# **Use Cases**

Use case overview: Starting the game, Playing the game, Pausing the game, Exiting the game, Collision with a moving enemy, Collision with a score bomb, Collision with a health bomb, Game over, Collecting a Reward, Collecting a heart reward, Collecting a freeze reward, Unfreezing a moving enemy, Moving the hero, Colliding the wall, Validate the input, Setting a new high score, Initialize the high score, Resuming the game, Restarting the game, Entering the exit cell, Blocked exit cell.

- **Use-case**: Starting the game.
- Primary actor: The player.
- Secondary actor: The game system
- Goal: Initialize the game by creating a board and populating it with appropriate objects.
- **Precondition**: The game must be installed and fully configured on the target device.
- **Trigger**: The player decides to launch the game.
- Scenario:
  - The player launches the game.
  - The game displays the main menu windows with the following buttons: "Play a new game", "exit" and a label showing the top score.
  - o The player hits the "play a new game" button.
  - The application displays the interface of the game.
- Exceptions:
  - If the player clicks the "exit" button in the main menu, then the game closes.—see use-case "Exiting the game".
- **Priority**: Moderate priority.
- When available: Second increment.Frequency of use: Many times
- **Use-case**: Playing the game.
- **Primary actor**: The player
- Secondary actor: The game system.
- Goal: To finish the game by either winning or losing
- **Precondition**: The board has been populated with appropriate objects, and is awaiting user input.
- **Trigger**: The player decides to play the game by pressing any key.
- Scenario:
  - The system displays "press any key to start" message.
  - The player presses any key to start the game.
  - The player uses keyboard "up", "down", "left", "right" to move, collecting all the regular rewards and getting to the end point in order to win the game.

- However, if the player-controlled main character is caught by enemies or either the score or health reduces to zero, then the player loses the game.
- Once the game finishes, a pop-up window shows displaying statistics about the game, and gives the player the ability to return to the main menu by pressing any key.
- The player presses any key to return to the main menu.

## • Exceptions:

- When the player is playing the game and closes it using the system exit button, —see use case "Exiting the game".
- **Priority**: High priority.
- When available: first increment.Frequency of use: Many times.
- **Use-case**: Pausing the game.
- Primary actor: The player
- Secondary actor: The game system.
- Goal: To pause the game.
- **Precondition**: The game must be running and must be on the game interface.
- **Trigger**: The player decides to pause the game by pressing the "pause" button on the game interface.
- Scenario:
  - The player presses the "pause" button.
  - The game pauses and opens the pause window.
- Exceptions: N/A.Priority: Low priority.
- When available: Third increment.Frequency of use: Many times.
- **Use-case**: Exiting the game.
- **Primary actor**: The player
- Secondary actor: The game system.
- Goal: Exit application.
- **Precondition**: The application/game has been launched and is running.
- **Trigger**: The player decides to close the application either by pressing an exit button in one of the menus or by using the system window exit buttons.
- Scenario:
  - o Player clicks "exit" or uses the system close buttons.
  - The application is terminated, stopping all related services.
- Exceptions: N/A.
- **Priority**: Moderate priority.
- When available: Third increment.

- Frequency of use: Once in a program life.
- **Use-case**: Collision with a moving enemy.
- Primary actor: The player
- Secondary actor: The game system.
- **Goal**: To kill the player.
- **Precondition**: The application is running and the game has started.
- **Trigger**: Either the player moves into a cell containing a moving enemy or a moving enemy moves into a cell containing the player.
- Scenario:
  - The player and enemy are in the same cell.
  - An animation or message displays indicating the player has died and the game has finished.
- Exceptions: N/A.
- **Priority**: Moderate priority.
- When available: First increment.
- Frequency of use: Once in a game life.
- Use-case: Collision with a score bomb.
- **Primary actor**: The player
- Secondary actor: The game system.
- **Goal**: Reduce the player's score.
- **Precondition**: The application is running and the game has started.
- **Trigger**: The player moves into a cell containing a score bomb.
- Scenario:
  - The player and score bomb are in the same cell.
  - An animation or message displays indicating that the player's score has reduced by a certain amount.
  - The game resumes with updated player statistics and awaits user input.
- Exceptions:
  - The player's score drops to zero or becomes negative see use case "Game over"
- **Priority**: Moderate priority.
- When available: First increment.
- Frequency of use: Once or many times in a game life.
- Use-case: Collision with a health bomb.
- Primary actor: The player

- Secondary actor: The game system.
- Goal: To reduce the player's health.
- **Precondition**: The application is running and the game has started.
- **Trigger**: Either the player moves into a cell containing a health bomb.
- Scenario:
  - The player and health bomb are in the same cell.
  - An animation or message displays indicating that the player's health has been reduced by a certain amount.
  - The game resumes with updated player statistics and awaits user input.
- Exceptions:
  - The player's health drops to zero or becomes negative see use case "Game over"
- **Priority**: Moderate priority.
- When available: First increment.
- Frequency of use: Manys times in a game life.
- **Use-case**: Game over.
- Primary actor: The player
- Secondary actor: The game system.
- **Goal**: To complete the game by either winning or losing the game.
- **Precondition**: The application is running and the game has started.
- **Trigger**: The player wins or loses the game.
- Scenario:
  - The player wins by successfully making it to the end point or loses by taking a lot of damage from enemies.
  - A window shows up showing that the player has lost as well as statistics for that particular game.
- Exceptions: N/A.
- **Priority**: Moderate priority.
- When available: Second increment.
- Frequency of use: Once in a game life.
- **Use-case**: Collecting a Reward.
- **Primary actor**: The player
- Secondary actor: The game system.
- **Goal**: To collect one of the required rewards to complete the unlock the exit and increase player score.
- **Precondition**: The application is running and the game has started.
- **Trigger**: The player moves to a cell containing a reward.
- Scenario:
  - The player and the reward are in the same cell.

- The reward disappears and the player is left in the cell.
- An animation or message indicating that the players score has increased.
- The players score updates.
- The rewards counter updates.
- o The game resumes.

# Exceptions:

- The player and a moving enemy enter a reward space at the same time -- see use-case "Collision with a moving enemy"
- **Priority**: Moderate priority.
- When available: First increment.
- Frequency of use: Zero or more times in a game life.
- Use-case: Collecting a heart reward.
- **Primary actor**: The player
- Secondary actor: The game system.
- Goal: To increase the players health count by one (1).
- **Precondition**: The application is running and the game has started.
- Trigger: The player moves to a cell containing a heart reward.
- Scenario:
  - The player and the heart reward are in the same cell.
  - The heart reward disappears and the player is left in the cell.
  - An animation or message is displayed indicating that the players health count has increased.
  - The players health count increases.
  - The game resumes.

# Exceptions:

- The player and a moving enemy enter a heart reward space at the same time
  see use-case "Collision with a moving enemy"
- **Priority**: Moderate priority.
- When available: First increment.
- Frequency of use: Zero or more times in a game life.
- **Use-case**: Collecting a freeze reward.
- **Primary actor**: The player
- Secondary actor: The game system.
- Goal: To stop the moving enemy's movement for two (2) ticks.
- Precondition: The application is running and the game has started.
- **Trigger**: The player moves to a cell containing a freezereward.
- Scenario:
  - The player and the freeze reward are in the same cell.
  - The freeze reward disappears and the player is left in the cell.

- An animation or message is displayed indicating that the moving enemy can no longer move.
- The moving enemy stops moving.
- The game resumes.

# Exceptions:

- The player and a moving enemy enter a freeze reward space at the same time -- see use-case "Collision with a moving enemy"
- **Priority**: Moderate priority.
- When available: First increment.
- Frequency of use: Zero or more times in a game life.
- **Use-case**: Unfreezing a moving enemy.
- **Primary actor**: The game system.
- Secondary actor: The player.
- Goal: To resume the moving enemy's movements..
- **Precondition**: The application is running, the game has started and the moving enemy is frozen.
- Trigger: Two (2) ticks have elapsed since the moving enemy was frozen.
- Scenario:
  - An animation or message is displayed indicating that the moving enemy will resume movement.
  - The moving enemy resumes movement.
  - o The game resumes.

## Exceptions:

- The player collects a freeze reward -- see use-case "Collecting a freeze reward"
- **Priority**: Moderate priority.
- When available: First increment.
- Frequency of use: Zero or more times in a game life.
- Use-case: Moving the hero.
- **Primary actor**: The player.
- Secondary actor: The game system.
- Goal: To move the main character in the game board.
- **Precondition**: The game interface is launched and the game is started.
- Trigger:
  - The player decides to move the main character in the board and press "Up",
    "Down", "Left" or "Right".

## Scenario:

- The game has started.
- The player presses "Up", "Down", "Left" or "Right" to move.

 The main character moves in the game board based on the player pressed button.

# • Exceptions:

- If the main character faces a wall, barrier or boundary based on player entered direction, the main character will not move. --see use case"Colliding the wall"
- If the player doesn't press a valid key, the main character will not move. --see use case "validate the input".
- **Priority**: Moderate priority.
- When available: First increment.
- Frequency of use: Many times in game life.
- Use-case: Colliding the wall
- **Primary actor**: The player.
- Secondary actor: The game system.
- Goal: Let the main character move.
- **Precondition**: The game interface is launched and the game is started.
- Trigger:
  - The main character collides with a wall, barrier or boundary.
- Scenario:
  - The player controlled the main character collides with a wall, barrier or boundary.
  - o If there is no wall, barrier or boundary on the player entered direction.
  - o After the player enters a direction, the main character moves.
- Exceptions:
  - If the player doesn't press a valid key, the main character will not move. --see use case "validate the input".
- **Priority**: Moderate priority.
- When available: second increment.
- Frequency of use: Many times in game life.
- **Use-case**: Validate the input
- **Primary actor**: The player.
- Secondary actor: The game system.
- Goal: Waiting for valid input.
- **Precondition**: The game interface is launched and the game is started.
- Trigger:
  - The player entered the key is not valid.
- Scenario:
  - When the game starts, if the player doesn't enter a key or entered key is not valid for a tick.

- The main character will not move.
- Exceptions: N/A.
- **Priority**: Moderate priority.
- When available: Third increment.
- Frequency of use: Many times in program life.
- Use-case: Setting a new high score.
- Primary actor: The game system.
- Secondary actor: The player.
- Goal: Set the highest score to record.
- Precondition: The highest score is not zero.
- Trigger:
  - o After a new game is over.
- Scenario:
  - o The player loses or wins a game.
  - If the player's score is higher than the current highest score, set the highest score to the value of the player's current score.
- Exceptions:
  - If the highest score doesn't exist, then set the highest score to be zero.--see use case "Initialize the high score".
- **Priority**: Moderate priority.
- When available: Third increment.
- Frequency of use: Many times.
- **Use-case**: Initialize the high score.
- Primary actor: The game system.
- Goal: Set the highest score to zero.
- Precondition: The game hasn't laughed before.
- Trigger:
  - The first time the player opens the application.
- Scenario:
  - The first time the player opens the application.
  - Set the highest score to zero.
- Exceptions: N/A.
- **Priority**: low priority.
- When available: Third increment.
- Frequency of use: One time.

- **Use-case**: Resuming the game.
- Primary actor: The player.
- Secondary actor: The game system
- **Goal**: Go back to playing the game after the user paused it for some reason.
- **Precondition**: The application is running, the game has already started and the user decides to pause the game for some reason.
- **Trigger**: The player decides to resume the game.
- Scenario:
  - The player paused the game.
  - The player decides to go back to playing the game and the player hits the "Resume Game" button.
  - The pause menu disappears and the game interface shows up again with the game from where they left off.

# Exceptions:

- If the player clicks the "exit" button in the main menu, then the game closes.—see use-case "Exiting the game".
- Priority: Moderate priority.
- When available: Second increment.
- Frequency of use: Many times
- **Use-case**: Restarting the game.
- Primary actor: The player.
- Secondary actor: The game system
- Goal: Initialize the game by creating a board and populating it with appropriate objects.
- **Precondition**: The game is launched and the player pauses the game.
- **Trigger**: The player decides to restart the game.
- Scenario:
  - The player pauses the game.
  - The game displays the pause menu.
  - The player hits the "Restart Game" button.
  - o It resets the game and takes the player to a new game with a fresh board.

#### Exceptions:

- If the player clicks the "exit" button in the main menu, then the game closes.—see use-case "Exiting the game".
- **Priority**: Moderate priority.
- When available: Second increment.
- Frequency of use: Many times
- **Use-case**: Entering the exit cell.
- Primary actor: The player.
- Secondary actor: The game system
- Goal: Finish the game by entering the exit cell.

- **Precondition**: The game interface is launched and the game is started.
- Trigger:
  - The player should have collected all the keys (regular rewards).
  - The player enters the exit cell.

#### Scenario:

- The player has collected all the keys (regular rewards) and has decided to enter the exit block and finish the game.
- o The game will be over.

# Exceptions:

- If the player clicks the "exit" button in the main menu, then the game closes.—see use-case "Exiting the game".
- The player hasn't collected all the keys. see use case "Blocked exit cell".
- **Priority**: Moderate priority.
- When available: Third increment.
- Frequency of use: One time.
- Use-case: Blocked exit cell.
- Primary actor: The player.
- Secondary actor: The game system.
- Goal: Preventing the main character from entering exit cell without collecting all keys.
- **Precondition**: The game interface is launched and the game is started.
- Trigger: The player tries to enter into the exit block without collecting all keys.
- Scenario:
  - The player tries to move into the exit cell without collecting all keys.
  - Due to incomplete collection of the keys (regular rewards) the hero can't enter the block and stays in the same block.

## • Exceptions:

- If the player clicks the "exit" button in the main menu, then the game closes.—see use-case "Exiting the game".
- **Priority**: Moderate priority.
- When available: Second increment.
- Frequency of use: Many times.