

CS231n: Deep Learning for Computer Vision

Lecture 1: Introduction

Artificial Intelligence

Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

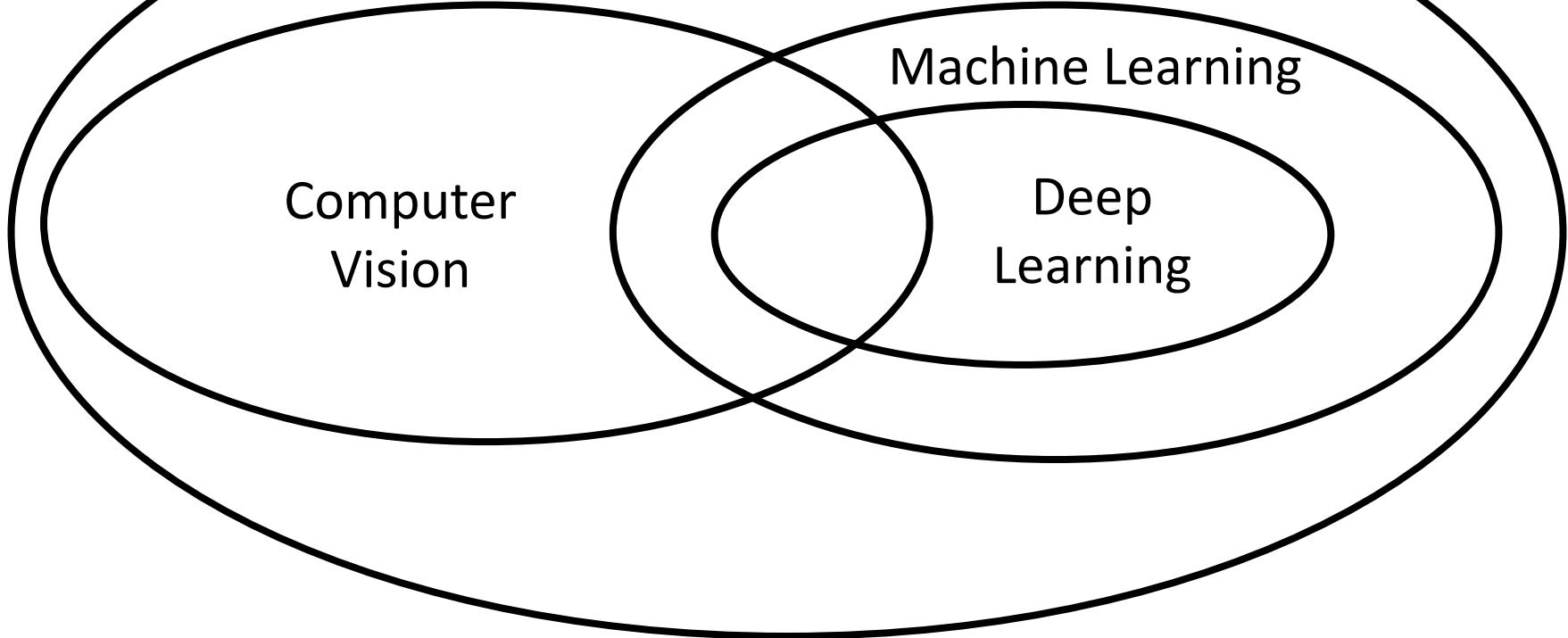
Artificial Intelligence

Machine Learning

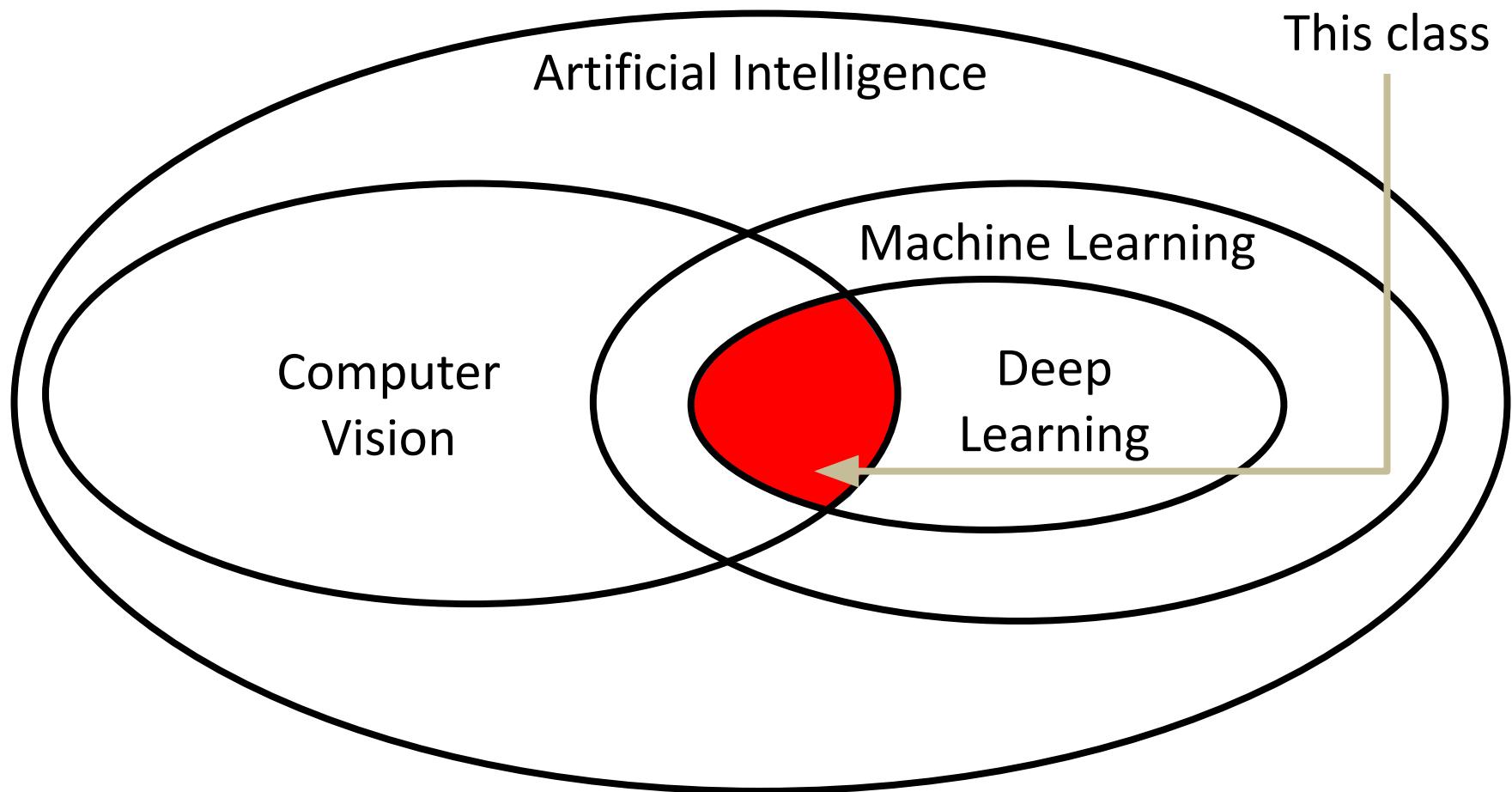
Computer
Vision

Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

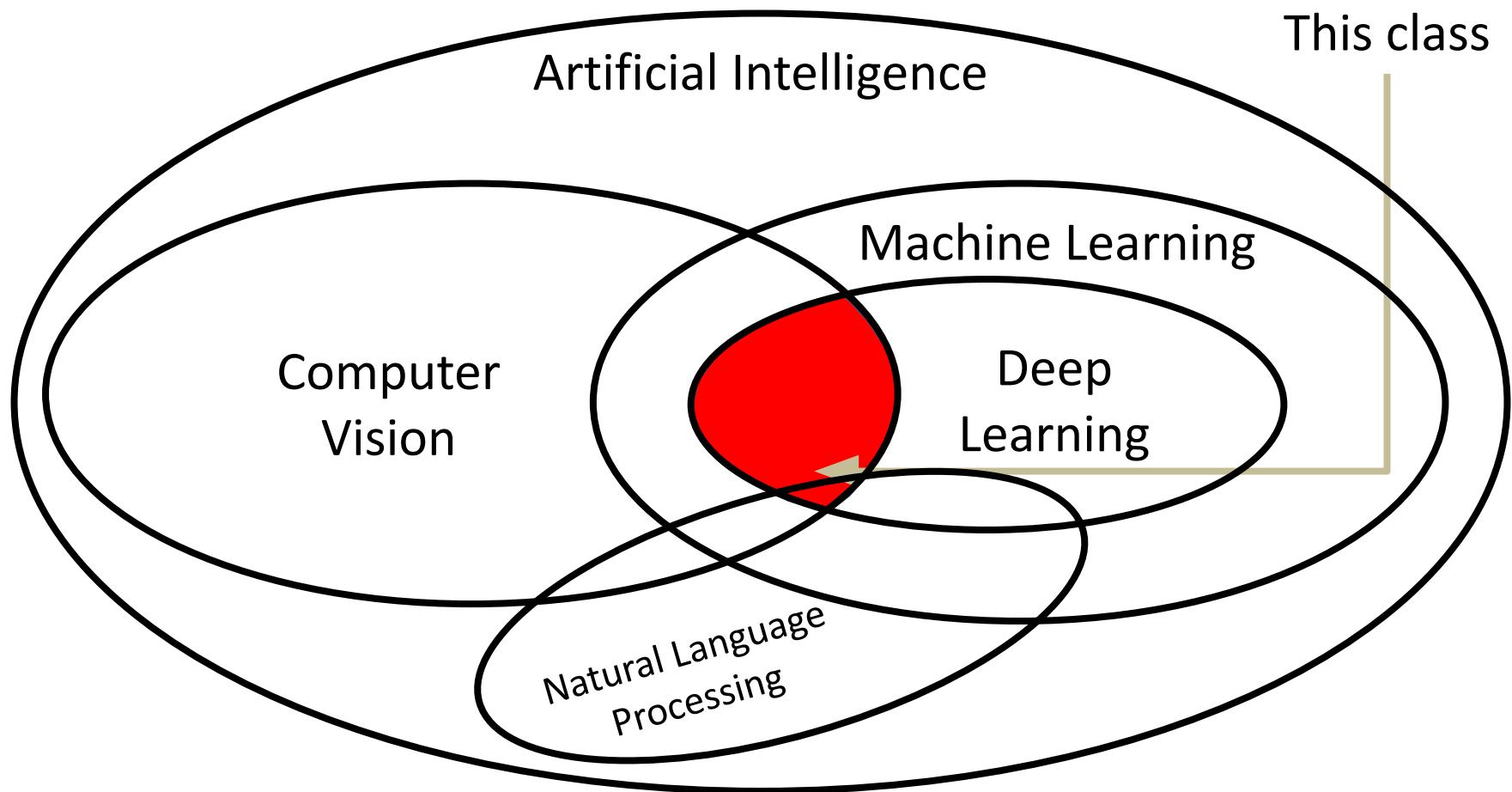
Artificial Intelligence



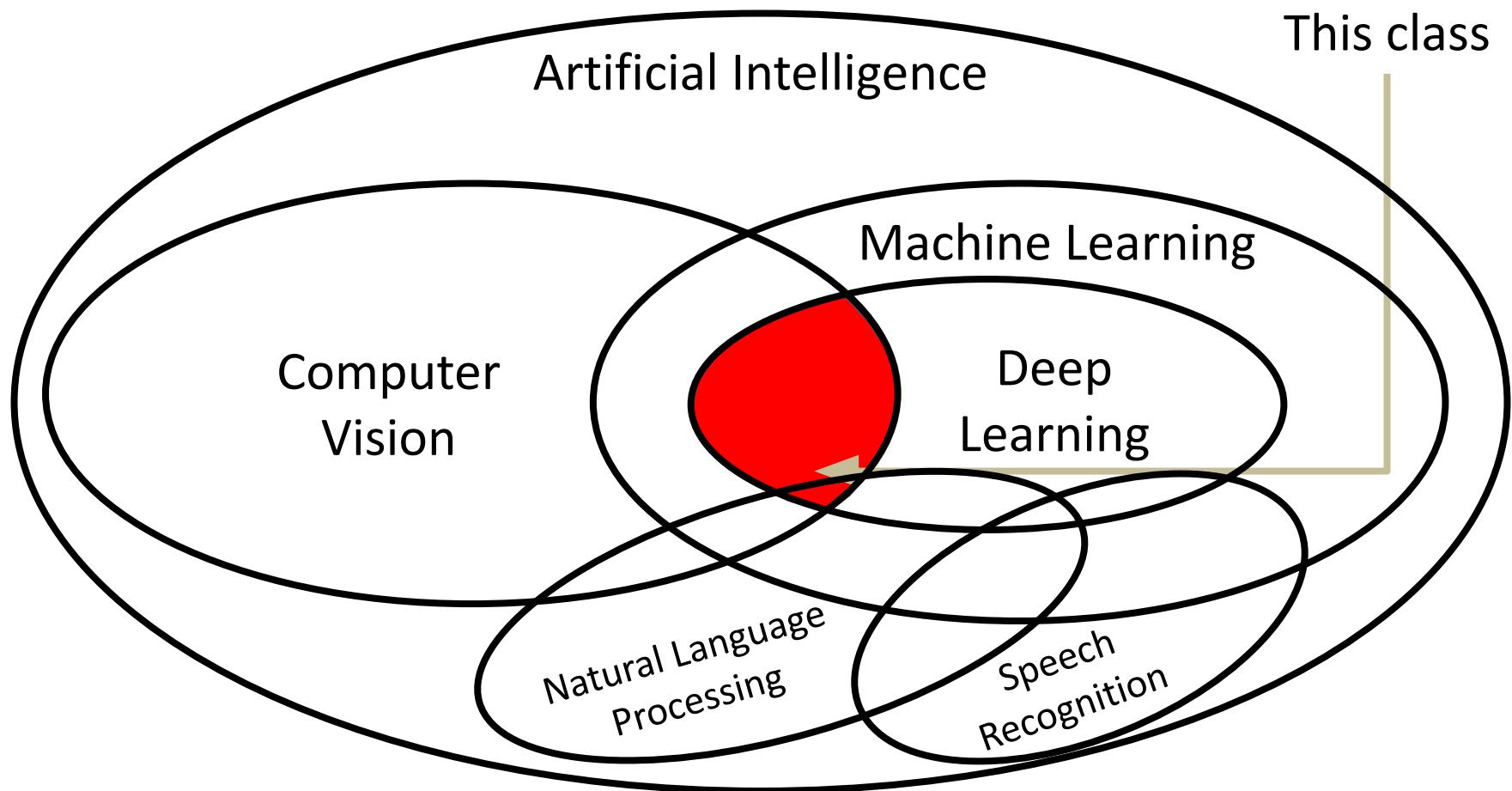
Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson



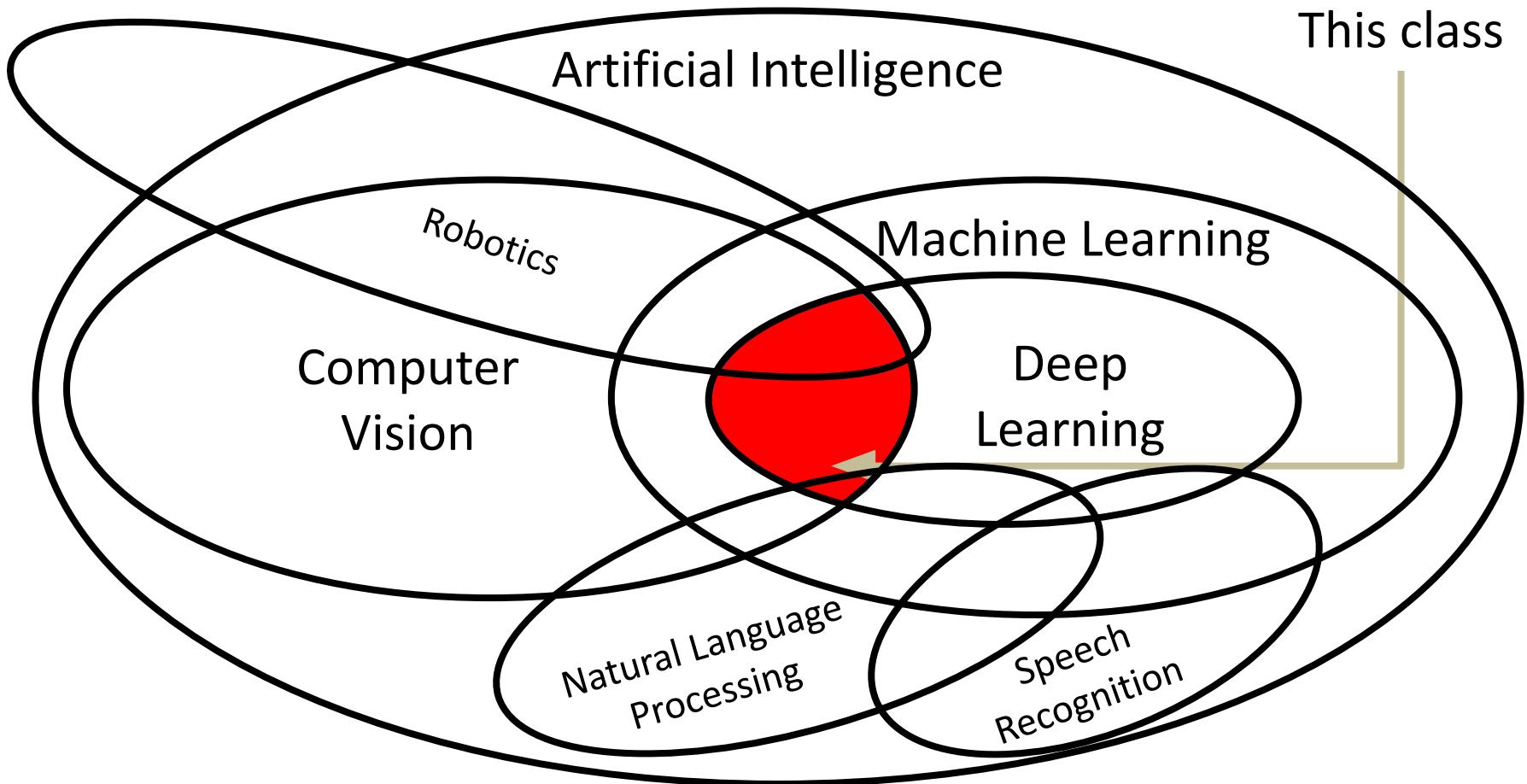
Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson



Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson



Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson



Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

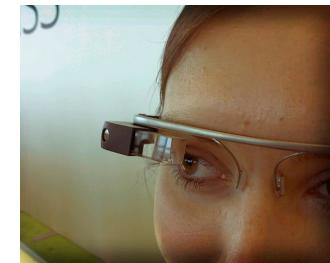
Computer Vision is everywhere!



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Where did we come from?

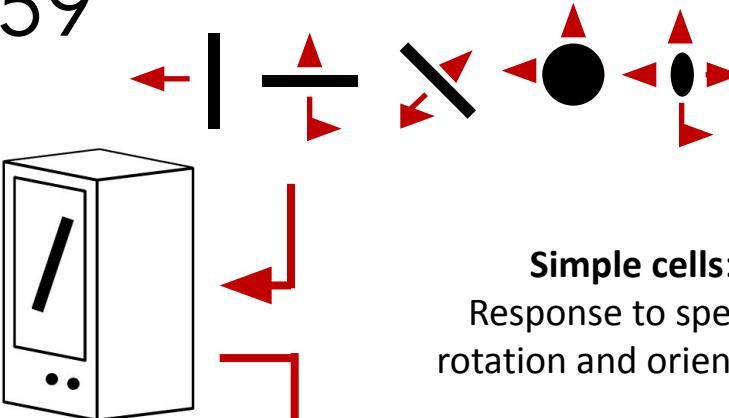
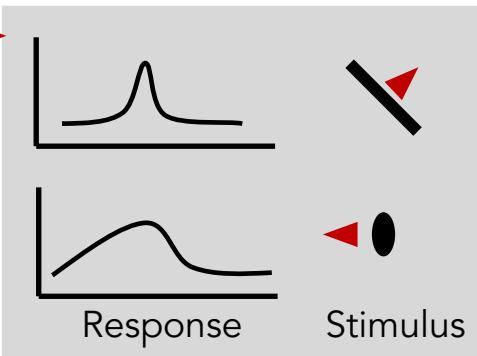
Hubel and Wiesel, 1959

Measure
brain activity



Cat image by CNX OpenStax is licensed under CC BY 4.0; changes made

1959
Hubel & Wiesel

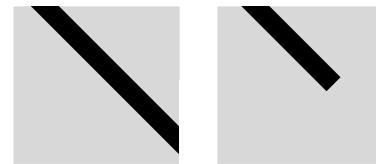


Simple cells:

Response to specific rotation and orientation

Complex cells:

Response to light orientation and movement, some translation invariance



MASSACHUSETTS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY
PROJECT MAC

Artificial Intelligence Group
Vision Memo. No. 100.

July 7, 1966

THE SUMMER VISION PROJECT

Seymour Papert

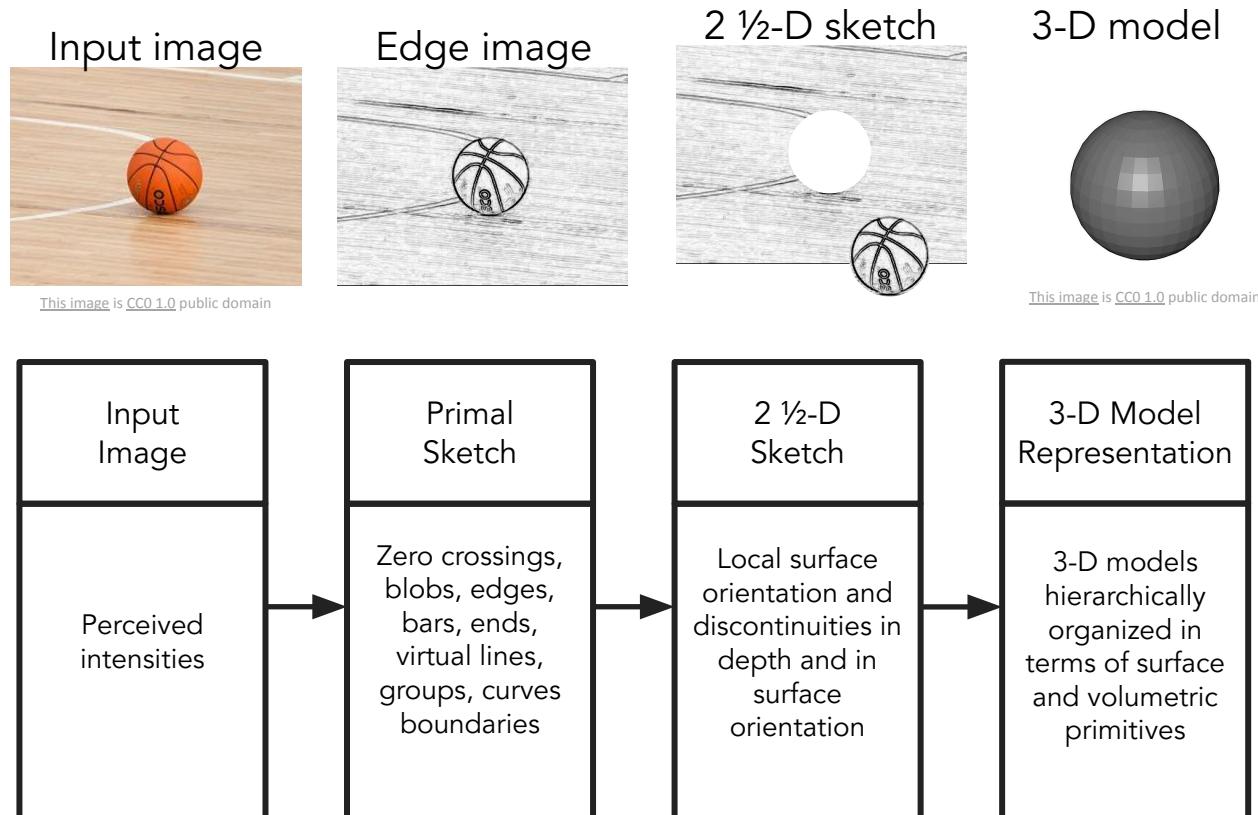
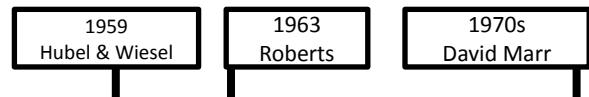
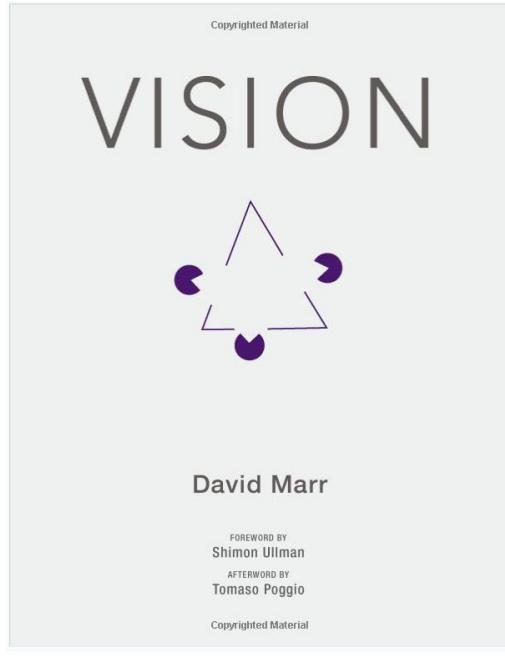
The summer vision project is an attempt to use our summer workers effectively in the construction of a significant part of a visual system. The particular task was chosen partly because it can be segmented into sub-problems which will allow individuals to work independently and yet participate in the construction of a system complex enough to be a real landmark in the development of "pattern recognition".

1959
Hubel & Wiesel

1963
Roberts

<https://dspace.mit.edu/handle/1721.1/6125>

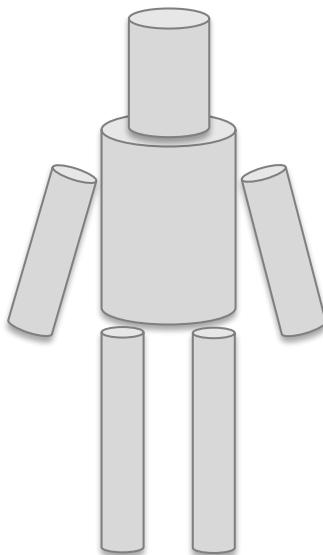
Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson



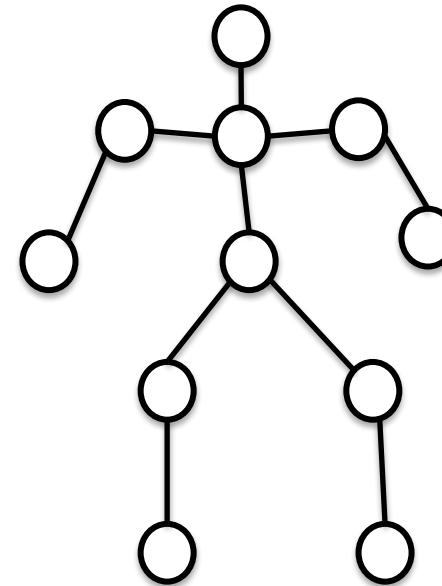
Stages of Visual Representation, David Marr, 1970s

Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

Recognition via Parts (1970s)



Generalized Cylinders,
Brooks and Binford,
1979



Pictorial Structures,
Fischler and Elshlager, 1973



Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

Recognition via Edge Detection (1980s)



1959
Hubel & Wiesel

1963
Roberts

1970s
David Marr

1979
Gen. Cylinders

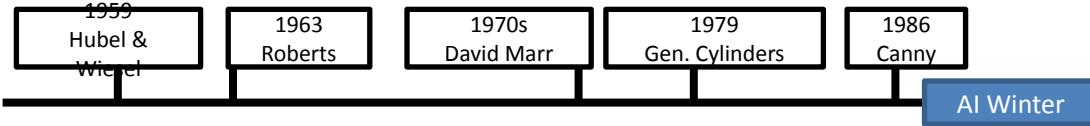
1986
Canny

John Canny, 1986
David Lowe, 1987

Image is CC0 1.0 public domain

Arriving at an “AI winter”

- Enthusiasm (and funding!) for AI research dwindled
- “Expert Systems” failed to deliver on their promises
- But subfields of AI continues to grow
 - Computer vision, NLP, robotics, compbio, etc.



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domain

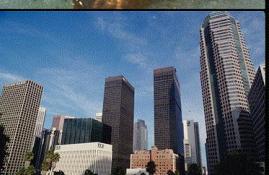
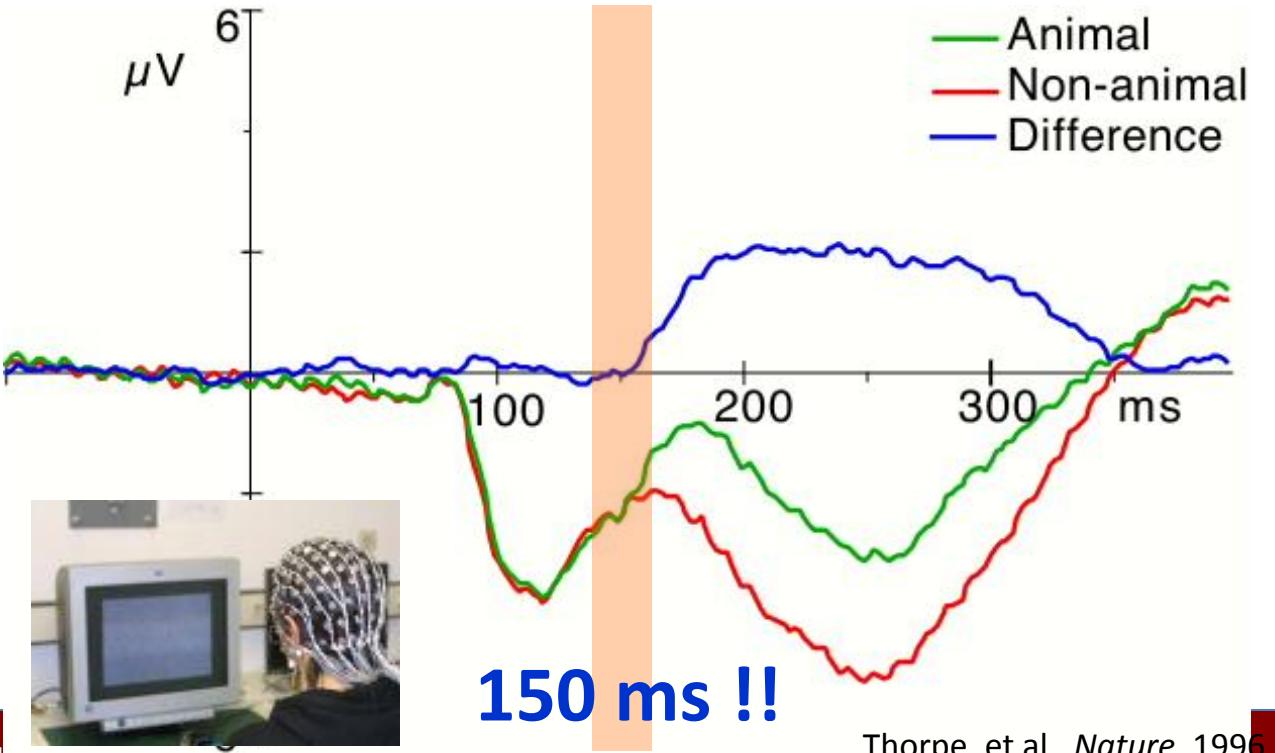
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Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

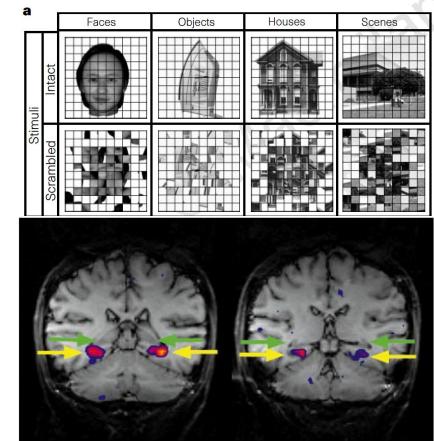
In the meantime...seminal work in
cognitive and neuroscience

Speed of processing in the human visual system

Simon Thorpe, Denis Fize & Catherine Marlot



Visual recognition is a fundamental task for visual intelligence



Recognition via Grouping (1990s)



1959
Hubel & Wiesel

1963
Roberts

1970s
David Marr

1979
Gen. Cylinders

1986
Canny

1997
Norm. Cuts

AI Winter

Normalized Cuts, Shi and Malik, 1997

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Recognition via Matching (2000s)



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1959
Hubel & Wiesel

1963
Roberts

1970s
David Marr

1979
Gen. Cylinders

1986
Canny

1997
Norm. Cuts

1999
SIFT

AI Winter

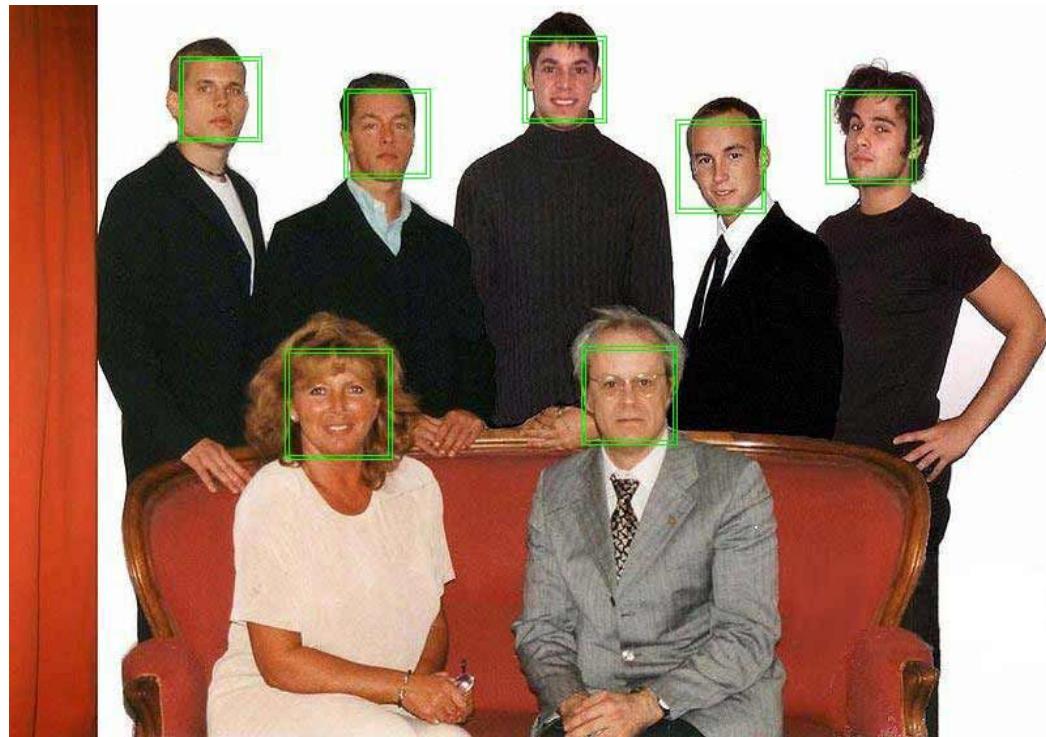
SIFT, David
Lowe, 1999

Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

Face Detection

Viola and Jones, 2001

One of the first successful applications of machine learning to vision



1959
Hubel & Wiesel

1963
Roberts

1970s
David Marr

1979
Gen. Cylinders

1986
Canny

1997
Norm. Cuts

1999
SIFT

2001
V&J

AI Winter

Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

Caltech 101 images



1959
Hubel & Wiesel

1963
Roberts

1970s
David Marr

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Gen. Cylinders

1986
Canny

1997
Norm. Cuts

1999
SIFT

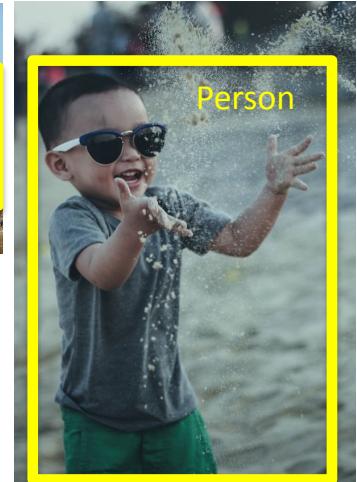
2001
V&J

2004, 2007
Caltech101;
PASCAL

AI Winter

PASCAL Visual Object Challenge

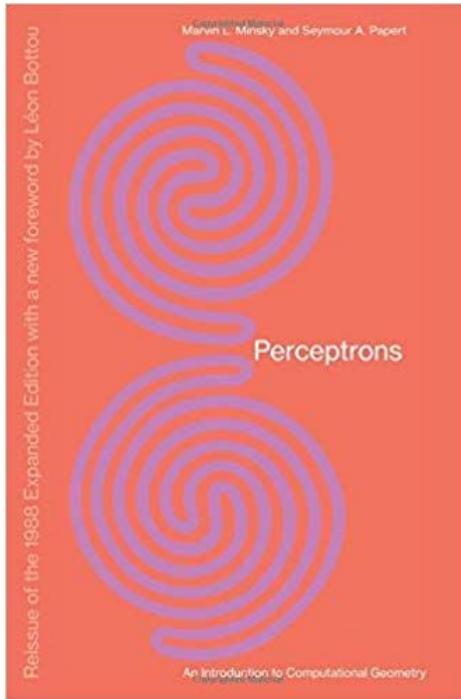
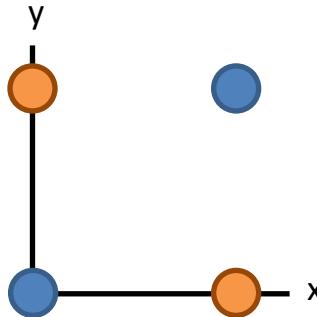
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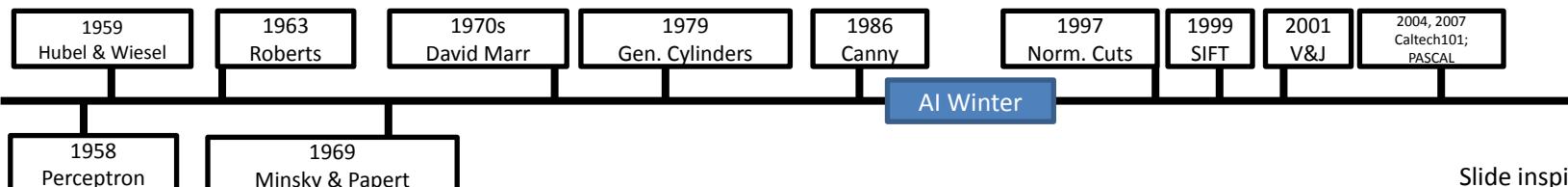
Minsky and Papert, 1969

X	Y	F(x,y)
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0



Showed that Perceptrons could not learn the XOR function

Caused a lot of disillusionment in the field



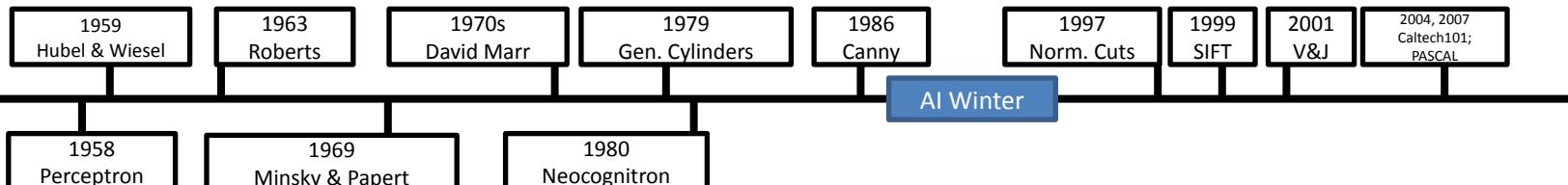
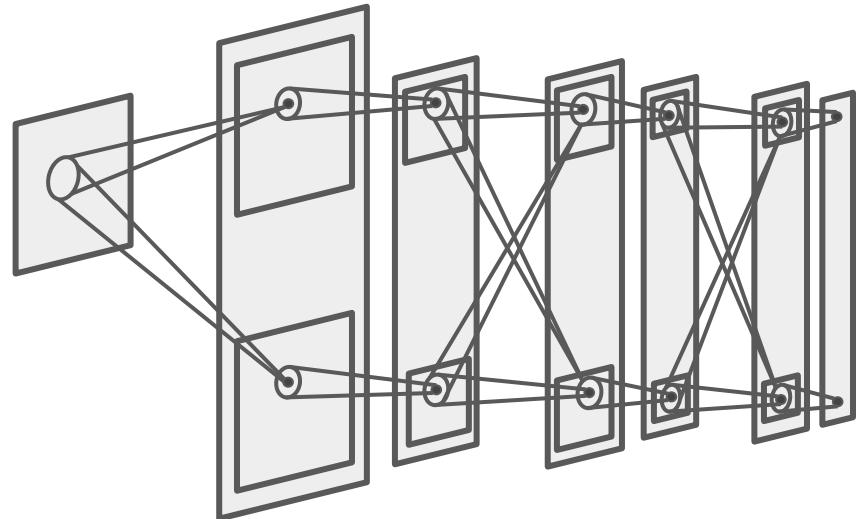
Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

Neocognitron: Fukushima, 1980

Computational model the visual system,
directly inspired by Hubel and Wiesel's
hierarchy of complex and simple cells

Interleaved simple cells (convolution)
and complex cells (pooling)

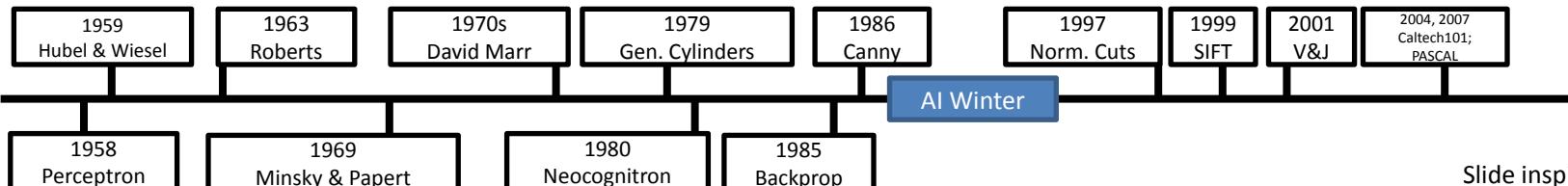
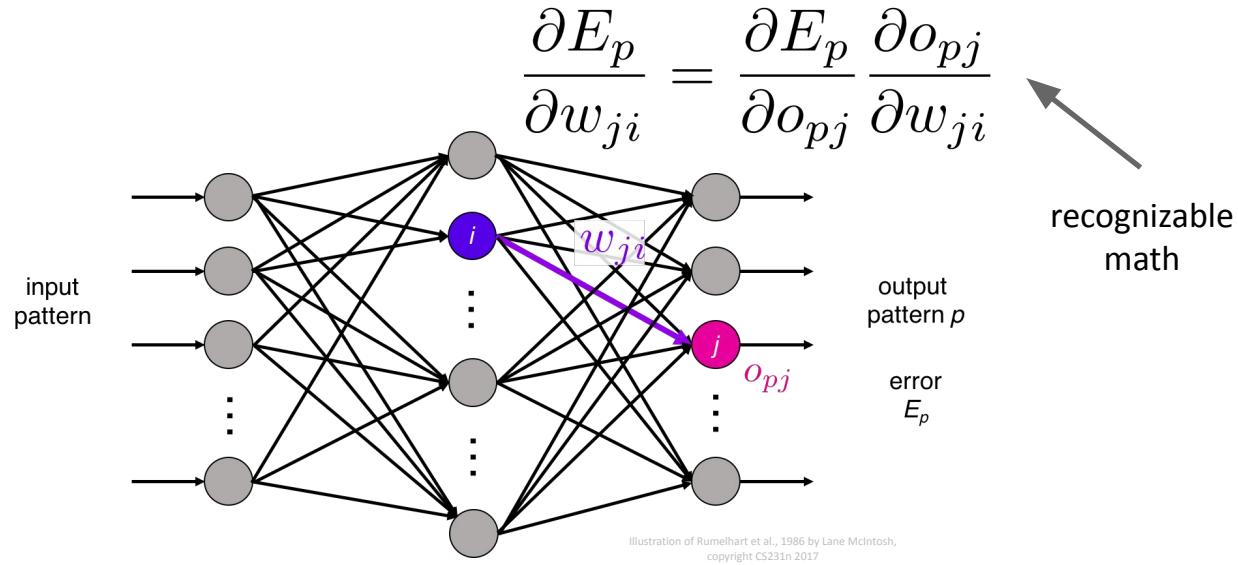
No practical training algorithm



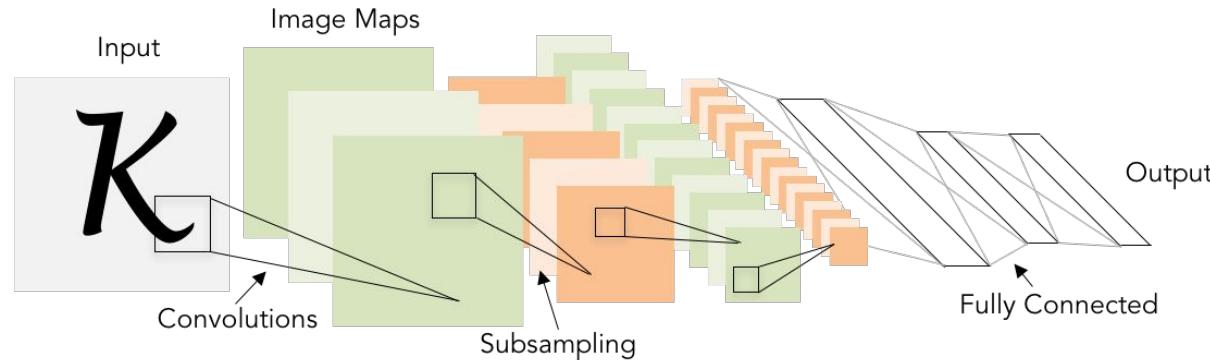
Backprop: Rumelhart, Hinton, and Williams, 1986

Introduced backpropagation for computing gradients in neural networks

Successfully trained perceptrons with multiple layers



Convolutional Networks: LeCun et al, 1998

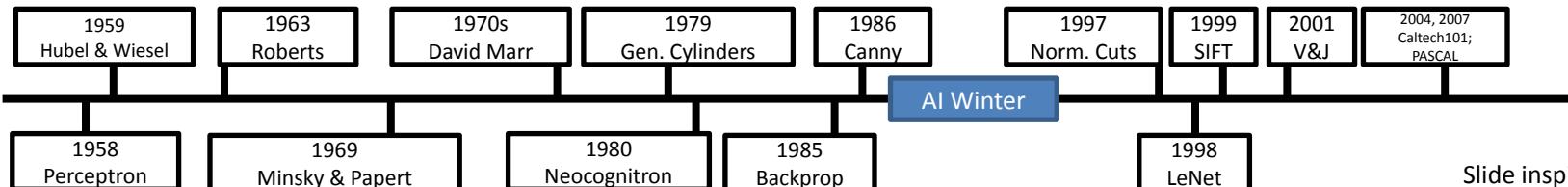


Applied backprop algorithm to a Neocognitron-like architecture

Learned to recognize handwritten digits

Was deployed in a commercial system by NEC, processed handwritten checks

Very similar to our modern convolutional networks!



Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

2000s: “Deep Learning”

People tried to train neural networks that were deeper and deeper

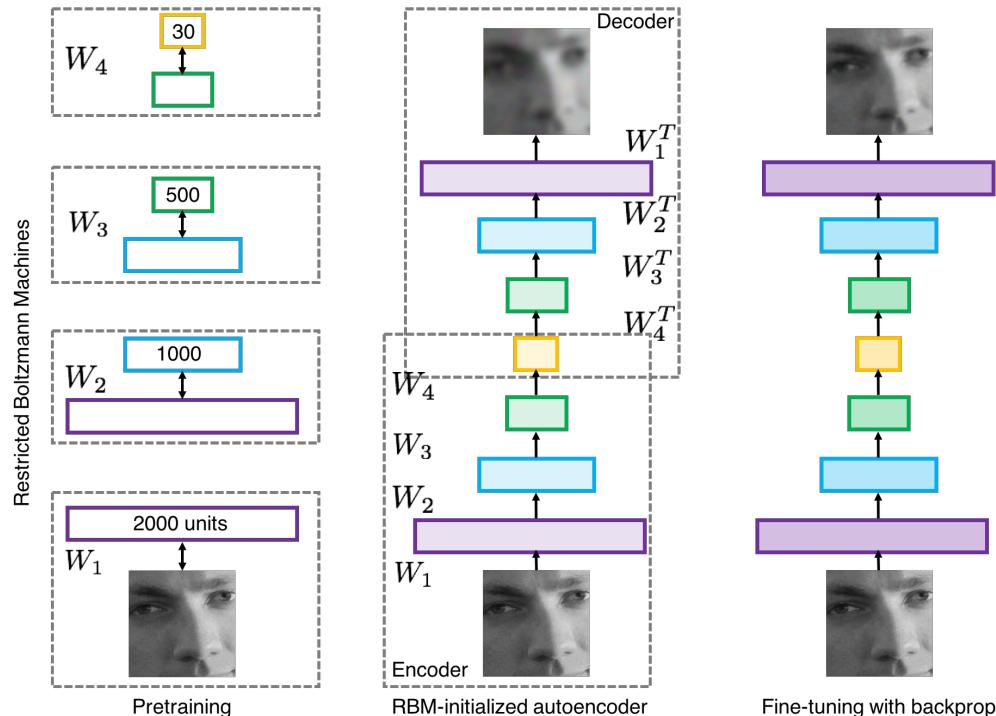
Not a mainstream research topic at this time

Hinton and Salakhutdinov, 2006

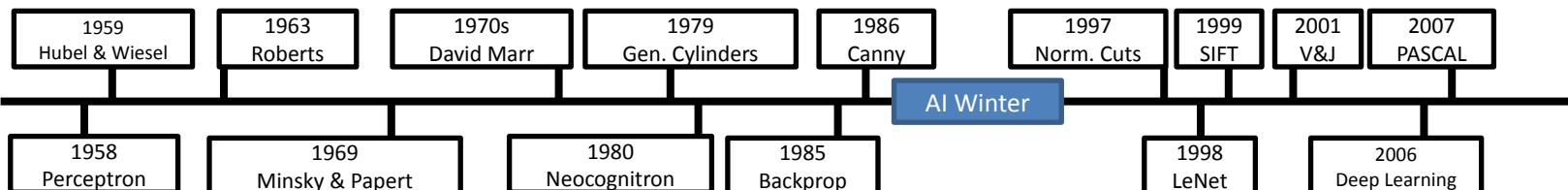
Bengio et al, 2007

Lee et al, 2009

Glorot and Bengio, 2010



Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson



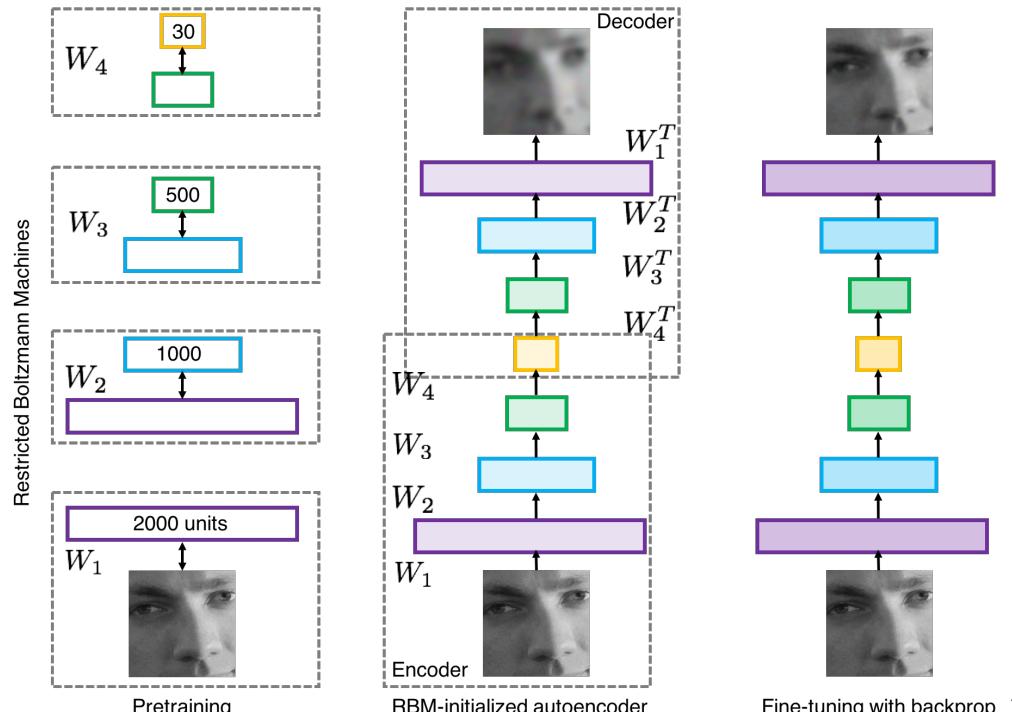
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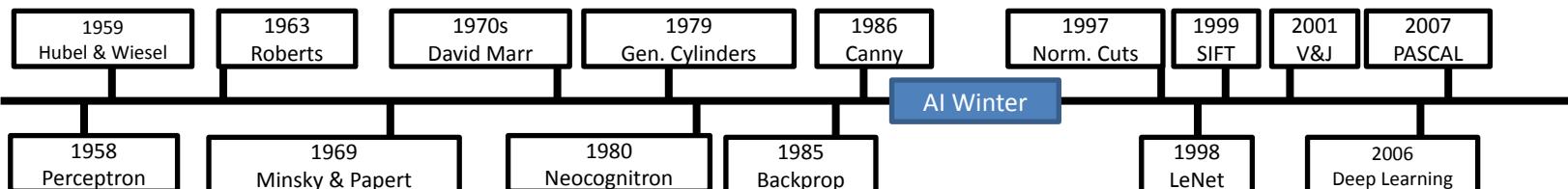
No good dataset to work on

Hinton and Salakhutdinov, 2006
Bengio et al, 2007
Lee et al, 2009
Glorot and Bengio, 2010



Fine-tuning with backprop

Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson



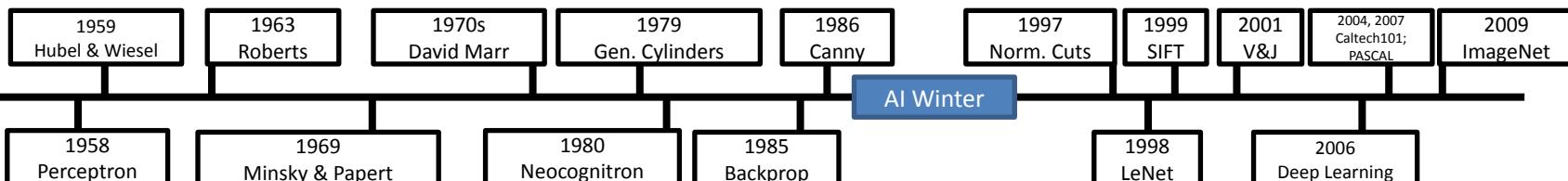
IMAGENET Large Scale Visual Recognition Challenge

The Image Classification Challenge:
1,000 object classes
1,431,167 images

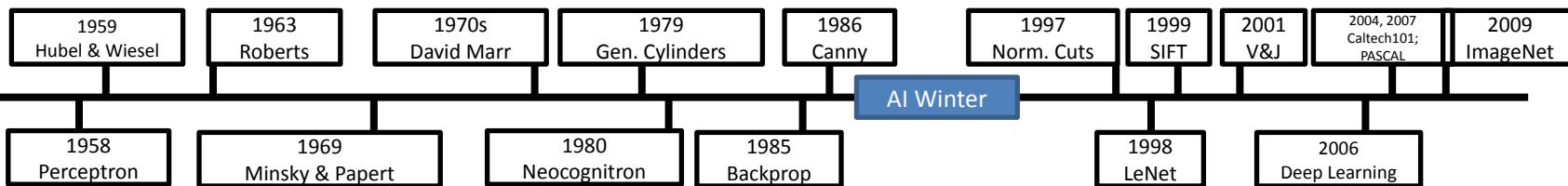
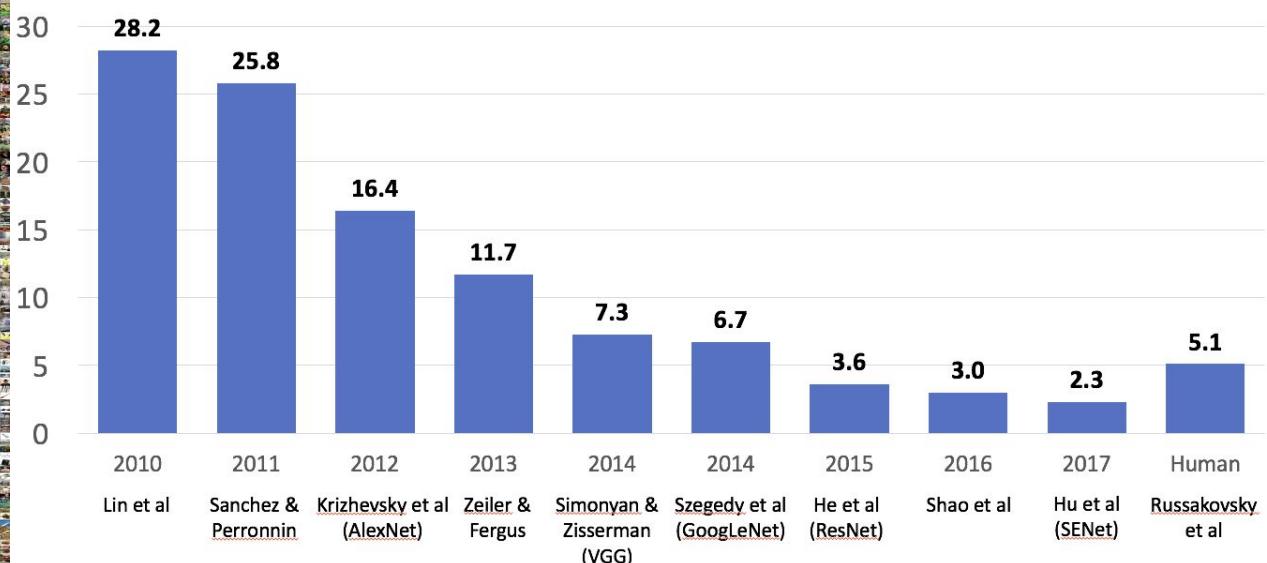


Output:
Scale
T-shirt
Steel drum
Drumstick
Mud turtle

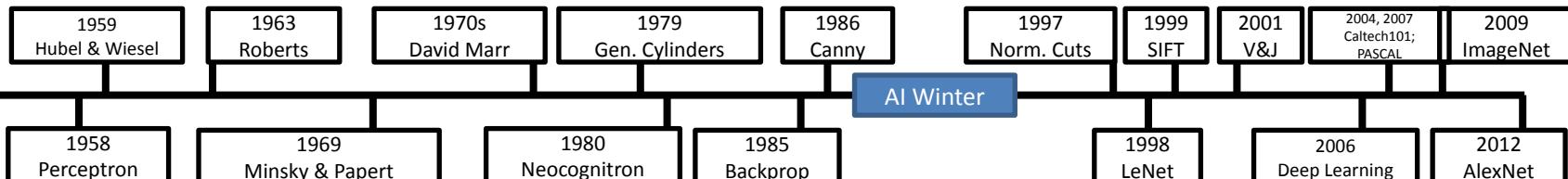
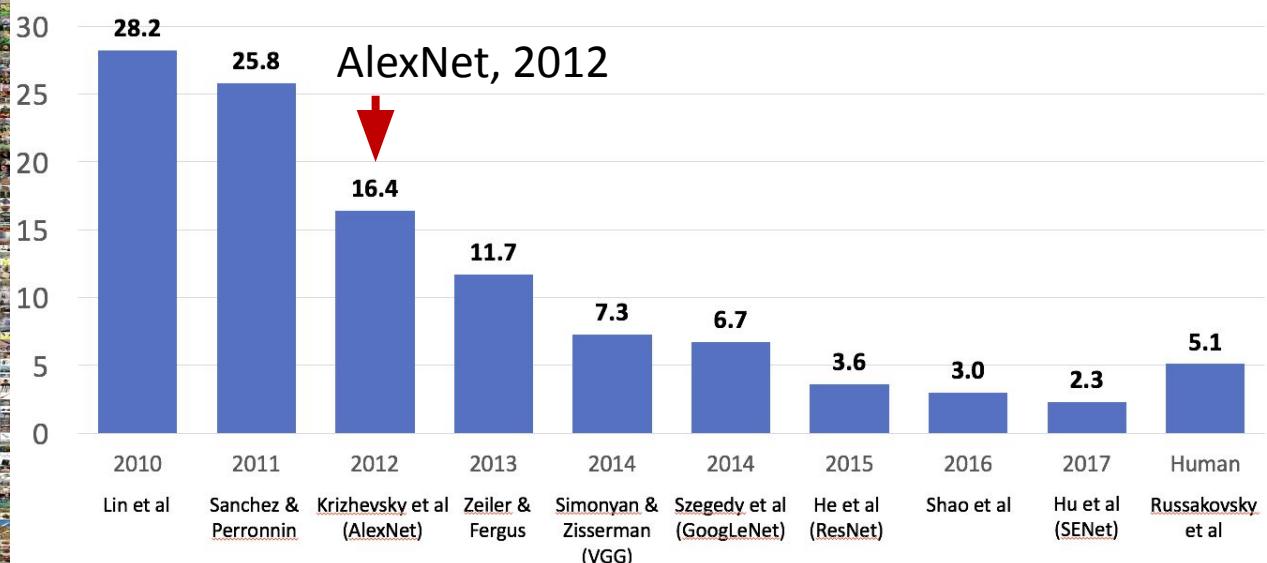
Deng et al, 2009
Russakovsky et al. IJCV 2015



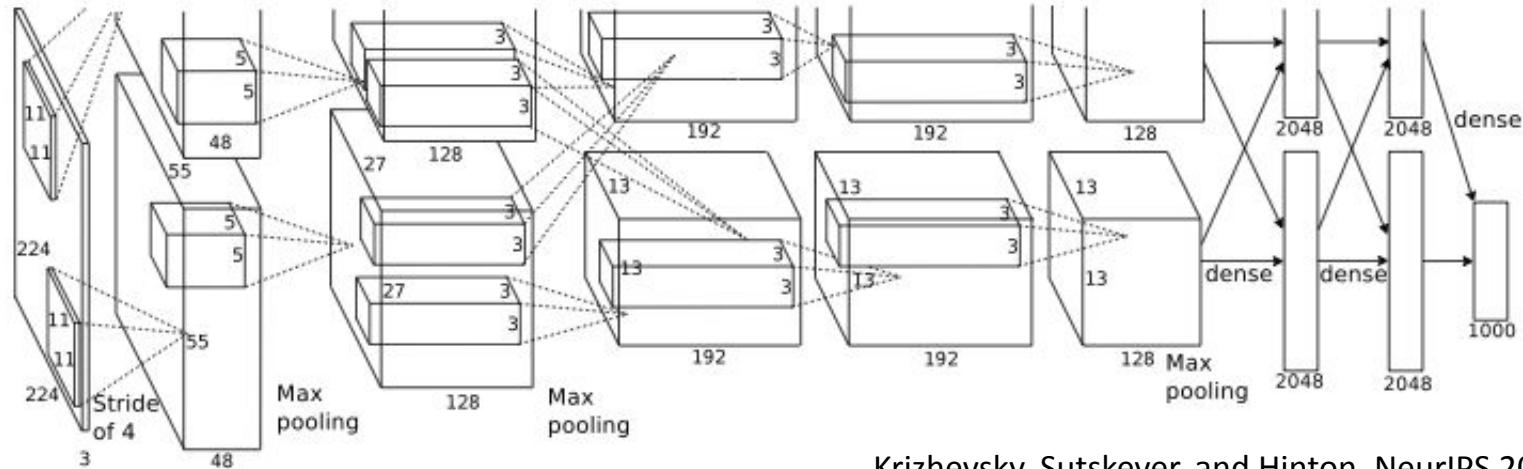
IMAGENET Large Scale Visual Recognition Challenge



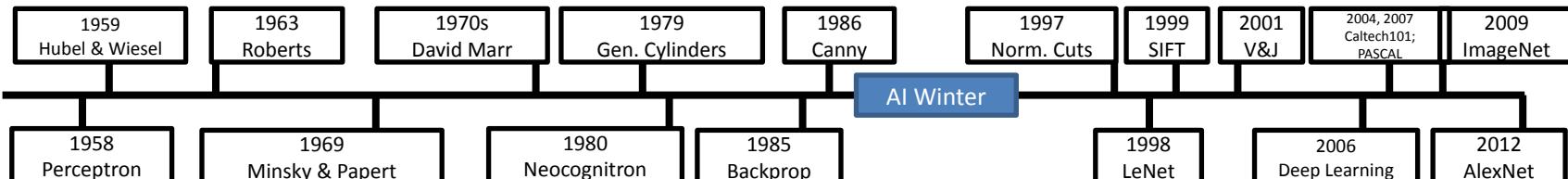
IMAGENET Large Scale Visual Recognition Challenge



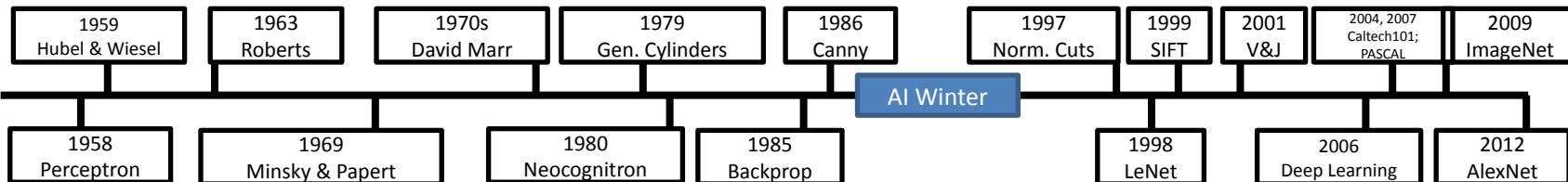
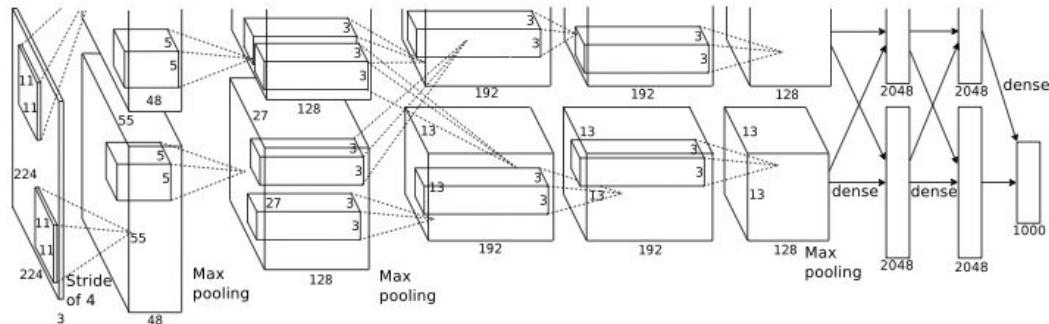
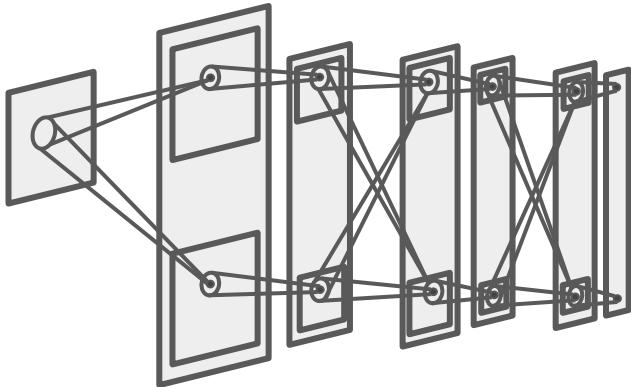
AlexNet: Deep Learning Goes Mainstream



Krizhevsky, Sutskever, and Hinton, NeurIPS 2012



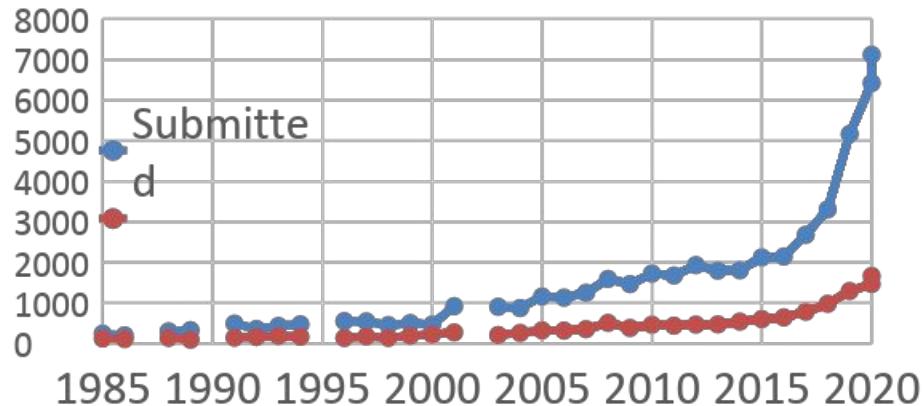
AlexNet vs. Neocognitron: 32 years apart



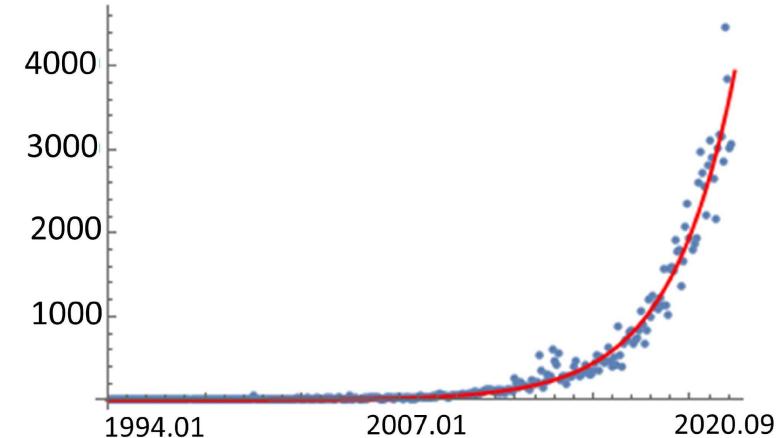
The AI winter thawed,
deep learning revolution arrived

2012 to Present: Deep Learning Explosion

CVPR Papers

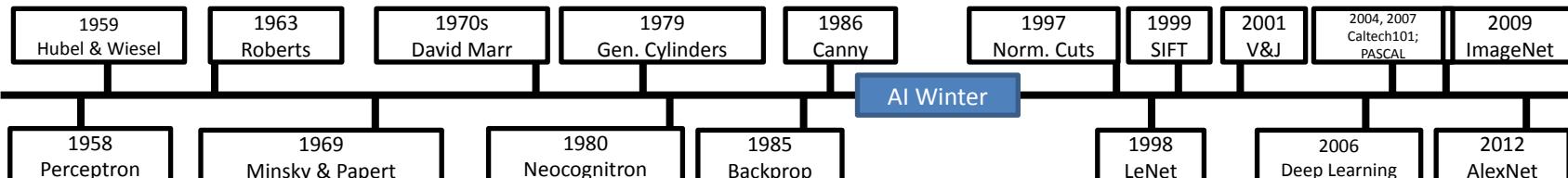


ML+AI arXiv papers per month



Publications at top Computer Vision conference

arXiv papers per month ([source](#))



2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere

Year 2010

NEC-UIUC



Dense descriptor grid:
HOG, LBP

Coding: local coordinate,
super-vector

Pooling, SPM

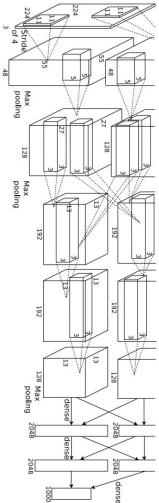
Linear SVM

[Lin CVPR 2011]

Lion image by Swissfrog
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Year 2012

SuperVision



[Krizhevsky NIPS 2012]

Figure copyright Alex Krizhevsky, Ilya Sutskever, and Geoffrey Hinton, 2012. Reproduced with permission.
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Year 2014

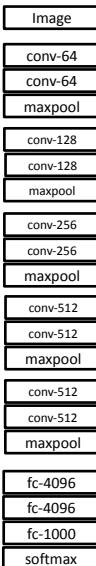
GoogLeNet

- Pooling
- Convolution
- Softmax
- Other



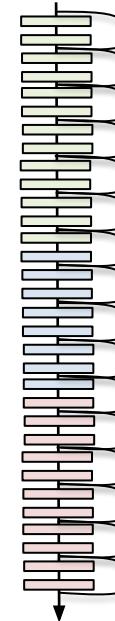
[Szegedy arxiv 2014] [Simonyan arxiv 2014]

VGG



Year 2015

MSRA



[He ICCV 2015]

2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere

Image Classification



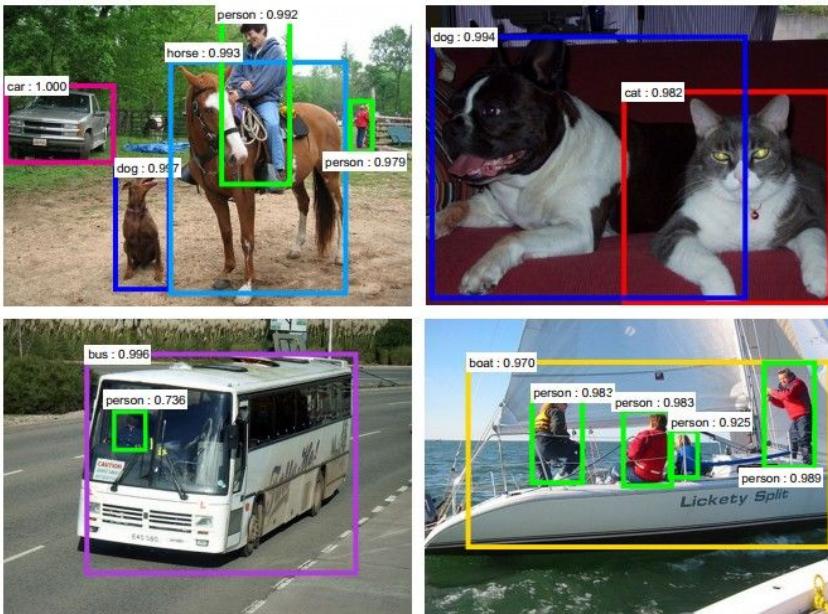
Image Retrieval



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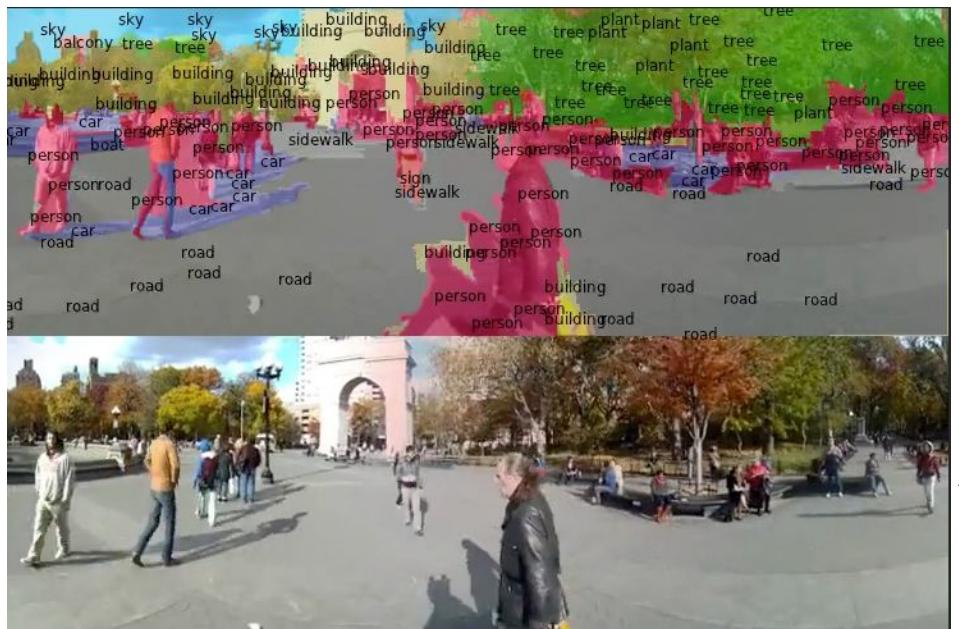
2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere

Object Detection



Ren, He, Girshick, and Sun, 2015

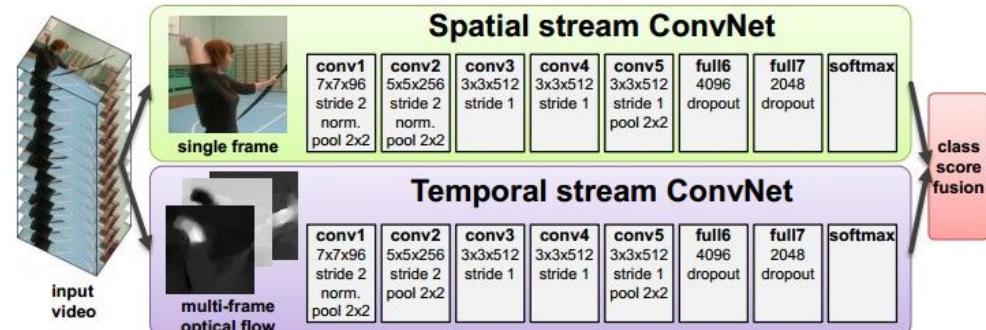
Image Segmentation



Fabaret et al, 2012

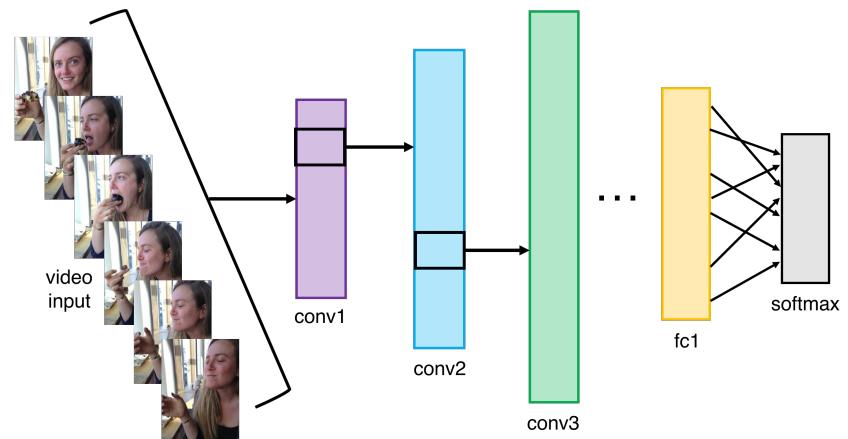
2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere

Video Classification



Simonyan et al, 2014

Activity Recognition

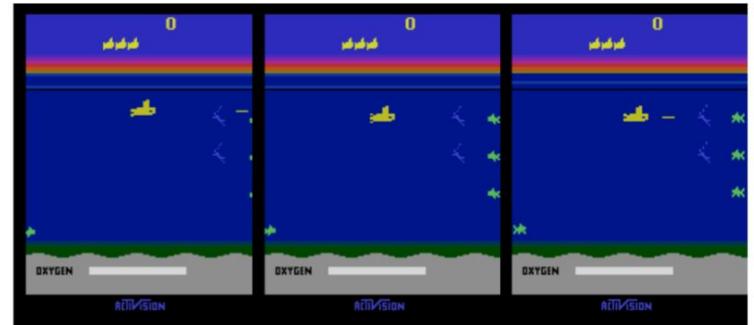
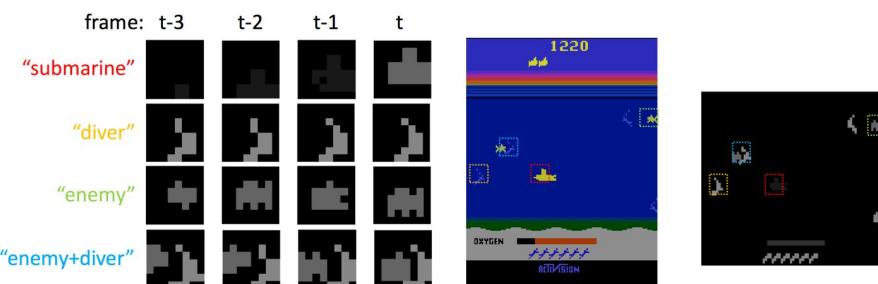


2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere

Pose Recognition (Toshev and Szegedy, 2014)

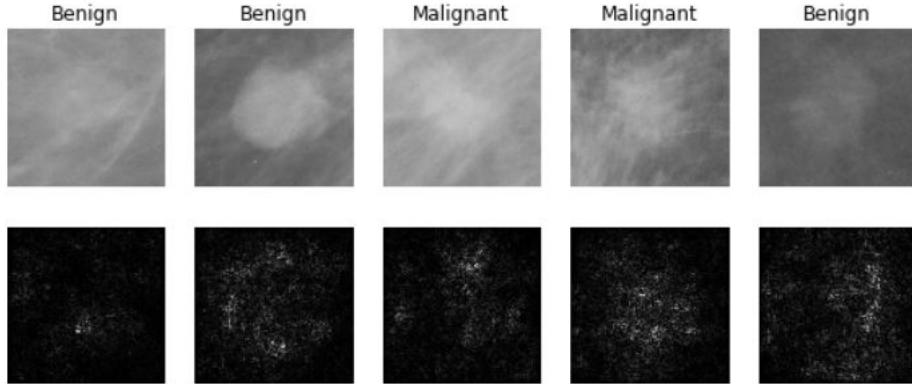


Playing Atari games (Guo et al, 2014)



2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere

Medical Imaging



Levy et al, 2016

Figure reproduced with permission

Whale recognition



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Galaxy Classification



Dieleman et al, 2014

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Kaggle Challenge

2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere

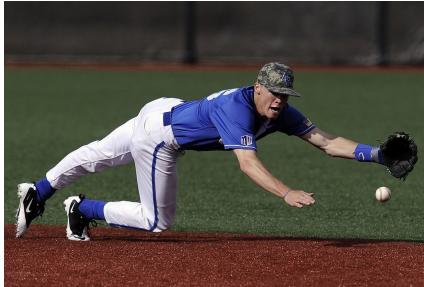


Image Captioning
Vinyals et al, 2015
Karpathy and Fei-Fei, 2015

A white teddy bear sitting in the grass

A man in a baseball uniform throwing a ball

A woman is holding a cat in her hand



A man riding a wave on top of a surfboard



A cat sitting on a suitcase on the floor

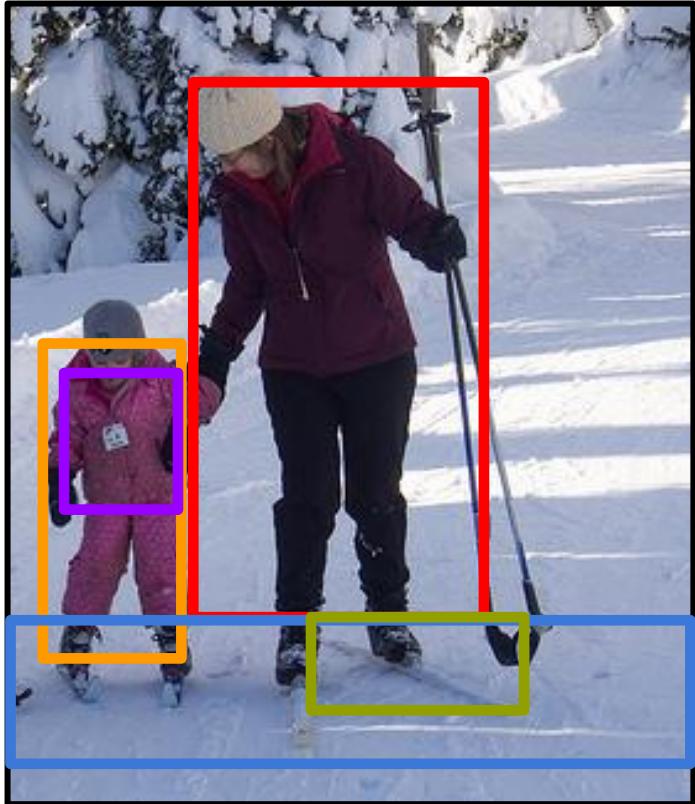


A woman standing on a beach holding a surfboard

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<https://pixabay.com/en/teedy-plush-bear-cute-teddy-bear-1623436/>
<https://pixabay.com/en/surf-wave-summer-sport-literal-1668716/>
<https://pixabay.com/en/woman-female-model-portrait-adult-983967/>
<https://pixabay.com/en/baseball-player-shortstop-infield-1045263/>

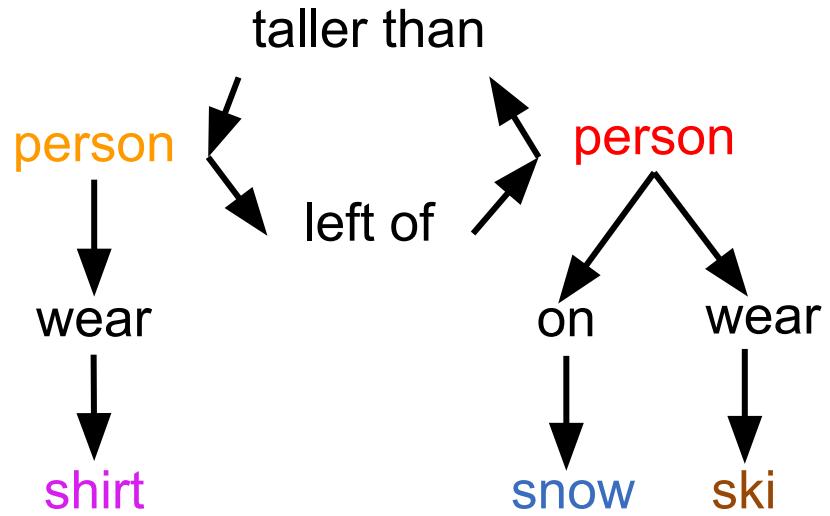
Captions generated by Justin Johnson using [Neuraltalk2](#)

2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere

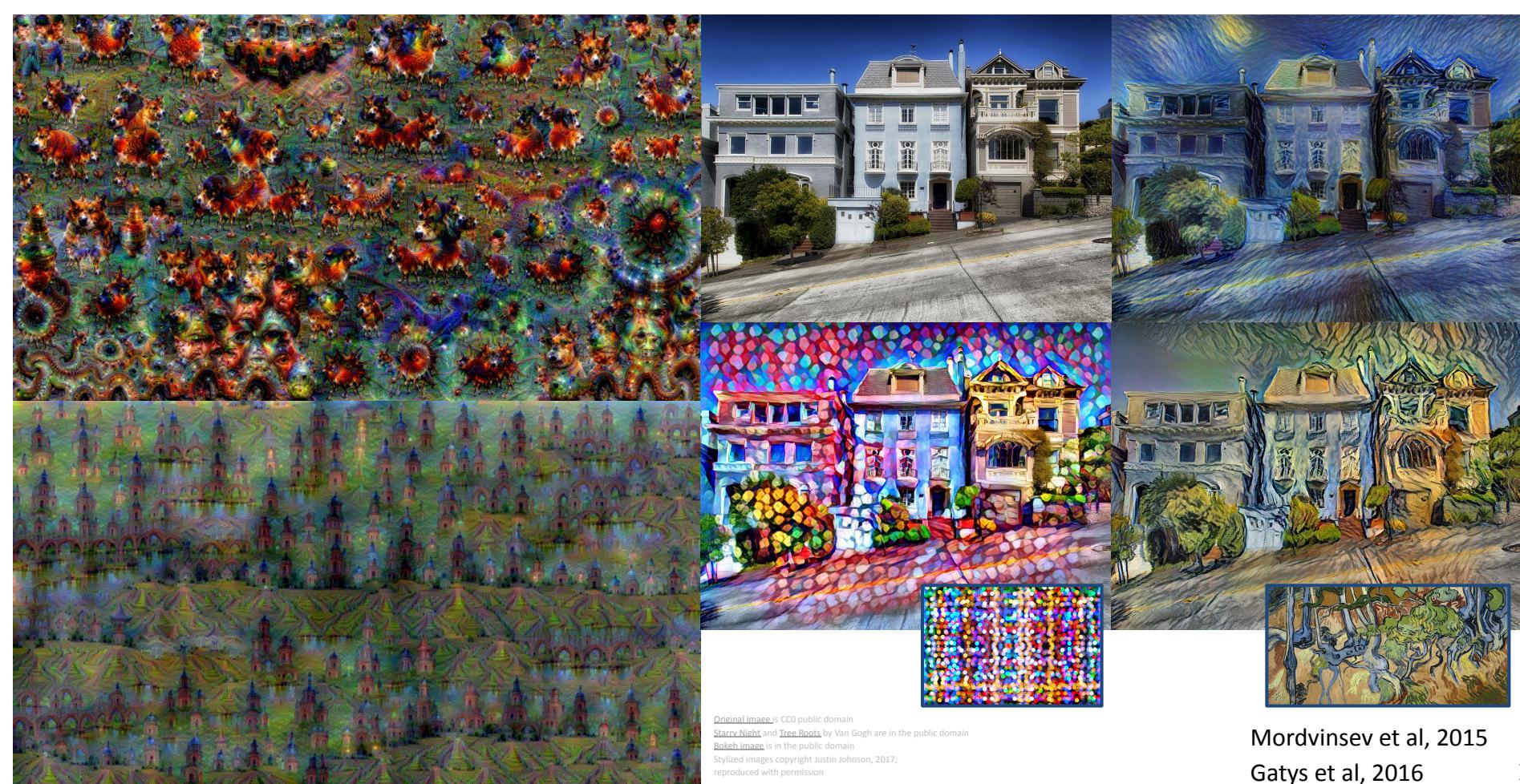


Results:

spatial, comparative, asymmetrical, verb,
prepositional



Krishna*, Lu*, Bernstein, Fei-Fei, ECCV 2016



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Starry Night and *Tree Roots* by Van Gogh are in the public domain
Bokeh Image is in the public domain
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Mordvinsev et al, 2015
Gatys et al, 2016

Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere

TEXT PROMPT

an armchair in the shape of an avocado. an armchair imitating an avocado.

AI-GENERATED IMAGES



Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

Ramesh et al., "DALL-E: Creating Images from Text", 2021. <https://openai.com/blog/dall-e/>

2012 to Present: Deep Learning is Everywhere

TEXT PROMPT

an armchair in the shape of a peach. an armchair imitating a peach.

AI-GENERATED IMAGES

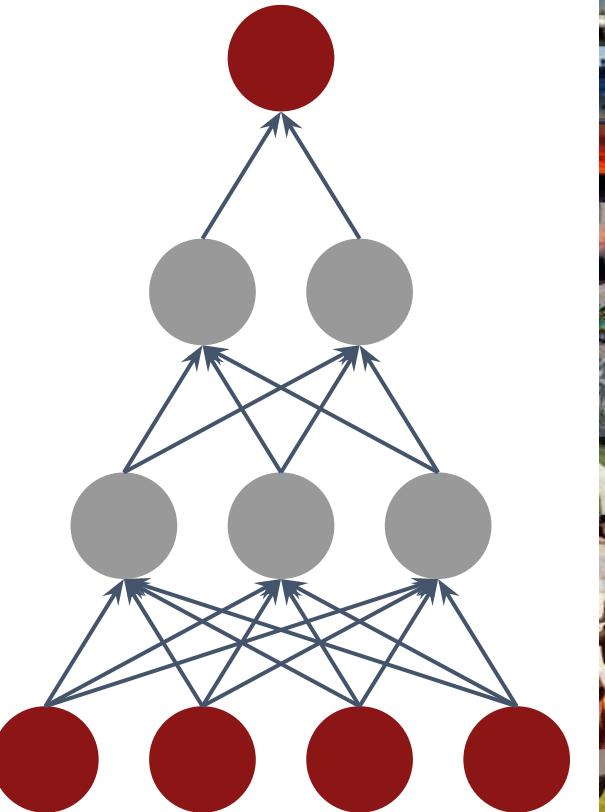


Slide inspiration: Justin Johnson

Ramesh et al., "DALL-E: Creating Images from Text", 2021. <https://openai.com/blog/dall-e/>



Computation



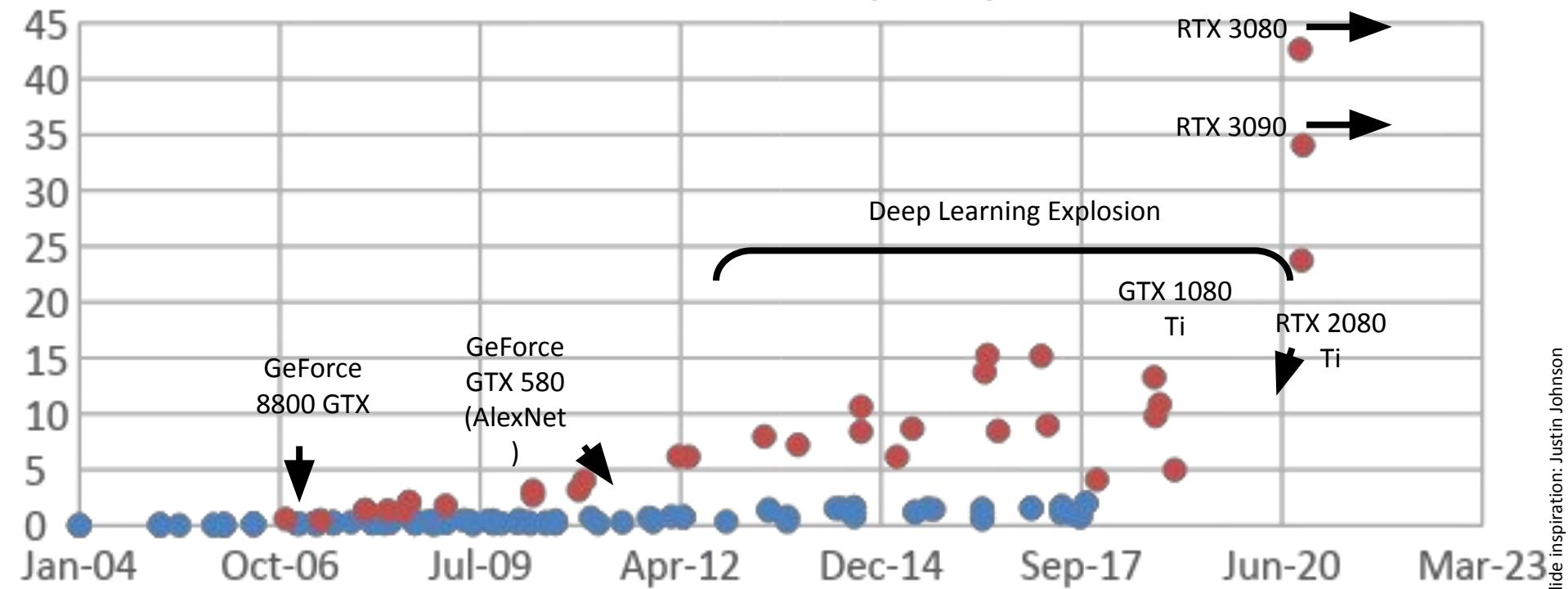
Algorithms



Data

GFLOP per Dollar

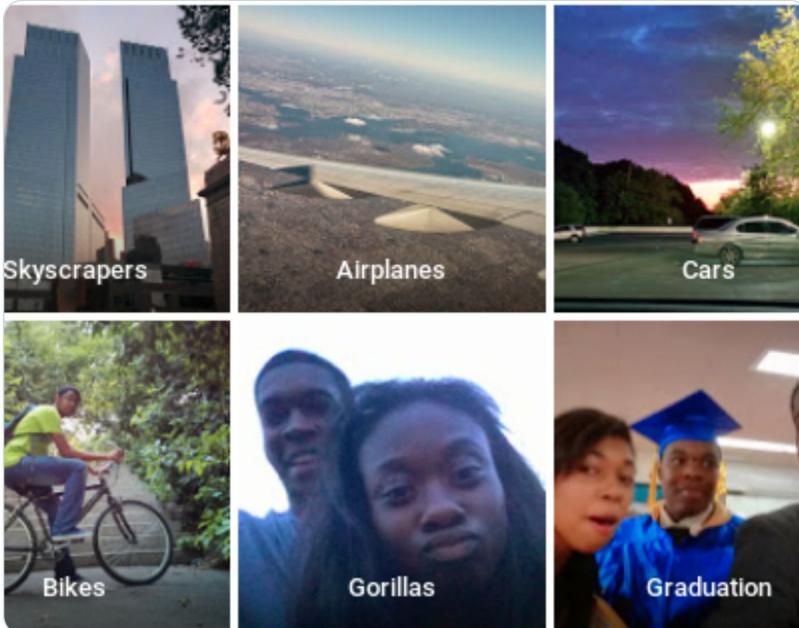
• CPU • GPU (FP32)



Despite the successes, computer vision still has a long way to go

Computer Vision Can Cause Harm

Harmful Stereotypes

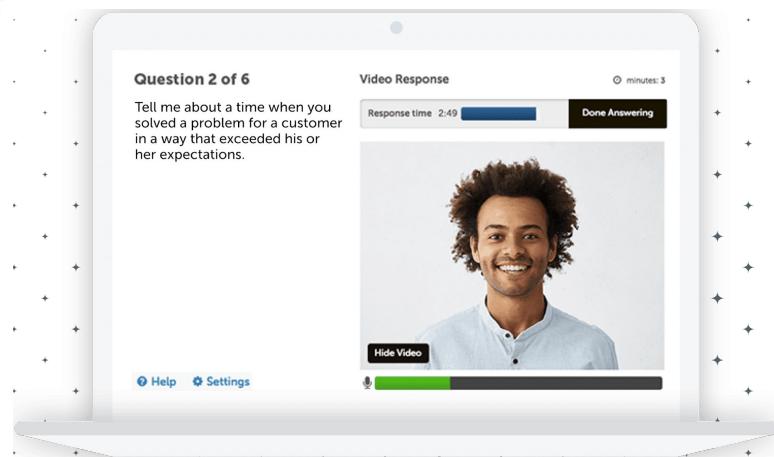


Affect people's lives

Technology

A face-scanning algorithm increasingly decides whether you deserve the job

HireVue claims it uses artificial intelligence to decide who's best for a job. Outside experts call it 'profoundly disturbing.'



Barocas et al, "The Problem With Bias: Allocative Versus Representational Harms in Machine Learning", SIGCIS 2017
Kate Crawford, "The Trouble with Bias", NeurIPS 2017 Keynote
Source: <https://twitter.com/jackyalcine/status/615329515909156865> (2015)

Source: <https://www.washingtonpost.com/technology/2019/10/22/ai-hiring-face-scanning-algorithm-increasingly-decides-whether-you-deserve-job/>
<https://www.hirevue.com/platform/online-video-interviewing-software>

Example Credit: Timnit Gebru

Computer Vision Can Save Lives

How to take care of seniors
while keeping them safe?



Early Symptom Detection
of COVID-19



Monitor Patients with
Mild Symptoms



Manage Chronic Conditions



CS231n: Deep Learning for Computer Vision

Lecture 1 - Overview

There are many visual recognition problems that are related to image classification, such as object detection, image captioning, image segmentation, visual question answering, visual instruction navigation, video understanding, etc.

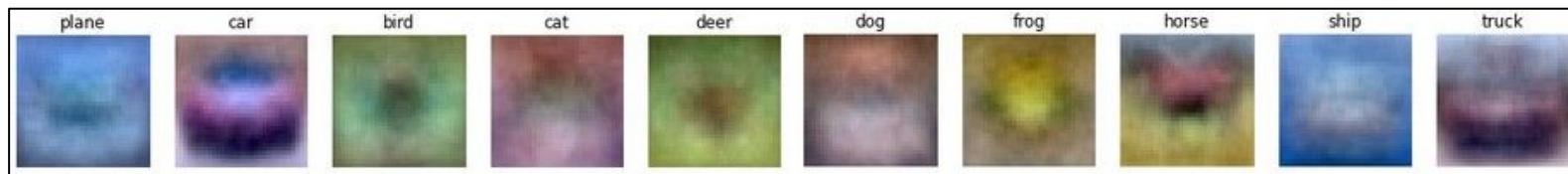
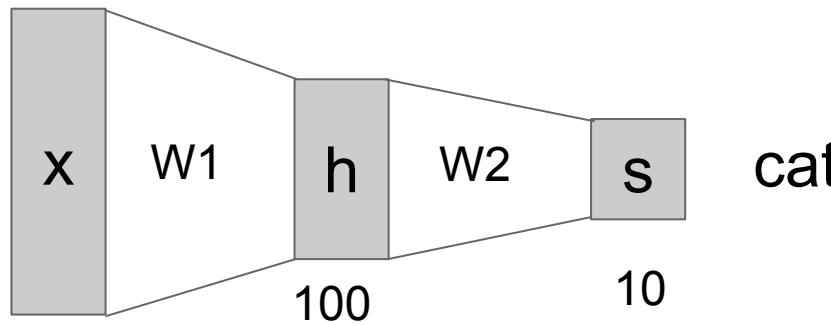
Deep Learning for Computer Vision

Hierarchical computing systems with many “layers”, that are very loosely inspired by Neuroscience

Neural Networks



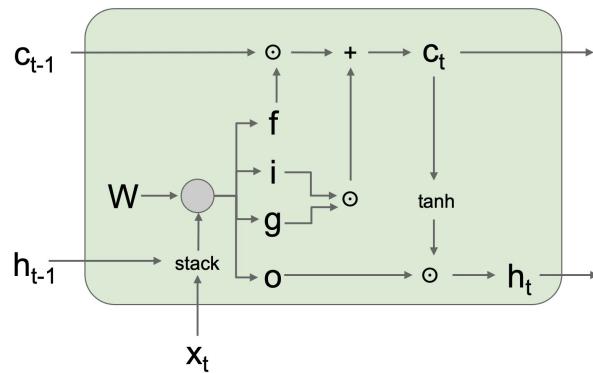
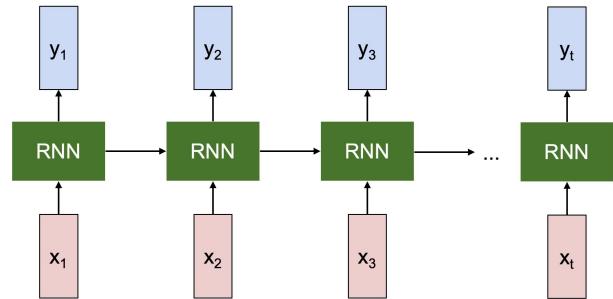
3072



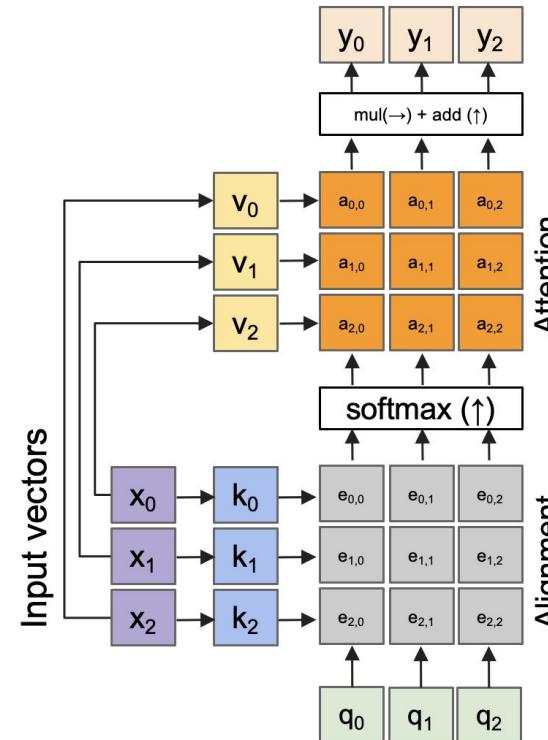
Convolutional Neural Networks for Visual Recognition

A class of Neural Networks that have become an important tool for visual recognition

Beyond Convolutional Neural Networks



Recurrent neural network



Attention mechanism / Transformers

Beyond Image Classification

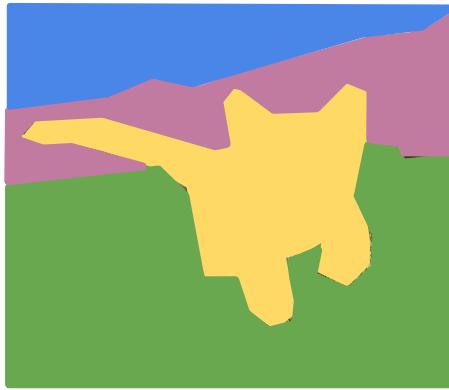
Classification



CAT

No spatial extent

Semantic Segmentation



GRASS, CAT,
TREE, SKY

No objects, just pixels

Object Detection



DOG, DOG, CAT

Multiple Object

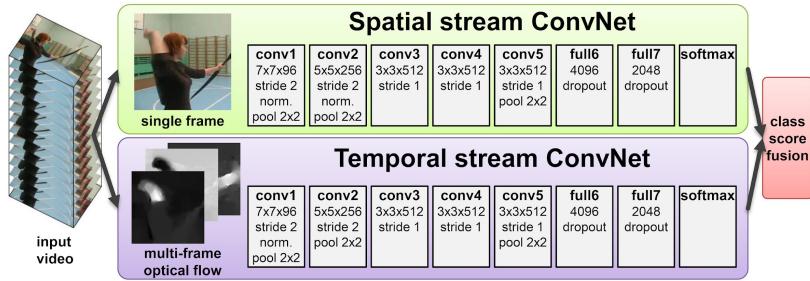
Instance Segmentation



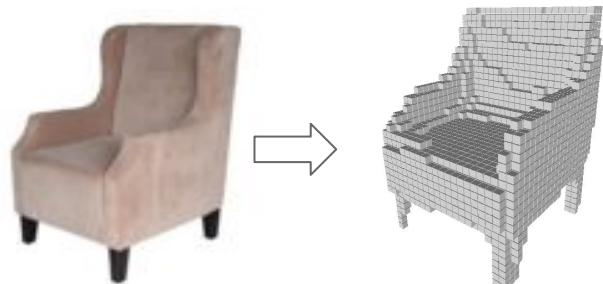
DOG, DOG, CAT

This image is CC0 public domain

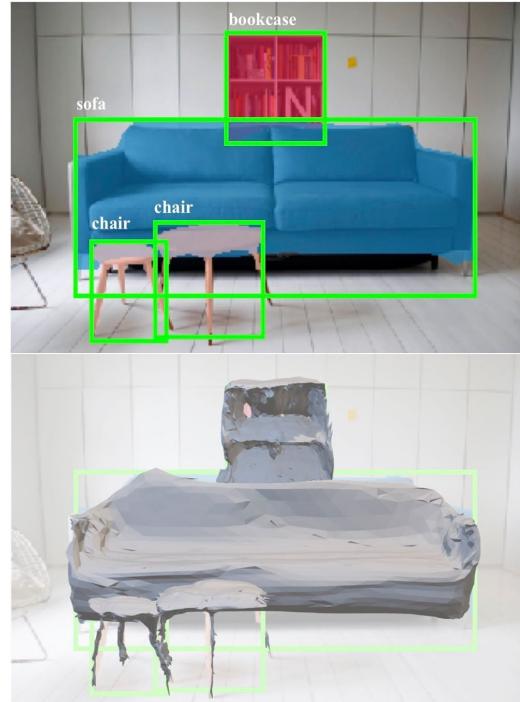
Beyond 2D Images



Simonyan and Zisserman, “Two-stream convolutional networks for action recognition in videos”, NeurIPS 2014

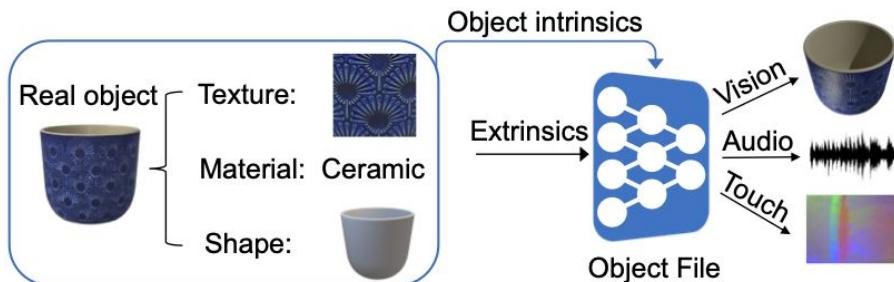


Choy et al., 3D-R2N2: Recurrent Reconstruction Neural Network (2016)

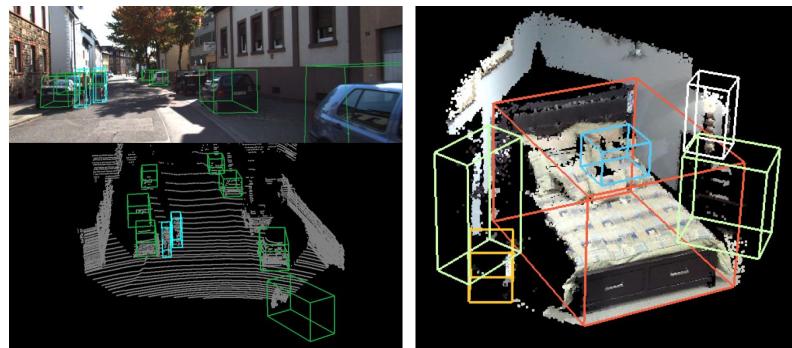


Gkioxari et al., “Mesh R-CNN”, ICCV 2019

Beyond Vision



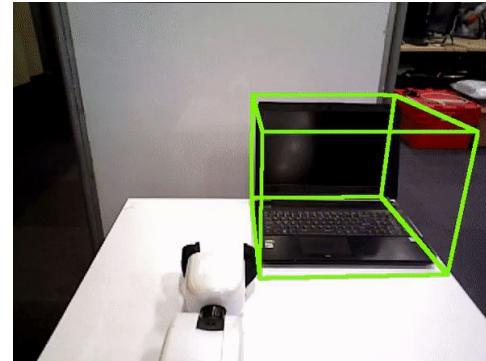
Gao et al., ObjectFolder 2.0: A Multisensory Object Dataset for Sim2Real Transfer (2022)



Xu et al., PointFusion: Deep Sensor Fusion for 3D Bounding Box Estimation (2018)



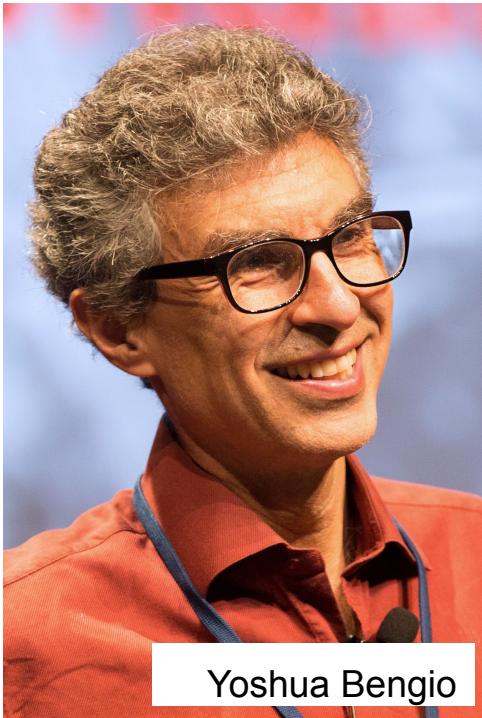
Mandlekar and Xu et al., Learning to Generalize Across Long-Horizon Tasks from Human Demonstrations (2020)



Wang et al., 6-PACK: Category-level 6D Pose Tracker with Anchor-Based Keypoints (2020)

2018 Turing Award for deep learning

most prestigious technical award, is given for major contributions of lasting importance to computing.



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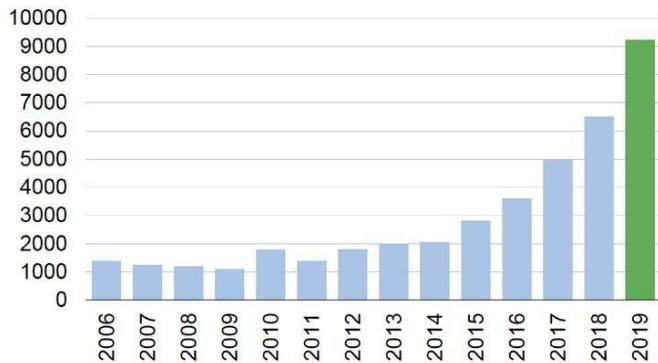
[This image is CC0 public domain](#)

CVPR 2019

Long Beach, CA
June 16th - June 20th



CVPR Attendance Trend



>8k submissions, 2,067 accepted papers

Optional textbook resources

- [Deep Learning](#)
 - by Goodfellow, Bengio, and Courville
 - Here is a [free version](#)
- Mathematics of deep learning
 - Chapters 5, 6 7 are useful to understand vector calculus and continuous optimization
 - [Free online version](#)
- Dive into deep learning
 - An interactive deep learning book with code, math, and discussions, based on the NumPy interface.
 - [Free online version](#)

Syllabus

Deep Learning Basics

Data-driven learning
Linear classification & kNN
Loss functions
Optimization
Backpropagation
Multi-layer perceptrons
Neural Networks

Convolutional Neural Networks

Convolutions
PyTorch / TensorFlow
Activation functions
Batch normalization
Transfer learning
Data augmentation
Momentum / RMSProp / Adam
Architecture design

Computer Vision Applications

RNNs / Attention / Transformers
Image captioning
Object detection and segmentation
Style transfer
Video understanding
Generative models
Self-supervised learning
3D vision
Human-centered AI
Fairness & ethics

