

Tuesd - 09-29-20

Difference form b.  $D = X_1 - X_2 \sim \text{for } (d) ?$

$$D = \underbrace{X_1}_X + \underbrace{(-X_2)}_Y \sim ?$$

$$\text{pmf of } Y = \left( P_Y(Y) = \frac{e^{-\lambda} \lambda^{-Y}}{(-Y)!} \right)$$

Convolution  $T = X_1 + X_2 \sim \text{Poisson}(2\lambda)$

$$\text{Support } [X] = \{0, 1, 2, \dots\}$$

$$\text{Support } [Y] = \{\dots, -2, -1, 0\}$$

Proof of the difference.

$$P_D(d) = \sum_{x \in \text{sup}(x)} P_X^{\text{old}}(x) P_Y^{\text{old}}(d-x) \mathbb{1}_{d-x \in \text{sup}(Y)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{Proof for poisson is} \\ &\sum_{x \in \{0, 1, 2, \dots\}} \frac{e^{-\lambda} \lambda^x}{x!} \frac{e^{-\lambda} \lambda^{-(d-x)}}{(-d-x)!} \mathbb{1}_{d-x \in \{0, 1, 2, \dots\}} \end{aligned}$$

all this is a substitution in  $P^{\text{old}}$

tele(-)



$$z e^{-2d} = \sum_{x \in \{0, 1, \dots\}} \frac{\lambda^x}{x!} \frac{\lambda^{x-d}}{(x-d)!} \quad |x \in \{d, d+1, \dots\}|$$

Let  $x' = x - d \Rightarrow x = x' + d$

let  $d_2 = d = |d|$

$$z e^{-2d} \left\{ \begin{aligned} d \geq 0 & \sum_{x \in \{d, d+1, \dots\}} \frac{\lambda^{2x-d}}{x! (x-d)!} = \sum_{x' \in \{0, 1, \dots\}} \frac{\lambda^{2(x'+d)-d}}{(x'+d)! (x'+d-d)!} = \sum_{x' \in \{0, 1, \dots\}} \frac{\lambda^{2x'+d}}{(x'+d)! x'!} \\ d < 0 & \sum_{x \in \{0, 1, \dots\}} \frac{\lambda^{2x-d}}{x! (x-d)!} = \sum_{x \in \{0, 1, \dots\}} \frac{\lambda^{2x+d'}}{x! (x+d')!} = \sum_{x \in \{0, 1, \dots\}} \frac{\lambda^{2x+|d|}}{x! (x+|d|)!} \end{aligned} \right.$$

formula of: Modified Bessel function of the first kind (comes up in diff eq)

$$I_{|d|}(2\lambda) = \sum_{x=0}^{\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{2\lambda}{2}\right)^{2x+|d|}}{x! (x+|d|)!}$$

$z e^{-2\lambda} I_{|d|}(2\lambda)$

 $\frac{1}{d e^2} = \text{Skellam}(d, \lambda)$ 

distribution of  
1946 bolts

It's used to model point spreads in sports games, photo noise, etc