

Lecture 11: Generative AI

https://github.com/kaopanboonyuen/SC310005_ArtificialIntelligence_2025s1

Teerapong Panboonyuen
<https://kaopanboonyuen.github.io>

Reference

- <https://huggingface.co/models>
- <https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/deep-learning/transformers-library/>
- <https://arxiv.org/pdf/1706.03762>
- <https://research.google/blog/transformer-a-novel-neural-network-architecture-for-language-understanding/>
- <https://openai.com/>
- <https://gemini.google.com/>



What is Generative AI?

- AI that **creates** new content instead of just predicting.
- Examples: **Images, Text, Music, 3D, Chatbots**
- Powered by **neural networks** like GANs, Diffusion, Transformers.

Attention Is All You Need

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Attention Visualizations

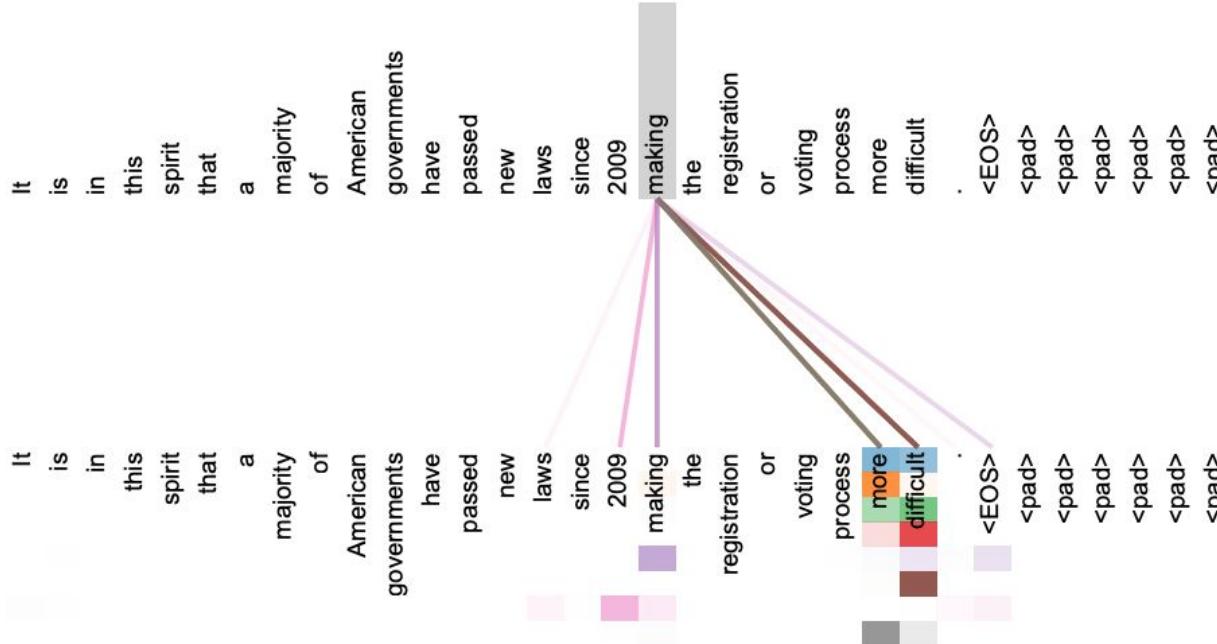


Figure 3: An example of the attention mechanism following long-distance dependencies in the encoder self-attention in layer 5 of 6. Many of the attention heads attend to a distant dependency of the verb ‘making’, completing the phrase ‘making...more difficult’. Attentions here shown only for the word ‘making’. Different colors represent different heads. Best viewed in color.



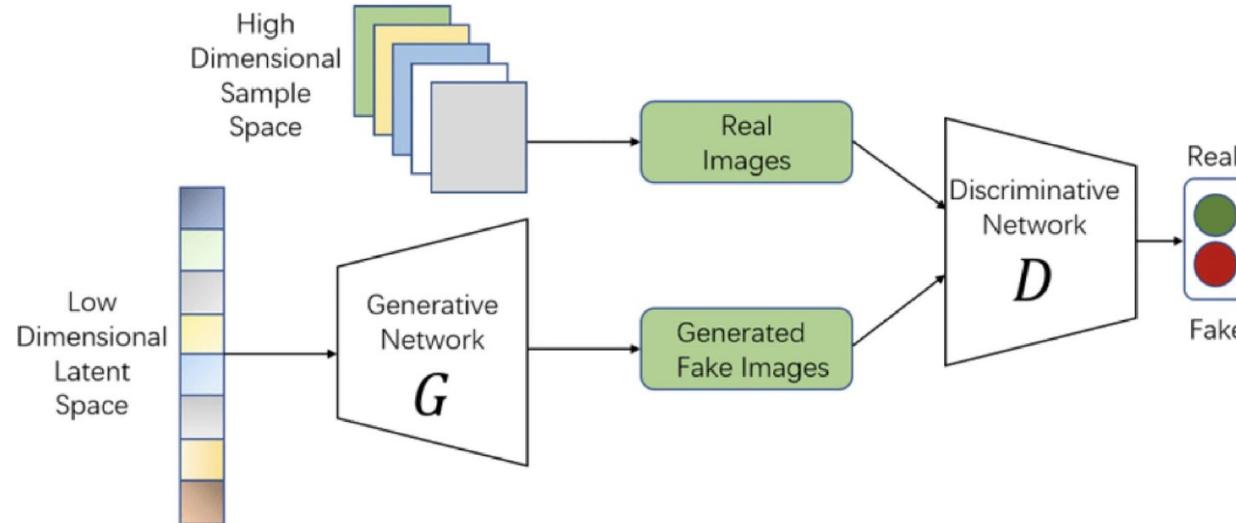
GANs — Generative Adversarial Networks

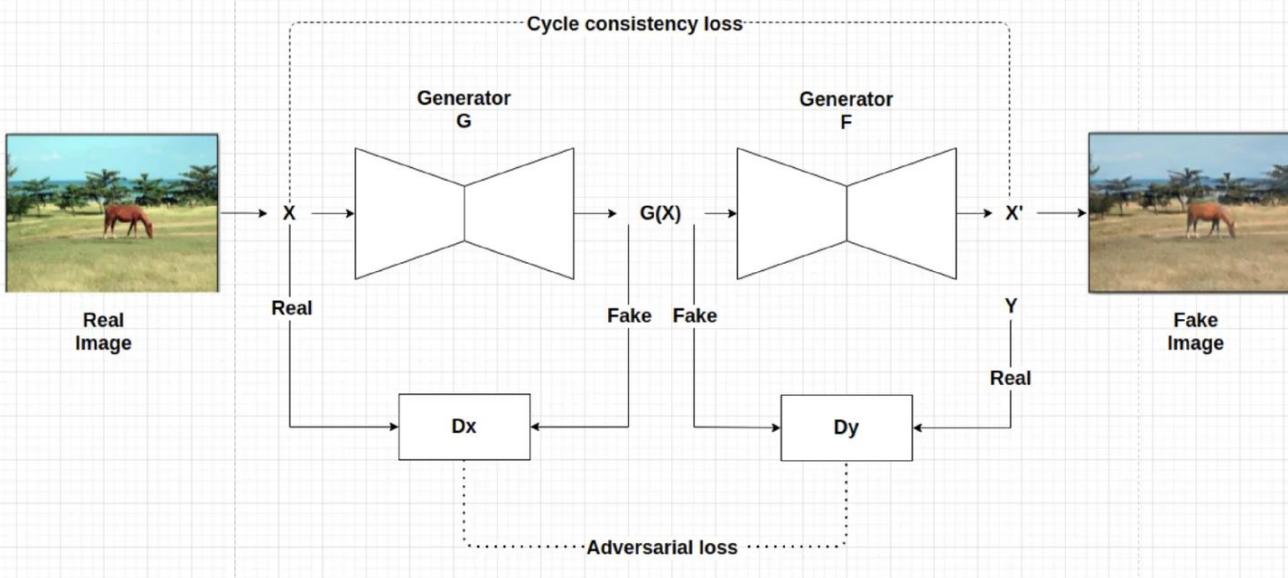
- Two networks compete:
 - Generator 🎨 : Creates fake data.
 - Discriminator 🔎 : Detects real vs fake.
 - Like art student vs art teacher 🎨Painter
- 👉 Example: Generate handwritten digits (MNIST)

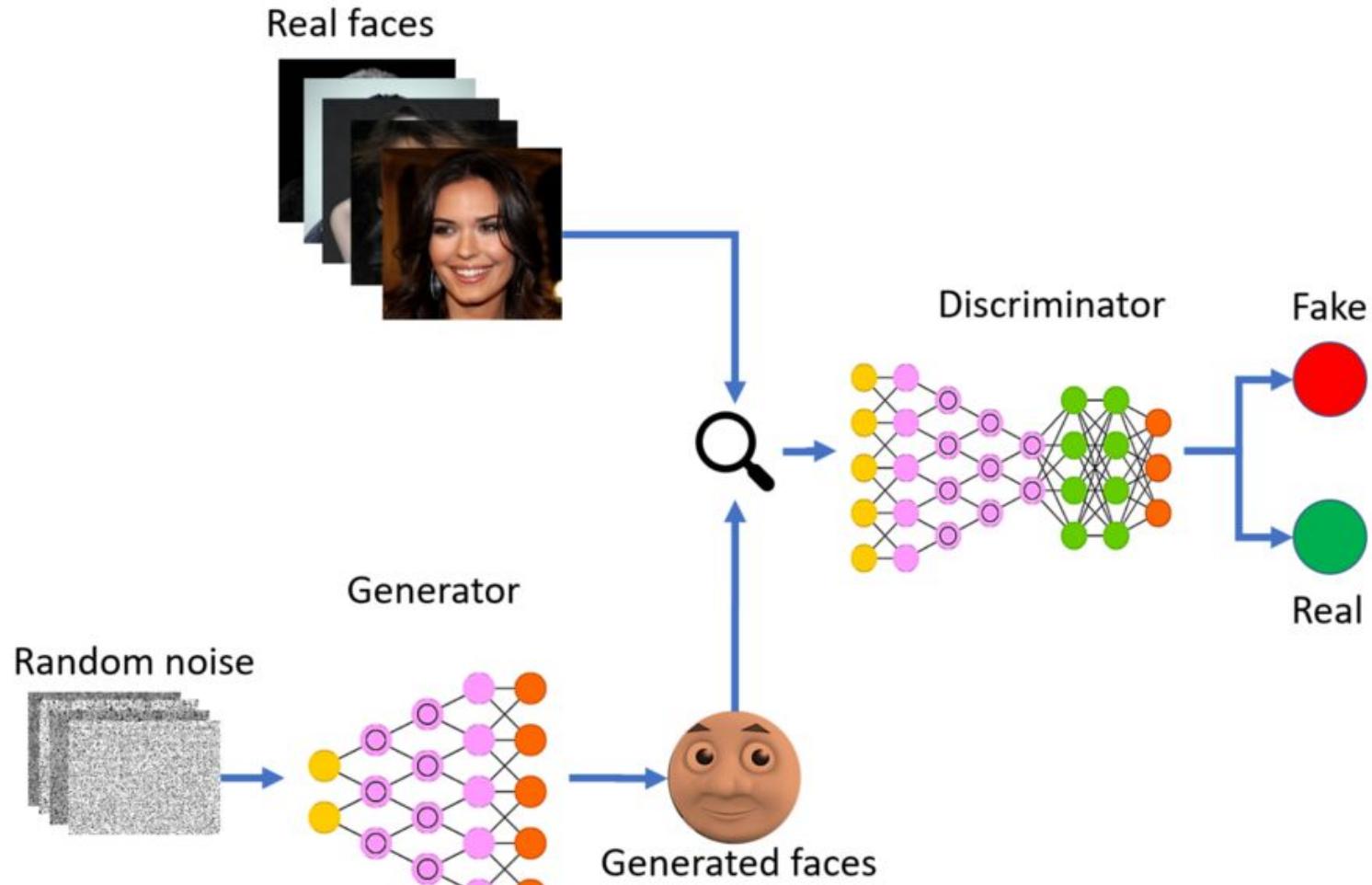
```
plt.imshow(fake_imgs[0].cpu().view(28,28), cmap="gray")
plt.title("🖼️ GAN-generated digit")
```



XENONSTACK









All faces apart from one were imagined by GAN (generative adversarial network) StyleGAN2 (Karras et al, [arXiv:1912.04958](https://arxiv.org/abs/1912.04958)) and retrieved from <https://thispersondoesnotexist.com/>

1 GANs (Generative Adversarial Networks)

Goal: Generator G creates fake data that fools Discriminator D .

Math (simplified):

$$\min_G \max_D V(D, G) = \mathbb{E}_{x \sim p_{\text{data}}} [\log D(x)] + \mathbb{E}_{z \sim p_z} [\log(1 - D(G(z)))]$$

- x = real data
- z = random noise
- $D(x)$ = probability real
- $G(z)$ = fake data

Intuition:

- D = "judge" → try to detect real/fake
- G = "artist" → try to fool judge
- They play a **minimax game** until G generates realistic samples 



Modern GAN – StyleGAN2

- Can generate photorealistic faces 🧑‍🦰🧓
- Trained on **FFHQ dataset** (Flickr-Faces-HQ)

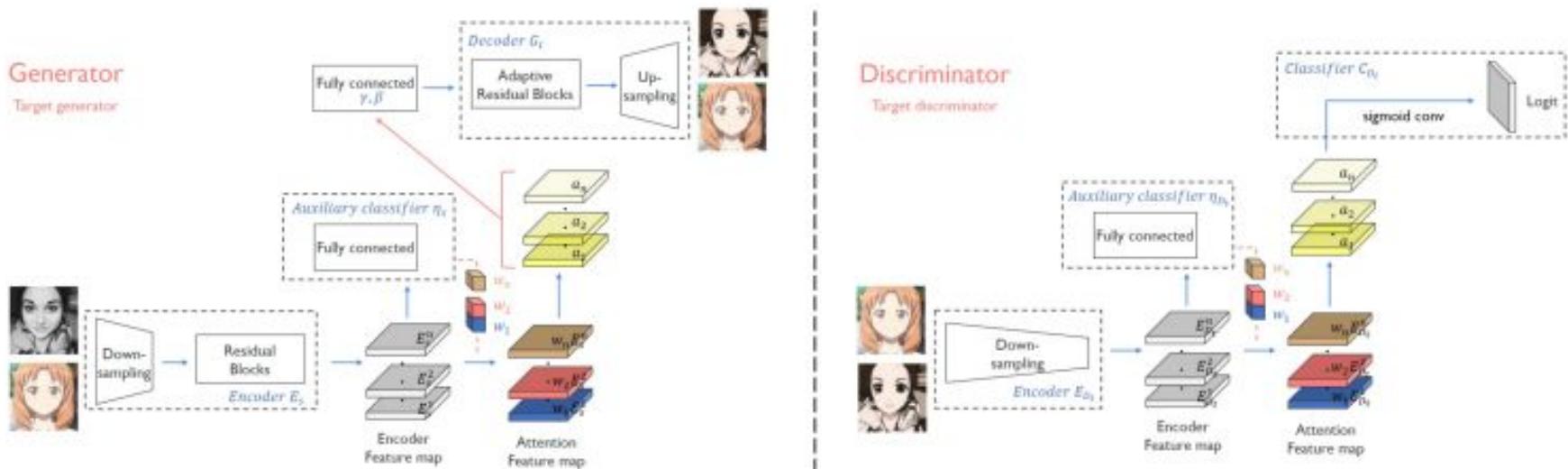
👉 Example: Generate a human-like face

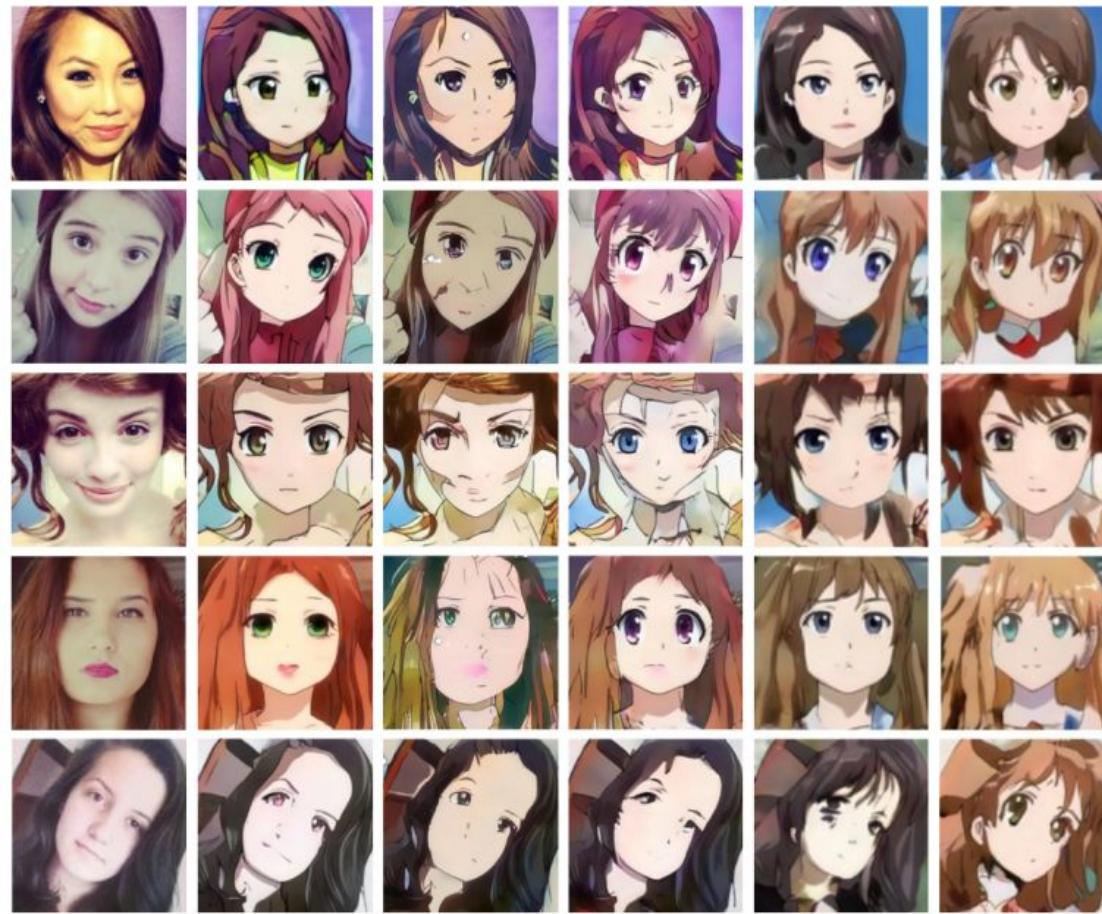
```
sample = model.generate_images(num=1)
Image.open(sample[0]).resize((256,256))
```



Other GAN Model Ideas

Task	Model	Output
Cartoon	cartoonGAN	Anime-like
Face Aging	photo2cartoon	Add age to faces
Style Transfer	stylegan	Picasso, Van Gogh, etc.
Pix2Pix	Custom	Maps → Satellite, Sketch → Photo







Diffusion Models (Stable Diffusion)

- Add **noise** to an image, then **denoise** step by step
- Great for **text-to-image**

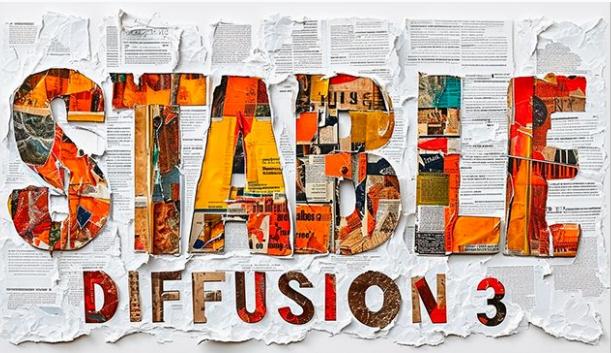
👉 Example:

Prompt: "A magical castle in the sky, fantasy art

```
image = pipe(prompt).images[0]
image.show()
```

<https://stability.ai/news/stable-diffusion-3>







💡 What is Stable Diffusion?

- Stable Diffusion is a **deep generative model** based on **diffusion processes**.
- It generates high-quality images from text prompts or modifies existing images.

How it works (simplified):

1. Start with **pure noise** (random pixels).
2. A neural network (U-Net + Transformer) **gradually denoises** the image step by step.
3. Conditioning on text (via CLIP / text encoder) guides the denoising → image matches the description.

Key Features:

- 📸 Text → Image: "A cat wearing sunglasses"
- 🖼 Image → Image: apply style transfer, inpainting, or super-resolution
- ⚡ Efficient: Runs on consumer GPUs (optimized with latent diffusion)
- 🌐 Open-source: Hugely popular, community-driven, with many fine-tuned variants



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stabilityai/stable-diffusion-3-medium



like

4.83k

Follow

Stability AI

30k

Text-to-Image

Diffusion Single File

English

stable-diffusion

arxiv:2403.03206

License: stabilityai-ai-community

Model card

Files and versions

xet

Community 217



Deploy

Use this model

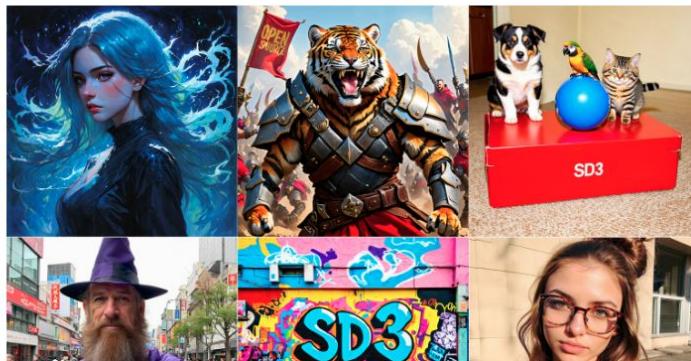
You need to agree to share your contact information to access this model

This repository is publicly accessible, but you have to accept the conditions to access its files and content.

By clicking "Agree", you agree to the [License Agreement](#) and acknowledge Stability AI's [Privacy Policy](#).

Log in or Sign Up to review the conditions and access this model content.

Stable Diffusion 3 Medium

Downloads last month
11,888

Inference Providers NEW

fal

Text-to-Image

Your sentence here...

Generate

</> View Code Snippets

Maximize

Model tree for stabilityai/stable-diffusion-3-medium

Adapters

67 models

Finetunes

7 models

Quantizations

4 models

Spaces using stabilityai/stable-diffusion-3-medium 100

stabilityai/stable-diffusion-3-medium

jasperai/flash-sd3

alfredplp/sd3-with-LLM

madebyollin/sd3-with-taesd3-previews

jblilcke-hf/OmniAvatar

fffiloni/Stand-In

aipicasso/emi-3

rphrp1985/stable-diffusion-3-medium

jblilcke-hf/ReCamMaster

Kunbyte/Lumen

kasper-boy/Transform_Ordinary_Photos_into_Extraordinary_Art

hf-demo-linux/sili

+ 88 Spaces

2 Diffusion Models

Goal: Learn to denoise data step by step.

Forward process (add noise):

$$q(x_t|x_{t-1}) = \mathcal{N}(x_t; \sqrt{1 - \beta_t}x_{t-1}, \beta_t I)$$

Reverse process (denoise using neural network):

$$p_\theta(x_{t-1}|x_t) = \mathcal{N}(x_{t-1}; \mu_\theta(x_t, t), \Sigma_\theta(x_t, t))$$

Intuition:

- Start from noise → denoise step by step → get realistic image 
- Network predicts mean μ_θ of clean image

3 Transformers (Self-Attention)

Attention formula:

$$\text{Attention}(Q, K, V) = \text{softmax}\left(\frac{QK^\top}{\sqrt{d_k}}\right)V$$

- Q, K, V = queries, keys, values (vectors)
- Compute **weighted sum** of values → network “focuses” on important words/tokens

Intuition:

- Words attend to other words in the sequence
- Enables GPT to generate coherent text 🎉

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Self-Attention Explained with Example

Sentence:

"The cat sat on the mat"

Step 1: Represent Words as Vectors

- Each word → vector (embedding)
- Q (query), K (key), V (value) derived from embedding

Step 2: Compute Attention Scores

- Attention between words = similarity of Q(word) & K(other words)
- Example attention weights (simplified):

Word →	The	cat	sat	on	the	mat
cat	0.1	0.6	0.2	0.05	0.02	0.03

- "cat" attends **most to itself (0.6)** and "sat" (0.2)

Step 3: Weighted Sum

- Multiply weights \times V values \rightarrow new vector for "cat"
- This vector now encodes context from important words

Step 4: Intuition

- Attention = **focus mechanism**
- Each word "looks" at other words to understand context
- Enables GPT to generate **coherent and context-aware text** 🎉

Visual:

arduino

 Copy code

cat \rightarrow [The:**0.1**, cat:**0.6**, sat:**0.2**, on:**0.05**, the:**0.02**, mat:**0.03**] \rightarrow **new vector**

Key Takeaway:

- Self-Attention allows the model to decide which words **matter most** for each word in the sentence.
- Makes LLMs capable of **long-range dependencies** (e.g., "The cat...mat")

4 LLM / Text Generation (Autoregressive)

Goal: Predict next token x_t given previous tokens $x_{<t}$

$$P(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_T) = \prod_{t=1}^T P(x_t | x_1, x_2, \dots, x_{t-1})$$

- Model trained to **maximize likelihood** of dataset
- Decoder generates one token at a time → fluent text

Intuition:

- Treat text like a **probabilistic chain**
- Each word depends on previous words 🤖

5

Optional: LoRA (Low-Rank Adaptation)

- Represent **weight update** as low-rank matrices:

$$W_{\text{new}} = W + AB$$

- W = pretrained weight, A, B = small trainable matrices
- Efficient fine-tuning → train small fraction of parameters ⚡



Tip

- GAN = competition (Generator vs Discriminator)
- Diffusion = “noise → clean” iterative process
- Transformers = “focus on important words” via attention
- LLM = chain rule for text
- LoRA = “lightweight fine-tuning”

Text-to-Image

- Models: **Stable Diffusion, DALL-E, MidJourney**
- Input: Text prompt → Output: Image 
- How it works: Latent diffusion + cross-attention between text & image
- Applications: Digital art, game assets, concept design
- Sample Prompt: "A futuristic Bangkok skyline at sunset 🏙☀️"

python

 Copy code

```
from diffusers import StableDiffusionPipeline
pipe = StableDiffusionPipeline.from_pretrained("runwayml/stable-diffusion-v1-5").to("cuda")
image = pipe("A futuristic Bangkok skyline at sunset 🏙☀️").images[0]
image.show()
```



Text-to-3D Image

- Models: **Point-E (OpenAI)**, **DreamFusion (Google)**
- Input: Text → Output: 3D model (mesh, voxel, point cloud)
- How it works: Diffusion in 3D latent space + Neural Radiance Fields (NeRF)
- Applications: Game assets, AR/VR, 3D printing
- Concept Example: "A cute robot cat on a chair"

Text-to-Video

- Models: **Make-A-Video, Imagen Video, Runway Gen-2**
- Input: Text prompt → Output: Short video clip
- How it works: Temporal diffusion + frame consistency + motion modeling
- Applications: Movie concept scenes, education, marketing videos
- Example Prompt: "A dragon flying over futuristic city at night"

♪♪ Text-to-Music / Composition

- Models: **MusicGen (Meta)**, **Jukebox (OpenAI)**, Riffusion
- Input: Text / Lyrics → Output: Music / Sound
- How it works: Transformer / diffusion for audio spectrogram generation
- Applications: Original music creation, game soundtracks, AI-assisted composition
- Example Prompt: "Upbeat electronic music with Thai instruments"



Basic Chatbot (GPT-2)

- Transformer-based **text generator** 📚
- Learns from huge datasets

👉 Example:

👤 (Student): Hello AI, can you tell me about the future of technology?
🤖 (AI): In the future, technology will...

Text-to-Text Generation

- **Core Models:** GPT-5, Gemini, Claude, LLaMA 3
- **Applications:** Chatbots, summarization, translation, code generation
- **Demo:** ChatGPT (OpenAI), Gemini (Google)

How to Fine-Tune GPT-2 to Generate Funny AI Texts

Teach your AI to tell jokes, speak like you, or ace the class!



What Is GPT-2?

- A powerful language model from OpenAI
- Trained on internet text
- Can generate human-like sentences
- Used for writing, chatting, coding, and more!

Fun Fact: It doesn't know the future—but it's great at pretending!



What's Fine-Tuning?

- Giving GPT-2 your own data
- Teaching it new patterns (jokes, answers, poems, etc.)
- Like training a parrot — but way smarter!

Why?

To make GPT-2 sound like *you*, your classroom, or your sense of humor!

Step 1: Create a Funny Text File

Example: `funny_quotes.txt`

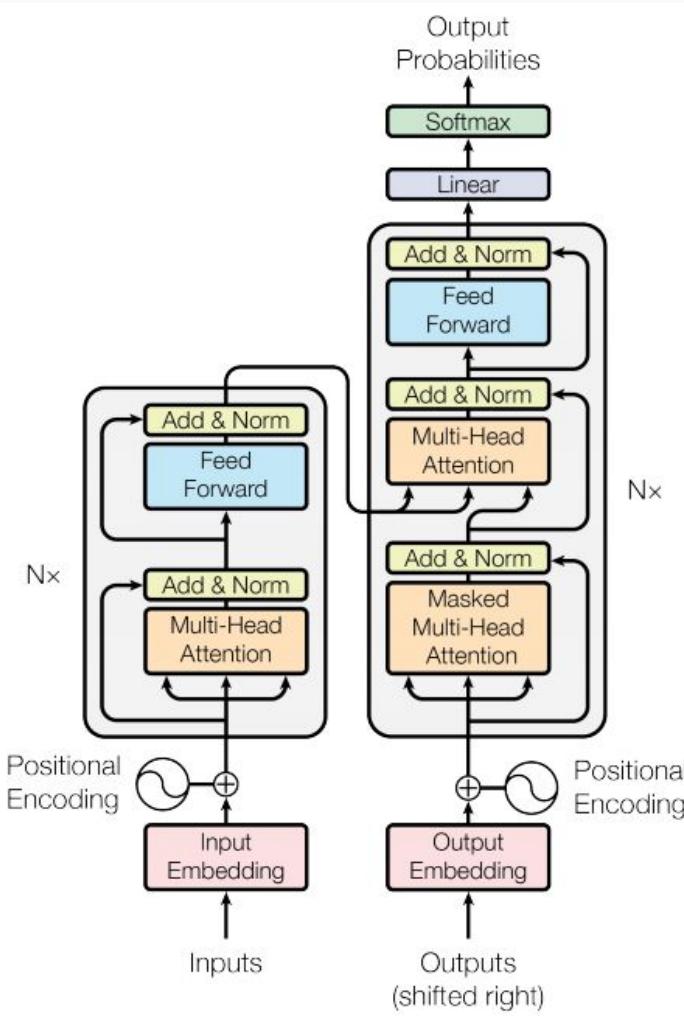
`txt`

In the future, AI will teach math by rapping equations.

My robot teacher gave me candy instead of homework.

AI grading: “You got an A for effort, and a B for bandwidth.”

 **Think of your dataset as the AI's bedtime story!**



Transformers

build passing license Apache-2.0 website online release v2.0.0

Transformers Library

01

PIPELINE

Simplified inference for diverse ML tasks.

02

TRAINER

Feature-rich, distributed training for PyTorch.

03

GENERATE

Fast, versatile text generation with LLMs/VLMs

Use Cases of Transformers library

Generation And
Summarization

Document And
Sentiment
Classification

Machine Translation

**Visual Question Answering
And Multimodal
Reasoning And
Applications**

Named Entity
Recognition

Conversational
Agents And
Chatbots

Image
Classification/
Segmentation

Automatic
Speech
Recognition



Step 2: Install Tools

bash

```
pip install transformers datasets accelerate
```

This gives you the AI "toolbox" from Hugging Face.

Step 3: Fine-Tune GPT-2

python

 Copy code

```
from transformers import GPT2Tokenizer, GPT2LMHeadModel, Trainer, TrainingArguments

tokenizer = GPT2Tokenizer.from_pretrained("gpt2")
model = GPT2LMHeadModel.from_pretrained("gpt2")

# Load your text dataset
train_dataset = TextDataset(
    tokenizer=tokenizer,
    file_path="funny_quotes.txt",
    block_size=128
)
```

We're training it on our jokes!

Step 4: Train and Save

python

 Copy code

```
trainer = Trainer(  
    model=model,  
    args=TrainingArguments(  
        output_dir="../gpt2-funny",  
        per_device_train_batch_size=2,  
        num_train_epochs=5,  
        fp16=True,  
    ),  
    train_dataset=train_dataset,  
)  
trainer.train()
```

Save the model:

python

 Copy code

```
model.save_pretrained("./gpt2-funny")
```



Generate New Funny Text!

python

Copy code

```
from transformers import pipeline

generator = pipeline("text-generation", model="./gpt2-funny")

prompt = "In the future, AI will"
print(generator(prompt, max_new_tokens=50)[0]["generated_text"])
```

✨ Now GPT-2 makes jokes your way!



🚀 Upgrade Ideas

- Use `gpt2-medium` or `gpt2-xl` for better results
- Train on song lyrics, speeches, or memes
- Use Google Colab to train in the cloud
- Upload your model to Hugging Face Hub and share with the world!



Image Captioning (BLIP)

- Input: Image
- Output: Text caption

👉 Example: Obama face → "A man in a suit smiling"

```
caption = processor.decode(out[0], skip_special_tokens=True)
print("➡️:", caption)
```

Real-World Tools You Should Know

Task	Model	Tool/Platform	Notes
Text-to-Text	GPT-4	ChatGPT	Code, summarization, chat
Text-to-Text	Gemini Pro	Google Gemini	Search-integrated reasoning
Text-to-Image	Midjourney	Discord Bot	Artistic image generation
Text-to-Image	DALL·E 3	ChatGPT	OpenAI native integration
Image-to-Text	GPT-4V	ChatGPT	Multimodal input
Text-to-3D	Magic3D	NVIDIA/Luma	3D mesh and NeRF

Real-World Tools You Should Know



ChatGPT



DALL-E

Midjourney



Gemini

Hailuo AI



Runway



Sora

Kling



Dream Machine



Vidu

AI Studio



Google Veo 2



Synthesia

Google Veo 2

Whether you're aiming for documentary-style realism or creative visual storytelling, **Veo** gives you a polished output with **Google's** signature tech precision.

<https://www.lummi.ai/blog/best-ai-video-generators>

We tested out the 13 best AI video generators for cre...

Synthesia for creating videos with AI avatars. For creative AI videos · Runway for advanced features and stylized videos; **Google Veo 2** for high-res videos with ...

<https://www.synthesia.io/Synthetic-Videos>

The 13 Best AI Video Generators (Free & Paid) t...

Backend Technologies for GenAI Apps

- APIs: OpenAI, Stability AI, Google AI
- Hugging Face Transformers
- LangChain / LlamaIndex (for building apps)
- Vector DBs: Pinecone, Weaviate, FAISS
- Deployment: Streamlit, Gradio, Flask

Text-to-Image

- **Core Models:** Midjourney, DALL·E 3, Stable Diffusion, Imagen
- **How it works:** Diffusion models + guidance
- **Demo:** Prompt to image (Midjourney, DALL·E)

Image-to-Text (Vision-Language Models)

- **Core Models: GPT-5V, Gemini, Flamingo (DeepMind)**
- **Use Cases: Image captioning, accessibility, multimodal reasoning**
- **Demo: Upload image to ChatGPT/Gemini → generate caption**



Text-to-3D

- **Models:** DreamFusion, Magic3D, Luma AI
- **Techniques:** NeRFs, Score Distillation Sampling (SDS)
- **Use Cases:** AR/VR, games, architecture



GANs vs Diffusion

Feature	GANs (e.g., StyleGAN2)	Diffusion Models (e.g., SDXL)
Core Mechanism	Generator vs Discriminator	Iterative noise removal process
Training Stability	Often unstable, mode collapse common	More stable, though slower to train
Output Quality	High-quality, but prone to artifacts	Very high-quality, realistic and coherent
Control over Output	Limited, needs tricks (e.g., conditional GANs)	Easily guided by text or image prompts
Training Data Needs	Requires lots of data	Also data-hungry, but handles noise better
Inference Speed	Very fast once trained	Slower due to multi-step generation
Popular Use Cases	Face generation, deepfakes, image enhancement	Text-to-image, inpainting, 3D model generation
Popular Models	StyleGAN2, BigGAN	DALL-E 3, Stable Diffusion, Imagen, SDXL
Current Trend	Less common in modern GenAI	Dominant in SOTA generative models

Image → Image with Generative AI

-  **What is it?**

Transform one image into another while preserving structure but changing **style, texture, or details**.

-  **Applications**

- Style transfer (photo → painting)
- Super-resolution (low → high quality)
- Inpainting (fill missing parts)
- Face editing / enhancement

-  **Hugging Face Models**

- `runwayml/stable-diffusion-inpainting` → remove/replace objects
- `CompVis/stable-diffusion-img2img` → style transfer & modifications
- `stabilityai/stable-diffusion-x4-upscaler` → image upscaling

- Code Example (Stable Diffusion Img2Img)

python

 Copy code

```
from diffusers import StableDiffusionImg2ImgPipeline
import torch, PIL.Image

pipe = StableDiffusionImg2ImgPipeline.from_pretrained(
    "CompVis/stable-diffusion-img2img", torch_dtype=torch.float16
).to("cuda")

init_image = PIL.Image.open("Barack_Obama_Sample_Face.png").convert("RGB")
prompt = "Barack Obama in Van Gogh painting style"

image = pipe(prompt=prompt, image=init_image, strength=0.75, guidance_scale=7.5).images[0]
image.save("styled_obama.png")
```

- Key Idea: Preserve input image → add creativity via prompts  + diffusion 

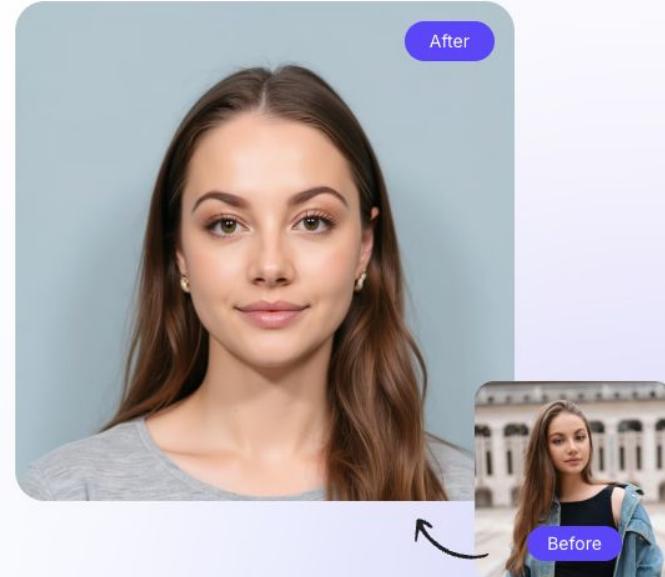
AI headshot generator

Create stunning AI-generated headshots in minutes. Look professional, feel confident, and leave a lasting impression!

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10K+ stunning professionals
headshots generated

4.8 ★ average rating from
google reviews





Hugging Face



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The platform where the machine learning community collaborates on models, datasets, and applications.

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Tasks

- Multimodal
 - Text-to-Image
 - Image-to-Text
 - Text-to-Video
 - Visual Question Answering
 - Document Question Answering
 - Graph Machine Learning
- Computer Vision
 - Depth Estimation
 - Image Classification
 - Object Detection
 - Image Segmentation
 - Image-to-Image
 - Unconditional Image Generation
 - Video Classification
 - Zero-Shot Image Classification
- Natural Language Processing
 - Text Classification
 - Token Classification
 - Table Question Answering
 - Question Answering
 - Zero-Shot Classification
 - Translation
 - Summarization
 - Conversational
 - Text Generation
 - Text2Text Generation
 - Sentence Similarity
- Audio
 - Text-to-Speech
 - Automatic Speech Recognition
 - Audio-to-Audio
 - Audio Classification
 - Voice Activity Detection
- Tabular
 - Tabular Classification
 - Tabular Regression
- Reinforcement Learning
- Robotics

Models 469,541 [Filter by name](#)

- meta-llama/Llama-2-70b**
Text Generation • Updated 4 days ago • ± 25.2k • ❤ 64
- stabilityai/stable-diffusion-xl-base-0.9**
Updated 6 days ago • ± 2.01k • ❤ 393
- openchat/openchat**
Text Generation • Updated 2 days ago • ± 1.3k • ❤ 136
- llyasviel/ControlNet-v1-1**
Updated Apr 26 • ❤ 187k
- cersense/zeroscope_v2_XL**
Updated 3 days ago • ± 2.66k • ❤ 334
- meta-llama/Llama-2-13b**
Text Generation • Updated 4 days ago • ± 328 • ❤ 64
- tiiuae/falcon-40b-instruct**
Text Generation • Updated 27 days ago • ± 288k • ❤ 899
- WizardLM/WizardCoder-15B-V1.0**
Text Generation • Updated 3 days ago • ± 12.5k • ❤ 332
- CompVis/stable-diffusion-v1-4**
Text-to-Image • Updated about 17 hours ago • ± 448k • ❤ 5.72k
- stabilityai/stable-diffusion-2-1**
Text-to-Image • Updated about 17 hours ago • ± 782k • ❤ 2.81k
- Salesforce/xgen-7b-8k-inst**
Text Generation • Updated 4 days ago • ± 6.16k • ❤ 57



Hugging Face



Search models, datasets, users...

Main

Tasks

Libraries

Languages

Licenses

Other

Tasks



Text Generation



Any-to-Any



Image-Text-to-Text



Image-to-Text



Image-to-Image



Text-to-Image



Text-to-Video



Text-to-Speech

+ 42



Search models, datasets, users...

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Main Tasks Libraries Languages Licenses Other

Tasks

- Text Generation Any-to-Any Image-Text-to-Text
- Image-to-Text Image-to-Image Text-to-Image
- Text-to-Video Text-to-Speech + 42

Parameters

Libraries

- PyTorch TensorFlow JAX Transformers
- Diffusers Safetensors ONNX GGUf
- Transformers.js MLX MLX Keras + 41

Apps

- vLLM TGI llama.cpp MLX LM
- LM Studio Ollama Jan + 13

Inference Providers

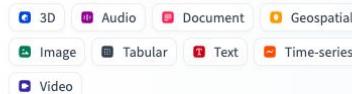
- Cerebras Together AI Fireworks Nebus AI
- Novita SambaNova Groq Nscale + 6

Models 2,083,793 Filter by name Full-text search Sort: Trending

tencent/HunyuanImage-2.1 Text-to-Image • Updated 33 minutes ago • ↓ 495 • ❤ 533	baidu/ERNIE-4.5-21B-A3B-Thinking Text Generation • ↓ 22B • Updated 1 day ago • ↓ 62.2k • ❤ 499
google/embeddinggemma-300m Sentence Similarity • ↓ 0.3B • Updated 2 days ago • ↓ 124k • ❤ 690	Qwen/Qwen3-Next-80B-A3B-Instruct Text Generation • ↓ 81B • Updated about 11 hours ago • ↓ 19.6k • ❤ 340
openbmb/MiniCPM4.1-8B Text Generation • ↓ 8B • Updated about 22 hours ago • ↓ 2.13k • ❤ 285	moonshotai/Kimi-K2-Instruct-0905 Text Generation • Updated 7 days ago • ↓ 37.5k • ❤ 376
Qwen/Qwen3-Next-80B-A3B-Thinking Text Generation • ↓ 81B • Updated about 4 hours ago • ↓ 2.58k • ❤ 228	tencent/HunyuanWorld-Voyager Image-to-Video • Updated 8 days ago • ↓ 4.75k • ❤ 540
microsoft/VibeVoice-1.5B Text-to-Speech • ↓ 3B • Updated 11 days ago • ↓ 261k • ❤ 1.63k	IndexTeam/IndexTTS-2 Updated 4 days ago • ↓ 2.69k • ❤ 165
LLM360/K2-Think Text Generation • ↓ 33B • Updated 1 day ago • ↓ 7.74k • ❤ 157	tencent/Hunyuan-MT-7B Translation • ↓ 8B • Updated 4 days ago • ↓ 8.18k • ❤ 605
Qwen/Qwen-Image-Edit Image-to-Image • Updated 18 days ago • ↓ 202k • ❤ 1.78k	swiss-ai/Apertus-8B-Instruct-2509 Text Generation • ↓ 8B • Updated 7 days ago • ↓ 111k • ❤ 298
jhu-clsp/mmBERT-base Fill-Mask • Updated 3 days ago • ↓ 4.9k • ❤ 77	openai/gpt-oss-120b Text Generation • ↓ 120B • Updated 17 days ago • ↓ 3.33M • ❤ 3.81k
apple/FastVLM-0.5B Text Generation • ↓ 0.8B • Updated 9 days ago • ↓ 22.7k • ❤ 289	openai/gpt-oss-20b Text Generation • ↓ 22B • Updated 17 days ago • ↓ 8.55M • ❤ 3.48k

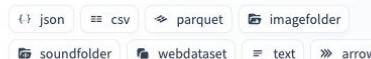
[Main](#) [Tasks](#) [Libraries](#) [Languages](#) [Licenses](#) [Other](#)

Modalities



Size (rows)

Format



Datasets 496,484

Filter by name

Full-text search

↑ Sort: Trending

HuggingFaceFW/finepdfs
Viewer • Updated 4 days ago • 475M • 41k • 381**HuggingFaceM4/FineVision**
Viewer • Updated 8 days ago • 24.2M • 115k • 293**fka/awesome-chatgpt-prompts**
Viewer • Updated Jan 6 • 203 • 44.4k • 9.02k**jupyter-agent/jupyter-agent-dataset**
Viewer • Updated 2 days ago • 95.8k • 3.23k • 125**Pageshift-Entertainment/LongPage**
Viewer • Updated 8 days ago • 300 • 8.95k • 40**JDhruv14/Bhagavad-Gita_Dataset**
Viewer • Updated 3 days ago • 700 • 1.48k • 27**facebook/recycling_the_web**
Viewer • Updated 16 days ago • 60.3M • 7.69k • 65**SandboxAQ/SAIR**
Viewer • Updated 14 days ago • 8.8M • 1.04k • 35**Lk123/InfoSeek**
Preview • Updated 5 days ago • 315 • 24**continuedev/instinct-data**
Viewer • Updated 8 days ago • 9.04k • 627 • 24**Josephghflowers/Finance-Instruct-500k**
Viewer • Updated Mar 2 • 518k • 2.59k • 167**ASLP-lab/WenetSpeech-Yue**
Updated 4 days ago • 866 • 23**HuggingFaceFW/fineweb**
Viewer • Updated Jul 12 • 52.5B • 309k • 2.36k**LucasFang/FLUX-Reason-6M**
Viewer • Updated about 10 hours ago • 5.89M • 137 • 11**SandboxAQ/aqcat25**
Viewer • Updated 1 day ago • 11.1M • 50 • 11**NandemoGHS/Japanese-Eroge-Voice**
Viewer • Updated 12 days ago • 221k • 997 • 16**m-a-p/Inverse_IFEval**
Viewer • Updated 4 days ago • 1.01k • 522 • 17**alexandrainst/multi-wiki-qa**
Viewer • Updated 6 days ago • 1.22M • 1.48k • 12



Hugging Face Introduction

- Hugging Face = "GitHub for AI Models"
- Ecosystem: 😊 Transformers, Datasets, Tokenizers, Diffusers
- 10,000+ pretrained models → NLP, Vision, Audio, Multimodal
- Community-driven + Open Source



Finding Models on Hugging Face Hub

- Website: huggingface.co/models ↗
- Filter by:
 - Task (NLP, CV, Speech, Multimodal)
 - Library (PyTorch, TensorFlow, JAX)
 - Dataset
- Example models: bert-base-uncased , runwayml/stable-diffusion-v1-5

Using Pretrained Models (Text-to-Text)

python

 Copy code

```
from transformers import pipeline

classifier = pipeline("sentiment-analysis")
print(classifier("Generative AI is inspiring! 🚀"))
```

- **Pipeline API** = model + tokenizer + inference in one line
- Perfect for class demos & prototyping

Using Diffusion (Text-to-Image)

python

 Copy code

```
from diffusers import StableDiffusionPipeline
import torch

pipe = StableDiffusionPipeline.from_pretrained(
    "runwayml/stable-diffusion-v1-5",
    torch_dtype=torch.float16
).to("cuda")

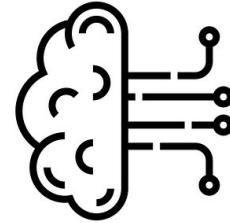
image = pipe("A futuristic city at sunset 🌇").images[0]
image.show()
```

- Stable Diffusion = state-of-the-art text-to-image
- Runs on free Colab GPU

Fine-Tuning Models (Concept)

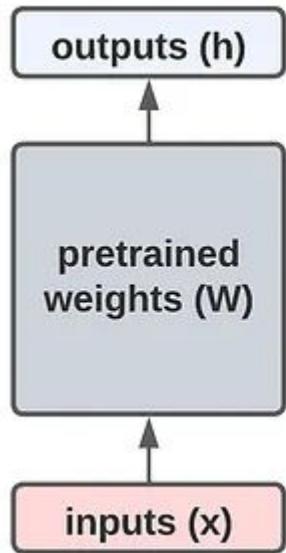
- Fine-tuning = start from pretrained → adapt to your dataset
- Approaches:
 - Full fine-tuning (all weights updated)
 - LoRA / PEFT (train small adapters → faster, lightweight)
- Example: fine-tune BERT for Thai text classification

LoRA

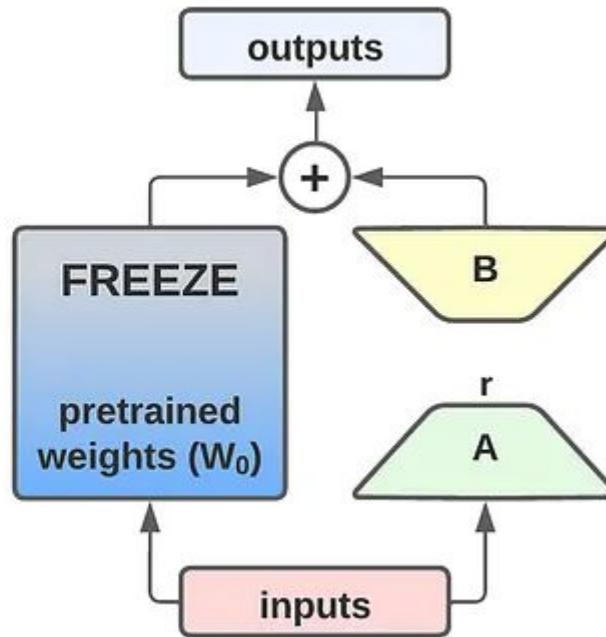


Low-Rank Adaptation

Linear Projection



LoRA adaptation



💡 LoRA: Low-Rank Adaptation for Fine-Tuning

- ◆ **Problem:** Full fine-tuning = heavy (billions of parameters)
- ◆ **Solution:** Insert small trainable adapters → freeze original weights
- ◆ **Benefit:**
 - Train only **0.1–1%** of parameters
 - Faster, cheaper, less GPU memory
 - Reusable adapters for multiple tasks
- ◆ **Code Example** (with 😊 PEFT):

python

 Copy code

```
from peft import LoraConfig, get_peft_model
from transformers import AutoModelForCausalLM

model = AutoModelForCausalLM.from_pretrained("gpt2")
config = LoraConfig(r=8, lora_alpha=32, target_modules=["q_proj", "v_proj"])
model = get_peft_model(model, config)
```

- 🎯 **Use case:** Fine-tune GPT / BERT / Stable Diffusion in class with limited GPU



Tips & Best Practices

- Use `pipeline` for quick experiments
- Use `from_pretrained()` for direct model access
- Prefer lightweight fine-tuning (LoRA, adapters) in class demos
- Cache models to avoid re-downloads on Colab
- Explore Spaces on Hugging Face for interactive demos

⚡ Training vs Fine-Tuning vs Pretraining vs Inference

Concept	Definition	Purpose	Example	Cost 💰
Training	Learn model weights from scratch on a dataset	Build a model without prior knowledge	Train CNN on cats vs dogs	🔴 Very High
Pretraining	Train on a large, general dataset first	Provide strong initial weights for many tasks	BERT trained on Wikipedia	🟡 High
Fine-Tuning	Adapt a pretrained model to a specific dataset/task	Customize for your problem	Fine-tune BERT for sentiment analysis	🟡 Medium
Inference	Use the trained/fine-tuned model to make predictions	Apply the model in real-world tasks	GPT generates a response	🟢 Low

Limitations of Generative AI



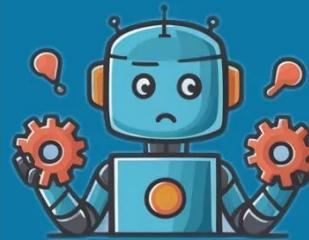
Limited by Training Data

Generative AI models are only as good as the data they're trained on, leading to potential biases and inaccuracies.



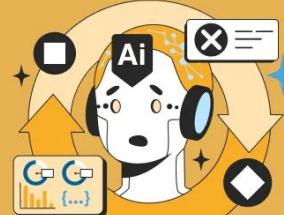
Struggling with True Creativity

While impressive, generative AI can't truly conceive entirely new ideas, but rather assemble existing ones.



Lacking Nuanced Understanding

While impressive, generative AI can't truly conceive entirely new ideas, but rather assemble existing ones.



Difficulty with Adaptability

Adapting to new situations or tasks beyond their training proves challenging for generative AI.



Data Privacy and Security

Ensuring the privacy and security of vast amounts of data used to train generative AI remains a concern.

Q&A

in Generative AI?

