# MATH 340/640 Fall 2025 Homework #1

### Professor Adam Kapelner

Due by email 11:59PM September 7, 2025

(this document last updated Tuesday 19<sup>th</sup> August, 2025 at 5:26pm)

#### Instructions and Philosophy

The path to success in this class is to do many problems. Unlike other courses, exclusively doing reading(s) will not help. Coming to lecture is akin to watching workout videos; thinking about and solving problems on your own is the actual "working out." Feel free to "work out" with others; I want you to work on this in groups.

Reading is still required. For this homework set, review Math 241 concerning random variables, support, parameter space, PMF's, CDF's, bernoulli, binomial, geometric. Then read on your own about the negative binomial, convolutions and the multinomial distribution.

The problems below are color coded: green problems are considered *easy* and marked "[easy]"; yellow problems are considered *intermediate* and marked "[harder]", red problems are considered *difficult* and marked "[difficult]" and purple problems are extra credit. The *easy* problems are intended to be "giveaways" if you went to class. Do as much as you can of the others; I expect you to at least attempt the *difficult* problems. "[MA]" are for those registered for 621 and extra credit otherwise.

This homework is worth 100 points but the point distribution will not be determined until after the due date. See syllabus for the policy on late homework.

Up to 5 points are given as a bonus if the homework is typed using LATEX. Links to instaling LATEX and program for compiling LATEX is found on the syllabus. You are encouraged to use overleaf.com. If you are handing in homework this way, read the comments in the code; there are two lines to comment out and you should replace my name with yours and write your section. The easiest way to use overleaf is to copy the raw text from hwxx.tex and preamble.tex into two new overleaf tex files with the same name. If you are asked to make drawings, you can take a picture of your handwritten drawing and insert them as figures or leave space using the "\vspace" command and draw them in after printing or attach them stapled.

The document is available with spaces for you to write your answers. If not using LATEX, print this document and write in your answers. I do not accept homeworks which are *not* on this printout. Keep this first page printed for your records.

NAME:	

# Problem 1

These exercises give you practice with sums and indicator functions.

- (a) [easy] Expand and simplify as much as you can:  $\sum_{x \in \mathbb{R}} \mathbb{1}_{x=17}$ .
- (b) [easy] Expand and simplify as much as you can:  $\sum_{x \in \mathbb{R}} c \mathbb{1}_{x=17}$  where  $c \in \mathbb{R}$  is a constant.
- (c) [easy] Expand and simplify as much as you can:  $\sum_{x \in \mathbb{R}} \mathbb{1}_{x \in \{1,2,3\}}$ .
- (d) [easy] Expand and simplify as much as you can:  $\sum_{x \in \mathbb{R}} x \mathbb{1}_{x \in \{1,2,3\}}$ .
- (e) [easy] Expand and simplify as much as you can:  $\sum_{x \in \mathbb{N}_0} x^{\mathbb{1}_{x \in \{1,2,3\}}}$ .
- (f) [easy] Expand and simplify as much as you can:  $\prod_{x \in \mathbb{R}} \mathbb{1}_{x \in \{1,2,3\}}$ .
- (g) [easy] Expand and simplify as much as you can:  $\sum_{x \in \mathbb{R}} \mathbb{1}_{x \in \{1,2,3\}} \mathbb{1}_{x \in \{4,5,6\}}$ .
- (h) [harder] Expand and simplify as much as you can:  $\sum_{x \in \mathbb{R}} c \mathbb{1}_{x \in \{1,2,\dots,t\}}$  where  $c \in \mathbb{R}$  is a constant and  $t \in \mathbb{N}$  is a constant.
- (i) [harder] Expand and simplify as much as you can:  $\sum_{x \in \mathbb{R}} t \mathbb{1}_{x \in \{1,2,\dots,t\}}$  where  $c \in \mathbb{R}$  is a constant and  $t \in \mathbb{N}$  is a constant.
- (j) [harder] Expand and simplify as much as you can:  $\sum_{x \in \mathbb{R}} x \mathbb{1}_{x \in \{1,2,\dots,t\}}$  where  $c \in \mathbb{R}$  is a constant and  $t \in \mathbb{N}$  is a constant.

- (k) [harder] Expand and simplify as much as you can:  $\sum_{x \in \mathbb{R}} \frac{1}{x!} \mathbb{1}_{x \in \mathbb{N}}$ .
- (l) [harder] Prove  $\mathbb{E}\left[\mathbbm{1}_{X\in A}\right] = \mathbb{P}\left(X\in A\right)$ .

## Problem 2

These exercises review convolutions.

- (a) [easy] Is a JMF a type of PMF or PMF a type of JMF?
- (b) [easy] Let  $X_1, X_2 \stackrel{iid}{\sim}$  Bernoulli (p). Find the PMF of the sum of  $T = X_1 + X_2$  using the appropriate discrete convolution formula that would make the problem easiest.

(c) [easy] Let  $X_1 \sim \text{Bernoulli}(p_1)$  independent of  $X_2 \sim \text{Bernoulli}(p_2)$ . Find the JMF of for  $X_1, X_2$  as a  $2 \times 2$  grid.

(d) [harder] Let  $X_1 \sim \mathrm{U}(\{1,2,3\})$  independent of  $X_2 \sim \mathrm{U}(\{4,5,6\})$ . Let  $T = X_1 + X_2$ . Find  $\mathbb{S}_T$ . Is T also a discrete uniform rv?

(e) [difficult] Let

$$X_1 \sim \begin{cases} 3 & \text{w.p. } 0.3 \\ 6 & \text{w.p. } 0.7 \end{cases}$$
 independent of  $X_2 \sim \begin{cases} 4 & \text{w.p. } 0.4 \\ 8 & \text{w.p. } 0.6 \end{cases}$ 

Find the PMF of  $T=X_1+X_2$  using a convolution. Denote it using the piecewise function notation.

(f) [easy] Derive the CDF  $F_X(x)$  of  $X \sim \text{Geometric}(p)$  from first principles. CDF's are allowed to be the "old" flavor.

- (g) [easy] Derive the survival function  $S_X(x)$  of  $X \sim \text{Geometric}(p)$  using the result from the previous question. Survival functions are allowed to be the "old" flavor.
- (h) [difficult] Prove, using induction, the PMF of a binomial using convolutions on the sequence of r.v.'s  $X_1, \ldots, X_n \stackrel{iid}{\sim} \text{Bernoulli}(p)$ . You will need to use Pascal's Triangle combinatorial identity we employed in class.

(i) [difficult] Let  $X_1 \sim \text{Binomial}(n, p)$  independent of  $X_2 \sim \text{Binomial}(n, p)$ . Find the PMF of the sum of  $T = X_1 + X_2$  using a convolution.

(j) [difficult] [MA] Prove the PMF of a negative binomial inductively using convolutions on the sequence of r.v.'s  $X_1, \ldots, X_n \stackrel{iid}{\sim} \text{Geometric}(p)$ . You will need to use the "hockey stick identity" [click here].