## 1D Burger's Equation.

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} - 2 \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} = 0$$

$$u(0) = -22 \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x} + 4$$

Solution: 
$$u(0) = -2\sqrt{\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x/\psi}} + 4$$

with  $\psi = e^{-x^2/\psi}$ 

$$\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x} = e^{-x^{2}/4\nu} \sqrt{-\frac{2x}{4\nu}}$$

$$+ e^{-(x-\frac{2x}{4\nu})^{2}} \left(-\frac{1(x-2\pi)^{2}}{4\nu} - \frac{4\nu}{4\nu}\right)$$

$$-\frac{2\nu}{6x} = e^{-\frac{x^{2}/4\nu}{4\nu}} + e^{-\frac{(x-2\pi)^{2}/4\nu}{4\nu}}$$

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