

$$Q1(a) \quad w_1 = (0.01, 0.02, 0.03)$$

$$w_2 = (0.03, 0.01, 0.02)$$

$$w_3 = (0.02, 0.03, 0.01)$$

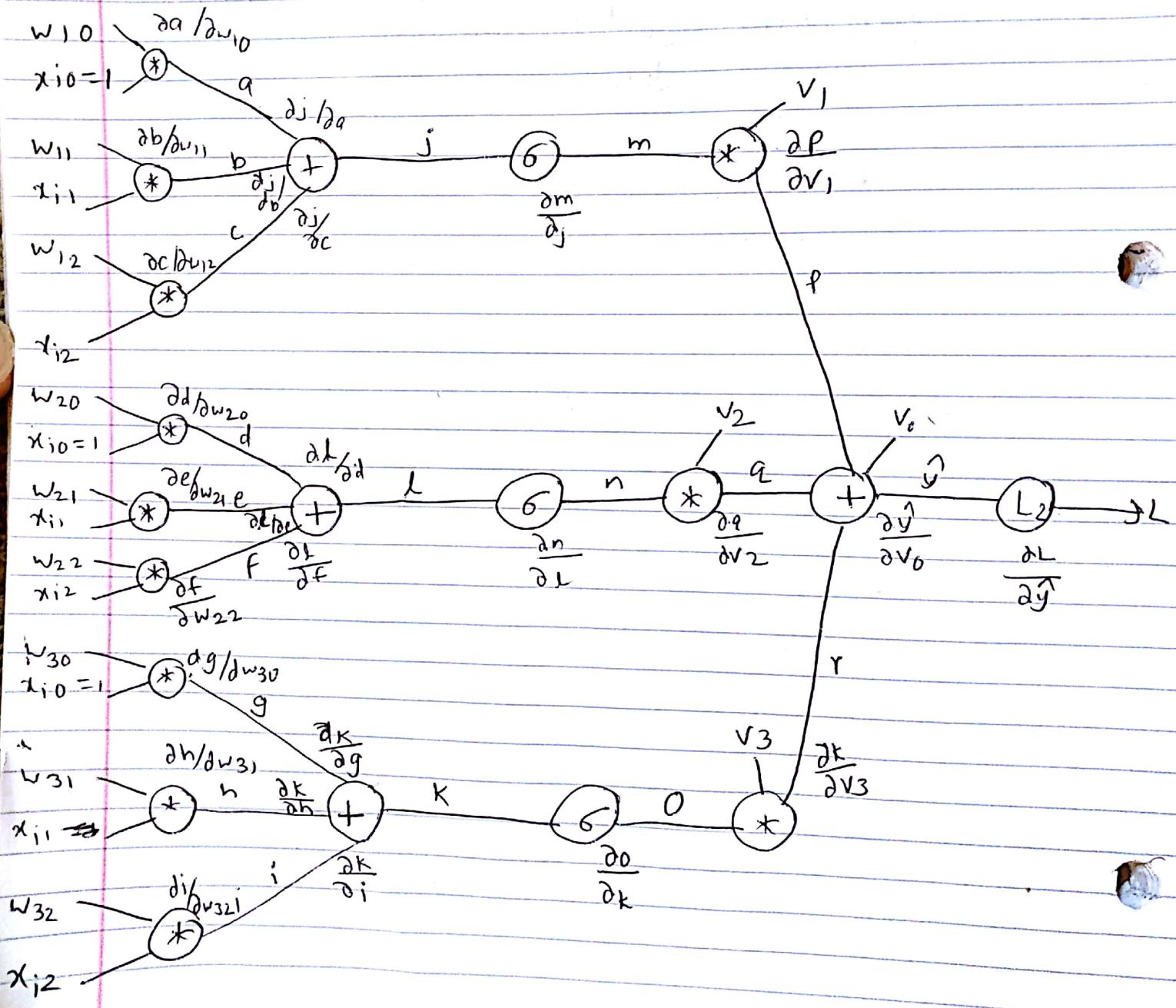
$$v = (0.01, 0.02, 0.03, 0.04)$$

$$(x_1, y_1) = [(1, 2), 8]$$

$$(x_2, y_2) = [(1, 3), 1]$$

$$(x_3, y_3)$$

computation graph



b) values for the ^{forward pass} network

i) for first network input layer: $\boxed{j=1}$

$$a = w_{10} * x_{i0} = 0.01 * 1 = 0.01$$

$$b = w_{11} * x_{i1} = 0.02 * 1 = 0.02$$

$$c = w_{12} * x_{i2} = 0.03 * 2 = 0.06$$

$$j = a + b + c = 0.01 + 0.02 + 0.06 = 0.09$$

$$m = \sigma(wx) = \text{Sigmoid}(j) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-j}} = \frac{1}{1+e^{-0.09}} = 0.52248.$$

$$d = w_{20} * x_{i0} = 0.03 * 1 = 0.03$$

$$e = w_{21} * x_{i1} = 0.01 * 1 = 0.01$$

$$f = w_{22} * x_{i2} = 0.02 * 2 = 0.04$$

$$k = d + e + f = 0.08$$

$$n = \sigma(wx) = \text{Sigmoid}(l) = 0.5199 = \underline{\underline{n}}$$

~~w₃₀ h~~

$$g = w_{30} * x_{i0} = 0.02 * 1 = 0.02$$

$$h = w_{31} * x_{i1} = 0.03 * 1 = 0.03$$

$$i = w_{32} * x_{i2} = 0.01 * 2 = 0.02$$

$$g+h+i = 0.07$$

$$\sigma(wx) = \text{Sigmoid}(o) = 0.517$$

(ii)

$$p = m * v_1 = 0.52 * 0.02 = 0.0104$$

$$q = n * v_2 = 0.52 * 0.03 = 0.0156$$

$$r = o * v_3 = 0.517 * 0.04 = 0.0206$$

$$\hat{y}_1 = v_0 + p + q + r = 0.01 + 0.0104 + 0.0156 + 0.0206 = \boxed{0.0568}$$

ii) x_2 : for second input layer : $i = 2$

$$a = w_{10} \times x_{20} = 0.01 \times 1 = 0.01$$

$$b = w_{11} \times x_{21} = 0.02 \times 1 = 0.02$$

$$c = w_{12} \times x_{22} = 0.03 \times 3 = 0.09$$

$$j = a + b + c = 0.01 + 0.02 + 0.09 = 0.12$$

$$m = \sigma(wx) = \text{Sigmoid}(j) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-j}} = 0.52.$$

$$d = w_{20} \times x_{20} = 0.03 \times 1 = 0.03$$

$$e = w_{21} \times x_{21} = 0.01 \times 1 = 0.01$$

$$f = w_{22} \times x_{22} = 0.02 \times 3 = 0.06$$

$$l = d + e + f = 0.03 + 0.01 + 0.06 = 0.1$$

$$n = \sigma(wx) = \text{Sigmoid}(l) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-l}} = \text{Sigmoid}(0.1) = 0.52$$

$$g = w_{30} \times x_{20} = 0.02 \times 1 = 0.02$$

$$h = w_{31} \times x_{21} = 0.03 \times 1 = 0.03$$

$$i = w_{32} \times x_{22} = 0.01 \times 3 = 0.03$$

$$o = \sigma(wx) = \text{Sigmoid}(k) = \text{Sigmoid}(0.08) = 0.519$$

$$k = 0.02 + 0.03 + 0.02 = 0.08.$$

$$p = m \times v_1 = 0.52 \times 0.02 = 0.0104$$

$$q = n \times v_2 = 0.52 \times 0.03 = 0.0156$$

$$r = o \times v_3 = 0.519 \times 0.05 = 0.0207$$

$$y_2 = v_0 + p + q + r = 0.01 + 0.0104 + 0.0156 + 0.0207$$

$$\boxed{y_2 = 0.0207}$$

iii) x_3 : for third input layer $\boxed{i=3}$

$$a = w_{10} \times x_{30} = 0.01 \times 1 = 0.01$$

$$b = w_{11} \times x_{31} = 0.02 \times 2 = 0.04$$

$$c = w_{12} \times x_{32} = 0.03 \times 2 = 0.06$$

$$j = a + b + c = 0.01 + 0.04 + 0.06 = 0.11$$

$$m = \sigma(wx) = \text{Sigmoid}(j) = 0.52$$

$$d = w_{20} \times x_{30} = 0.03 \times 1 = 0.03$$

$$e = w_{21} \times x_{31} = 0.01 \times 2 = 0.02$$

$$f = w_{22} \times x_{32} = 0.02 \times 2 = 0.04$$

$$k = d + e + f = 0.03 + 0.02 + 0.04 = 0.09$$

$$n = \sigma(wx) = \text{Sigmoid}(k) = 0.52$$

$$g = w_{30} \times x_{30} = 0.02 \times 1 = 0.02$$

$$h = w_{31} \times x_{31} = 0.03 \times 2 = 0.06$$

$$i = w_{32} \times x_{32} = 0.01 \times 2 = 0.02$$

$$l = g + h + i = 0.1$$

$$o = \sigma(wx) = \text{Sigmoid}(l) = \text{Sigmoid}(0.1) = 0.52$$

$$p = m \times v_1 = 0.52 \times 0.02 = 0.0104$$

$$q = n \times v_2 = 0.52 \times 0.03 = 0.0156$$

$$r = o \times v_3 = 0.52 \times 0.04 = 0.0208$$

$$\hat{y}_3 = v_0 + p + q + r = 0.01 + 0.0104 + 0.0156 + 0.0208$$

$$\boxed{\hat{y}_3 = 0.0567}$$

c)

$$L_2 \text{ loss} = L_2 (6(x_w) - y) \\ = (\hat{y} - y)^2$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \hat{y}} = 2(\hat{y} - y)$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v_0} = \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial p} = \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial q} = \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial h} = 1 \quad (\because \hat{y} = v_0 + pfq + r).$$

$$\frac{\partial p}{\partial v_1} = m \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial m}{\partial j} = m(1-m) \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial j}{\partial c} = 1 \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial j}{\partial p} = 1, \quad \frac{\partial j}{\partial q} = 1$$

$$\frac{\partial q}{\partial v_2} = n \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial n}{\partial k} = n(1-n) \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial k}{\partial f} = 1 \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial k}{\partial d} = 1 \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial k}{\partial e} = 1$$

$$\frac{\partial r}{\partial v_3} = o \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial o}{\partial k} = o(1-o) \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial k}{\partial g} = 1 \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial k}{\partial h} = 1 \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial k}{\partial i} = 1$$

$$\frac{\partial a}{\partial w_{10}} = 1 \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial b}{\partial w_{11}} = x_{i1} \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial c}{\partial w_{12}} = x_{i2}$$

$$\frac{\partial d}{\partial w_{20}} = 1 \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial e}{\partial w_{21}} = x_{i1} \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial w_{22}} = x_{i2}$$

$$\frac{\partial g}{\partial w_{30}} = 1 \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial h}{\partial w_{31}} = x_{i1} \quad ; \quad \frac{\partial i}{\partial w_{32}} = x_{i2}$$

~~*
6.~~
$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial m} = v_1, \quad , \quad \frac{\partial q}{\partial n} = v_2, \quad , \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial o} = v_3$$

* Gradient Descent of the loss (cost) function w.r.t. each weights

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{10}} = \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial p} \times \frac{\partial p}{\partial m} \times \frac{\partial m}{\partial j} \times \frac{\partial j}{\partial a} \times \frac{\partial a}{\partial w_{10}}$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{10}} = v_1 \times m(1-m) \times 1 \times 1$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{11}} = \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial p} \times \frac{\partial p}{\partial m} \times \frac{\partial m}{\partial j} \times \frac{\partial j}{\partial b} \times \frac{\partial b}{\partial w_{11}}$$

$$= 1 \times v_1 \times m(1-m) \times 1 \times x_{i,1}$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{11}} = v_1 \times m(1-m) \times x_{i,1}$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{12}} = \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial p} \times \frac{\partial p}{\partial m} \times \frac{\partial m}{\partial j} \times \frac{\partial j}{\partial c} \times \frac{\partial c}{\partial w_{12}}$$

$$= 1 \times v_1 \times m(1-m) \times 1 \times x_{i,2}$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{12}} = v_1 \times m(1-m) \times x_{i,2}$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{20}} = \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial q} \times \frac{\partial q}{\partial n} \times \frac{\partial n}{\partial x} \times \frac{\partial x}{\partial d} \times \frac{\partial d}{\partial w_{20}}$$

$$= 1 \times v_2 \times n(1-n) \times 1 \times 1$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{20}} = v_2 \times n(1-n)$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{21}} = \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial q} \times \frac{\partial q}{\partial n} \times \frac{\partial n}{\partial e} \times \frac{\partial e}{\partial d} \times \frac{\partial d}{\partial w_{21}}$$

$$= 1 \times v_2 \times n(1-n) \times 1 \times x_{i,1}$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{21}} = v_2 \times n(1-n) \times x_{i,1}$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{22}} = \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial q} \times \frac{\partial q}{\partial n} \times \frac{\partial n}{\partial k} \times \frac{\partial k}{\partial f} \times \frac{\partial f}{\partial w_{22}}$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{22}} = \cancel{1 \times v_2 \times (1-1)} \times v_2 \times n \times (1-n) \times 1 \times x_{i,2}$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{22}} = v_2 \times n \times 1-n \times x_{i,2}$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{30}} = \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial r} \times \frac{\partial r}{\partial o} \times \frac{\partial o}{\partial k} \times \frac{\partial k}{\partial g} \times \frac{\partial g}{\partial w_{30}}$$

$$= 1 \times v_3 \times 0 \times (1-0) \times 1 \times 1$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{30}} = v_3 \times 0 \times (1-0)$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{31}} = \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial r} \times \frac{\partial r}{\partial o} \times \frac{\partial o}{\partial k} \times \frac{\partial k}{\partial h} \times \frac{\partial h}{\partial w_{31}}$$

$$= 1 \times v_3 \times 0 \times (1-0) \times 1 \times x_{i,1}$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{31}} = v_3 \times 0 \times (1-0) \times x_{i,1}$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{32}} = \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial r} \times \frac{\partial r}{\partial o} \times \frac{\partial o}{\partial l} \times \frac{\partial l}{\partial i} \times \frac{\partial i}{\partial w_{32}}$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{32}} = v_3 \times 0 \times (1-0) \times x_{i,2}$$

★ Gradient of cost function, first training example $\boxed{(1, 2), 8}$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \hat{y}} = 2(\hat{y} - y) = 2(0.0568 - 8) \\ = -15.886.$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v} = \left[\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v_0}, \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v_1}, \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v_2}, \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v_3} \right] = [1 \ 0.52 \ 0.52 \ 0.52]$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{10}} & \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{11}}, \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{12}} \\ \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{20}} & \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{21}}, \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{22}} \\ \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{30}} & \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{31}}, \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w_{32}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \times m(1-m) & v_1 \times m(1-m)x_{i1}, v_1 \times m(1-m)x_{i2} \\ v_2 \times n(1-n) & v_2 \times n(1-n)x_{i1}, v_2 \times n(1-n)x_{i2} \\ v_3 \times o(1-o) & v_3 \times o(1-o)x_{i1}, v_3 \times o(1-o)x_{i2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.00499 & 0.00499 & 0.00998 \\ 0.00748 & 0.00748 & 0.0149 \\ 0.00998 & 0.00998 & 0.0199 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Delta v = \frac{\partial K}{\partial v} = \frac{\partial K}{\partial \hat{y}} \times \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v}, \Delta v = [-15.886 \ -8.262 \ -8.262 \\ -8.262]$$

$$\Delta w = \frac{\partial L}{\partial w} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial \hat{y}} \times \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w}$$

$$\Delta w = \begin{bmatrix} -0.0792 & -0.0792 & -0.1585 \\ -0.1188 & -0.1187 & -0.2375 \\ -0.1585 & -0.1585 & -0.3168 \end{bmatrix} \quad (I)$$

$x_2 = x_{1,2} = \text{second training example} : \boxed{(1, 3, 1)}$

$$\hat{y}_2 = 0.567$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \hat{y}} = 2(\hat{y} - y) = 2(0.567 - 1) = 2(-0.43)$$

$$\boxed{\frac{\partial L}{\partial \hat{y}} = -21.88}$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v_0} & \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v_1} & \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v_2} & \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v_3} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0.52 & 0.52 & 0.587 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.0049 & 0.00492 & 0.0149 \\ 0.00748 & 0.0748 & 0.2246 \\ 0.00998 & 0.00998 & 0.0299 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Delta v = \frac{\partial L}{\partial v} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial \hat{y}} \times \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v} \rightarrow \Delta v = -21.88 \times \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0.52 & 0.52 & 0.587 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Delta v = \begin{bmatrix} 21.88 & -11.380 & -11.380 & -11.315 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Delta w = \frac{\partial L}{\partial w} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial \hat{y}} \times \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w} = -21.88 \begin{bmatrix} 0.0049 & 0.00492 & 0.0149 \\ 0.00748 & 0.00748 & 0.02246 \\ 0.00998 & 0.00998 & 0.0299 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Delta w = \begin{bmatrix} -0.1072 & -0.10767 & -0.3261 \\ -0.1637 & -0.1637 & -0.04915 \\ -0.21942 & -0.21842 & -0.65529 \end{bmatrix} - (II)$$

for $x_3: x_{1,3} = \text{Third training example} : \boxed{(2, 4), 10.}$

$$\hat{y} = 0.05C$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \hat{y}} = 2(9 - \hat{y}) = 2(0.05C - 10) = -19.886.$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v_0} & \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v_1} & \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v_2} & \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v_3} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v} = [1 \ 0.52 \ 0.52 \ 0.517]$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w} = \begin{bmatrix} v_1 (1-m)m & v_1 m (1-m)2 & v_1 m (1-m)2 \\ v_2 (n) (1-n) & v_2 (n) (1-n)2 & v_2 (n) (1-n)2 \\ v_3 (0) (1-0) & v_3 (0) (-0)2 & v_3 (0) (1-0)2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.00499 & 0.00998 & 0.00998 \\ 0.00748 & 0.0149 & 0.0149 \\ 0.00998 & 0.01996 & 0.01996 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Delta v = \frac{\partial L}{\partial v} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial \hat{y}} \times \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v} = -19.886 \times [1 \ 0.52 \ 0.52 \ 0.517]$$

$$\Delta v = [-19.886 \ -10.340 \ -10.340 \ -10.281]$$

$$\Delta w = \frac{\partial L}{\partial w} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial \hat{y}} \times \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial w} = -19.886 \begin{bmatrix} 0.00499 & 0.00998 & 0.00998 \\ 0.00748 & 0.0149 & 0.0149 \\ 0.00998 & 0.01996 & 0.01996 \end{bmatrix}$$

Answer

$$\Delta w = \begin{bmatrix} -0.0992 & -0.1984 & -0.1984 \\ -0.1487 & -0.2963 & -0.2963 \\ -0.1985 & -0.3969 & -0.3969 \end{bmatrix}$$

(III)

d) Formula given in the class

$$\text{updated } v_j \leftarrow v_j - \eta \sum_{i=1}^m (\hat{y}_j^{(i)} - y_j^{(i)}) z^{(i)}$$

$$\Delta v_j = \sum_{i=1}^m (\hat{y}_j^{(i)} - y_j^{(i)}) z^{(i)}$$

$z^{(i)} = \text{sigmoid } (w_j^T x)$.

$$\text{updated } w_j \leftarrow w_j - \eta \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{e=1}^k (\hat{y}_e^{(i)} - y_e^{(i)}) v_j z_j^{(i)} (1 - z_j^{(i)}) x^{(i)}$$

$$\Delta w_j = \sum_{i=1}^m (\hat{y}_j^{(i)} - y_j^{(i)}) v_j \cdot z_j^{(i)} (1 - z_j^{(i)}) x^{(i)}$$

~~$z^{(i)}$~~ is vector which contains sigmoid applied values.
 $z = [m n \cdot o]$.

$$\text{for } x = [1, 2], y = [8]$$

$$\Delta v_j = (\hat{y}_j^{(i)} - y_j^{(i)}) [1 m n \cdot o]$$

$$\Delta v_j = -15.886 [1 0.52 0.52 0.517]$$

$$\Delta v_j = [-15.886 \quad -8.261 \quad -8.261 \quad -8.216]$$

$$\Delta w_1 = (-15.886) (0.02) (0.52) (1 - 0.52) [1 12]$$

$$\Delta w_1 = [-0.0793 \quad -0.0793 \quad -0.1586]$$

$$\Delta w_2 = (-15.886) (0.03) (0.52) (1 - 0.52) [1 12]$$

$$= [-0.1189 \quad -0.1189 \quad -0.2379].$$

$$\Delta w_3 = (-15.886) (0.02) (0.52) (1-0.52) [1 \ 1 \ 2] \\ = [-0.1585 \quad -0.1585 \quad -0.3168]$$

$$\Delta v = \begin{bmatrix} -0.793 & -0.793 & -0.1586 \\ -0.1189 & -0.1189 & -0.2379 \\ -0.1585 & -0.1585 & -0.3168 \end{bmatrix} - (\text{IV})$$

$$\Delta v = [-15.886 \quad -8.261 \quad -8.261 \quad -8.215] \\ \text{As you can see } (\text{IV}) \text{ results matches with } \cancel{\text{result (I)}}.$$

* for $x_{12} = [1, 3]$

$$\Delta v = -21.88 [1 \ 0.52 \ 0.52 \ 0.517]$$

$$\Delta v = [-21.88 \quad -11.393 \quad -11.393 \quad -11.311]$$

$$\Delta w = \Delta w_1 = -21.88 (0.02) (0.52) (1-0.52) [1 \ 1 \ 3] \\ \Delta w_1 = [-0.1092 \quad -0.1092 \quad -0.3276],$$

$$\Delta w_2 = -21.88 (0.03) (0.52) (1-0.52) [1 \ 1 \ 3] \\ = [-0.1638 \quad -0.1638 \quad -0.4915]$$

$$\Delta w_3 = -21.88 (0.04) (0.52) (1-0.52) [1 \ 1 \ 3]$$

$$\Delta w_3 = [-0.2185 \quad -0.2185 \quad -0.6556]$$

$$\Delta w = \begin{bmatrix} -0.1092 & -0.1092 & -0.3276 \\ -0.1638 & -0.1638 & -0.4915 \\ -0.2185 & -0.2185 & -0.6556 \end{bmatrix} - (\text{V})$$

$$\Delta w \cdot \Delta v = [-21.88 \quad -11.393 \quad -11.393 \quad -11.311]$$

Results (IV) matches with (II) results

$$\text{for } x_{i,3} = (2, 2), 10$$

$$\Delta v = -19.886 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0.52 & 0.52 & 0.519 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Delta v = \begin{bmatrix} -19.88 & -10.340 & -10.340 & -10.281 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Delta w = \Delta w_1 = -19.886 (0.02) (0.52) (1-0.52) [1 \ 2 \ 2]$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} -0.09927 & -0.19853 & -0.19854 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Delta w_2 = -19.886 (0.03) (0.52) (1-0.52) [1 \ 2 \ 2]$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} -0.1483 & -0.2978 & -0.2978 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Delta w_3 = -19.886 (0.04) (0.52) (1-0.52) [1 \ 2 \ 2]$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} -0.1985 & -0.3970 & -0.3970 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Delta w = \begin{bmatrix} -0.09927 & -0.19853 & -0.19853 \\ -0.14869 & -0.2978 & -0.2978 \\ -0.1985 & -0.3970 & -0.3970 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Delta v = \begin{bmatrix} -19.886 & -10.340 & -10.340 & -10.281 \end{bmatrix} - (VI)$$

Results of (VI) matches with result of (III).

Q. 2

$$f(x) = (2x+3y)^2$$

a) $\nabla f(x,y) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \end{bmatrix}$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 2(2x+3y) \times 2 = 4(2x+3y)$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = 2(2x+3y) \times 3 = 6(2x+3y)$$

$$\nabla f(x,y) = \begin{bmatrix} 4(2x+3y) \\ 6(2x+3y) \end{bmatrix}$$

b) Jacobian Matrix

$$F(x,y) = \begin{bmatrix} x^2 + 2y \\ 3x + 4y^2 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{Compute Jacobian Matrix } DF(1,2).$$

$$DF(x,y) = \begin{bmatrix} f_1(x,y) \\ f_2(x,y) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x^2 + 2y \\ 3x + 4y^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial f_1}{\partial y} \\ \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial f_2}{\partial y} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 2x & 2 \\ 3 & 8y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$DF(1,2) = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 16 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$G(x) = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ x^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$4x^2 + x^2$$

$$F(x, y) = \begin{bmatrix} x^2 + 2y \\ 3x + 4y^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$F \circ G(x) = \begin{bmatrix} x^2 + 2x^2 \\ 3x + 4x^4 \end{bmatrix}$$

* using chain rule :-

$$D(F \circ G)(x) = D F(G(x)) D G(x)$$

$$D(F \circ G)(x) = \begin{bmatrix} 2x + 4x \\ 3 + 16x^3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 6x \\ 3 + 16x^3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$D(F \circ G)(2) = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \cdot 2 \\ 3 + 16(2)^3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 3 + 128 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 131 \end{bmatrix}$$

* without chain rule. Using chain rule.

$$F(x, y) = \begin{bmatrix} x^2 + 2y \\ 3x + 4y^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$DF'(x, y) = \begin{bmatrix} 2x & 2 \\ 3 & 8y \end{bmatrix}$$

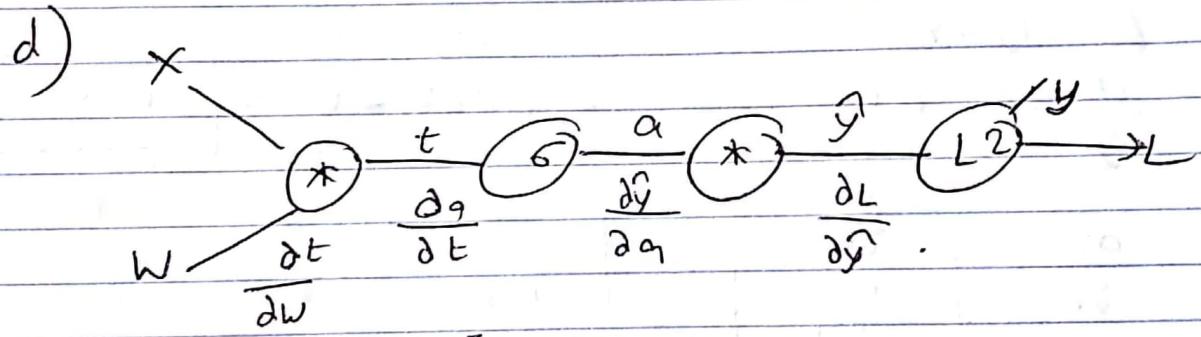
$$\cancel{DF(G(x))} = \begin{bmatrix} 2x & 2 \\ 3 & 8x^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$DG(x) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2x \end{bmatrix}$$

$$DF(G(x) \circ h(x)) = \begin{bmatrix} 2x & 2 \\ 3 & 8x^2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2x \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 2x + 4x \\ 3 + 16x^3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$DF((g_i \circ h)(x)) = \begin{bmatrix} 2(2) + 4(2) \\ 3 + 16(2)^3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 131 \end{bmatrix}$$



$$x^T = [1 \ 1 \ 2] \rightarrow \text{Input vector.}$$

$$w = \begin{bmatrix} w_1^T \\ w_2^T \\ w_3^T \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.01 & 0.02 & 0.03 \\ 0.03 & 0.01 & 0.02 \\ 0.02 & 0.03 & 0.01 \end{bmatrix} \quad \left. \right\} \text{weight matrix}$$

$$v = [0.01 \ 0.02 \ 0.03 \ 0.04]$$

Forward propagation

$$a = \text{Sigmoid}(t) = \text{Sigmoid}(wx).$$

$$wx = \begin{bmatrix} 0.01 & 0.02 & 0.03 \\ 0.03 & 0.01 & 0.02 \\ 0.02 & 0.03 & 0.01 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.09 \\ 0.08 \\ 0.07 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$q = \text{sigmoid } (\omega_1) = \begin{bmatrix} 0.52 \\ 0.519 \\ 0.517 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\hat{y} = v_q = [0.01 \ 0.02 \ 0.03 \ 0.04] \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0.52 \\ 0.519 \\ 0.517 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\hat{y} = 0.056$$

* Backward propagation:

$$L = (y^1 - y)^2$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial \hat{y}} = 2(\hat{y} - y) = 2(0.056 - 8) = -15.886$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v_0} \\ \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v_1} \\ \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v_2} \\ \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v_3} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0.52 \\ 0.519 \\ 0.517 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial a} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial a_1} \\ \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial a_2} \\ \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial a_3} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ v_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.02 \\ 0.03 \\ 0.04 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial a}{\partial w} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial a_1}{\partial w_1} \\ \frac{\partial a_2}{\partial w_2} \\ \frac{\partial a_3}{\partial w_3} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial}{\partial w_1} \text{sigmoid } (\omega_1 x) \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial w_2} \text{sigmoid } (\omega_2 x) \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial w_3} \text{sigmoid } (\omega_3 x) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial q}{\partial w} &= \begin{bmatrix} q_1(1-q_1) \\ q_2(1-q_2) \\ q_3(1-q_3) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1^T \\ x_2^T \\ x_3^T \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} 0.52(1-0.52) \\ 0.519(1-0.519) \\ 0.517(1-0.517) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} 0.249 & 0.249 & 0.499 \\ 0.249 & 0.249 & 0.499 \\ 0.249 & 0.249 & 0.499 \end{bmatrix}\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial v} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial g} \cdot \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v} = \begin{bmatrix} -15.880 \\ -8.260 \\ -8.244 \\ -8.213 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w} = \frac{\partial L}{\partial g} \cdot \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial a} \cdot \frac{\partial a}{\partial w}$$

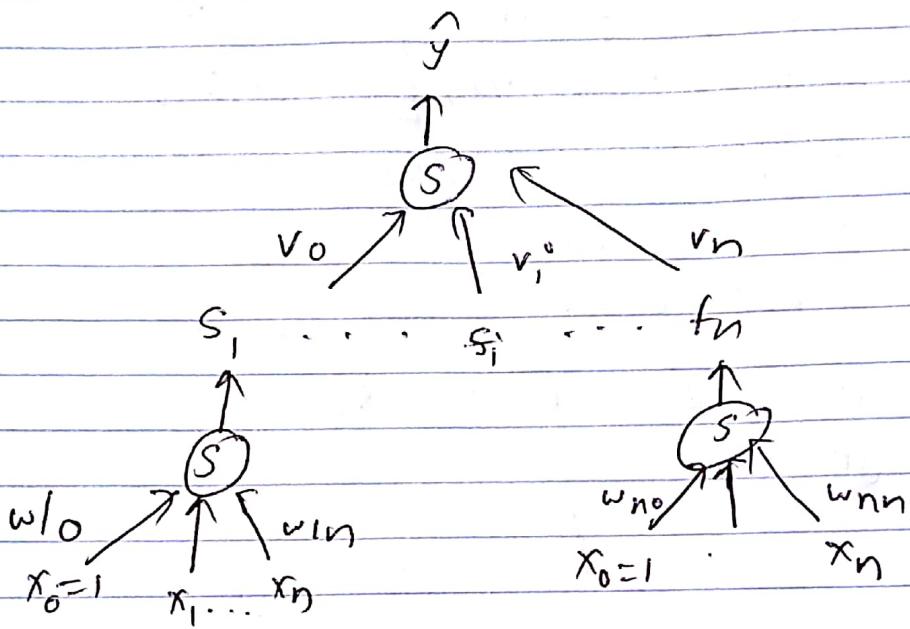
$$= -15.880 \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 0.02 \\ 0.03 \\ 0.04 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 0.249 & 0.249 & 0.499 \\ 0.249 & 0.249 & 0.499 \\ 0.249 & 0.249 & 0.499 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial w} = \begin{bmatrix} -0.0792 & -0.0792 & -0.1584 \\ -0.1187 & -0.8187 & -0.2375 \\ -0.1584 & -0.1584 & -0.3168 \end{bmatrix}$$

Q.3

Training set is as follows :-

$$\left\{ \mathbf{x}^{(i)}, y^{(i)} \right\}_{i=1}^m, \quad \mathbf{x}^{(i)} \in \mathbb{R}^m, y^{(i)} \in \{0, 1\}.$$



$$\text{Loss function given} = E = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^m (\hat{y}_i - y_i)^2 \rightarrow L_2 \text{ Loss function}$$

* output layer parameter updation :-

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial v} \rightarrow \frac{\partial E}{\partial \hat{y}} \cdot \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial v} = \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^m (\hat{y}_i - y_i) + e_i}_{\frac{\partial E}{\partial \hat{y}}} \underbrace{\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v}}_{\frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial v}}.$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial v} = \sum_{i=1}^m (\hat{y}_i - y_i) \cdot (\hat{y}_i) (1 - \hat{y}_i) z^{(i)}.$$

$$v \leftarrow v - n \sum_{i=1}^m (\hat{y}_i - y_i) \hat{y}_i^{(i)} (1 - \hat{y}_i^{(i)}) z_i^{(i)}$$

★ Hidden Layer Parameter Update :-

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_j} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial \hat{y}} \cdot \frac{\partial \hat{y}}{\partial z_i} \frac{\partial z_j}{\partial w_j}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_j} = \sum_{i=1}^m (\hat{y}_i^{(i)} - y_i^{(i)}) v_j f_j^{(i)} (1 - f_j^{(i)}) x^{(i)}$$

Sigmoid activation

derivation.

$$w_j \leftarrow w_j - n \sum_{i=1}^n (\hat{y}_i^{(i)} - y_i^{(i)}) v_j \cdot z_j^{(i)} \\ \cdot (1 - f_j^{(i)}) x^{(i)}$$