

2021

$$P(X|\theta) = \text{Bin}(n, \theta) = \binom{n}{x} \theta^x (1-\theta)^{n-x} \Rightarrow P(\theta|X) = \text{Beta}(x+1, n-x+1)$$

$$P(\theta) = U(0,1) = \text{Beta}(1,1)$$

$$P(X|\theta) = \frac{n!}{x!(n-x)!} \theta^x (1-\theta)^n (1-\theta)^{-x}$$

$$\propto \frac{1}{x!(n-x)!} \left(\frac{\theta}{1-\theta}\right)^x$$

HW 6 2(a) $P(\theta, \sigma^2 | X) \propto P(X|\theta, \sigma^2) \underbrace{P(\theta|\sigma^2)}_{\propto \frac{1}{\sigma^2}}$

$$\propto \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} e^{-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}(X_i - \theta)^2} \frac{1}{\sigma^2}$$

$$= (2\pi)^{-n/2} (\sigma^2)^{-n/2-1} e^{-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} \sum (X_i - \theta)^2}$$

$$\propto (\sigma^2)^{-n/2-1} e^{-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} ((n-1)s^2 + n(\bar{x} - \theta)^2)}$$

HW 6 2(b)

$$= e^{-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} n(\bar{x} - \theta)^2} (\sigma^2)^{-n/2-1} e^{-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} (n-1)s^2}$$

$$= e^{-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} n(\bar{x} - \theta)^2} (\sigma^2)^{-n/2-1} e^{-\frac{(n-1)s^2/2}{\sigma^2}}$$

$P(\theta, \sigma^2 | X)$

$$\propto P(\theta | X, \sigma^2) \propto P(\sigma^2 | X)$$

let $\sigma^2 = \sigma_s^2$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathcal{N}(\bar{x}, \frac{\sigma_s^2}{n}) \quad \text{Inv Gamma}(\frac{n}{2}, \frac{(n-1)s^2}{2}) \\ & \text{Norm Inv Gamma}(\bar{x}, \frac{\sigma_s^2}{n}, \frac{n}{2}, \frac{(n-1)s^2}{2}) \end{aligned}$$

HW 6 2(c)

① Sample σ_s^2 from

② Use σ_s^2 to sample from

③ Repeat steps 1-2 to get ...

$$\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_1^2 \\ \theta_1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_2^2 \\ \theta_2 \end{bmatrix}, \dots, \begin{bmatrix} \sigma_S^2 \\ \theta_S \end{bmatrix} \right\}$$

HW 6 2(d)

$$E[\theta | X] \approx \frac{1}{S} \sum_{s=1}^S \theta_s$$

order them

e.g. $S = 10,000$

HW 6 2(e)

$$CR_{\theta, 95\%} = [\theta_{(2.5\%, S)}, \theta_{(97.5\%, S)}] \quad \langle \underbrace{\theta_{(1)}}_{\min}, \theta_{(2)}, \dots, \underbrace{\theta_{(S)}}_{\max} \rangle$$

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$$X_1, \dots, X_{300} \sim \begin{cases} \mathcal{N}(\theta_1, \sigma_1^2) \\ \mathcal{N}(\theta_2, \sigma_2^2) \end{cases}$$

Expected
 $58\% \cdot 300 = \# \text{ from } \theta_1 = n_1$
 $n_1 + n_2 = n$
 $\mathcal{N}(\theta_1, \sigma_1^2)$

$$CR_{\theta, 95\%} = [63\%, 77\%]$$

\Downarrow

$$CR_{n_1, 95\%} = [189, 231]$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} p \\ \theta_1 \\ \sigma_1^2 \\ \theta_2 \\ \sigma_2^2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \begin{aligned} & I_* \sim \text{Bern}(p) \\ & \begin{cases} I_* = 1 \Rightarrow X \sim \mathcal{N}(\theta_1, \sigma_1^2) \\ I_* = 0 \Rightarrow X \sim \mathcal{N}(\theta_2, \sigma_2^2) \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

