

test post

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```
# Load libraries.
## install via `install.packages("name")`
library(ggplot2)
library(ggthemes)
library(maps)
library(tidyverse)

## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v dplyr      1.1.3      v readr      2.1.4
## v forcats    1.0.0      v stringr   1.5.0
## v lubridate  1.9.2      v tibble    3.2.1
## v purrr      1.0.2      v tidyr     1.3.0
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()
## x purrr::map()     masks maps::map()
## i Use the conflicted package (<http://conflicted.r-lib.org/>) to force all conflicts to become errors

library(usdata)

## Warning: package 'usdata' was built under R version 4.3.3

library(knitr)
library(dplyr)

## set working directory here
# setwd("~/")

####-----#
#### Read and clean presidential popular vote.
####-----#

# Read presidential popular vote.
d_popvote <- read_csv("popvote_1948-2020.csv")

## Rows: 38 Columns: 9
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (2): party, candidate
## dbl (3): year, pv, pv2p
```

```
## lgl (4): winner, incumbent, incumbent_party, prev_admin
##
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
```

```
# Subset data to most recent past election year.
```

```
d_popvote |> colnames()
```

```
## [1] "year"          "party"          "winner"         "candidate"
## [5] "pv"            "pv2p"           "incumbent"      "incumbent_party"
## [9] "prev_admin"
```

```
d_popvote |>
  filter(year == 2020) |>
  select(party, candidate, pv2p)
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 x 3
##   party      candidate      pv2p
##   <chr>      <chr>      <dbl>
## 1 democrat  Biden, Joseph R.  52.3
## 2 republican Trump, Donald J.  47.7
```

```
# Pivot data to wide format with party names as columns and two-party vote share as values.
```

```
(d_popvote_wide <- d_popvote |>
  select(year, party, pv2p) |>
  pivot_wider(names_from = party, values_from = pv2p))
```

```
## # A tibble: 19 x 3
##   year democrat republican
##   <dbl>     <dbl>      <dbl>
## 1  1948     52.3       47.7
## 2  1952     44.7       55.3
## 3  1956     42.2       57.8
## 4  1960     50.1       49.9
## 5  1964     61.3       38.7
## 6  1968     49.6       50.4
## 7  1972     38.2       61.8
## 8  1976     51.1       48.9
## 9  1980     44.8       55.2
## 10 1984     40.9       59.1
## 11 1988     46.2       53.8
## 12 1992     53.6       46.4
## 13 1996     54.8       45.2
## 14 2000     50.3       49.7
## 15 2004     48.7       51.3
## 16 2008     53.8       46.2
## 17 2012     51.9       48.1
## 18 2016     51.2       48.8
## 19 2020     52.3       47.7
```

```
# Modify winner column to show "D" if Democrats win and "R" if Republicans win.
(d_popvote_wide <- d_popvote_wide |>
  mutate(winner = case_when(democrat > republican ~ "D",
                             TRUE ~ "R")))
```

```
## # A tibble: 19 x 4
##   year democrat republican winner
##   <dbl>     <dbl>      <dbl> <chr>
## 1 1948      52.3       47.7 D
## 2 1952      44.7       55.3 R
## 3 1956      42.2       57.8 R
## 4 1960      50.1       49.9 D
## 5 1964      61.3       38.7 D
## 6 1968      49.6       50.4 R
## 7 1972      38.2       61.8 R
## 8 1976      51.1       48.9 D
## 9 1980      44.8       55.2 R
## 10 1984      40.9       59.1 R
## 11 1988      46.2       53.8 R
## 12 1992      53.6       46.4 D
## 13 1996      54.8       45.2 D
## 14 2000      50.3       49.7 D
## 15 2004      48.7       51.3 R
## 16 2008      53.8       46.2 D
## 17 2012      51.9       48.1 D
## 18 2016      51.2       48.8 D
## 19 2020      52.3       47.7 D
```

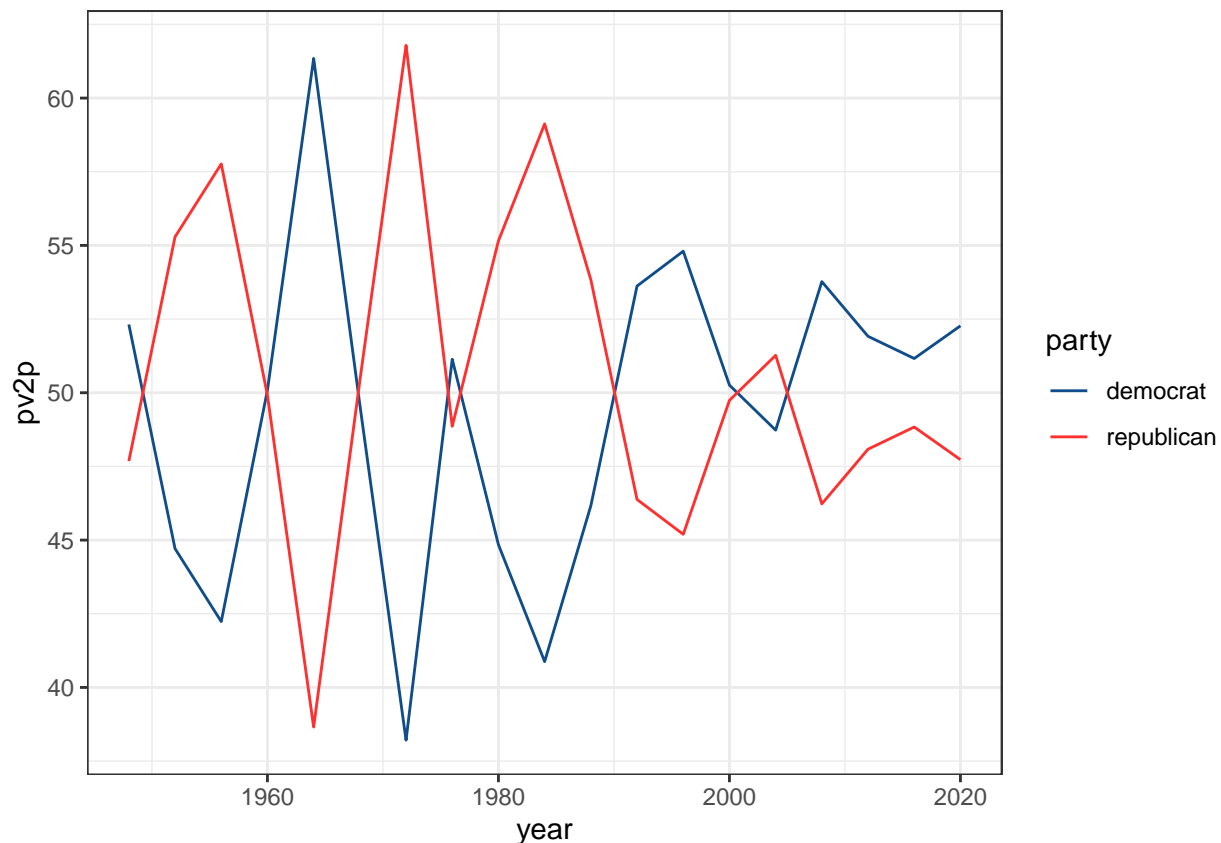
```
# Summarize data with respect to winners.
d_popvote_wide |>
  group_by(winner) |>
  summarise(races = n())
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 x 2
##   winner races
##   <chr>   <int>
## 1 D         11
## 2 R          8
```

```
####-----#
#### Visualize trends in national presidential popular vote.
####-----#
```

```
# Visualize the two-party presidential popular over time.
```

```
d_popvote |>
  ggplot(aes(x = year, y = pv2p, color = party)) +
  geom_line() +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("dodgerblue4", "firebrick1")) +
  theme_bw()
```



```
####-----#
#### State-by-state map of presidential popular votes.
####-----#

# Sequester shapefile of states from `maps` library.
states_map <- map_data("state")

# Read wide version of dataset that can be used to compare candidate votes with one another.
d_pvstate_wide <- read_csv("clean_wide_state_2pv_1948_2020.csv")
```

```
## Rows: 959 Columns: 14
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (1): state
## dbl (13): year, D_pv, R_pv, D_pv2p, R_pv2p, D_pv_lag1, R_pv_lag1, D_pv2p_lag1...
##
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
```

```
d_pvstate_wide
```

```
## # A tibble: 959 x 14
##   year state      D_pv R_pv D_pv2p R_pv2p D_pv_lag1 R_pv_lag1 D_pv2p_lag1
##   <dbl> <chr>    <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>
## 1  1948 Alabama      0  19.0      0  100      NA      NA      NA
```

```
## 2 1948 Arizona      53.8 43.8 55.1 44.9      NA      NA      NA
## 3 1948 Arkansas     61.7 21.0 74.6 25.4      NA      NA      NA
## 4 1948 California   47.6 47.1 50.2 49.8      NA      NA      NA
## 5 1948 Colorado     51.9 46.5 52.7 47.3      NA      NA      NA
## 6 1948 Connecticut  47.9 49.5 49.2 50.8      NA      NA      NA
## 7 1948 Delaware     48.8 50.0 49.4 50.6      NA      NA      NA
## 8 1948 Florida      48.8 33.6 59.2 40.8      NA      NA      NA
## 9 1948 Georgia      60.8 18.3 76.9 23.1      NA      NA      NA
## 10 1948 Idaho       50.0 47.3 51.4 48.6      NA      NA      NA
## # i 949 more rows
## # i 5 more variables: R_pv2p_lag1 <dbl>, D_pv_lag2 <dbl>, R_pv_lag2 <dbl>,
## #   D_pv2p_lag2 <dbl>, R_pv2p_lag2 <dbl>
```

```
# Merge d_pvstate_wide with state_map.
d_pvstate_wide$region <- tolower(d_pvstate_wide$state)
```

```
pv_map <- d_pvstate_wide |>
  filter(year == 2020) |>
  left_join(states_map, by = "region")
```

```
pv_map
```

```
## # A tibble: 15,539 x 20
##   year state    D_pv R_pv D_pv2p R_pv2p D_pv_lag1 R_pv_lag1 D_pv2p_lag1
##   <dbl> <chr>   <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>
## 1 2020 Alabama 36.6 62.0 37.1 62.9    34.4    62.1    35.6
## 2 2020 Alabama 36.6 62.0 37.1 62.9    34.4    62.1    35.6
## 3 2020 Alabama 36.6 62.0 37.1 62.9    34.4    62.1    35.6
## 4 2020 Alabama 36.6 62.0 37.1 62.9    34.4    62.1    35.6
## 5 2020 Alabama 36.6 62.0 37.1 62.9    34.4    62.1    35.6
## 6 2020 Alabama 36.6 62.0 37.1 62.9    34.4    62.1    35.6
## 7 2020 Alabama 36.6 62.0 37.1 62.9    34.4    62.1    35.6
## 8 2020 Alabama 36.6 62.0 37.1 62.9    34.4    62.1    35.6
## 9 2020 Alabama 36.6 62.0 37.1 62.9    34.4    62.1    35.6
## 10 2020 Alabama 36.6 62.0 37.1 62.9    34.4    62.1    35.6
## # i 15,529 more rows
## # i 11 more variables: R_pv2p_lag1 <dbl>, D_pv_lag2 <dbl>, R_pv_lag2 <dbl>,
## #   D_pv2p_lag2 <dbl>, R_pv2p_lag2 <dbl>, region <chr>, long <dbl>, lat <dbl>,
## #   group <dbl>, order <int>, subregion <chr>
```

```
# Make map grid of state winners for each election year available in the dataset.
```

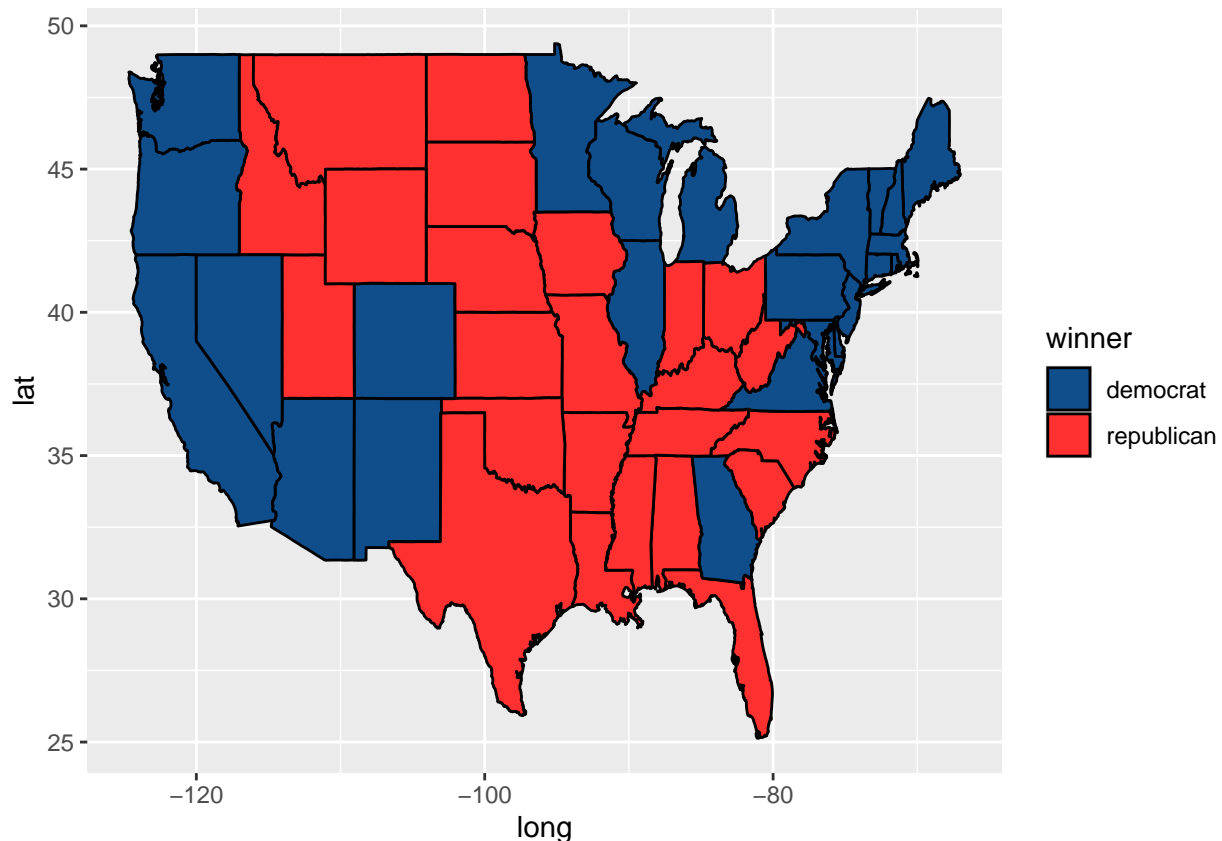
```
pv_win_map <- d_pvstate_wide |>
  filter(year == 2020) |>
  left_join(states_map, by = "region") |>
  mutate(winner = ifelse(R_pv > D_pv, "republican", "democrat"), state_abbr = state.abb[match(state, st
```

```
pv_win_map
```

```
## # A tibble: 15,539 x 22
##   year state    D_pv R_pv D_pv2p R_pv2p D_pv_lag1 R_pv_lag1 D_pv2p_lag1
##   <dbl> <chr>   <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>
## 1 2020 Alabama 36.6 62.0 37.1 62.9    34.4    62.1    35.6
```

```
## 2 2020 Alabama 36.6 62.0 37.1 62.9 34.4 62.1 35.6
## 3 2020 Alabama 36.6 62.0 37.1 62.9 34.4 62.1 35.6
## 4 2020 Alabama 36.6 62.0 37.1 62.9 34.4 62.1 35.6
## 5 2020 Alabama 36.6 62.0 37.1 62.9 34.4 62.1 35.6
## 6 2020 Alabama 36.6 62.0 37.1 62.9 34.4 62.1 35.6
## 7 2020 Alabama 36.6 62.0 37.1 62.9 34.4 62.1 35.6
## 8 2020 Alabama 36.6 62.0 37.1 62.9 34.4 62.1 35.6
## 9 2020 Alabama 36.6 62.0 37.1 62.9 34.4 62.1 35.6
## 10 2020 Alabama 36.6 62.0 37.1 62.9 34.4 62.1 35.6
## # i 15,529 more rows
## # i 13 more variables: R_pv2p_lag1 <dbl>, D_pv_lag2 <dbl>, R_pv_lag2 <dbl>,
## # D_pv2p_lag2 <dbl>, R_pv2p_lag2 <dbl>, region <chr>, long <dbl>, lat <dbl>,
## # group <dbl>, order <int>, subregion <chr>, winner <chr>, state_abbr <chr>
```

```
pv_win_map |>
  ggplot(aes(long, lat, group = group)) +
  geom_polygon(aes(fill = winner), color = "black") +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("dodgerblue4", "firebrick1"))
```

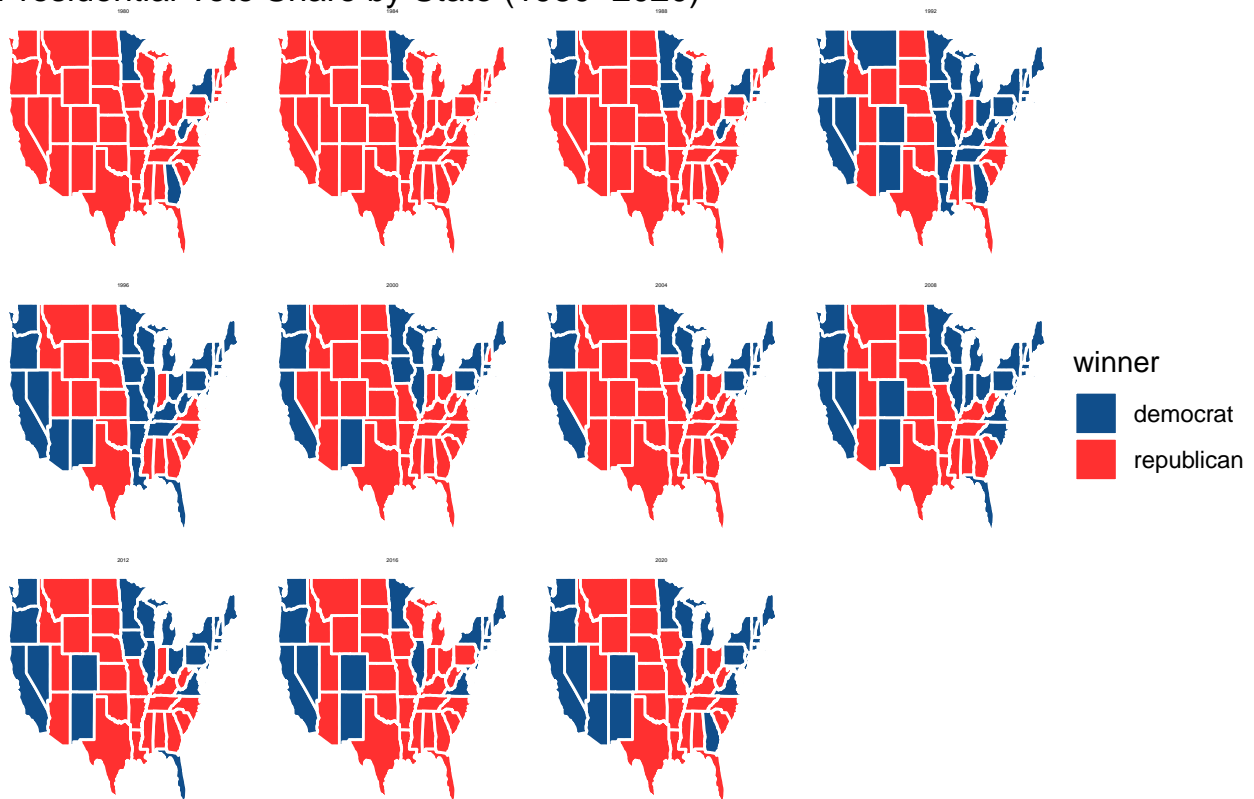


```
d_pvstate_wide |>
  filter(year >= 1980) |>
  left_join(states_map, by = "region") |>
  mutate(winner = ifelse(R_pv > D_pv, "republican", "democrat")) |>
  ggplot(aes(long, lat, group = group)) +
  facet_wrap(facets = year ~.) +
```

```
geom_polygon(aes(fill = winner), color = "white") +
scale_fill_manual(values = c("dodgerblue4", "firebrick1")) +
theme_void() +
ggtitle("Presidential Vote Share by State (1980-2020)") +
theme(strip.text = element_text(size = 2),
      aspect.ratio = 1)
```

```
## Warning in left_join(filter(d_pvstate_wide, year >= 1980), states_map, by = "region"): Detected an un-
## i Row 1 of 'x' matches multiple rows in 'y'.
## i Row 1 of 'y' matches multiple rows in 'x'.
## i If a many-to-many relationship is expected, set 'relationship =
## "many-to-many"' to silence this warning.
```

Presidential Vote Share by State (1980–2020)



```
####-----#
#### Forecast: simplified electoral cycle model.
####-----#

# Create prediction (pv2p and margin) based on simplified electoral cycle model:
# vote_2024 = 3/4*vote_2020 + 1/4*vote_2016 (lag1, lag2, respectively).
d_pvstate_wide |> colnames()
```

```
## [1] "year"      "state"     "D_pv"      "R_pv"      "D_pv2p"
## [6] "R_pv2p"    "D_pv_lag1" "R_pv_lag1" "D_pv2p_lag1" "R_pv2p_lag1"
## [11] "D_pv_lag2" "R_pv_lag2" "D_pv2p_lag2" "R_pv2p_lag2" "region"
```

```

pv2p_2024_states <- d_pvstate_wide |>
  filter(year == 2020) |>
  group_by(state) |>
  summarize(D_pv2p_2024 = 0.75*D_pv2p + 0.25*D_pv2p_lag1,
            R_pv2p_2024 = 0.75*R_pv2p + 0.25*R_pv2p_lag1) |>
  mutate(pv2p_2024_margin = R_pv2p_2024 - D_pv2p_2024,
         region = tolower(state))

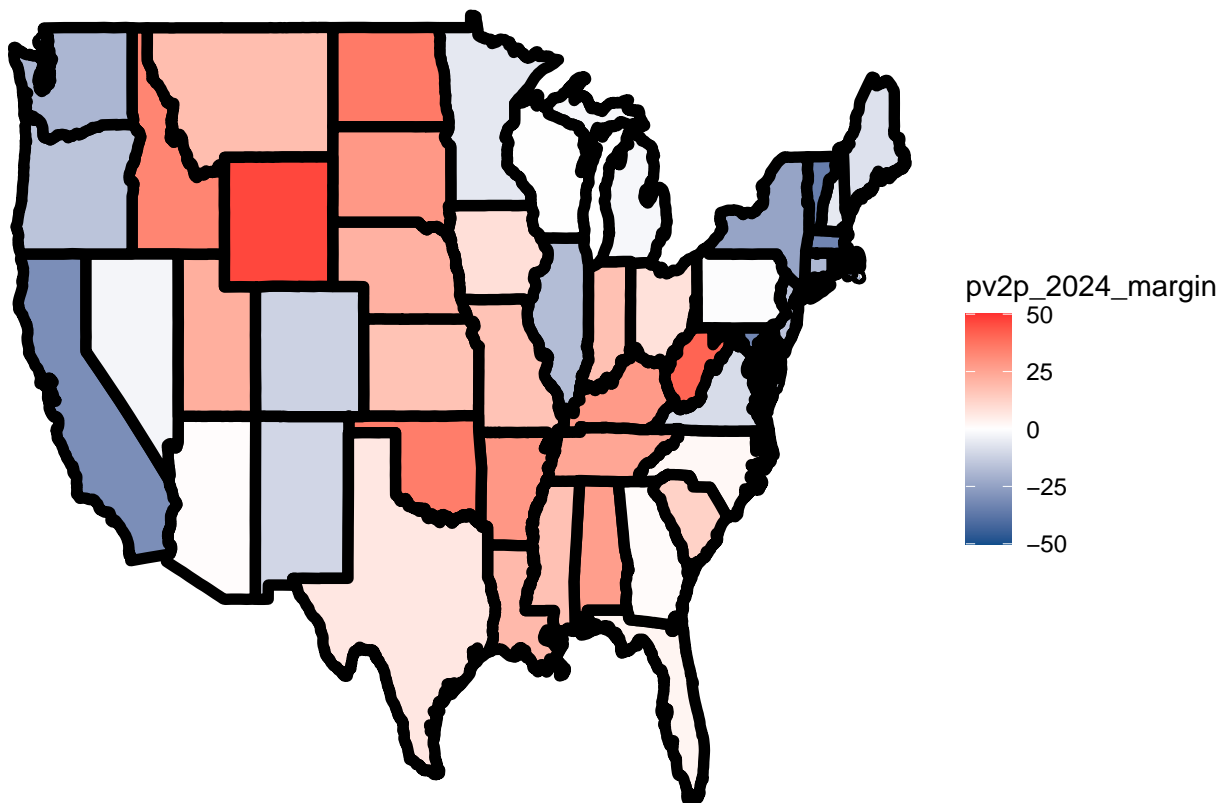
pv2p_2024_states |>
  left_join(states_map, by = "region") |>
  ggplot(aes(long, lat, group = group)) +
  geom_polygon(aes(fill = pv2p_2024_margin), color = "black", size = 2) +
  scale_fill_gradient2(high = "firebrick1",
                      mid = "white",
                      low = "dodgerblue4",
                      breaks = c(-50, -25, 0, 25, 50),
                      limits = c(-50, 50)) +
  theme_void()

```

```

## Warning: Using 'size' aesthetic for lines was deprecated in ggplot2 3.4.0.
## i Please use 'linewidth' instead.
## This warning is displayed once every 8 hours.
## Call 'lifecycle::last_lifecycle_warnings()' to see where this warning was
## generated.

```




```
ec <- read_csv("ec_full.csv")

## Rows: 936 Columns: 3
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: ","
## chr (1): state
## dbl (2): electors, year
##
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
```

```
pv2p_2024_states <- pv2p_2024_states |>
  mutate(year = 2024,
         winner = ifelse(R_pv2p_2024 > D_pv2p_2024, "R", "D"),
         state_abbr = state.abb[match(state, state.name)]) |>
  left_join(ec, by = c("state", "year"))
```

```
center_state_abbr <- pv2p_2024_states |>
  left_join(states_map, by = "region") |>
  group_by(state) |>
  summarize(
    long = mean(long),
    lat = mean(lat),
    state_abbr = first(state_abbr)
  )
```

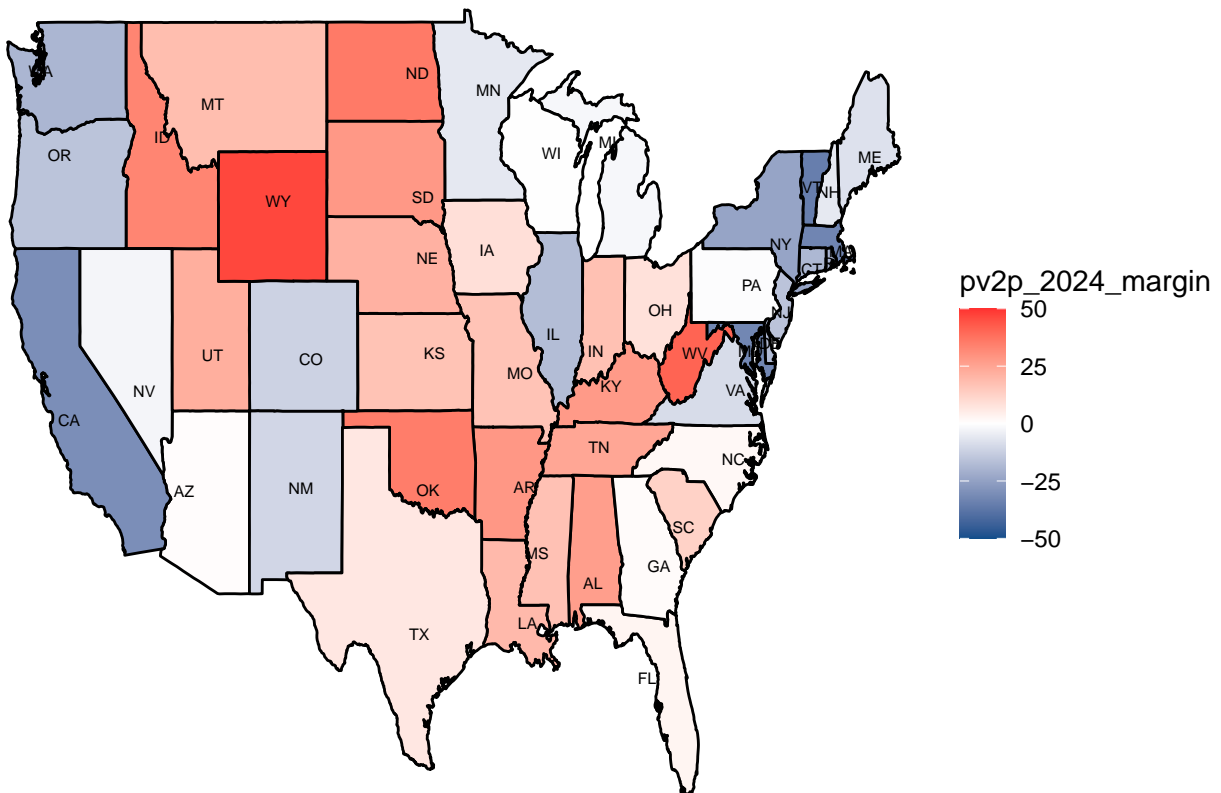
```
center_state_abbr
```

```
## # A tibble: 51 x 4
##   state          long   lat state_abbr
##   <chr>         <dbl> <dbl> <chr>
## 1 Alabama      -86.9  31.7 AL
## 2 Alaska        NA     NA  AK
## 3 Arizona      -113.   34.5 AZ
## 4 Arkansas      -91.3  34.6 AR
## 5 California    -121.   36.7 CA
## 6 Colorado      -105.   38.6 CO
## 7 Connecticut   -72.7  41.4 CT
## 8 Delaware      -75.4  39.1 DE
## 9 District Of Columbia -77.1  38.9 <NA>
## 10 Florida      -83.4  28.7 FL
## # i 41 more rows
```

```
pv2p_2024_states |>
  left_join(states_map, by = "region") |>
  ggplot(aes(long, lat, group = group)) +
  geom_polygon(aes(fill = pv2p_2024_margin), color = "black") +
  geom_text(data = center_state_abbr,
            aes(x = long, y = lat, label = state_abbr),
            inherit.aes = FALSE,
            color = "black",
            size = 2) +
```

```
# Links/Sources/Documentation I used to place initials on the map
# (https://ggplot2.tidyverse.org/reference/geom_text.html#aesthetics)
# https://ggplot2.tidyverse.org/reference/theme.html
# https://www.rdocumentation.org/packages/usdata/versions/0.2.0/topics/state2abbr
#
scale_fill_gradient2(high = "firebrick1",
  mid = "white",
  low = "dodgerblue4",
  breaks = c(-50, -25, 0, 25, 50),
  limits = c(-50, 50)) +
theme_void()
```

```
## Warning: Removed 3 rows containing missing values ('geom_text()').
```



```
pv2p_2024_states |>
  group_by(winner) |>
  summarize(electoral_votes = sum(electors))
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 x 2
##   winner electoral_votes
##   <chr>          <dbl>
## 1 D             276
## 2 R             262
```