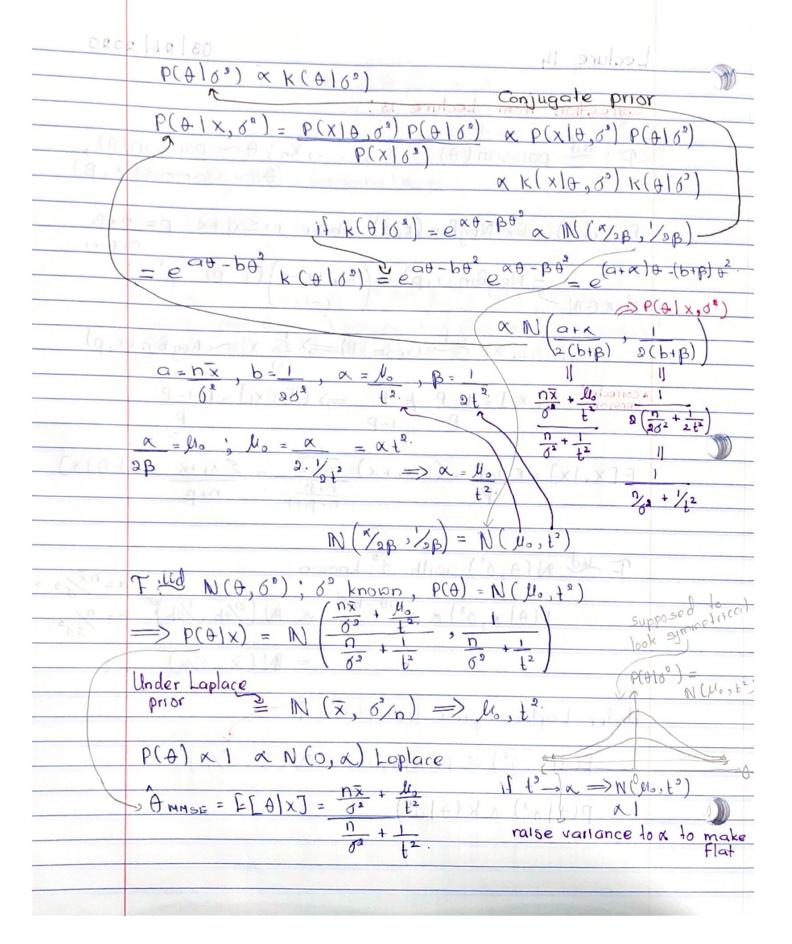
| _0  |           |   |          |
|-----|-----------|---|----------|
| 4   |           |   |          |
| _   |           |   |          |
| 9   |           | Lecture 14 03/26/2020   | _        |
| -   |           | The state of the s  |          |
| -   | 7 10      | Correction from Lecture 13:   | -        |
| -4  | 101       | 4 9 (1) Alvin (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)   | -        |
|     | 701       | $F: ud poisson(\theta) X_1, \ldots, X_n; \theta \sim poisson(\theta),$  |          |
| =   |           | A~ Gamma(x, B   | )        |
| =   | 100       | DCX IV) - F IVI O CONT  |          |
| =   |           | P(X*  X) = Ext NegBin (r,p) where r= Ex,+x, p= n+B  | -        |
|     | 417 000   | - No Profession (No International No Profession No Profess  | -        |
| =   | (°b,x10)  | $= \frac{1}{14} \frac{1}{4} \frac$  |          |
| =   |           | A STOLEN AND STOLEN AN  |          |
| 3   | land      | $X_1, \dots, X_r \stackrel{\text{iid}}{=} G_{\text{eom}}(P) \Longrightarrow \underset{i=1}{\overset{r}{\geq}} X_i \sim N_{\text{eg}} B_{\text{in}}(r, p)$   |          |
|     | Į.        | Land State of the   | _        |
| =   |           | *Corrected version * $E[X_t] = 1 - P + P = E[\Sigma X_t] = \Gamma 1 - P$  |          |
|     | 1.47 7.8  | P I-P P   | _        |
|     | J. J.     | N = M = N = N = N = N = N = N = N = N =   |          |
|     | 5/14      | $E[X_* X] = r \cdot P = (EX_1 + \alpha) \cdot \frac{n+\beta+1}{n+\beta} = \underbrace{EX_1 + \alpha}_{n+\beta} = \underbrace{EX_1 + \alpha}_{n+\beta$ |          |
|     | 21/1      | n+B+1 n+B   | _        |
| 3   |           | $(\mathcal{A}_{1} - \mathcal{A}_{1}) / \mathcal{A}_{2} = (\mathcal{A}_{2} - \mathcal{A}_{2}) / \mathcal{A}_{2}$   |          |
| 9   |           | Fud N(0,6°) with 6° known   |          |
|     |           | $(C_1, U_1)U = (C_1) = (C_1) = (C_2)U = (C_1)U = (C_2)U $  | ×/22-    |
|     |           | P(0   x, 0°) x e 90-60 x IN (2/26, 1/26) b= n   | 0        |
| -   |           | P(0   x,0°) x e 00-66 x N (%b, 1/2b) b= n   | 202.     |
| 5   |           | $= \mathbb{N}(\bar{x}, 6^2/n)$  | MILES IN |
| 5 5 |           | Under Laplace   |          |
| 5   |           | Under Laplace prior i.e. P(A) x 1   |          |
| =   |           |   |          |
| =   |           | $P(\theta x, 6^2) \propto P(x \theta, 6^2) \propto P(\bar{x}, 6^2/n)$   |          |
| =   | _         | 1 1 C = 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1   |          |
| -   |           | The state of the s  |          |
| =   | X to make | Talse variance :  |          |
| 1   |           |   |          |
| 7   |           |   |          |
|     |           |   |          |



|             | 10            |  |
|-------------|---------------|--|
|             | * 1           |  |
|             | -molloma-     | Lightness to a zero doll   |
|             | 0             | AMARE = med [HIX] = mx + 16 sug   Subball  |
|             |               |  |
| -           | 1. 4. M. dole | $\frac{n}{\sigma^2} + \frac{1}{t^2}$   |
| -           | No 14 110     | (A)  |
|             |               | $\hat{\theta}_{MAP} = Mode[\theta   x] = \frac{nx}{\sigma^2} + \frac{b_o}{t^2}$  |
| =           |               | $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}$ |
|             |               | 3120-01179   |
|             | 1 to          | $CR_{0,1-x} = \frac{q_{1}}{q_{1}} \frac{\eta_{x}}{\sigma^{2}} + \frac{\eta_{0}}{t^{2}} +$  |
|             |               | $CR_{0,1-x} = \frac{q_{norm} \left( \frac{x}{y}, \frac{nx}{\sigma^2} + \frac{y_0}{t^2} \right)}{\frac{n}{2} + \frac{1}{t^2}}, \frac{q_{norm} \left( \frac{1-x}{\sigma^2} + \frac{y_0}{t^2} \right)}{\frac{n}{\sigma^2} + \frac{1}{t^2}}$  |
|             |               |  |
|             | of way ad (   | Hypothesis Tests   |
|             | ol.           | · / = on = 1 = 10 (o, o) VI = 1 olt / 1  |
|             |               | $H_0: \theta \leq \theta_0$ , $H_0: \theta > \theta_0$   |
|             |               | $\theta_{0}$   |
|             | _             | pval = P(Holx) = pnoim (to, mean, variance) = PDF dt.  |
|             | C. CC 1       |  |
|             | Jeffrey's     | P <sub>5</sub> (θ 6°) α JI(θ;6°) = J%2 α I α N(0,α) => Jeffrey's   |
| 1           | Prior         | $\mathcal{L}(\theta; x, \theta^2) = (270^\circ)^{\frac{-2x_1^2 + nx_0}{262} + \frac{n\theta^2}{o^2}} $ prior in the same as Laplace's prior  |
| 7           |               | $J(\theta; x, \theta^2) = (270^\circ) e^{\frac{1}{262} \cdot \theta^2}$ as Laplace's prior   |
| -           |               | $0.(212) - 0.0.0.0.0 - 52 \cdot 0.0.0.0$   |
| -3          |               | $l(\theta; x, \delta^2) = -\frac{\eta}{2} l_n(2\pi\delta^2) - \frac{\sum x_c^2 + n\overline{x}\theta - n\theta^2}{\delta^2}$   |
| -           |               | 1 2 2 1 1 1  |
| -           |               | $\ell'(\theta; x, \delta^2) = \frac{n\bar{x} - n\theta}{\sigma^2} \implies -\ell''(\theta; x, \delta^2) = \frac{n}{\sigma^2}$  |
|             |               | $\ell'(\theta; x, \delta') = \frac{n\bar{x}}{\sigma^2} - \frac{n\theta}{\sigma^2} \implies -\ell'(\theta; x, \delta') = \frac{n}{\sigma^2}$  |
|             |               | ( e + ×n ) = / -   |
|             |               | $T(\theta', \delta^2) = E \left[ l'(\theta', x, \delta^2) \right] = E \left[ l'(\delta^2) \right] = l'(\delta^2)$  |
|             |               |  |
|             | TELET.        | - 15m + 2 = #3 + #0 = #5 = 189 mm P  |
|             |               |  |
|             |               |  |
|             |               |  |
| -           |               | (6)3 1 4 gam f - 1 =   |
| 7           | 0 4-9         | C= 200-11 20 20-11 20-11   |
| 7           |               | 12 2 9-17  |
| Charles and |               |  |

