

Architecting with Google Compute Engine

Welcome to Architecting with Google Compute Engine!

Introductions

Your instructor + You

Background

Position

Organization





Google Cloud

Introductions:

- Your instructor + You
- Background
- Position
- Organization



Facilities:

- Parking
- Facilities
- Food

Course etiquette



Recording this class is prohibited.



Please silence your phone and take calls outside.



Ask questions interactively or via chat (online).



Google Cloud

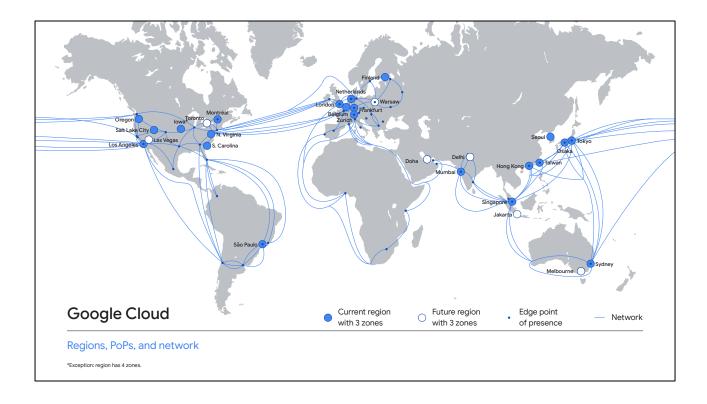
Course etiquette:

- Recording this class is prohibited.
- Please silence your phone and take calls outside.
- Ask questions interactively or via chat (online).

Open-Source Software	Developers		Other Cloud Providers
Providers	Partners		Third-Party Software
	Goog	le Cloud	
Chrome	Google Maps	Google Analytics	Google Searc
Google Devices		Gmail G 00	G Suite
		gle Clo	

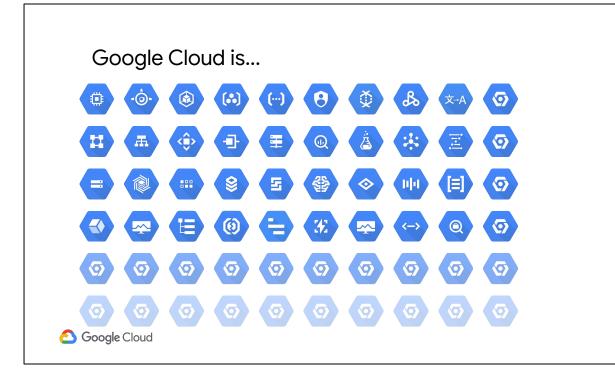
When you look at Google Cloud, you'll see that it's actually part of a much larger ecosystem. This ecosystem consists of open-source software, providers, partners, developers, third-party software, and other cloud providers. Google is actually a very strong supporter of open-source software.

Now Google Cloud consists of Chrome, Google Devices, Google Maps, Gmail, Google Analytics, G Suite, Google Search and the Google Cloud. Google Cloud itself is a computing solution platform that really encompasses three core features: infrastructure, platform, and software.

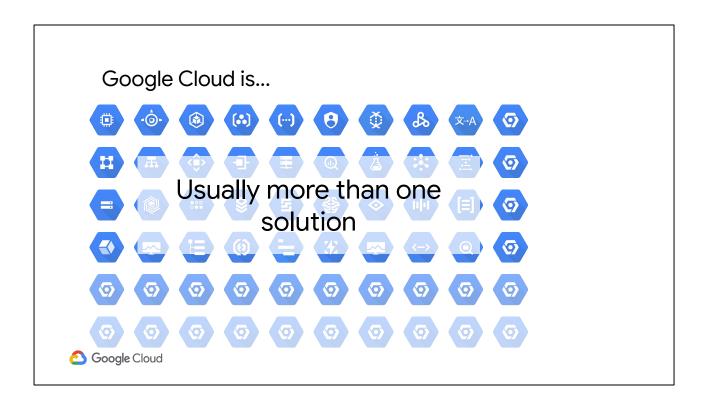


This map represents Google Cloud's global infrastructure. On a high level, Google Cloud consists of regions, which are the icons in blue; points of presence or PoPs, which are the dots in grey; a global private network, which is represented by the blue lines; and services.

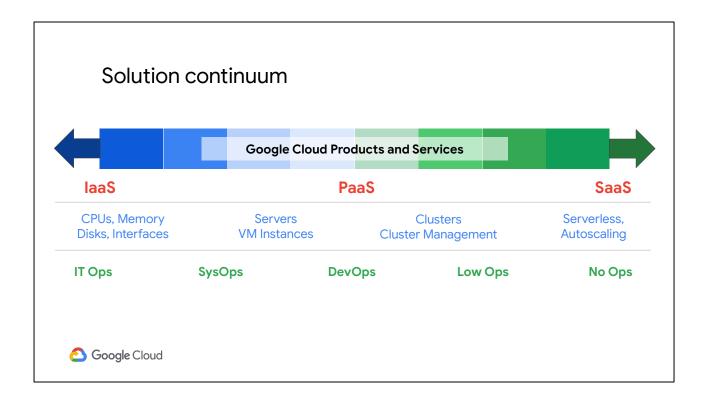
Google Cloud's well-provisioned global network connects over 60 zones to over 130 points of presence through a global network of fiber optic cables. Google is continuously investing in this network, with new regions, points of presence, and subsea cable investments.



On top of this infrastructure, Google Cloud uses state-of-the-art software-defined networking and distributed systems technologies to host and deliver your services around the world. These technologies are represented by a suite of cloud-based products and services that is continuously expanding. Many of the products and services are represented by unique blue hexagonal logos, such as the ones shown here.



Now, it's important to understand that there is usually more than one solution for a task or application in Google Cloud. To better understand this, let's look at a solution continuum.

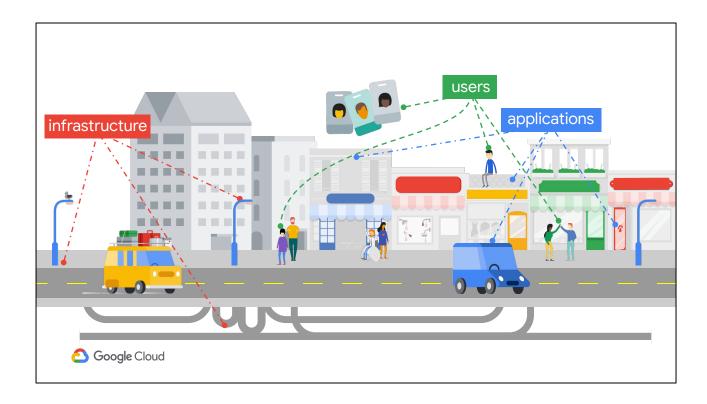


Google Cloud spans from Infrastructure as a Service (or IaaS) to Software as a Service (or SaaS). You really can build applications on Google Cloud for the web or mobile that are global, autoscaling, and assistive, and that provide services where the infrastructure is completely invisible to the user. It is not just that Google has opened the infrastructure that powers applications like Search, Gmail, Google Maps, and G Suite. Google has opened all of the services that make these products possible and packaged them for your use.

Alternative solutions are possible. For example, you could start up your own VM in Google Compute Engine, install open source MySQL on it, and run it just like a MySQL database on your own computer in a data center.

Or you could use the Cloud SQL service, which provides a MySQL instance and handles operational work like backups and security patching for you, using the same services Google does to automate backups and patches.

You could even move to a noSQL database that is autoscaling and serverless so that growth no longer requires adding server instances or possibly changing the design to handle the new capacity.



This course focuses on the infrastructure. An IT infrastructure is like a "city infrastructure." The infrastructure is the basic underlying framework of fundamental facilities and systems such as transport, communications, power, water, fuel, and other essential services.

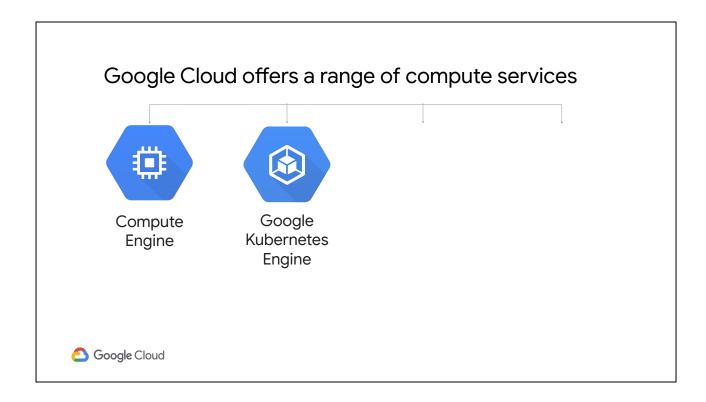
The people in the city are like "users," and the cars and bikes and buildings in the city are like "applications." Everything that goes into creating and supporting those applications for the users is the infrastructure.

The purpose of this course is to explore, as efficiently and clearly as possible, the infrastructure services provided by Google Cloud. You should become familiar enough with the infrastructure services that you will know what the services do and how to use them.

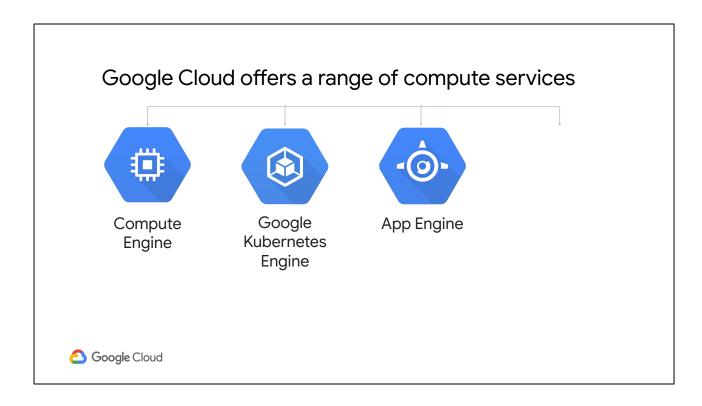
We won't go into very deep-dive case studies on specific vertical applications, but you'll know enough to put all the building blocks together to build your own solution.

Google Cloud offers a range of compute services Compute Engine Google Cloud

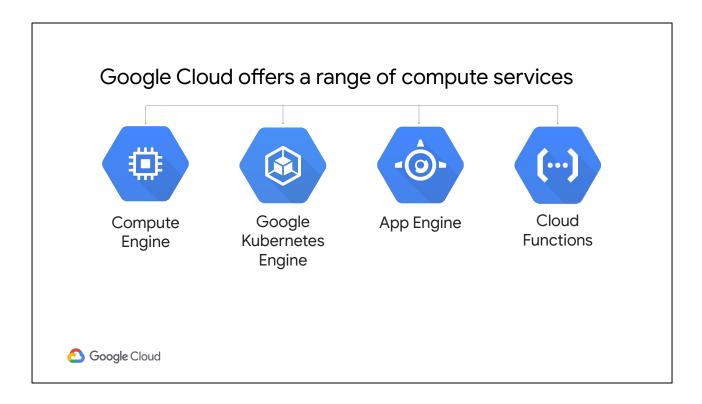
Now, Google Cloud offers a range of compute services. The service that might be most familiar to newcomers is Compute Engine, which lets you run virtual machines on demand in the cloud. It's Google Cloud's Infrastructure-as-a-Service solution. It provides maximum flexibility for people who prefer to manage server instances themselves.



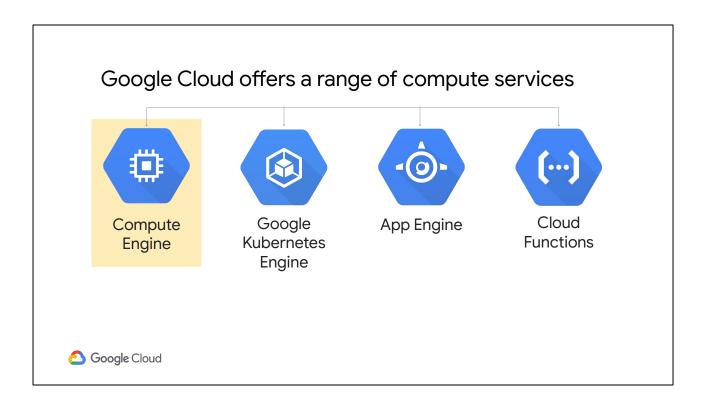
Google Kubernetes Engine lets you run containerized applications on a cloud environment that Google manages for you, under your administrative control. Think of containerization as a way to package code that's designed to be highly portable and to use resources very efficiently, and think of Kubernetes as a way to orchestrate code in containers. You can learn a lot more about Google Kubernetes Engine in the Architecting with Google Kubernetes Engine course.



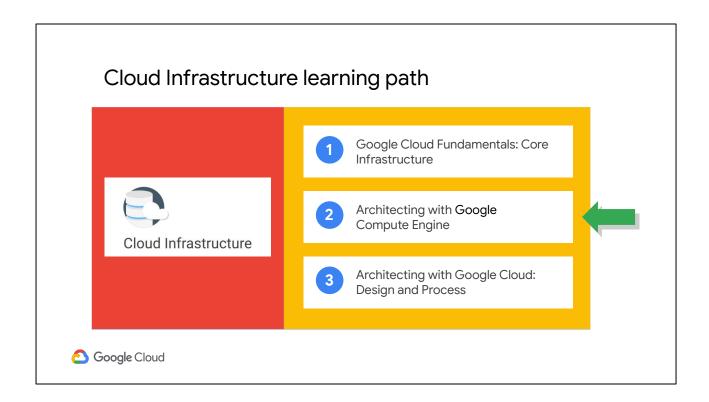
App Engine is Google Cloud's fully managed Platform-as-a-Service framework. That means it's a way to run code in the cloud without having to worry about infrastructure. You just focus on your code, and let Google deal with all the provisioning and resource management. You can learn a lot more about App Engine in the <u>Developing Applications with Google Cloud</u> course.



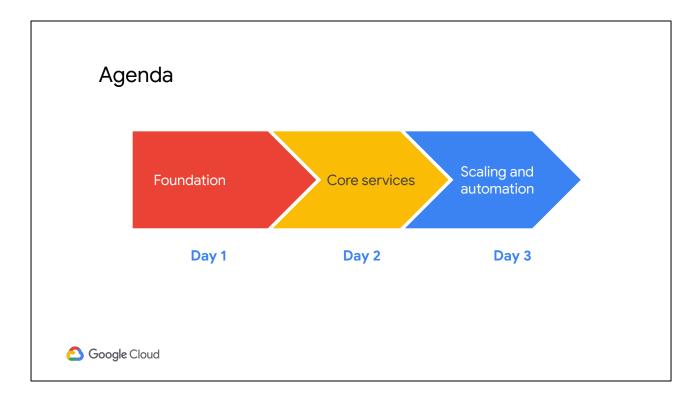
Cloud Functions is a completely serverless execution environment, or Functions-as-a-Service. It executes your code in response to events, whether those events occur once a day or many times per second. Google scales resources as required, but you only pay for the service while your code runs. The Developing Applications with Google Cloud course also discusses Cloud Functions.



In this course, Compute Engine will be our main focus.



The "Architecting with Google Compute Engine" course is part of the Cloud Infrastructure learning path. This path is designed for IT professionals who are responsible for implementing, deploying, migrating, and maintaining applications in the cloud. The prerequisite for this course is the <u>Google Cloud Fundamentals: Core Infrastructure</u> course.



This course is broken into three parts that are roughly distributed over the three days of this course:

- Foundation
- Core Services
- Scaling and Automation

Agenda: Foundation Module Labs **Introduction to Google Cloud** Console and Cloud Shell 1 Infrastructure Preview **VPC Networking** Virtual Networks Implement Private Google Access and **Cloud NAT** 3 **Virtual Machines Creating Virtual Machines** Working with Virtual Machines Google Cloud

"Foundation" is the first part of the course. In this part, we start by introducing you to Google Cloud and how to interact with the Cloud Console and Cloud Shell.

Next we'll get into virtual networks, and you will create VPC networks and other networking objects.

Then we'll take a deep dive into virtual machines, and you will create virtual machines using Compute Engine.

Agenda: Core services

	dule	Labs	
4	Cloud Identity and Access Management (IAM)	Cloud IAM	
5	Data Storage Services	Cloud StorageImplementing Cloud SQL	
6	Resource Management	Examining Billing Data with BigQuery	
7	Resource Monitoring	Resource MonitoringError Reporting and Debugging	

"Core Services" is the second part of the course. In this part, we start by talking about Cloud IAM, and you will administer Identity and Access Management for resources.

Next, we'll cover the different data storage services in Google Cloud, and you will implement some of those services.

Then we'll go over resource management, where you will manage and examine billing of Google Cloud resources.

Lastly we'll talk about resource monitoring, and you will monitor Google Cloud resources using Stackdriver services.

Agenda: Scaling and automation

Мо	1odule Labs	
8	Interconnecting Networks	Virtual Private Networks
9	Load Balancing and Autoscaling	 Configuring an HTTP Load Balancer with Autoscaling Configuring an Internal Load Balancer
10	Infrastructure Automation	 Automating the Deployment of Infrastructure Using Deployment Manager/Terraform
11	Managed Services	N/A

"Scaling and Automation" is the last part of the course. In this part, we start by going over the different options to interconnect networks to enable you to connect your infrastructure to Google Cloud.

Next we'll go over Google Cloud's load balancing and autoscaling services, which you will get to explore directly.

Then we'll cover infrastructure automation services like Deployment Manager and Terraform, so that you can automate the deployment of Google Cloud infrastructure services.

Lastly we'll talk about other managed services that you might want to leverage in Google Cloud.

Lab Environment



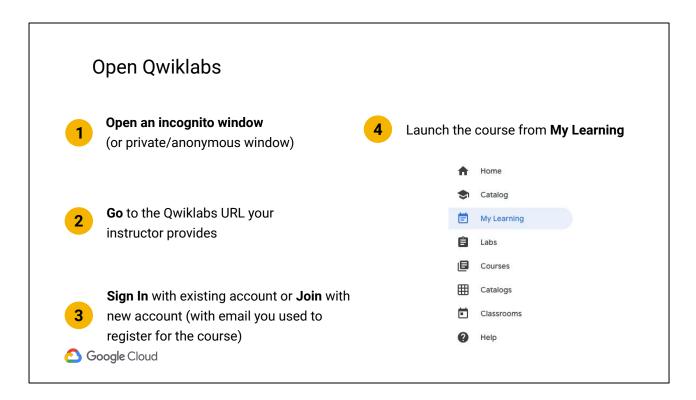
For each lab, Qwiklabs offers:

- A free set of resources for a fixed amount of time
- A clean environment with permissions



Qwiklabs provisions you with Google account credentials, so you can access the Cloud Console for each lab at no cost. Specifically, for each lab, Qwiklabs offers:

- A free set of resources for a fixed amount of time
- A clean environment with permissions



Let's go ahead an open Qwiklabs:

- Open an incognito window (or private/anonymous window). Use of an incognito browser window reduces the risk that you will accidentally do the labs using your own Google Cloud account rather than Qwiklabs'.
- 2. **Go** to the Qwiklabs URL your instructor provides.
- 3. **Sign** In with existing account or **Join** with new account (with email you used to register for the course).
- 4. Launch the course from My Learning.

La	Lecture Notes	
0	Console and Cloud Shell v1.5	Lab Completed
0	Infrastructure Preview v1.5	- Active Lab
A	Virtual Networking v1.5	Lab Currently Disabled ← Not yet available
A	Bastion Host v1.5	Lab Currently Disabled

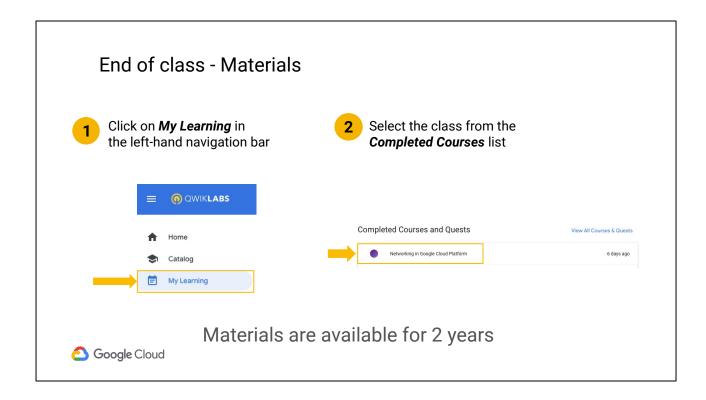
After you launch the course, you can view your labs. The lab list will indicate if a lab is:

- Completed (by you)
- Active
- Or not yet available

Your instructor will let you know when it's time to launch a lab. Once you start a lab, you won't be able to pause and restart it, so you'll need a continuous block of time to complete the work.

Labs	Lecture Notes	
00 Course Intro		
01 Introduction to	GCP	
02 Virtual Networ	s	
03 Virtual Machin	es	
04 Cloud IAM		

Within the course, you can also view the lecture notes. You can download these as PDF files.



You can view the course materials within Qwiklabs as follows:

- 1. Click on *My Learning* in the left-hand navigation bar.
- 2. Select the class from the *Completed Courses* list.

Materials are available for 2 years following the completion of a course.

