

2 September 2020

1. **Warm up:** Answer the following True / False questions.

- (a) One byte is four bits.
- (b) One integer `int` is four bytes.
- (c) The sign of an integer `int` is given by the bit - in front of the `int`.
- (d) Since one byte can have 256 different values, 10 bytes can have 2560 different values.

2. Consider the following C++ code, compiled as a program `power` .

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    float base;
    int exp;
    cin >> base;
    cin >> exp;
    float result = base;
    for (int i = 1; i < exp; i++)
    {
        result = result*base;
    }
    cout << result << "\n";
    return 0;
}
```

(a) Complete the table below for a given input to the program `power`.

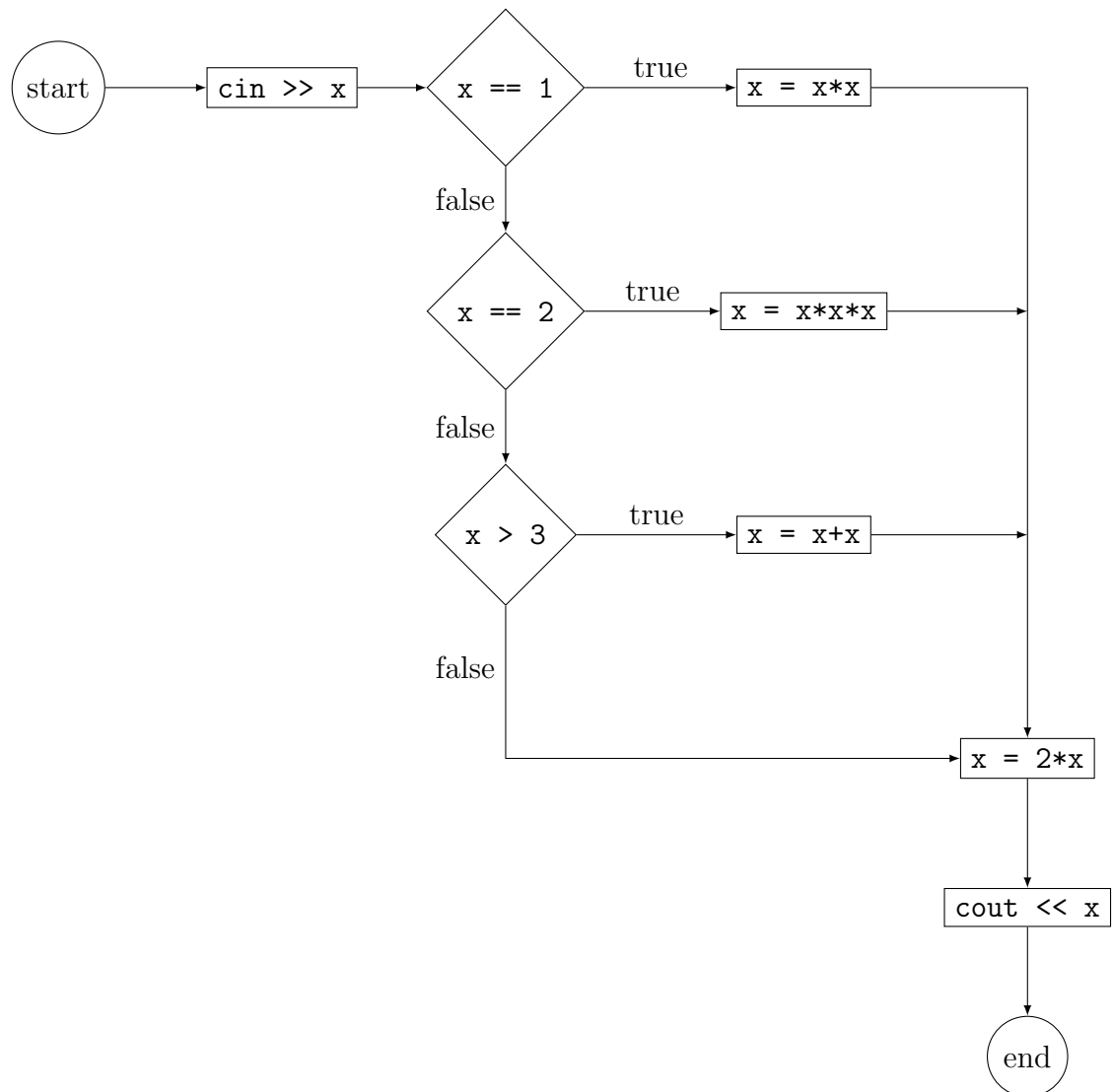
input	2 4	4 4 4	-2 4	2 -4	-2 -4	2.9 4	2.9 4.9	2E10 4
output								

(b) Recall that `float` has a limited range. What is the largest number `X` for which the input `X 2` will output the square of `X`?

3. Consider the following C++ code, compiled as a program `stop`.

4. This question is about *flowcharts*.

(a) Write a program that corresponds to the following flowchart and uses **switch**.



(b) Write a program for the same flowchart, but using **if** and without **switch**.

(c) What will the program output if 3 is input?

(d) Is it ever possible to get an odd number output?

(e) Find two different numbers that give the same output.

5. Write a C++ program called **dropunits** that takes as input an integer, and outputs the same integer, but without the units (that is, as a multiple of 10). For example, if the input 145 is given, then the program will print out 140.