

# CampusX Data Science Mentorship Program

## Week 1 : Basics of Python Programming

### 1. Session 1: Python Basics

- Short info about DSMP (3:38 – 6:57)
- About Python (7:00 – 24:30)
- Python Output/print function (24:30 – 38:37)
- Python Data Types (38:37 – 51:25)
- Python Variables (51:25 – 1:04:49)
- Python comments (1:04:49 – 1:09:09)
- Python Keywords and Identifiers (1:09:09 – 1:22:38)
- Python User Input (1:22:38 – 1:35:00)
- Python Type conversion (1:35:00 – 1:47:29)
- Python Literals (1:47:29 – 2:10:22)

### 2. Session 2: Python Operators + if-else + Loops

- Start of the session (00:00:00 – 00:09:02)
- Python Operators (00:09:02 – 00:43:00)
- Python if-else (00:43:00 – 01:14:50)
- Python Modules (01:14:50 – 01:24:48)
- Python While Loop (01:24:48 – 01:48:03)
- Python for loop (01:48:03 – 02:11:34)

### 3. Session 3: Python Strings

- Introduction (00:00:00 – 00:09:08)
- Solving Loop problems (00:00:08 – 00:47:10)
- Break, continue, pass statement in loops (00:47:10 – 01:06:42)
- Strings (01:06:42 – 1:14:15)
- String indexing (01:14:15 – 01:18:14)
- String slicing (01:18:14 – 01:27:06)
- Edit and delete a string (01:27:06 – 01:32:14)
- Operations on String (01:32:14 – 01:47:24)
- Common String functions (01:47:14 – 02:22:53)

### 4. Session on Time complexity

- Start of the Session (00:00:00 – 00:11:22)

- PPT presentation on Time Complexity (Efficiency in Programming and Orders of Growth) (00:11:22 – 01:12:30)
- Examples (01:12:30 – 01:42:00)

## 5. Week 1 Interview Questions

## Week 2: Python Data Types

### 1. Session 4: Python Lists

- Introduction
- Array vs List
- How lists are stored in a memory
- Characteristics of Python List
- Code Example of Lists
  - Create and access a list*
  - append(), extend(), insert()*
  - Edit items in a list*
  - Deleting items from a list*
  - Arithmetic, membership and loop operations on a List*
  - Various List functions*
  - List comprehension*
  - 2 Ways to traverse a list*
  - Zip() function*
  - Python List can store any kind of objects*
- Disadvantages of Python list

### 2. Session 5: Tuples + Set + Dictionary

- **Tuple**
  - Create and access a tuple*
  - Can we edit and add items to a tuple?*
  - Deletion*
  - Operations on tuple*
  - Tuple functions*
  - List vs tuple*
  - Tuple unpacking*
  - Zip () on tuple*

- **Set**
  - i. *Create and access a set*
  - ii. *Can we edit and add items to a set?*
  - iii. *Deletion*
  - iv. *Operations on set*
  - v. *set functions*
  - vi. *Frozen set (immutable set)*
  - vii. *Set comprehension*
- **Dictionary**
  - i. *Create dictionary*
  - ii. *Accessing items*
  - iii. *Add, remove, edit key-value pairs*
  - iv. *Operations on dictionary*
  - v. *Dictionary functions*
  - vi. *Dictionary comprehension*
  - vii. *Zip() on dictionary*
  - viii. *Nested comprehension*

### **3. Session 6: Python Functions**

- Create function
- Arguments and parameters
- args and kwargs
- How to access documentation of a function
- How functions are executed in a memory
- Variable scope
- Nested functions with examples
- Functions are first class citizens
- Deletion of function
- Returning of function
- Advantages of functions
- Lambda functions
- Higher order functions
- map(), filter(), reduce()

### **4. Paid Session on Career QnA**

### **5. Array Interview Questions**

### **6. Week 2 Interview Questions**

## **Week 3: Object Oriented Programming (OOP)**

### **1. Session 7: OOP Part1**

- What is OOP?

- What are classes and Objects?
- Banking application coding
- Methods vs Functions
- Class diagram
- Magic/Dunder methods
- What is the true benefit of constructor?
- Concept of 'self'
- Create Fraction Class
- `__str__`, `__add__`, `__sub__`, `__mul__`, `__truediv__`

## **2. Session 8: OOP Part2**

- Revision of last session by solving problems
- How objects access attributes
- Attribute creation from outside of the class
- Reference Variables
- Mutability of Object
- Encapsulation
- Collection of objects
- Static variables and methods

## **3. Session 9: OOP Part3**

- Class Relationship
- Aggregation and aggregation class diagram
- Inheritance and Inheritance class diagram
- Constructor example
- Method Overriding
- Super keyword
- Super constructor
- Practice questions on Inheritance
- Types of Inheritance (Single, Multilevel, Hierarchical, Multiple )
- Hybrid Inheritance
- Code example and diamond problem
- Polymorphism
- Method Overriding and Method Overloading
- Operator Overloading

## **4. Session on Abstraction**

- What is Abstraction?
- Bank Example Hierarchy
- Abstract class
- Coding abstract class (BankApp Class)

## **5. Session on OOP Project**

## 6. Week 3 Interview Questions

### Week 4: Advanced Python:

#### 1. Session 10: File Handling + Serialization & Deserialization

- How File I/O is done
- Writing to a new text file
- What is open()?
- append()
- Writing many lines
- Saving a file
- Reading a file -> read() and readline()
- Using context manager -> with()
- Reading big file in chunks
- Seek and tell
- Working with Binary file
- Serialization and Deserialization
- JSON module -> dump() and load()
- Serialization and Deserialization of tuple, nested dictionary and custom object
- Pickling
- Pickle vs JSON

#### 2. Session 11: Exception Handling

- Syntax Error with Examples
- Exception with Examples
- Why we need to handle Exception?
- Exception Handling (Try-Except-Else-Finally)
- Handling Specific Error
- Raise Exception
- Create custom Exception

#### 3. Session 12: Decorators and Namespaces

- Namespaces
- Scope and LEGB rule
- Hands-on local, enclosing, global and built-in scope
- Decorators with Examples

#### 4. Session on Iterators

- What are iterators
- What are iterables
- How for loop works in Python?
- Making your own for loop

- Create your own range function
- Practical example to use iterator

#### **5. Session on Generator**

- What is a generator?
- Why to use Generator?
- Yield vs Return
- Generator Expression
- Practical Examples
- Benefits of generator

#### **6. Session on Resume Building**

#### **7. Session on GUI Development using Python**

- GUI development using tkinter

#### **8. Week 4 Interview Questions**

## **Week 5: Numpy**

### **1. Session 13: Numpy Fundamentals**

- Numpy Theory
- Numpy array
- Matrix in numpy
- Numpy array attributes
- Array operations
- Scalar and Vector operations
- Numpy array functions
  - i. Dot product*
  - ii. Log, exp, mean, median, std, prod, min, max, trigo, variance, ceil, floor, slicing, iteration*
  - iii. Reshaping*
  - iv. Stacking and splitting*

### **2. Session 14: Advanced Numpy**

- Numpy array vs Python List
- Advanced, Fancy and Boolean Indexing
- Broadcasting
- Mathematical operations in numpy
- Sigmoid in numpy
- Mean Squared Error in numpy
- Working with missing values
- Plotting graphs

### **3. Session 15: Numpy Tricks**

- Various numpy functions like sort, append, concatenate, percentile, flip, Set functions, etc.

#### **4. Session on Web Development using Flask**

- What is Flask library
- Why to use Flask?
- Building login system and name entity recognition with API

## **Week 6: Pandas**

### **1. Session 16: Pandas Series**

- What is Pandas?
- Introduction to Pandas Series
- Series Methods
- Series Math Methods
- Series with Python functionalities
- Boolean Indexing on Series
- Plotting graphs on series

### **2. Session 17: Pandas DataFrame**

- Introduction Pandas DataFrame
- Creating DataFrame and read\_csv()
- DataFrame attributes and methods
- Dataframe Math Methods
- Selecting cols and rows from dataframe
- Filtering a Dataframe
- Adding new columns
- Dataframe function – astype()

### **3. Session 18: Important DataFrame Methods**

- Various DataFrame Methods
- Sort, index, reset\_index, isnull, dropna, fillna, drop\_duplicates, value\_counts, apply, etc.

### **4. Session on API Development using Flask**

- What is API?
- Building API using Flask
- Hands-on project

### **5. Session on Numpy Interview Question**

## **Week 7: Advanced Pandas**

### **1. Session 19: GroupBy Object**

- What is GroupBy?
- Applying builtin aggregation fuctions on groupby objects

- GroupBy Attributes and Methods
- Hands-on on IPL dataset

## **2. Session 20: Merging, Joining, Concatenating**

- Pandas concat method
- Merge and join methods
- Practical implementations

## **3. Session on Streamlit**

- Introduction to Streamlit
- Features of Streamlit
- Benefits of Streamlit
- Flask vs Streamlit
- Mini-project on Indian Startup Funding Dataset using Streamlit – Part 1

## **4. Session on Pandas Case Study (Indian Startup Funding)**

- Data Analysis on Indian Startup Funding Dataset and display results on the Dashboard made by Streamlit – Part 2

## **5. Session on Git:**

- What is Git?
- What is VCS/SCM?
- Why Git/VCS is needed?
- Types of VCS
- Advantages
- How Git works?
- Installing git
- Creating and Cloning repo
- add, commit, add ., gitignore
- seeing commits (log -> oneline)
- Creating versions of a software

## **6. Session on Git and GitHub:**

- Nonlinear Development (Branching)
- Merging branches
- Undoing changes
- Working with a remote repo

# **Week 8: Advanced Pandas Continued**

## **1) Session 21: MultiIndex Series and DataFrames**

- About Multiindex objects
- Why to use Multiindex objects



- Stacking and unstacking
- Multiindex DataFrames
- Transpose Dataframes
- Swaplevel
- Long vs wide data
- Pandas-melt

## **2) Session 22: Vectorized String Operations | Datetime in Pandas**

- Pivot table
- Agg functions
- Vectorized String operations
- Common functions
- Pandas Datetime

## **3) Session on Pandas Case Study – time Series analysis**

## **4) Session on Pandas Case Study – Working with textual data**

# **Week 9: Data Visualization**

## **1) Session 23: Plotting Using Matplotlib**

- Get started with Matplotlib
- Plotting simple functions, labels, legends, multiple plots
- About scatter plots
- Bar chart
- Histogram
- Pie chart
- Changing styles of plots

## **2) Session 24: Advanced Matplotlib**

- Colored Scatterplot
- Plot size, annotations
- Subplots
- 3D plots
- Contour plots
- Heatmaps
- Pandas plot()

## **3) Session on Plotly (Express)**

- About Plotly
- Disadvantages
- Introduction about Plotly Go, Plotly Express, Dash

- Hands-on Plotly
- 4) Session on Plotly Graph Objects (go)**
- 5) Session on Plotly Dash**
  - Basic Introduction about Dash
- 6) Making a COVID-19 dashboard using Plotly and Dash**
- 7) Deploying a Dash app on Heroku**
- 8) Session on Project using Plotly**
  - Project using Indian Census Data with Geospatial indexing Dataset

## Week 10: Data Visualization Continued

### 1) Session 25: Plotting Using Seaborn- part 1

- Why seaborn?
- Seaborn roadmap
- Main Classification plotting
- Relational plots
- Distribution plots
- KDE plot
- Matrix plot

### 2) Session 26: Plotting Using Seaborn- Part 2

- Categorical Plots
- Stripplot
- Figure level function — catplot
- Swarmplot
- Categorical Distribution Plots
- Boxplot
- Violinplot
- Categorical Estimate Plot — for central tendency
- Barplot
- Pointplot
- Countplot
- Faceting
- Doubt – error bar issue
- Regression Plots
- Regplot
- Lmplot
- Residual Plot
- FacetGrid
- Pairplot and Pairgrid
- JointGrid and Jointplot

- Utility Function in Seaborn – load\_dataset
- Blog idea

### **3) Session on Open-Source Software – Part 1**

### **4) Session on Open-Source Software – Part 1**

## **Week 11: Data Analysis Process – Part I**

### **1) Session 27: Data Gathering | Data Analysis**

- Data Analysis Process
- Import Data from various sources (CSV, excel, JSON, text, SQL)
- Export data in different file formats
- Gather Data through API or Web Scraping

### **2) Session 28: Data Assessing and Cleaning**

- Data assessing
- Types of unclean data
- Write summary of data
- Types of Assessment
- Manual and Automatic Assessment
- Data Quality Dimension
- Data Cleaning

### **3) Session on ETL using AWS RDS**

- Introduction about Extraction, transform and Load pipeline
- Fetch data from AWS
- Apply transformation on the data
- Upload transformed data into AWS RDS

### **4) Session on Advanced Web Scraping using Selenium**

- Introduction to Selenium and Chromedriver
- Automated Web scraping on Smartprix website

## **Week 12: Data Analysis Process – Part 2**

### **1) Session on Data Cleaning Case Study – Smartphone dataset**

- Quality issues
- Tidiness issues
- Data Cleaning

### **2) Session 29: Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)**

- Introduction to EDA
- Why EDA?
- Steps for EDA
- Univariate Analysis
- Bivariate Analysis
- Feature Engineering

### **3) Session on Data Cleaning – Part 2**

- Data Cleaning on Smartphone Dataset – Continued

### **4) Session on EDA Case Study – Smartphone Dataset**

## **Week 13: SQL Basics**

### **1) Session 30: Database Fundamentals**

- Introduction to Data and Database
- CRUD operations
- Properties of database
- Types of Database
- DBMS
- Keys
- Cardinality of Relationship
- Drawbacks of Database

### **2) Session 31: SQL DDL Commands**

- Xampp Software
- Types of SQL commands
- DDL commands

### **3) Session on Tableau – Olympics Dataset (Part 1)**

- Download and Install Tableau
- Getting Started with Tableau Desktop
- Overview of Olympic datasets
- Create Dashboards using Tableau

## **Week 14: SQL Continued – Part 1**

### **1) Session 32: SQL DML commands**

- MySQL workbench
- INSERT
- SELECT
- UPDATE
- DELETE
- Functions in SQL

### **2) Session 33: SQL Grouping and Sorting**

- Sorting Data
- ORDER BY
- GROUP BY
- GROUP BY on multiple columns
- HAVING clause
- Practice on IPL Dataset

### **3) Session on Tableau – Part 2**

- Tableau Basics
  - i. Importing Data*
  - ii. Measures and Dimensions*
  - iii. Sheet, dashboard, story*
  - iv. Levels of Granularity*
  - v. Different types of charts*
  - vi. Datetime*
- Hierarchical level of granularity
- Common filters
- Calculated fields and Table Calculations
- Working with Geographical columns
- Dashboard and Interactive filters
- Blending and Dual axis chart
- Connecting to a remote database

## **Week 15: SQL Continued – Part 2**

### **1) Session 34: SQL Joins**

- Introduction to SQL joins
- Types of Joins (Cross, inner, left, right, full outer)
- SQL hands-on on joins
- SET operations
- SELF join
- Query execution order
- Practice questions

### **2) Session on SQL Case Study 1 – Zomato Dataset**

- Understanding Dataset through diagram
- Solving SQL Questions on Zomato Dataset

### **3) Session 35: Subqueries in SQL**

- What is Subquery
- Types of Subqueries
- Independent and Correlated subquery

### **4) Session on Making a Flight Dashboard using Python and SQL**

- How to Connect MYSQL through Python
- Run SQL queries with Python
- Creating a dynamic dashboard with Streamlit on Flights dataset

#### **5) Session on SQL Interview Questions – Part 1**

- Database Server Vs Database Client
- Database Engines
- Components of DBMS
- What is Collation?
- COUNT(\*) vs COUNT(col)
- Dealing with NULL values
- DELETE Vs TRUNCATE
- Anti joins
- Non-equi joins
- Natural joins
- All and Any operators
- Removing Duplicate Rows
- Metadata Queries

## **Week 16: Advanced SQL**

### **1) Session 36: Window Functions in SQL**

- What are Window functions?
- OVER(), RANK(), DENSE\_RANK(), ROW\_NUMBER(), FIRST\_VALUE(), LAST\_VALUE()
- Concept of Frames
- LAG(), LEAD()

### **2) Session 37: Windows Functions Part 2**

- Ranking
- Cumulative sum and average
- Running average
- Percent of total

### **3) Session 37: Windows Functions Part 3**

- Percent Change
- Quantiles/Percentiles
- Segmentation
- Cumulative Distribution
- Partition by multiple columns

### **4) Session on Data Cleaning using SQL | Laptop Dataset**

- Basic level Data Cleaning and Data exploration using SQL
- Why to use SQL for Data Cleaning

- String Data types
- Wildcards
- String Functions
- Data Cleaning

#### **5) Session on EDA using SQL | Laptop Dataset**

- EDA on numerical and categorical columns
- Plotting
- Categorical – Categorical Analysis
- Numerical – Numerical Analysis

## **Week 17: Descriptive Statistics**

### **1) Session 38: Descriptive Statistics Part 1**

- What is Statistics?
- Types of Statistics
- Population vs Sample
- Types of Data
- Measures of central tendency
- Measure of Dispersion
- Coefficient of variation
- Graphs for Univariate Analysis
- Frequency Distribution table
- Graphs for bivariate Analysis
- Categorical – Categorical Analysis
- Numerical – Numerical Analysis
- Categorical – Numerical Analysis

### **2) Session on Datetime in SQL**

- Remaining topics of EDA using SQL (numerical – categorical, missing values, ppi, price\_bracket, one hot encoding)
- Temporal Data types
- Creating and Populating Temporal Tables
- DATETIME Functions
- Datetime Formatting
- Type Conversation
- DATETIME Arithmetic
- TIMESTAMP VS DATETIME
- Case Study – Flights

## **Week 18: Descriptive Statistics continued**

### **1) Session 39: Descriptive Statistics part 2**

- Quantiles and Percentiles
- Five Number Summary
- Boxplots
- Scatterplots
- Covariance
- Correlation
- Correlation vs Causation
- Visualizing multiple variables

## **2) Session 40: Probability Distribution Functions (PDF, CDF, PMF)**

- Random Variables
- Probability Distributions
- Probability Distribution Functions and its types
- Probability Mass Function (PMF)
- Cumulative Distribution Function (CDF) of PMF
- Probability Density Function (PDF)
- Density Estimation
- Parametric and Non-parametric Density Estimation
- Kernel Density Estimate (KDE)
- Cumulative Distribution Function (CDF) of PDF.

## **3) Session on SQL Datetime Case Study on Flights Dataset**

## **4) Session on Database Design | SQL Data Types | Database Normalization**

- Different SQL Datatypes (Numeric, Text, Datetime, Misc)
- Database Normalization
- ER Diagram

# **Week 19: Probability Distributions**

## **1) Session 41: Normal Distribution**

- How to use PDF in Data Science?
- 2D density plots
- Normal Distribution (importance, equation, parameter, intuition)
- Standard Normal Variate (importance, z-table, empirical rule)
- Properties of Normal Distribution
- Skewness
- CDF of Normal Distribution
- Use of Normal Distribution in Data Science

## **2) Session 42: Non-Gaussian Probability Distributions**

- Kurtosis
- Excess Kurtosis and Types of kurtosis
- QQ plot



- Uniform Distribution
- Log-normal distribution
- Pareto Distribution
- Transformations
  - Mathematical Transformation*
  - Function Transformer*
  - Log Transform*
  - Reciprocal Transform / Square or sqrt Transform*
  - Power Transformer*
  - Box-Cox Transform*
  - Yeo-Johnson Transformation*

### **3) Session on views and User Defined Functions in SQL**

- What are views?
- Types of views
- User Defined Functions (Syntax, Examples, Benefits)

### **4) Session on Transactions and Stored Procedures**

- Stored Procedures
- Benefits of using stored procedures
- Transactions (Commit, rollback, savepoint)
- ACID properties of a Transaction

## **Week 20: Inferential Statistics**

### **1) Session 43: Central Limit Theorem**

- Bernouli Distribution
- Binomial Distribution
  - PDF formula*
  - Graph of PDF*
  - Examples*
  - Criteria*
  - Application in Data Science*
- Sampling Distribution
- Intuition of Central Limit Theorem (CLT)
- CLT in code
- Case study
- Assumptions of making samples

### **2) Session on Central Limit Theorem Proof**

### **3) Session 44: Confidence Intervals**

- Population vs Sample
- Parameter vs Estimate

- Point Estimate
- Confidence Interval
  - Ways to calculate CI*
  - Applications of CI*
  - Assumptions of z-procedure*
  - Formula and Intuition of z-procedure*
  - Interpreting CI*
  - T-procedure and t-distribution*
  - Confidence Intervals in code*

## Week 21: Hypothesis Testing

### 1) Session 45: Hypothesis Testing (Part 1)

- Key idea of hypothesis testing
- Null and alternate hypothesis
- Steps in Hypothesis testing
- Performing z-test
- Rejection region and Significance level
- Type-1 error and Type-2 Error
- One tailed vs. two tailed test
- Applications of Hypothesis Testing
- Hypothesis Testing in Machine Learning

### 2) Session 46: Hypothesis Testing (Part 2) | p-value and t-tests

- What is p-value?
- Interpreting p-value
- P-value in the context of z-test
- T-test
- Types of t-test
  - Single sample t-Test*
  - Independent 2-sample t-Test*
  - Paired 2 sample t-Test*
  - Code examples of all of the above*

### 3) Session on Chi-square test

- Chi – square distribution (Definition and Properties)
- Chi-square test
- Goodness of fit test (Steps, Assumptions, Examples)
- Test for Independence (Steps, Assumptions, Examples)
- Applications in machine learning

### 4) Session on ANOVA

- Introduction

- F-distribution
- One-way ANOVA
  - i. Steps*
  - ii. Geometric Intuition*
  - iii. Assumptions*
  - iv. Python Example*
- Post – Hoc test
- Why t-test is not used for more than 3 categories?
- Applications in Machine Learning

## Week 22: Linear Algebra

### 1) Session on Tensors | Linear Algebra part 1(a)

- What are tensors?
- 0D, 1D and 2D Tensors
- Nd tensors
- Rank, axes and shape
- Example of 1D, 2D, 3D, 4D, 5D tensors

### 2) Session on Vectors | Linear Algebra part 1(b)

- What is Linear Algebra?
- What are Vectors?
- Vector example in ML
- Row and Column vector
- Distance from Origin
- Euclidean Distance
- Scalar Addition/Subtraction (Shifting)
- Scalar Multiplication/Division [Scaling]
- Vector Addition/Subtraction
- Dot product
- Angle between 2 vectors
- Equation of a Hyperplane

### 3) Linear Algebra Part 2 | Matrices (computation)

- What are matrices?
- Types of Matrices
- Matrix Equality
- Scalar Operation
- Matrix Addition, Subtraction, multiplication
- Transpose of a Matrix
- Determinant
- Minor

- Cofactor
- Adjoint
- Inverse of Matrix
- Solving a system of Linear Equations

#### 4) **Linear Algebra Part 3 | Matrices (Intuition)**

- Basis vector
- Linear Transformations
- Linear Transformation in 3D
- Matrix Multiplication as Composition
- Test of Commutative Law
- Determinant and Inverse
- Transformation for non-square matrix?
- Why only square matrix has inverse?
- Why inverse is possible for non-singular matrices only?

## **Week 23: Linear Regression**

### **1) Session 48: Introduction to Machine Learning**

- About Machine Learning (History and Definition)
- Types of ML
  - Supervised Machine Learning*
  - Unsupervised Machine Learning*
  - Semi supervised Machine Learning*
  - Reinforcement Learning*
- Batch/Offline Machine Learning
- Disadvantages of Batch learning
- Online Machine Learning
  - Importance
  - When to use and how to use
  - Learning Rate
  - Out of core learning
  - Disadvantages
- Batch vs Online learning
- Instance based learning
- model-based learning
- Instance vs model-based learning
- Challenges in ML
  - Data collection
  - Insufficient/Labelled data
  - Non-representative data

- iv. Poor quality data
- v. Irrelevant features
- vi. Overfitting and Underfitting
- vii. Offline learning
- viii. Cost
- Machine Learning Development Life-cycle
- Different Job roles in Data Science
- Framing a ML problem | How to plan a Data Science project

## 2) Session 49: Simple Linear regression

- Introduction and Types of Linear Regression
- Simple Linear Regression
- Intuition of simple linear regression
- Code example
- How to find m and b?
- Simple Linear Regression model code from scratch
- Regression Metrics
  - i. *MAE*
  - ii. *MSE*
  - iii. *RMSE*
  - iv. *R2 score*
  - v. *Adjusted R2 score*

## 3) Session 50: Multiple Linear Regression

- Introduction to Multiple Linear Regression (MLR)
- Code of MLR
- Mathematical Formulation of MLR
- Error function of MLR
- Minimizing error
- Error function continued
- Code from scratch

## 4) Session on Optimization the Big Picture

- Mathematical Functions
- Multivariable Functions
- Parameters in a Function
- ML models as Mathematical Function
- Parametric Vs Non-Parametric ML models
- Linear Regression as a Parametric ML model
- Loss Function
- How to select a good Loss Function?
- Calculating Parameters from a Loss Function

- Convex And Non-Convex Loss Functions
- Gradient Descent
- Gradient Descent with multiple Parameters
- Problems faced in Optimization
- Other optimization techniques

## **5) Session on Differential Calculus**

- What is differentiation?
- Derivative of a constant
- Cheatsheet
- Power Rule
- Sum Rule
- Product Rule
- Quotient Rule
- Chain Rule
- Partial Differentiation
- Higher Order Derivatives
- Matrix Differentiation

## **Week 24: Gradient Descent**

### **1) Session 51: Gradient descent from scratch**

- What is Gradient Descent?
- Intuition
- Mathematical Formulation
- Code from scratch
- Visualization 1
- Effect of Learning Rate
- Adding  $m$  into the equation
- Effect of Loss function
- Effect of Data

### **2) Session 52 (part 1): Batch Gradient Descent**

- Types of Gradient Descent
- Mathematical formulation
- Code from scratch

### **3) Session 52 (part 2): Stochastic Gradient Descent**

- Problems with Batch GD
- Stochastic GD
- Code from scratch

- Time comparison
- Visualization
- When to use stochastic GD
- Learning schedules
- Sklearn documentation

#### **4) Session 52 (part 3): Mini-batch Gradient Descent**

- **Introduction**
- **Code**
- **Visualization**

#### **5) Doubt Clearance session on Linear Regression**

## **Week 25: Regression Analysis**

### **1) Session on Regression Analysis (Part 1)**

- What is Regression Analysis?
- Why Regression Analysis is required?
- What's the Statistic connection with Regression analysis?
- Inference vs Prediction
- Statsmodel Linear Regression
- TSS, RSS, and ESS
- Degree of freedom
- F-statistic and Prob(F-statistic)

### **2) Session on Regression Analysis (Part 2)**

- F -test for overall significance
- R-squared (Goodness of fit)
- Adjusted R-squared
- T – Statistic
- Confidence Intervals for Coefficients

### **3) Session on Polynomial Regression**

- Why we need Polynomial Regression?
- Formulation of Polynomial Regression
- Polynomial Regression in python

### **4) Session on Assumptions of Linear Regression**

- Assumptions of Linear Regression
  - Linearity*
  - Normality of Residuals*
  - Homoscedasticity*
  - No Autocorrelation*
  - No or little Multicollinearity*
- What happen when these assumptions failed?

- How to check each of these assumptions?
- What to do when an assumption fails?
- Standard Error

#### **5) Session 53: Multicollinearity**

- What is multicollinearity?
- When is Multicollinearity bad?
- Multicollinearity (Mathematically)
- Perfect and non-perfect Multicollinearity
- Types of multicollinearity
- How to detect Multicollinearity
- Correlation
- VIF (Variance Inflation Factor)
- Condition Number
- How to remove Multicollinearity

## **Week 26: Feature Selection**

### **1) Session 54: feature Selection Part 1**

- What is Feature Selection?
- Why to do Feature Selection?
- Types of Feature Selection
- Filter based Feature Selection
  - i. Duplicate Features*
  - ii. Variance Threshold*
  - iii. Correlation*
  - iv. ANOVA*
  - v. Chi-Square*
  - vi. Advantages and Disadvantages*

### **2) Session 55: Feature Selection Part 2**

- Wrapper method
- Types of wrapper method
- Exhaustive Feature Selection/Best Subset Selection
- Sequential Backward Selection/Elimination
- Sequential Forward Selection
- Advantages and Disadvantages

### **3) Session on Feature Selection part 3**

- Embedded Methods
  - i. Linear Regression*
  - ii. Tree based models*
  - iii. Regularized Models*



- Recursive Feature Elimination
- Advantages and Disadvantages

## Week 27: Regularization

### 1) Session on Regularization Part 1 | Bias-Variance Tradeoff

- Why we need to study Bias and Variance
- Expected Value and Variance
- Bias and Variance Mathematically

### 2) Session on Regularization Part 1 | What is Regularization

- Bias Variance Decomposition
- Diagram
- Analogy
- Code Example
- What is Regularization?
- When to use Regularization?

### 3) Ridge Regression Part 1

- Types of Regularization
- Geometric Intuition
- Sklearn Implementation

### 4) Ridge Regression Part 2

- Ridge Regression for 2D data
- Ridge Regression for nD data
- Code from scratch

### 5) Ridge Regression Part 3

- **Ridge regression using Gradient Descent**

### 6) Ridge Regression Part 4

- 5 Key Understandings
  - How do the coefficients get affected?*
  - Higher values are impacted more*
  - Bias variance tradeoff*
  - Contour plot*
  - Why is it called Ridge?*

### 7) Lasso Regression

- Intuition
- Code example
- Lasso regression key points

### 8) Session on Why Lasso Regression creates Sparsity?

### 9) ElasticNet Regression

- Intuition

- Code example

## **10) Doubt Clearance session on regularization**

## **Week 28: K Nearest Neighbors**

### **1) Session on K nearest Neighbors Part 1**

- KNN intuition
- Code Example
- How to select K?
- Decision Surface
- Overfitting and Underfitting in KNN
- Limitations of KNN

### **2) Session on coding K nearest Neighbors from scratch**

### **3) Session on How to draw Decision Boundary for Classification problems**

### **4) Session on Advanced KNN Part 2**

- KNN Regressor
- Hyperparameters
- Weighted KNN
- Types of Distances (Euclidean and Manhattan)
- Space and Time Complexity
- KD-Tree

### **5) Classification Metrics Part 1**

- Accuracy
- Accuracy of multi-classification problems
- How much accuracy is good?
- Problem with accuracy
- Confusion matrix
- Type 1 error
- Type 2 error
- Confusion matrix of multi-classification problems
- When accuracy is misleading

### **6) Classification Metrics Part 2**

- Precision
- Recall
- F1 score
- Multi class Precision and Recall
- Multi class F1 score

## **Week 29: PCA**

### **1) Session on Curse of Dimensionality**

## **2) PCA part 1**

- Introduction
- Geometric Intuition of PCA
- Why is Variance important?

## **3) PCA part 2**

- Mathematical Problem formulation
- What is covariance and covariance matrix?
- Matrices as Linear Transformation
- EigenVectors and Eigenvalues
- Step by step solution of PCA
- How to transform points?
- PCA step-by-step code in python

## **4) PCA Part 3**

- Practical example on MNIST dataset
- PCA demo with sklearn
- Visualization
- What is explained variance
- Find optimum number of Principal components
- When PCA does not work?

## **5) Session on Eigen vectors and Eigen Values**

- What are Matrices?
- What are Eigen Vectors and Eigen Values?
- Intuition – Axis of rotation
- How to calculate Eigen Vectors and Eigen Values
- Properties
- Eigen Vectors in PCA

## **6) Session on Eigen Decomposition and PCA variants**

- Types of PCA variants
- What are some special matrices?
  - i. Diagonal Matrix*
  - ii. Orthogonal Matrix*
  - iii. Symmetric Matrix*
- Matrix as Linear Transformation Visualization tool
- Matrix Composition
- Matrix Decomposition
- Eigen decomposition
- Eigen decomposition of Symmetric Matrix (Spectral Decomposition)
- Advantages of Eigen decomposition
- Kernel PCA

- Code example of Kernel PCA

## 7) **Session on eigen Singular Value Decomposition (SVD)**

- Intuition of Non-Square Matrix
- Rectangular Diagonal Matrix
- What is SVD
- Applications of SVD
- SVD – The intuition of the mathematical equation
- Relationship with Eigen Decomposition
- Geometric Intuition of SVD
- How to calculate SVD
- SVD in PCA

# Week 30: Model Evaluation & Selection

## 1. **ROC Curve in Machine Learning**

- ROC AUC Curve and its requirements
- Confusion matrix
- True Positive Rate (TPR)
- False Positive Rate (FPR)
- Different cases of TPR & FPR

## 2. **Session on Cross Validation**

- Why do we need Cross Validation?
- Hold-out approach
- Problem with Hold-out approach
- Why is the Hold-out approach used?
- Cross Validation
  - Leave One Out Cross Validation (LOOCV)
    - Advantages
    - Disadvantages
    - When to use
  - K-Fold Cross Validation
    - Advantages
    - Disadvantages
    - When to use
  - Stratified K-Fold CV

## 3. **Session on Data Leakage**

- What is it and what is the problem
- Ways in which Data Leakage can occur

- c. How to detect
- d. How to remove Data Leakage
- e. Validation set

#### **4. Session on Hyperparameter Tuning**

- a. Parameter vs Hyperparameter
- b. Why the word “hyper” in the term
- c. Requirements
  - i. Grid Search CV
  - ii. Randomized Search CV
- d. Can this be improved?

## **Week 31: Naive Bayse**

### **1. Crash course on Probability Part 1**

- a. 5 important terms in Probability
  - i. Random Experiment
  - ii. Trials
  - iii. Outcome
  - iv. Sample Space
  - v. Event
- b. Some examples of these terms
- c. Types of events
- d. What is probability
- e. Empirical vs Theoretical probability
- f. Random variable
- g. Probability distribution of random variable
- h. Mean of 2 random variable
- i. Variance of Random variable

### **2. Crash course on Probability Part 2**

- a. Venn diagrams
- b. Contingency table
- c. Joint probability
- d. Marginal probability
- e. Conditional probability
- f. Intuition of Conditional Probability
- g. Independent vs Dependent vs Mutually Exclusive Events
- h. Bayes Theorem

### **3. Session 1 on Naive Bayes**

- a. Intuition
- b. Mathematical formulation

- c. How Naive Bayes handles numerical data
- d. What if data is not Gaussian
- e. Naive Bayes on Textual data

#### **4. Session 2 on Naive Bayes**

- a. What is underflow in computing
- b. Log Probabilities
- c. Laplace Additive Smoothing
- d. Bias Variance Trade off
- e. Types
  - i. Gaussian Naive Bayes
  - ii. Categorical Naive Bayes
  - iii. Multinomial Naive Bayes

#### **5. Session 3 on Naive Bayes**

- a. Probability Distribution related to Naive Bayes
  - i. Bernoulli Distribution
  - ii. Binomial Distribution
  - iii. Categorical distribution / Multinoulli distribution
  - iv. Multinomial Distribution
  - v. Why do we need these distributions?
- b. Categorical Naive Bayes
- c. Bernoulli Naive Bayes
- d. Multinomial Naive Bayes
- e. Out of Core Naive Bayes

#### **6. End to End Project | Email Spam Classifier**

## **Week 32 : Logistics Regression**

### **1. Session 1 on Logistic Regression**

- a. Introduction
- b. Some Basic Geometry
- c. Classification Problem
  - i. Basic Algorithm
  - ii. Updation in Basic Algorithm
- d. Sigmoid Function
- e. Maximum Likelihood
- f. Log Loss
- g. Gradient Descent
- h. summary

## **2. Session on Multiclass Classification using Logistic Regression**

- a. What is Multiclass Classification
- b. How Logistic Regression handles Multiclass Classification Problems.
- c. One vs Rest (OVR) Approach
  - i. Intuition
  - ii. Code
- d. SoftMax Logistic Regression Approach
  - i. SoftMax Function
  - ii. Code
- e. When to use what?
- f. Tasks

## **3. Session on Maximum Likelihood Estimation**

- a. Recap
- b. Some Examples
  - i. Example 1 – Coin Toss
  - ii. Example 2 – Drawing balls from bag
  - iii. Example 3 – Normal Distribution
- c. Probability Vs Likelihood
- d. Maximum Likelihood Estimation
- e. MLE for Normal Distribution
- f. MLE in Machine Learning
- g. MLE in Logistic Regression
- h. Some Important Questions

## **4. Session 3 on Logistic Regression**

- a. Maximum Likelihood in Logistic Regression
- b. FAQ on MAE (Maximum Likelihood Estimation)
  - i. Is MLE a general concept applicable to all ML algorithms?
  - ii. How is MLE related to the concept of loss functions?
  - iii. Why does the loss function exist, why don't we maximize likelihood?
  - iv. Why study about maximum likelihood at all?
- c. An interesting task for you
- d. Assumptions of Logistics Regression
- e. Odds and Log(Odds)
- f. Another interpretation of Logistic Regression
- g. Polynomial Features
- h. Regularization in Logistic Regression

## **5. Logistic Regression Hyperparameters**

## Week 33 : Support Vector Machines (SVM)

### 1. SVM Part 1 – Hard Margin SVM

- a. Introduction
- b. Maximum Margin Classifier
- c. Support Vectors
- d. Mathematical Formulation
- e. How to solve this?
- f. Prediction
- g. Coding Example
- h. Problems with Hard Margin SVM

### 2. SVM Part 2 | Soft Margin SVM

- a. Problems with Hard Margin SVM
- b. Slack Variable
- c. Soft Margin SVM
- d. Introduction of C
- e. Bias-Variance Trade Off
- f. Code Example
- g. Relation with Logistic Regression

### 3. Session on Constrained Optimization Problem

- a. Problem with SVC
- b. Kernel's Intuition
- c. Coding examples of Kernel
- d. Types of Kernels
- e. Why is it called Trick?
- f. Mathematics of SVM

### 4. Session on SVM Dual Problem

- a. SVM in n Dimensions
- b. Constrained Optimization Problems
- c. Karush Kuhn Tucker Conditions
- d. Concept of Duality
- e. SVM Dual Problem
- f. Dual Problem Derivation
- g. Observations

### 5. Session on Maths Behind SVM Kernels

- a. SVM Dual Formulation
- b. The Similarity Perspective
- c. Kernel SVM



- d. Polynomial Kernel
  - i. Trick
  - ii. What about the other Polynomial terms
- e. RBF Kernel
  - i. Local Decision Boundary
  - ii. Effect of Gamma
- f. Relationship Between RBF and Polynomial K...
- g. Custom Kernels
  - i. String kernel
  - ii. Chi-square kernel
  - iii. Intersection kernel
  - iv. Hellinger's kernel
  - v. Radial basis function network (RBFN) kernel
  - vi. Spectral kernel

## Extra Sessions – Feature Engineering

### 1. Session on Handling Missing Values Part - 1

- a. Feature Engineering
  - i. Feature Transformation
  - ii. Feature Construction
  - iii. Feature Extraction
  - iv. Feature Selection
- b. Types of Missing Values
  - i. Missing Completely at random
  - ii. Missing at Random
  - iii. Missing Not at Random
- c. Techniques for Handling Missing Values
  - i. Removing Missing Values
  - ii. Imputation
- d. Complete Case Analysis

### 2. Session 2 on Handling Missing Data

- a. Univariate Imputation – Numerical Data
  - i. Mean Imputation
  - ii. Median Imputation
- b. Univariate Imputation – Arbitrary Value & End Distribution Value
- c. Univariate Imputation – Categorical Data
  - i. Mode Imputation
  - ii. Missing Category Imputation
- d. Univariate Imputation – Random (Numerical + Categorical)

- e. Missing Indicator

### **3. Session 3 on Handling Missing Data – Multivariate Imputation**

- a. KNN Imputer
  - i. Steps in KNN Imputation
  - ii. Advantages and Disadvantages in KNN Imputation
- b. Iterative Imputer
  - i. MICE
  - ii. When To Use
  - iii. Advantages and Disadvantages
  - iv. Demonstration of MICE algorithm
  - v. Steps involved in Iterative Imputer
  - vi. Important parameter in Iterative Imputer

## **Week 34 : Decision Trees**

### **1. Session 1 on Decision Tree**

- a. Introduction
- b. Intuition behind DT
- c. Terminology in Decision Tree
- d. The CART Algorithm – Classification
- e. Splitting Categorical Features
- f. Splitting Numerical Features
- g. Understanding Gini Impurity?
- h. Geometric Intuition of DT

### **2. Session 2 on Decision Tree**

- a. CART for Regression
- b. Geometric Intuition of CART
- c. How Prediction is Done
- d. Advantages & Disadvantages of DT
- e. Project Discussion – Real Estate

### **3. Session 3 on Decision Tree**

- a. Feature Importance
- b. The Problem of Overfitting
- c. Why Overfitting happens
- d. Unnecessary nodes
- e. Pruning & its types
  - i. Pre-pruning
  - ii. Post Pruning

- f. Cost Complexity Pruning

#### **4. Session on Decision Tree Visualization**

- a. dtreeviz Demo - Coding

## **Week 35 : Ensemble Methods – Introduction**

### **1. Introduction to Ensemble Learning**

- a. Intuition
- b. Types of Ensemble Learning
- c. Why it works?
- d. Benefits of Ensemble
- e. When to use Ensemble

### **2. Bagging Part 1 – Introduction**

- a. Core Idea
- b. Why use Bagging?
- c. When to use Bagging?
- d. Code Demo

### **3. Bagging Part 2 – Classifier**

- a. Intuition through Demo app
- b. Code Demo

### **4. Bagging Part 3 – Regressor**

- a. Core Idea
- b. Intuition through demo web app
- c. Code Demo

### **5. Random Forest : Session 1**

- a. Introduction to Random Forest
- b. Bagging
- c. Random Forest Intuition
- d. Why Random Forest Works?
- e. Bagging vs. Random Forest
- f. Feature Importance

### **6. Random Forest : Session 2**

- a. Why Ensemble Techniques work?
- b. Random Forest Hyperparameters
- c. OOB Score
- d. Extremely Randomized Trees

- e. Advantages and Disadvantages of Random Forest

## Week 36 : Gradient Boosting

### 1. Gradient Boosting : Session 1

- a. Boosting
- b. What is Gradient Boosting
- c. How
- d. What
- e. Why

### 2. Gradient Boosting : Session 2

- a. How Gradient Boosting works?
- b. Intuition of Gradient Boosting
- c. Function Space vs. Parameter Space
- d. Direction of Loss Minimization
- e. How to update the function
- f. Iterate
- g. Another perspective of Gradient Boosting
- h. Difference between Gradient Boosting and Gradient Descent

### 3. Gradient Boosting : Session 3 (Classification - 1)

- a. Classification vs. Regression
- b. Prediction

### 4. Gradient Boosting for Classification - 2 | Geometric Intuition

- a. Geometric Intuition

### 5. Gradient Boosting for Classification - 3 | Math Formulation

- a. Step 0 : Loss Function
- b. Step 1 : Minimise Loss Function to get  $F_0(x)$
- c. Step 2 :
  - i. Pseudo Residuals
  - ii. Training Regression Tree
  - iii. Compute Lambda for all leaf nodes
  - iv. Update the Model
- d. Step 3 : Final Model
- e. Log(odds) vs Probability

## Capstone Project:

### 1. Session 1 on Capstone Project | Data Gathering

- a. Project overview in details
- b. Gather data for the project
- c. Details of the data

## **2. Session 2 on Capstone Project | Data Cleaning**

- a. Merging House and Flats Data
- b. Basic Level Data Cleaning

## **3. Session 3 on Capstone Project | Feature Engineering**

- a. Feature Engineering on Columns:
  - i. additionalRoom
  - ii. areaWithType
  - iii. agePossession
  - iv. furnishDetails
  - v. features : luxury Score

## **4. Session 4 on Capstone Project | EDA**

- a. Univariate Analysis
- b. PandasProfiling
- c. Multivariate Analysis

## **5. Session 5 on Capstone Project | Outlier Detection and Removal**

- a. Outlier Detection And removal

## **6. Session 6 on Capstone Project | Missing Value Imputation**

- a. Outlier Detection and Removal on area and bedroom
- b. Missing Value Imputation

## **7. Session 7 on Capstone Project | Feature Selection**

### **a. Feature Selection**

- i. Correlation Technique
- ii. Random Forest Feature Importance
- iii. Gradient Boosting Feature Importance
- iv. Permutation Importance
- v. LASSO
- vi. Recursive Feature Elimination
- vii. Linear Regression with Weights
- viii. SHAP (Explainable AI)

### **b. Linear Regression – Base Model**

- i. One-Hot Encoding
- ii. Transformation
- iii. Pipeline for Linear Regression

### **c. SVR**

## **8. Session 8 on Capstone Project | Model Selection & Productionalization**

### **a. Price Prediction Pipeline**

- i. Encoding Selection
  - 1. Ordinal Encoding
  - 2. OHE

- 3. OHE with PCA
- 4. Target Encoding
- ii. Model Selection
- b. Price Prediction Web Interface -Streamlit

**9. Session 9 on Capstone Project | Building the Analytics Module**

- a. geo map
- b. word cloud amenities
- c. scatterplot -> area vs price
- d. pie chart bhk filter by sector
- e. side by side boxplot bedroom price
- f. distplot of price of flat and house

**10. Session 10 on Capstone Project | Building the Recommender System**

- a. Recommender System using TopFacilities
- b. Recommender System using Price Details
- c. Recommender System using LocationAdvantages

**11. Session 11 on Capstone Project | Building the Recommender System Part 2**

- a. Evaluating Recommendation Results
- b. Web Interface for Recommendation (Streamlit)

**12. Session 12 on Capstone Project | Building the Insights Module**

**13. Session 13 on Capstone Project | Deploying the application on AWS**