Lab 7

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1 Introduction to Quantum Information and Quantum ML

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[1]: from qiskit import QuantumCircuit

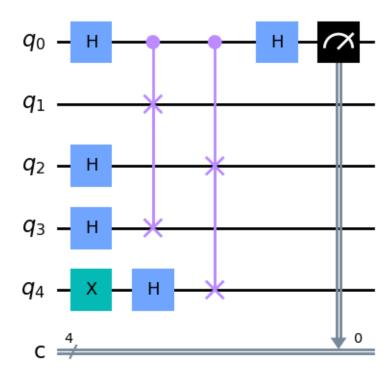
from math import sqrt
from typing import List
import pandas as pd
```

```
[2]: from qiskit import Aer, execute
simulator = Aer.get_backend("qasm_simulator")
```

```
[3]: def construct_circuit(qs: List[str]) -> QuantumCircuit:
         n = len(qs) + 1
         circuit = QuantumCircuit(n, 4)
         circuit.h(0)
         for i in range(1, n):
             if qs[i - 1] == "1":
                 circuit.x(i)
             if qs[i - 1] == "+":
                 circuit.h(i)
             if qs[i - 1] == "-":
                 circuit.x(i)
                 circuit.h(i)
         # Include swaps
         n_swaps = len(qs) // 2
         for i in range(1, n_swaps + 1):
             circuit.cswap(0, i, i + n_swaps)
         circuit.h(0)
         circuit.measure(0, 0)
         return circuit
     # Sample circuit
```

```
circuit = construct_circuit(["0", "+", "+", "-"])
circuit.draw("mpl")
```

[3]:



```
[4]: # Set the reference pattern
selected_pattern = ["-", "0"]

# Generate all possible patterns of length 2
charset = ["0", "1", "+", "-"]
patterns = []
for c1 in charset:
    for c2 in charset:
        patterns.append(selected_pattern + [c1, c2])

print("Number of patterns:", len(patterns))
```

Number of patterns: 16

```
[5]: def calculate_fidelity(counts: dict, n: int) -> float:
    p0 = counts["0" * n] / sum(counts.values())
    fidelity = abs(2 * p0 - 1.0)
    return fidelity
```

```
def calculate_overlap(fidelity: float) -> float:
        return sqrt(fidelity)
[6]: column_names = ["q1", "q2", "q3", "q4", "fidelity", "overlap"]
    results = []
    # Run simulation of circuits
    for pattern in patterns:
        circuit = construct circuit(pattern)
        job = execute(circuit, simulator, shots=1024)
        result = job.result()
        fidelity = calculate_fidelity(result.get_counts(), len(pattern))
        overlap = calculate_overlap(fidelity)
        row_result = pattern + [fidelity, overlap]
        results.append(row_result)
[7]: # Create a pandas DataFrame with the results
    df = pd.DataFrame(results, columns=column names)
    df = df.sort_values(by="fidelity", ascending=False).reset_index(drop=True)
    display(df)
      q1 q2 q3 q4 fidelity overlap
          0 - 0 1.000000 1.000000
    0
    1
          0 0 0 0.541016 0.735538
    2
          0 - - 0.517578 0.719429
    3
          0 1 0 0.507812 0.712610
    4
          0 - + 0.507812 0.712610
          0 1 - 0.281250 0.530330
    6
          0 0 - 0.248047 0.498043
    7
          0 0 + 0.230469 0.480072
    8
          0 1 + 0.228516 0.478033
    9
       - 0 0 1 0.050781 0.225347
    10 - 0 + 0 0.037109 0.192638
    11 - 0 - 1 0.035156 0.187500
    12 - 0 + + 0.033203 0.182217
    13 - 0 1 1 0.027344 0.165359
    14 - 0 + 1 0.005859 0.076547
```

15 - 0 + - 0.001953 0.044194