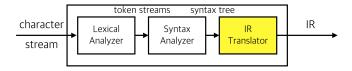
COSE312: Compilers

Lecture 11 — Translation (1)

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Translation from AST to IR



Why do we use IR?

- The direct translation from AST to the executable is not easy.
- A suitably designed IR reduces the complexity of compiler design:
 e.g., m source languages and n target languages.

S: The Source Language

```
• {
    int x;
    x = 0;
    print (x+1);
    int x;
    x = -1;
    if (x) { print (-1); }
    else { print (2); }
• {
    int x;
    read (x);
    if (x == 1 \mid | x == 2) print (x); else print (x+1);
```

S: The Source Language

```
• { int sum; int i;
    i = 0; sum = 0;
   while (i < 10) {
      sum = sum + i;
      i++;
   print (sum);
• { int[10] arr; int i;
   i = 0;
   while (i < 10) {
      arr[i] = i;
      i++;
   print (i);
```

```
int x;
 x = 0;
 print (x+1);
0 : x = 0
0 : t1 = 0
0 : x = t1
0 : t3 = x
0 : t4 = 1
0 : t2 = t3 + t4
0 : write t2
O: HALT
```

```
int x;
x = -1;
if (x) {
  print (-1);
} else {
  print (2);
```

```
0 : x = 0
0 : t2 = 1
0 : t1 = -t2
0 : x = t1
0 : t3 = x
0 : if t3 goto 2
 : goto 3
2 : SKIP
0 : t5 = 1
0: t4 = -t5
0: write t4
0 : goto 4
3 : SKIP
0 : t6 = 2
0 : write t6
0 : goto 4
4 : SKIP
O: HALT
```

```
0 : read x
                                  0 : t3 = x
                                  0: t4 = 1
                                  0 : t2 = t3 == t4
                                  0: t6 = x
                                  0 : t7 = 2
                                  0 : t5 = t6 == t7
int x;
                                  0: t1 = t2 | | t5
read (x);
                                  0 : if t1 goto 2
                                  0 : goto 3
                                  2 : SKIP
if (x == 1 | | x == 2)
                                  0 : t8 = x
   print (x);
                                  0 : write t8
                                  0 : goto 4
else print (x+1);
                                  3 : SKIP
                                  0 : t10 = x
                                  0: t11 = 1
                                  0: t9 = t10 + t11
                                  0 : write t9
                                  0 : goto 4
                                  4 : SKIP
                                  O: HALT
```

0 : x = 0

```
int sum;
int i;
i = 0;
sum = 0;
while (i < 10) {
  sum = sum + i;
  i++;
print (sum);
```

```
0 : x = 0
0 : y = 0
0 : t1 = 0
0 : x = t1
0 : t2 = 0
0 : y = t2
2 : SKIP
0 : t4 = x
0: t5 = 10
0 : t3 = t4 < t5
0 : iffalse t3 goto 3
0: t7 = x
0: t8 = 1
0: t6 = t7 + t8
0 : x = t6
0 : t9 = x
0 : write t9
0 : goto 2
3 : SKIP
O: HALT
```

```
int[10] arr;
int i;
i = 0;
while (i < 10) {
  arr[i] = i;
  i++:
print (i);
```

```
0 : arr = alloc (10)
0 : t.1 = 0
0 : i = t1
2 : SKIP
0 : t3 = i
0: t4 = 10
0 : t2 = t3 < t4
0 : iffalse t2 goto 3
0 : t5 = i
0 : t6 = i
0 : arr[t5] = t6
0: t8 = i
0 : t9 = 1
0: t7 = t8 + t9
0 : i = t7
0 : goto 2
3 : SKIP
0 : t10 = i
0 : write t10
O : HALT
```

Concrete Syntax of S

```
program
             \rightarrow block
    block
             \rightarrow \{decls\ stmts\}
    decls
            \rightarrow decls decl | \epsilon
     decl \rightarrow type x;
     type \rightarrow int | int[n]
             \rightarrow stmts stmt | \epsilon
   stmts
    stmt
             \rightarrow lv = e:
                   lv++:
                   if (e) stmt else stmt
                   if(e) stmt
                  while (e) stmt
                  do stmt while (e);
                  read(x);
                  print(e);
                   block
                  x \mid x[e]
                  n \mid x
                                                               integer, identifier
                   lv
                                                                          I-value
                   e+e | e-e | e*e | e/e | -e
                                                            airthmetic operation
                   e==e | e<e | e<=e | e>e | e>=e
                                                           conditional operation
                   |e|e||e||e&&e
                                                              boolean operation
                   (e)
```

Abstract Syntax of S

```
program
             \rightarrow block
    block
             \rightarrow decls stmts
    decls
             \rightarrow decls decl | \epsilon
     decl
             \rightarrow type x
     type
             \rightarrow int | int [n]
             \rightarrow stmts stmt | \epsilon
   stmts
    stmt
                   lv = e
                   if e stmt stmt
                   while e \ stmt
                   do stmt while e
                   \mathtt{read}\ x
                   print e
                   block
                   x \mid x[e]
                                                                           integer
                                                                         identifier
                                                                            I-value
                   e+e | e-e | e*e | e/e | -e
                                                             airthmetic operation
                   e==e | e<e | e<=e | e>e | e>=e
                                                            conditional operation
                   |e|e||e|e \& e
                                                               boolean operation
```

Semantics of S

A statement changes the memory state of the program: e.g.,

```
int i;
int[10] arr;
i = 1;
arr[i] = 2;
```

The memory is a mapping from locations to values:

```
egin{array}{lll} l \in Loc &=& Var + Addr 	imes Of\!fset \ v \in Value &=& \mathbb{N} + Addr 	imes Size \ Of\!fset &=& \mathbb{N} \ Size &=& \mathbb{N} \ m \in Mem &=& Loc 
ightarrow Value \ a \in Addr &=& \mathsf{Address} \end{array}
```

Semantics Rules

$$M \vdash decl \Rightarrow M'$$

$$M \vdash \operatorname{int} x \Rightarrow M[x \mapsto 0]$$

$$\frac{M \vdash e \Rightarrow n \quad (a,0), \dots, (a,n-1) \not \in Dom(M)}{M \vdash \operatorname{int}[e] \ x \Rightarrow M[x \mapsto (a,n), (a,0) \mapsto 0, \dots, (a,n-1) \mapsto 0]} \quad n > 0$$

$$M \vdash stmt \Rightarrow M'$$

$$\frac{M \vdash lv \Rightarrow l}{M \vdash lv = e \Rightarrow M[l \mapsto v]}$$

$$\frac{M \vdash e \Rightarrow n \quad M \vdash stmt_1 \Rightarrow M_1}{M \vdash \text{if } e \ stmt_1 \ stmt_2 \Rightarrow M_!} \quad n \neq 0 \qquad \frac{M \vdash e \Rightarrow 0 \quad M \vdash stmt_2 \Rightarrow M_1}{M \vdash \text{if } e \ stmt_1 \ stmt_2 \Rightarrow M_!}$$

$$\frac{M \vdash e \Rightarrow 0 \qquad M \vdash stmt_2 \Rightarrow M_1}{M \vdash \text{if } e \ stmt_1 \ stmt_2 \Rightarrow M_1}$$

$$\frac{M \vdash e \Rightarrow 0}{M \vdash \text{while } e \ stmt \Rightarrow M}$$

$$\frac{M \vdash e \Rightarrow n \quad M \vdash stmt \Rightarrow M_1}{M_1 \vdash \text{while } e \ stmt \Rightarrow M_2}$$

$$\frac{M \vdash \text{while } e \ stmt \Rightarrow M_2}{M \vdash \text{while } e \ stmt \Rightarrow M_2} \quad n \neq 0$$

$$\frac{M \vdash stmt \Rightarrow M_1 \qquad M_1 \vdash e \Rightarrow 0}{M \vdash \text{do } stmt \text{ while } e \Rightarrow M_1}$$

$$\frac{M \vdash stmt \Rightarrow M_1 \qquad M_1 \vdash e \Rightarrow n}{M_1 \vdash \text{do } stmt \text{ while } e \Rightarrow M_2} \qquad n \neq 0$$

$$\frac{M \vdash \text{do } stmt \text{ while } e \Rightarrow M_2}{M \vdash \text{do } stmt \text{ while } e \Rightarrow M_2} \qquad n \neq 0$$

$$\frac{M \vdash e \Rightarrow n}{M \vdash \text{print } e \Rightarrow M}$$

$$\frac{M \vdash e \Rightarrow n}{M \vdash \texttt{print} \ e \Rightarrow M}$$

Semantics Rules

$$M \vdash lv \Rightarrow l$$

$$\frac{M \vdash e \Rightarrow n_1}{M \vdash x \Rightarrow x} \quad \frac{M \vdash e \Rightarrow n_1}{M \vdash x[e] \Rightarrow (a,n_1)} \ M(x) = (a,n_2), n_1 \geq 0 \land n_1 < n_2$$

$$M \vdash e \Rightarrow v$$

$$\frac{M \vdash lv \Rightarrow l}{M \vdash n \Rightarrow n} \quad \frac{M \vdash lv \Rightarrow l}{M \vdash x \Rightarrow M(x)} \quad \frac{M \vdash lv \Rightarrow l}{M \vdash lv \Rightarrow M(l)}$$

$$\frac{M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \quad M \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2}{M \vdash e_1 + e_2 \Rightarrow n_1 + n_2} \quad \frac{M \vdash e \Rightarrow n}{M \vdash -e \Rightarrow -n}$$

$$\frac{M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \quad M \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2}{M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow e_2 \Rightarrow 1} \quad n_1 = n_2 \quad \frac{M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \quad M \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2}{M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow e_2 \Rightarrow 0} \quad n_1 \neq n_2$$

$$\frac{M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \quad M \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2}{M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \quad M \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2} \quad n_1 \leq n_2$$

$$\frac{M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \quad M \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2}{M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \quad M \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2} \quad n_1 \neq 0 \lor n_2 \neq 0$$

$$\frac{M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \quad M \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2}{M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \quad M \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2} \quad n_1 \neq 0 \land n_2 \neq 0$$

$$\frac{M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \quad M \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2}{M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \quad M \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2} \quad n_1 \neq 0 \land n_2 \neq 0$$

$$\frac{M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \quad M \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2}{M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \quad M \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2} \quad n_1 \neq 0 \land n_2 \neq 0$$

$$\frac{M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \quad M \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2}{M \vdash e_1 \Rightarrow n_1 \quad M \vdash e_2 \Rightarrow n_2} \quad n_1 \neq 0 \land n_2 \neq 0$$

Syntax of T

```
\rightarrow LabeledInstruction*
            program
LabeledInstruction \rightarrow Label \times Instruction
         Instruction
                          \rightarrow skip
                                x = \operatorname{alloc}(n)
                                x = y bop z
                                x = y \ bop \ n
                                x = uop y
                                x = y
                                goto oldsymbol{L}
                                if x goto L
                                ifFalse x goto L
                                x = y[i]
                                x[i] = y
                                \mathtt{read}\ x
                                write x
                          → + | - | * | / | > | >= | < | <= | == | && | | |</p>
                  uop \rightarrow - | !
```

Semantics

```
egin{array}{lll} l \in Loc &=& Var + Addr 	imes Offset \ v \in Value &=& \mathbb{N} + Addr 	imes Size \ Offset &=& \mathbb{N} \ Size &=& \mathbb{N} \ m \in Mem &=& Loc 
ightarrow Value \ a \in Addr &=& \mathsf{Address} \end{array}
```

$$\overline{M \vdash \mathtt{skip} \Rightarrow M}$$

$$(l,0),\ldots,(l,s-1)\not\in Dom(M)$$

$$M dash x = exttt{alloc}(n) \Rightarrow M[x \mapsto (l,s), (l,0) \mapsto 0, (l,1) \mapsto 1, \ldots, (l,s-1) \mapsto 0]$$

$$M \vdash x = y \ bop \ z \Rightarrow M[x \mapsto M(y) \ bop \ M(z)]$$

$$M \vdash x = y \ bop \ n \Rightarrow M[x \mapsto M(y) \ bop \ n]$$

$$M \vdash x = uop \ y \Rightarrow M[x \mapsto uop \ M(y)]$$

$$M \vdash x = y \Rightarrow M[x \mapsto M(y)] \qquad M \vdash x = n \Rightarrow M[x \mapsto n]$$

$$\overline{M \vdash \text{goto } L \Rightarrow M}$$
 $\overline{M \vdash \text{if } x \text{ goto } L \Rightarrow M}$ $\overline{M \vdash \text{ifFalse } x \text{ goto } L \Rightarrow M}$

$$\frac{M(y) = (l, s)}{M \vdash x = y[i] \Rightarrow M[x \mapsto M((l, n))]} \stackrel{0 \le n \land n < s}{\longrightarrow}$$

$$\frac{M(x) = (l, s)}{M \vdash x[i] = u \Rightarrow M[(l, n) \mapsto M(u)]} \xrightarrow{0 \le n \land n < s}$$

$$\frac{M(x) = n}{M \vdash \operatorname{read} x \Rightarrow M[x \mapsto n]} \qquad \frac{M(x) = n}{M \vdash \operatorname{write} x \Rightarrow M}$$

Execution of a T Program

- lacksquare Set instr to the first instruction of the program.
- **2** M = []
- Repeat:
 - If *instr* is HALT, the terminate the execution.
 - $② \ \mathsf{Update} \ M \ \mathsf{by} \ M' \ \mathsf{such that} \ M \vdash instr \Rightarrow M'$

Summary

• Today: source and target languages.

• Next: automatic translation from S to T.