PROC. OF KAPOORLABS

## Title of the document

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## Introduction

$$\hat{H}\psi(\mathbf{r}) = E\psi(\mathbf{r}) \tag{1}$$
 
$$\mathbf{def} \text{ iou3D(box\_unet, centroid\_star):}$$
 
$$\mathbf{ndim} = \text{len(centroid\_star)}$$
 
$$\text{inside} = \mathbf{False}$$
 
$$\text{Condition} = [\text{Conditioncheck(centroid\_star, box\_unet, p, ndim)}$$
 
$$\mathbf{for} \text{ p in range(0,ndim)]}$$
 
$$\text{inside} = \text{all(Condition)}$$

condition = False

return inside

if centroid\_star[p] >= box\_unet[p]
and centroid\_star[p] <= box\_unet[p + ndim]:</pre>

condition = True

return condition

## THE ELECTROMAGNETIC SPECTRUM

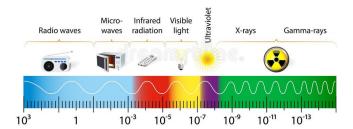


Fig. 1: Schematic representation showing the radiation spectrum with decreasing wavelength (in meters) from left to right, radio waves have wavelength of kilometers (that is what it needs to be in our houses from a transmitter tower), microwaves of about 5 cm (easy guess as the size of the box itself is about 15 cm or so) while the visible radiation is 400-800 nano meter.

radiation

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