefficient':
↪coefficients10})
```

```
[65]: coef_df10.head()
```

```
[65]:
```

	Feature	Coefficient
0	d	0.0
1	d_f	0.0
2	poestimate employment	0.0
3	poestimate aveFareTotal	0.0
4	poestimate VRHTotal	0.0

```
[66]: non_zero_coefs10 = coef_df10[coef_df10['Coefficient'] != 0]
non_zero_coefs10
```

```
[66]:
```

	Feature	Coefficient
99	poestimate employment VRHTotal VOMSTotal VRMT...	3.496233e-32

## 13 Regression 11

```
[67]: #first Lasso of y on other covariates
lasso_y11 = LassoCV(cv=10).fit(x_dash3,y)
```

```
[68]: selected_features_y11 = np.where(lasso_y11.coef_ != 0)[0]
```

```
[69]: #second Lasso of d on other covariates
x_dash5 = np.column_stack((w_tilde, fixed_effects))
lasso_d11 = LassoCV(cv=10).fit(x_dash5,d)
```

```
selected_features_d11 = np.where(lasso_d11.coef_ != 0)[0]
```

```
[70]: #second Lasso of d_p on other covariates
lasso_dp11 = LassoCV(cv=10).fit(x_dash5,d_p)
selected_features_dp11 = np.where(lasso_dp11.coef_ != 0)[0]
```

```
[71]: #OLS of y on all other selected covariates
selected_features11 = np.union1d(np.union1d(selected_features_y11,
↳selected_features_d11), selected_features_dp11)
Z_selected11 = x_dash3[:, selected_features11]
X_final11 = np.column_stack((d,d_f, Z_selected11))
ols_model2 = sm.OLS(y, X_final11).fit()
ols_model2.summary()
```

/Users/hibafarhan/anaconda3/envs/quant\_fin/lib/python3.12/site-packages/statsmodels/regression/linear\_model.py:1966: RuntimeWarning: divide by zero encountered in scalar divide  
return np.sqrt(eigvals[0]/eigvals[-1])

[71]:

<b>Dep. Variable:</b>	UPTTotal	<b>R-squared:</b>	-36.573
<b>Model:</b>	OLS	<b>Adj. R-squared:</b>	-36.573
<b>Method:</b>	Least Squares	<b>F-statistic:</b>	-7.418e+04
<b>Date:</b>	Sat, 08 Jun 2024	<b>Prob (F-statistic):</b>	1.00
<b>Time:</b>	16:42:18	<b>Log-Likelihood:</b>	-2.9655e+05
<b>No. Observations:</b>	76213	<b>AIC:</b>	5.931e+05
<b>Df Residuals:</b>	76211	<b>BIC:</b>	5.931e+05
<b>Df Model:</b>	1		
<b>Covariance Type:</b>	nonrobust		

  

	coef	std err	t	P>  t	[0.025	0.975]
<b>x1</b>	6.111e-37	1.47e-38	41.691	0.000	5.82e-37	6.4e-37
<b>x2</b>	-7.434e-31	1.78e-32	-41.691	0.000	-7.78e-31	-7.08e-31
<b>x3</b>	5e-18	1.2e-19	41.691	0.000	4.76e-18	5.24e-18
<b>x4</b>	-3.762e-32	5.48e-33	-6.870	0.000	-4.83e-32	-2.69e-32

  

<b>Omnibus:</b>	74379.108	<b>Durbin-Watson:</b>	0.001
<b>Prob(Omnibus):</b>	0.000	<b>Jarque-Bera (JB):</b>	10578284.462
<b>Skew:</b>	-4.407	<b>Prob(JB):</b>	0.00
<b>Kurtosis:</b>	60.039	<b>Cond. No.</b>	inf

Notes:

- [1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.
- [2] The smallest eigenvalue is 0. This might indicate that there are strong multicollinearity problems or that the design matrix is singular.

```
[72]: #After Double-LASSO variables and coefficients
treatment_vars = ['d', 'd_p']
interaction_var_names = poly.get_feature_names_out(w_cols)
fixed_effect_names = fixed_effect_cols
```

```

all_variable_names = treatment_vars + list(interaction_var_names) +
    ↪fixed_effect_names
coefficients11 = ols_model2.params
selected_variable_names11 = []
for idx in selected_features11:
    selected_variable_names11.append(all_variable_names[idx])
selected_variable_names11 = ['d', 'd_p'] + selected_variable_names11
result11 = pd.DataFrame({
    'Feature': selected_variable_names11,
    'Coefficient': coefficients11
})

result11

```

```

[72]:

```

	Feature	Coefficient
x1	d	6.111187e-37
x2	d_p	-7.434010e-31
x3	aveFareTotal VRHTotal VRMTotal gasPrice	5.000041e-18
x4	VRHTotal VOMSTotal VRMTotal gasPrice	-3.761656e-32

## 14 Regression 12

```

[73]: #first Lasso of y on other covariates
lasso_y12 = LassoCV(cv=10).fit(x_dash4,y)
selected_features_y12 = np.where(lasso_y12.coef_ != 0)[0]

```

```

[74]: #second Lasso of d on other covariates
lasso_d12 = LassoCV(cv=10).fit(x_dash5,d)
selected_features_d12 = np.where(lasso_d12.coef_ != 0)[0]

```

```

[75]: #second Lasso of d_p on other covariates
lasso_df12 = LassoCV(cv=10).fit(x_dash5,d_f)
selected_features_df12 = np.where(lasso_df12.coef_ != 0)[0]

```

```

[76]: #OLS of y on all other selected covariates
selected_features12 = np.union1d(np.union1d(selected_features_y12,
    ↪selected_features_d12), selected_features_df12)
Z_selected12 = x_dash4[:, selected_features12]
X_final12 = np.column_stack((d,d_f, Z_selected12))
ols_model3 = sm.OLS(y, X_final12).fit()
ols_model3.summary()

```

```

/Users/hibafarhan/anaconda3/envs/quant_fin/lib/python3.12/site-
packages/statsmodels/regression/linear_model.py:1966: RuntimeWarning: divide by
zero encountered in scalar divide
    return np.sqrt(eigvals[0]/eigvals[-1])

```

```

[76]:

```

<b>Dep. Variable:</b>	UPTTotal	<b>R-squared:</b>	-36.573
<b>Model:</b>	OLS	<b>Adj. R-squared:</b>	-36.573
<b>Method:</b>	Least Squares	<b>F-statistic:</b>	-7.418e+04
<b>Date:</b>	Sat, 08 Jun 2024	<b>Prob (F-statistic):</b>	1.00
<b>Time:</b>	16:44:11	<b>Log-Likelihood:</b>	-2.9655e+05
<b>No. Observations:</b>	76213	<b>AIC:</b>	5.931e+05
<b>Df Residuals:</b>	76211	<b>BIC:</b>	5.931e+05
<b>Df Model:</b>	1		
<b>Covariance Type:</b>	nonrobust		

  

	coef	std err	t	P>  t	[0.025	0.975]
<b>x1</b>	6.111e-37	1.47e-38	41.691	0.000	5.82e-37	6.4e-37
<b>x2</b>	-7.434e-31	1.78e-32	-41.691	0.000	-7.78e-31	-7.08e-31
<b>x3</b>	5e-18	1.2e-19	41.691	0.000	4.76e-18	5.24e-18
<b>x4</b>	-3.762e-32	5.48e-33	-6.870	0.000	-4.83e-32	-2.69e-32

  

<b>Omnibus:</b>	74379.108	<b>Durbin-Watson:</b>	0.001
<b>Prob(Omnibus):</b>	0.000	<b>Jarque-Bera (JB):</b>	10578284.462
<b>Skew:</b>	-4.407	<b>Prob(JB):</b>	0.00
<b>Kurtosis:</b>	60.039	<b>Cond. No.</b>	inf

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

[2] The smallest eigenvalue is 0. This might indicate that there are strong multicollinearity problems or that the design matrix is singular.

```
[77]: dt.head()
```

```
[77]:
```

	UPTTotal	treatUberX	treatGTNotStd	popestimate	employment	\
dateSurvey						
2004-01-01	8296756	0.0	0.00	3163703	1572859	
2004-02-01	7847113	0.0	1.40	3163703	1581307	
2004-03-01	9011399	0.0	3.00	3163703	1592152	
2004-04-01	8656389	0.0	2.25	3163703	1598167	
2004-05-01	8378406	0.0	2.60	3163703	1593356	

  

	aveFareTotal	VRHTotal	VOMSTotal	VRMTotal	gasPrice	...	\
dateSurvey							
2004-01-01	0.778015	333329.0	2626.0	4740396.0	1.701	...	
2004-02-01	0.778015	310535.0	2626.0	4398939.0	1.862	...	
2004-03-01	0.778015	356761.0	2626.0	5176183.0	2.063	...	
2004-04-01	0.778015	341191.0	2626.0	4889387.0	2.121	...	
2004-05-01	0.778015	333418.0	2626.0	4747018.0	2.266	...	

  

	agency_Yuma Metropolitan Planning Organization	\
dateSurvey		
2004-01-01	False	
2004-02-01	False	
2004-03-01	False	

2004-04-01	False
2004-05-01	False

	agency_vRide, Inc. - Anchorage	agency_vRide, Inc. - Atlanta \
dateSurvey		
2004-01-01	False	False
2004-02-01	False	False
2004-03-01	False	False
2004-04-01	False	False
2004-05-01	False	False

	agency_vRide, Inc. - Denver	agency_vRide, Inc. - Tucson \
dateSurvey		
2004-01-01	False	False
2004-02-01	False	False
2004-03-01	False	False
2004-04-01	False	False
2004-05-01	False	False

	agency_vRide, Inc. - Valley Metro	P_it	d_p	F_it	d_f
dateSurvey					
2004-01-01	False	1	0.0	1	0.0
2004-02-01	False	1	0.0	1	0.0
2004-03-01	False	1	0.0	1	0.0
2004-04-01	False	1	0.0	1	0.0
2004-05-01	False	1	0.0	1	0.0

[5 rows x 859 columns]

```
[78]: #After Double-LASSO variables and coefficients
treatment_vars = ['d', 'd_f']
interaction_var_names = poly.get_feature_names_out(w_cols)
fixed_effect_names = fixed_effect_cols
all_variable_names = treatment_vars + list(interaction_var_names) + \
    ↪fixed_effect_names
coefficients12 = ols_model3.params
selected_variable_names12 = []
for idx in selected_features12:
    selected_variable_names12.append(all_variable_names[idx])
selected_variable_names12 = ['d', 'd_f'] + selected_variable_names12
result12 = pd.DataFrame({
    'Feature': selected_variable_names12,
    'Coefficient': coefficients12
})

result12
```

[78]:

	Feature	Coefficient
x1	d	6.111187e-37
x2	d_f	-7.434010e-31
x3	aveFareTotal VRHTotal VRMTotal gasPrice	5.000041e-18
x4	VRHTotal VOMSTotal VRMTotal gasPrice	-3.761656e-32

The results for the Double-LASSO regressions when taking the interaction term as  $w$  tilde, we observe that the regression results are qualitatively different from the original paper. The paper observes that presence of UberX has a negative effect on number of commutes from public transport agency. However, our analysis shows that there exists a positive relationship between presence of UberX and number of commutes from public transport agency.

When taking the  $W$  as a vector of all other variables, we observe that the coefficient for presence of UberX penalizes for both cases of observing different dummy variables. The result in these cases are qualitatively different than the original paper.