

$$X \sim \text{Beta}(\alpha, \beta) := \frac{1}{B(\alpha, \beta)} x^{\alpha-1} (1-x)^{\beta-1} \propto x^{\alpha-1} (1-x)^{\beta-1}$$

$Y = g(X)$ and g is one to one

$$\Rightarrow f_Y(y) = f_X(g^{-1}(y)) \left| \frac{d}{dy} [g^{-1}(y)] \right|$$

$g: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$ and one to one. Let \vec{X}, \vec{Y} be r.v. vectors, $\dim n$.

$$\vec{Y} = g(\vec{X})$$

$$Y_1 = g_1(X_1, \dots, X_n)$$

$$Y_2 = g_2(X_1, \dots, X_n)$$

$$\vdots$$

$$Y_n = g_n(X_1, \dots, X_n)$$

$$g_i: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

Because g is one to one, it has an inverse, h such that $\vec{X} = h(\vec{Y})$

$$X_1 = h_1(Y_1, \dots, Y_n)$$

$$X_2 = h_2(Y_1, \dots, Y_n)$$

$$\vdots$$

$$X_n = h_n(Y_1, \dots, Y_n)$$

Then from MATH 202

$$f_{\vec{Y}}(\vec{Y}) = f_{\vec{X}}(h(\vec{Y})) \left| J_h(\vec{Y}) \right|, \text{ multi change of variables}$$

J_h is the Jacobian determinant

$$J_h := \det \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial h_1}{\partial y_1} & \dots & \frac{\partial h_1}{\partial y_n} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ \frac{\partial h_n}{\partial y_1} & \dots & \frac{\partial h_n}{\partial y_n} \end{bmatrix}$$

$n \times n$ matrix

Solut.

$$T = X_1 + X_2$$

Recipe

- 1) Find a clever g
- 2) Find its inverse, h
- 3) Compute J_h
- 4) Plug in and check in master formula
- 5) Integrate to get target.

1) Let $Y_1 = X_1 + X_2 = g_1(X_1, X_2)$

Let $Y_2 = X_2 = g_2(X_1, X_2)$

2) $X_1 = Y_1 - X_2 = Y_1 - Y_2 = h_1(Y_1, Y_2)$
 $X_2 = Y_2 = h_2(Y_1, Y_2)$

$$3) J_h = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial h_1}{\partial y_1} & \frac{\partial h_1}{\partial y_2} \\ \frac{\partial h_2}{\partial y_1} & \frac{\partial h_2}{\partial y_2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow 1 \cdot 1 - 0 \cdot (-1) = 1$$

$$4) f_{Y_1, Y_2}(y_1, y_2) = f_{X_1, X_2}(y_1 - y_2, y_2) \quad (11.1) \Rightarrow (1)$$

$$5) \text{Recall } f_{Y_1}(y_1) = \int_{\mathbb{R}} f_{Y_1, Y_2}(y_1, y_2) dy_2$$

$$\begin{aligned} f_T(t) &= \int_{\mathbb{R}} f_{X_1, X_2}(t-u, u) du \\ &\stackrel{\text{if } X_1, X_2 \sim \text{ind}}{=} \int_{\mathbb{R}} f_{X_1}(t-u) f_{X_2}(u) du \quad \left(\int_{\text{Supp}[X_1]} f_{X_1}(t-u) f_{X_2}(u) \mathbb{1}_{u \in \text{Supp}[X_2]} du \right) \\ &\stackrel{\text{if } X_1, X_2 \sim \text{ind}}{=} \int_{\mathbb{R}} f(t-u) f(u) du \\ R = \frac{X_1}{X_2} &\sim f_R(r) = ? \end{aligned}$$

$$1) \text{ Let } Y_1 = \frac{X_1}{X_2} = g_1(X_1, X_2) = (X_1, X_2) \mapsto \frac{X_1}{X_2} \quad (5)$$

$$\text{Let } Y_2 = X_2 = g_2(X_1, X_2) \quad Y = X_2 \quad Y = X_2$$

$$2) X_1 = Y_1 X_2 = Y_1 Y_2 = h_1(Y_1, Y_2) \quad Y_2 = Y_2 = h_2(Y_1, Y_2)$$

$$3) J_h = \det \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial h_1}{\partial y_1} & \frac{\partial h_1}{\partial y_2} \\ \frac{\partial h_2}{\partial y_1} & \frac{\partial h_2}{\partial y_2} \end{bmatrix} = \det \begin{bmatrix} y_2 & y_1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = y_2 - 0(y_1) = y_2$$

$$4) f_{Y_1, Y_2}(y_1, y_2) = f_{X_1, X_2}(y_1, y_2, y_2) |y_2|$$

$$5) f_R(r) = \int_{\mathbb{R}} \int_{\mathbb{R}} f_{X_1, X_2}(ru, u) |u| du$$

$$= \int_{\mathbb{R}} f_{X_1}(ru) f_{X_2}(u) |u| du$$

$$\int_{\text{Supp}[X_1]} f_{X_1}(ru) f_{X_2}(u) \mathbb{1}_{u \in \text{Supp}[X_2]} |u| du$$

$$R = \frac{X_1}{X_1 + X_2} \sim f_R(r) = ?$$

$$1) \text{ Let } Y_1 = \frac{X_1}{X_1 + X_2} = g_1(X_1, X_2)$$

$$\text{Let } Y_2 = X_1 + X_2 = g_2(X_1, X_2)$$

$$2) X_1 = Y_1(X_1 + X_2) = Y_1 Y_2 = h_1(Y_1, Y_2)$$

$$X_2 = Y_2 - X_1 = Y_2 - Y_1 Y_2 = h_2(Y_1, Y_2)$$

$$3) J_h = \det \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial h_1}{\partial y_1} & \frac{\partial h_1}{\partial y_2} \\ \frac{\partial h_2}{\partial y_1} & \frac{\partial h_2}{\partial y_2} \end{bmatrix} = \det \begin{bmatrix} y_2 & y_1 \\ -y_2 & 1 - y_1 \end{bmatrix} = y_2$$

$$= Y_2(1 - Y_1) - Y_1(-Y_2) = Y_2 - Y_1 Y_2 + Y_1 Y_2 = Y_2$$

$$4) f_{Y_1, Y_2}(Y_1, Y_2) = f_{X_1, X_2}(Y_1, Y_2, Y_2 - Y_1, Y_2)(Y_2) = 8$$

$$5) f_R(r) = \int_{\mathbb{R}} f_{X_1, X_2}(ru, u - ru) |u| du$$

$$= \int_{\mathbb{R}} f_{X_1, X_2}^{\text{ind}}(ru, u - ru) |u| du$$

$$\int_{\text{Supp}[X_1]} f_{X_1}(ru) f_{X_2}(u - ru) \mathbb{1}_{u - ru \in \text{Supp}[X_2]} |u| du$$

Let $X_1 \sim \text{Gamma}(\alpha_1, \beta)$ indep. of $X_2 \sim \text{Gamma}(\alpha_2, \beta)$

$$R = \frac{X_1}{X_1 + X_2} \sim \int_0^{\infty} \left(\frac{\beta^{\alpha_1}}{\Gamma(\alpha_1)} (ru)^{\alpha_1 - 1} e^{-\beta ru} \right) \left(\frac{\beta^{\alpha_2}}{\Gamma(\alpha_2)} (u - ru)^{\alpha_2 - 1} e^{-\beta(u - ru)} \right) \frac{1}{u} du$$

$$\text{Supp}[R] = [0, 1]$$

$$\propto \int_0^{\infty} r^{\alpha_1 - 1} u^{\alpha_1 - 1} u^{\alpha_2 - 1} (1 - r)^{\alpha_2 - 1} u du$$

$u - ru \in (0, \infty)$
Since $t \in (0, 1)$
 $1 - t \in (0, 1)$
 $u \in (0, \infty)$

$$= r^{\alpha_1 - 1} (1 - r)^{\alpha_2 - 1} \int_0^{\infty} u^{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 - 1} e^{-\beta u} du$$

not a function of r

$$\propto r^{\alpha_1 - 1} (1 - r)^{\alpha_2 - 1} \propto \text{Beta}(\alpha_1, \alpha_2)$$

X_1, X_2 Same as the previous example

$$R = \frac{X_1}{X_2} \sim \int_{\text{Sup}[X_1]} f_{X_1}(ru) f_{X_2}(u) |u| du$$

$$\text{Sup}[R] = (0, \infty)$$

$$R = \int_0^{\infty} \left(\frac{\beta^{\alpha_1}}{\Gamma(\alpha_1)} (ru)^{\alpha_1-1} e^{-\beta ru} \right) \left(\frac{\beta^{\alpha_2}}{\Gamma(\alpha_2)} u^{\alpha_2-1} e^{-\beta u} \right) \mathbb{1}_{\substack{u \in (0, \infty) \\ = 1 \forall u}} u du$$
$$= \frac{\beta^{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2}}{\Gamma(\alpha_1) \Gamma(\alpha_2)} \int_0^{\infty} r^{\alpha_1-1} u^{\alpha_1-1} e^{-\beta u(r+1)} u^{\alpha_2-1} u du$$

$$= \frac{\beta^{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2}}{\Gamma(\alpha_1) \Gamma(\alpha_2)} r^{\alpha_1-1} \underbrace{\int_0^{\infty} u^{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2 - 1} e^{-\beta(r+1)u} du}_{\text{gamma with constant}}$$

$$= \frac{\beta^{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2}}{\Gamma(\alpha_1) \Gamma(\alpha_2)} r^{\alpha_1-1} \cdot \frac{\Gamma(\alpha_1 + \alpha_2)}{(\beta(r+1))^{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\beta^{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2} (r+1)^{\alpha_1 + \alpha_2}} \mathbb{1}_{r \in (0, \infty)}$$

$$= \text{Beta Prime}(\alpha_1, \alpha_2)$$

Page 155 Conditional Densities

Consider $X \sim U(0, 1)$

$$Y|X=x \sim U(0, x)$$

