IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY

High Performance Computing

Workshop: Singularity Containers in High-Performance Computing

Robert Grandin

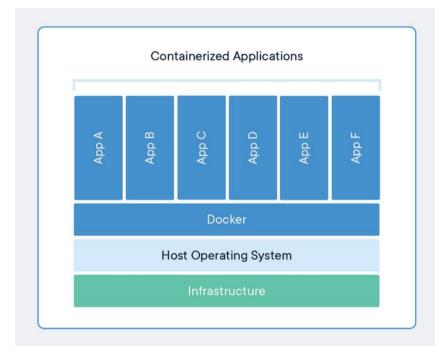
Yasasvy Nanyam

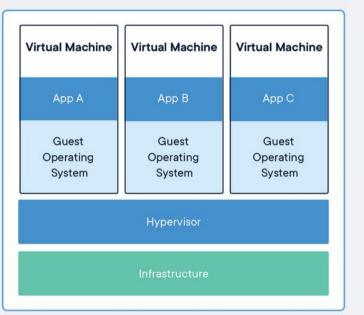
28 March 2019

Outline

- Introduction to Containers
- Introduction to Singularity
- Singularity and HPC clusters
- Important Singularity commands
- Singularity and MPI
- Singularity recipes
- Demonstrate possible use cases
- Q&A, hands-on session

Introduction to Containers





Source: https://www.docker.com/resources/what-container

Introduction to Containers





- Daemon-based
- Requires administrator privileges
- Long-running services (web services, databases)

- No background daemon
- No special privileges
- User-space applications (scientific software)

Introduction to Singularity

- Little to no overhead
- Compatible with most stand-alone Docker images
- Build your own environment (BYOE)
 - · Reproducibility/Collaboration; Distribute software stack with data
- Can build containers on local machine and copy to cluster
- Devices and directories are also visible inside the container
 - accelerator cards, networks, work directories, etc.
- User outside = user inside
- Maintain your existing workflow
 - works with SLURM, MPI

Singularity 2 vs. Singularity 3

- Parallel development, similar to Python2 & Python3
- Singularity 2 available on each ISU cluster
- Singularity 3 is backward-compatible
 - Containers built with Singularity 2 may be used on systems running Singularity 3
 - Containers built with Singularity 3 MAY NOT be used on systems running Singularity 2

Important Singularity Commands

- pull Get container images from repositories
- exec Run command in the container
- shell "Login to" the container for debugging
- build Create container from recipe

Important Singularity Variables

- SINGULARITY_CACHEDIR
- SINGULARITY_TMPDIR

Limited space in home directories.

Set to \$TMPDIR to avoid quota limits.

```
export SINGULARITY_CACHEDIR=$TMPDIR
export SINGULARITY_TMPDIR=$TMPDIR
```

Singularity pull

- Pull (download) container images from "hubs"
 - Docker https://hub.docker.com/
 - Singularity https://singularity-hub.org
 - Quay (Bioinformatics) https://quay.io/search
 - Nvidia NGC https://www.nvidia.com/en-us/gpu-cloud/

```
singularity pull <hub>://<image>[:<tag>]
singularity pull docker://gcc:8.3.0
```

Singularity pull

```
{rgrandin@hpc-class09}> singularity pull docker://gcc:8.3.0
WARNING: pull for Docker Hub is not guaranteed to produce the
WARNING: same image on repeated pull. Use Singularity Registry
WARNING: (shub://) to pull exactly equivalent images.
Docker image path: index.docker.io/library/gcc:8.3.0
Cache folder set to /local/scratch/rgrandin/3563/docker
[9/9] |======= | 100.0%
Importing: base Singularity environment
Exploding layer: sha256:22dbe790f71562dfd3d49406b1dfd1e85e50f3dd7cb2e97b3918376ca39cae4e.tar.gz
WARNING: Building container as an unprivileged user. If you run this container as root
WARNING: it may be missing some functionality.
Building Singularity image...
Singularity container built: /scratch/rgrandin/3563/gcc-8.3.0.simg
Cleaning up...
Done. Container is at: /scratch/rgrandin/3563/gcc-8.3.0.simg
```

- Spawn a command within a container image
- Recommended way to use containers in HPC as it facilitates batch submissions and can be included as a part of your SLURM script.

```
singularity exec [options] image.simg command [command-args]
```

- Useful options
 - --nv: Leverage GPUs
 - --bind: Bind mount directories to the containers
 - Note: /work, /ptmp, /home are mounted by default on ISU HPC clusters
 - --contain: Better isolate the container runtime from the host
 - --cleaneny: Clean the environment
 - - pwd: Initial working directory within the container

```
{rgrandin@hpc-class09}> which gcc; gcc --version
/usr/bin/gcc
gcc (GCC) 4.8.5 20150623 (Red Hat 4.8.5-36)
Copyright (C) 2015 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
This is free software; see the source for copying conditions. There is NO
warranty; not even for MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

{rgrandin@hpc-class09}> singularity exec /scratch/rgrandin/3563/gcc-8.3.0.simg gcc --version
WARNING: Non existent 'bind path' source: '/work'
gcc (GCC) 8.3.0
Copyright (C) 2018 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
This is free software; see the source for copying conditions. There is NO
warranty; not even for MERCHANTABILITY or FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
```

{rgrandin@hpc-class09}> singularity exec /scratch/rgrandin/3563/gcc-8.3.0.simg df -hT WARNING: Non existent 'bind path' source: '/work'								
Filesystem	Type	Size	Used	Avail	Use%	Mounted on		
OverlayFS	overlay	1.0M	0	1.0M	0%	/		
devtmpfs	devtmpfs	48G	0	48G	0%	/dev		
tmpfs	tmpfs	48G	0	48G	0%	/dev/shm		
/dev/mapper/rhel-local	xfs	2.5T	802M	2.5T	1%	/scratch		
hpc-class-stor01:/hpc-class/ptmp	nfs4	30T	3.0T	27T	10%	/ptmp		
/dev/mapper/rhel-rootvol	xfs	20G	3.3G	17G	17%	/tmp		
hpc-class-stor01:/hpc-class/home/rgrandin	nfs4	44T	477G	44T	2%	/home/rgrandin		
tmpfs	tmpfs	16M	16K	16M	1%	/etc/group		

- Host filesystem available within container
- Network filesystem available within container

Singularity shell

- Interactively access the container image
- Similar to logging-in to a machine via SSH
- Useful for debugging during interactive sessions (e.g., salloc), not suitable for batch submissions

Singularity + MPI

MPI installed both inside and on the host

Singularity build

- Build on Singularity Hub. Requires a GitHub account.
 - Relatively slow, resource limits can require splitting container into "layers" and building piece-by-piece.
 - Great for publishing/distributing the final container
- Build locally. Requires administrator privileges on the build machine. (not possible on ISU HPC systems)
 - Often faster to iterate and debug the container-build process
 - If you don't have admin privileges, ask for a VM to use
- Once added to Singularity Hub, containers can be pulled by any machine where singularity is installed

Singularity recipe

- Builds upon other containers
- Utilize package managers to install software into container
 - apt, yum
 - spack

```
Bootstrap: docker
From: centos
%post
    echo "Installing Development Tools YUM group"
    yum -y groupinstall "Development Tools"
    echo "Installing OpenMPI into container..."
    # Here we are at the base, /, of the container
    git clone https://github.com/open-mpi/ompi.git
    cd ompi
    # Now at /ompi
    git checkout 45fb684 # 3.1.3
    ./autogen.pl
    ./configure --prefix=/usr/local
    make
    make install
    /usr/local/bin/mpicc examples/ring c.c -o /usr/bin/mpi ring
```

CentOS-based container with locally-built OpenMPI

Singularity recipe

- Builds upon other containers
- Utilize package managers to install software into container
 - apt, yum
 - spack

```
Bootstrap:shub
From:ResearchIT/spack-singularity:spack
%lahels
MAINTAINER baber@iastate.edu
APPLICATION trinity
%help
This container provides trinity
%environment
source /etc/profile.d/modules.sh
module load trinity
%post
export SPACK ROOT=/opt/spack
export PATH=$SPACK ROOT/bin:$PATH
yum -y install bc paste
vum clean all
export FORCE UNSAFE CONFIGURE=1
source $SPACK_ROOT/share/spack/setup-env.sh
spack install trinity
%runscript
exec Trinity "$@"
```

For more information...

- https://www.hpc.iastate.edu/guides/containers
- https://github.com/ResearchIT/spack-singularity
- https://github.com/singularityhub/singularityhub.github.io/wiki
- https://www.sylabs.io/guides/2.6/user-guide
- https://singularity-hub.org
- https://hub.docker.com
- https://quay.io/search
- https://www.nvidia.com/en-us/gpu-cloud
- As always: hpc-help@iastate.edu

Hands-On

- Demonstrations
 - Getting started with Singularity Hub
 - Using Singularity Hub to build a container from a recipe
 - Building locally from a recipe
 - Using containers
 - Compiling with GCC 8.3
 - Running TensorFlow on a GPU
 - Running hisat2
- Workshop, Q&A

Getting Started with Singularity Hub

- Prerequisite: GitHub account
 - Free
- https://singularity-hub.org
- Simply click "Login"



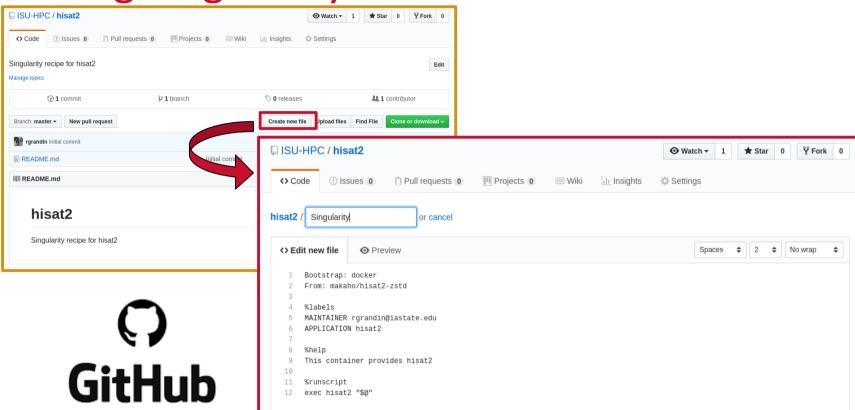


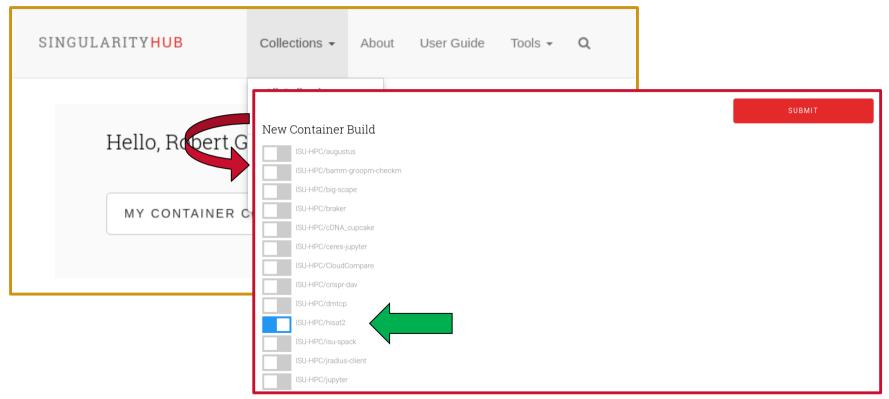
- Create a new GitHub repository for your recipe
- Multiple recipes can be hosted in the same repository
- Singularity Hub auto-builds recipes named "Singularity"
- Specify tags by appending tag name to recipe file
 - E.g.: "Singularity" → "Singularity.v1.2.3" will apply tag "v1.2.3" to the container

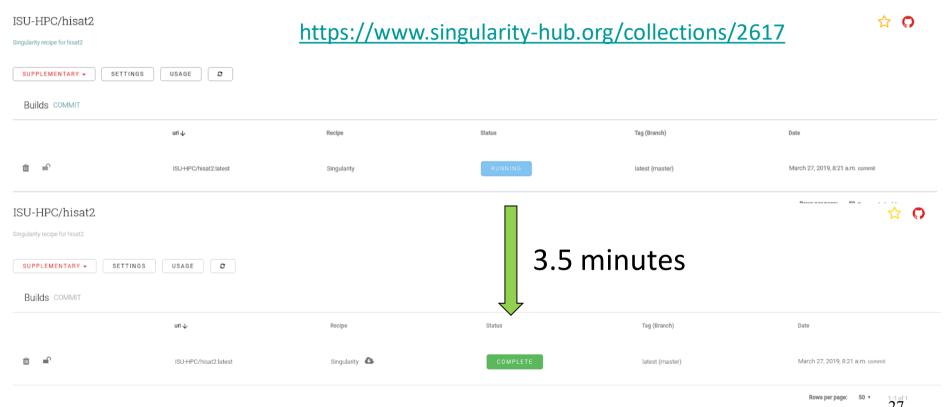
() GitHub

Create a new repository

A repository contains all project files, including the revision history. Repository name * Owner ISU-HPC → hisat2 Great repository names are short and memorable. Need inspiration? How about stunning-engine? Description (optional) Singularity recipe for hisat2 Public Anyone can see this repository. You choose who can commit. You choose who can see and commit to this repository. ✓ Initialize this repository with a README This will let you immediately clone the repository to your computer. Skip this step if you're importing an existing repository. Add a license: None ▼ Add .gitignore: None > Create repository







Building Locally from a Recipe

Bootstrap:docker
From: makaho/hisat2-zstd

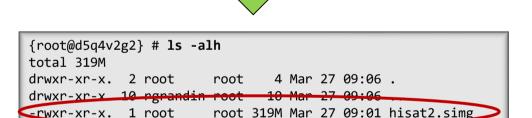
%labels
MAINTAINER rgrandin@iastate.edu
APPLICATION hisat2

%help
This container provides hisat2

%runscript
exec hisat2 "\$@"

Singularity





-rw-r--r-. 1 root

1.75 minutes

root 170 Mar 2/ 08:59 Singularity

Demo: Compiling with GCC 4.8.5

hello.c

```
{rgrandin@hpc-class06}> gcc hello.c
hello.c: In function 'main':
hello.c:5:5: warning: incompatible implicit declaration of
built-in function 'printf' [enabled by default]
    printf("Hello, world!\n");
^
```

Compilation using system gcc (v4.8.5)

Demo: Compiling with GCC 8.3.0

```
{rgrandin@hpc-class06}> singularity pull docker://gcc:8.3.0
                    Done. Container is at: ./gcc-8.3.0.simg
                    {rgrandin@hpc-class06}[/ptmp/rgrandin/container-demo]> singularity exec ./gcc-8.3.0.simg gcc hello.c
                    WARNING: Non existent 'bind path' source: '/work'
                    hello.c: In function 'main':
Typical
                    hello.c:5:5: warning: implicit declaration of function 'printf' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
                         printf("Hello, world!\n");
warnings
                         ^~~~~~
                    hello.c:5:5: warning: incompatible implicit declaration of built-in function 'printf'
                    hello.c:5:5: note: include '<stdio.h>' or provide a declaration of 'printf'
Suggested
                    hello.c:1:1:
Fix
                    +#include <stdio.h>
                     //#include <stio.h>
                    hello.c:5:5:
                         printf("Hello, world!\n");
```

Compilation using containerized gcc (v8.3.0)

Running TensorFlow

```
# Import `tensorflow`
import tensorflow as tf
# Initialize two constants
x1 = tf.constant([1,2,3,4])
x2 = tf.constant([5,6,7,8])
# Multiply
result = tf.multiply(x1, x2)
# Print the result
print(result)
# Intialize the Session
sess = tf.Session()
# Print the result
print(sess.run(result))
# Close the session
sess.close()
```

- Create basic functionality test
- Does not require use of GPU

tf-test.py

Running TensorFlow

Pull the container

```
{rgrandin@hpc-class06}[/ptmp/rgrandin/container-demo]> singularity exec ml.simg python tf-test.py
WARNING: Non existent 'bind path' source: '/work'
Tensor("Mul:0", shape=(4,), dtype=int32)
2019-03-27 09:59:05.827895: E tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_driver.cc:300] failed call to
cuInit: CUDA_ERROR_UNKNOWN: unknown error
2019-03-27 09:59:05.827967: I tensorflow/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_diagnostics.cc:150] kernel driver
does not appear to be running on this host (hpc-class06): /proc/driver/nvidia/version does not exist
[ 5 12 21 32]
```

Run the test script inside the container – NO GPU



Print() statement outputs



Error that CUDA device is unavailable (container built with GPU expectation)

Running TensorFlow on GPU

```
{rgrandi@hpc-class-gpu02}[]ptmp/rgrandin/container-demo]> singularity exec --nv ml.simg python tf-test.py
WARNING: Non existent 'bind path' source: '/work'
Tensor("Mul:0", shape=(4,), dtype=int32)
2019-03-27 09:55:29.871559: I tensorflow/core/common runtime/gpu/gpu device.cc:1432] Found device 0 with
properties:
name: Tesla K20m major: 3 minor: 5 memoryClockRate(GHz): 0.7055
pciBusID: 0000:82:00.0
totalMemory: 4.63GiB freeMemory: 4.56GiB
2019-03-27 09:55:29.871622: I tensorflow/core/common runtime/gpu/gpu device.cc:1511] Adding visible gpu
devices: 0
2019-03-27 09:55:31.723344: I tensorflow/core/common runtime/gpu/gpu device.cc:982] Device interconnect
StreamExecutor with strength 1 edge matrix:
2019-03-27 09:55:31.723434: I tensorflow/core/common runtime/gpu/gpu device.cc:988]
2019-03-27 09:55:31.723450: I tensorflow/core/common runtime/gpu/gpu device.cc:1001] 0:
2019-03-27 09:55:31.723717: I tensorflow/core/common runtime/gpu/gpu device.cc:1115] Created TensorFlow device
(/job:localhost/replica:0/task:0/device:GPU:0 with 4327 MB memory) -> physical GPU (device: 0, name: Tesla
K20m, pci bus id: 0000:82:00.0, compute capability: 3.5)
 5 12 21 32]
```

Run the test script inside the container – with GPU



Print() statement outputs



Info about CUDA device used

hisat2

```
{rgrandin@hpc-class06}> singularity pull shub://ISU-HPC/hisat2
{rgrandin@hpc-class06}> wget ftp://ftp.ensemblgenomes.org/pub/release-
42/plants/fasta/arabidopsis thaliana/dna/Arabidopsis thaliana.TAIR10.dna.chromosome.1.fa.gz
{rgrandin@hpc-class06}> gunzip Arabidopsis thaliana.TAIR10.dna.chromosome.1.fa.gz
{rgrandin@hpc-class06}> cp -r /ptmp/container-workshop/samples .
{rgrandin@hpc-class06}> mkdir HS out
{rgrandin@hpc-class06}> module load parallel
{rgrandin@hpc-class06}> parallel -j 4 "singularity exec hisat2-zstd.simg hisat2 -p 4 -x At chr1 -1 {1} -2 {2} -
S HS_out/{1/.}.sam >& HS_out/{1/.}.log" ::: samples/*_1.* :::+ samples/*_2.*
{rgrandin@hpc-class06}> ls -lh HS out/
total 16M
-rw-r--r-. 1 rgrandin domain users 1.3K Mar 27 13:18 SRR4420293 1.fastq.log
-rw-r--r-. 1 rgrandin domain users 5.2M Mar 27 13:18 SRR4420293 1.fastq.sam
           ---- SNTP ---
```

Running hisat2 within a Singularity container

Q&A – Hands-on Session

Questions?

- Try to run these examples yourself
 - Compute nodes: salloc -N 1 -n 4 -t 15:00
 - GPU nodes: salloc -N 1 -n 4 -t 15:00 --gres gpu:1
 - Be considerate with resource requests.
 We have to share the cluster.