

Figure 27.15: Photon total cross sections as a function of energy in carbon and

lead, showing the contributions of different processes [48]: $\sigma_{\rm p.e.} = \text{Atomic photoelectric effect (electron ejection, photon absorption)}$

 $\sigma_{\text{Rayleigh}} = \text{Rayleigh (coherent) scattering-atom neither ionized nor excited}$ $\sigma_{\text{Compton}} = \text{Incoherent scattering (Compton scattering off an electron)}$ $\kappa_{\rm nuc} = \text{Pair production, nuclear field}$

nance [49].

 κ_e = Pair production, electron field

 $\sigma_{\rm g,d.r.}$ = Photonuclear interactions, most notably the Giant Dipole Reso-In these interactions, the target nucleus is broken up.