

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
df = pd.read_csv("C:/Users/karan/Downloads/customer Churn.csv")
print(df)
```

	customerID	gender	SeniorCitizen	Partner	Dependents	tenure	\
0	7590-VHVEG	Female	0	Yes	No	1	
1	5575-GNVDE	Male	0	No	No	34	
2	3668-QPYBK	Male	0	No	No	2	
3	7795-CFOCW	Male	0	No	No	45	
4	9237-HQITU	Female	0	No	No	2	
...	
7038	6840-RESVB	Male	0	Yes	Yes	24	
7039	2234-XADUH	Female	0	Yes	Yes	72	
7040	4801-JZAZL	Female	0	Yes	Yes	11	
7041	8361-LTMKD	Male	1	Yes	No	4	
7042	3186-AJIEK	Male	0	No	No	66	

	PhoneService	MultipleLines	InternetService
OnlineSecurity	...	\	
0	No	No phone service	DSL
No	...		
1	Yes	No	DSL
Yes	...		
2	Yes	No	DSL
Yes	...		
3	No	No phone service	DSL
Yes	...		
4	Yes	No	Fiber optic
No	...		
...
...
7038	Yes	Yes	DSL
Yes	...		
7039	Yes	Yes	Fiber optic
No	...		
7040	No	No phone service	DSL
Yes	...		
7041	Yes	Yes	Fiber optic
No	...		
7042	Yes	No	Fiber optic
Yes	...		

	DeviceProtection	TechSupport	StreamingTV	StreamingMovies
Contract	\			
0	No	No	No	No
to-month				
1	Yes	No	No	No

One year					
2	No	No	No	No	Month-
to-month					
3	Yes	Yes	No	No	
One year					
4	No	No	No	No	Month-
to-month					
...	
...					
7038	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
One year					
7039	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	
One year					
7040	No	No	No	No	Month-
to-month					
7041	No	No	No	No	Month-
to-month					
7042	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Two year					
	PaperlessBilling		PaymentMethod	MonthlyCharges	
TotalCharges \					
0	Yes		Electronic check	29.85	
29.85					
1	No		Mailed check	56.95	
1889.5					
2	Yes		Mailed check	53.85	
108.15					
3	No	Bank transfer (automatic)		42.30	
1840.75					
4	Yes		Electronic check	70.70	
151.65					
...	
...					
7038	Yes		Mailed check	84.80	
1990.5					
7039	Yes	Credit card (automatic)		103.20	
7362.9					
7040	Yes		Electronic check	29.60	
346.45					
7041	Yes		Mailed check	74.40	
306.6					
7042	Yes	Bank transfer (automatic)		105.65	
6844.5					
	Churn				
0	No				
1	No				
2	Yes				

```

3      No
4      Yes
...    ...
7038   No
7039   No
7040   No
7041   Yes
7042   No

```

```
[7043 rows x 21 columns]
```

```
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

```
RangeIndex: 7043 entries, 0 to 7042
```

```
Data columns (total 21 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	customerID	7043 non-null	object
1	gender	7043 non-null	object
2	SeniorCitizen	7043 non-null	int64
3	Partner	7043 non-null	object
4	Dependents	7043 non-null	object
5	tenure	7043 non-null	int64
6	PhoneService	7043 non-null	object
7	MultipleLines	7043 non-null	object
8	InternetService	7043 non-null	object
9	OnlineSecurity	7043 non-null	object
10	OnlineBackup	7043 non-null	object
11	DeviceProtection	7043 non-null	object
12	TechSupport	7043 non-null	object
13	StreamingTV	7043 non-null	object
14	StreamingMovies	7043 non-null	object
15	Contract	7043 non-null	object
16	PaperlessBilling	7043 non-null	object
17	PaymentMethod	7043 non-null	object
18	MonthlyCharges	7043 non-null	float64
19	TotalCharges	7043 non-null	object
20	Churn	7043 non-null	object

```
dtypes: float64(1), int64(2), object(18)
```

```
memory usage: 1.1+ MB
```

```
df.head()
```

	customerID	gender	SeniorCitizen	Partner	Dependents	tenure
0	7590-VHVEG	Female	0	Yes	No	1
1	5575-GNVDE	Male	0	No	No	34

2	3668-QPYBK	Male	0	No	No	2
Yes						
3	7795-CF0CW	Male	0	No	No	45
No						
4	9237-HQITU	Female	0	No	No	2
Yes						

	MultipleLines	InternetService	OnlineSecurity	...
	DeviceProtection \			
0	No phone service	DSL	No	...
No				
1	No	DSL	Yes	...
Yes				
2	No	DSL	Yes	...
No				
3	No phone service	DSL	Yes	...
Yes				
4	No	Fiber optic	No	...
No				

	TechSupport	StreamingTV	StreamingMovies	Contract
	PaperlessBilling \			
0	No	No	No	Month-to-month
Yes				
1	No	No	No	One year
No				
2	No	No	No	Month-to-month
Yes				
3	Yes	No	No	One year
No				
4	No	No	No	Month-to-month
Yes				

	PaymentMethod	MonthlyCharges	TotalCharges	Churn
0	Electronic check	29.85	29.85	No
1	Mailed check	56.95	1889.5	No
2	Mailed check	53.85	108.15	Yes
3	Bank transfer (automatic)	42.30	1840.75	No
4	Electronic check	70.70	151.65	Yes

[5 rows x 21 columns]

#replacing blanks with 0 as tenure is 0 and no total charges recorded

```
df["TotalCharges"] = df["TotalCharges"].replace(" ", "0")
df["TotalCharges"] = df["TotalCharges"].astype("float")

df.info()
```

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 7043 entries, 0 to 7042
Data columns (total 21 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   customerID            7043 non-null   object
1   gender                7043 non-null   object
2   SeniorCitizen         7043 non-null   int64
3   Partner               7043 non-null   object
4   Dependents            7043 non-null   object
5   tenure               7043 non-null   int64
6   PhoneService          7043 non-null   object
7   MultipleLines         7043 non-null   object
8   InternetService       7043 non-null   object
9   OnlineSecurity        7043 non-null   object
10  OnlineBackup          7043 non-null   object
11  DeviceProtection      7043 non-null   object
12  TechSupport           7043 non-null   object
13  StreamingTV           7043 non-null   object
14  StreamingMovies       7043 non-null   object
15  Contract              7043 non-null   object
16  PaperlessBilling      7043 non-null   object
17  PaymentMethod         7043 non-null   object
18  MonthlyCharges        7043 non-null   float64
19  TotalCharges          7043 non-null   float64
20  Churn                 7043 non-null   object
dtypes: float64(2), int64(2), object(17)
memory usage: 1.1+ MB

```

```
df.isnull().sum().sum()
```

```
np.int64(0)
```

```
df.describe()
```

	SeniorCitizen	tenure	MonthlyCharges	TotalCharges
count	7043.000000	7043.000000	7043.000000	7043.000000
mean	0.162147	32.371149	64.761692	2279.734304
std	0.368612	24.559481	30.090047	2266.794470
min	0.000000	0.000000	18.250000	0.000000
25%	0.000000	9.000000	35.500000	398.550000
50%	0.000000	29.000000	70.350000	1394.550000
75%	0.000000	55.000000	89.850000	3786.600000
max	1.000000	72.000000	118.750000	8684.800000

```
df["customerID"].duplicated().sum()
```

```
np.int64(0)
```

```

def conv(value):
    if value == 1:

```

```

        return "yes"
    else :
        return "no"
df['SeniorCitizen'] = df["SeniorCitizen"].apply(conv)

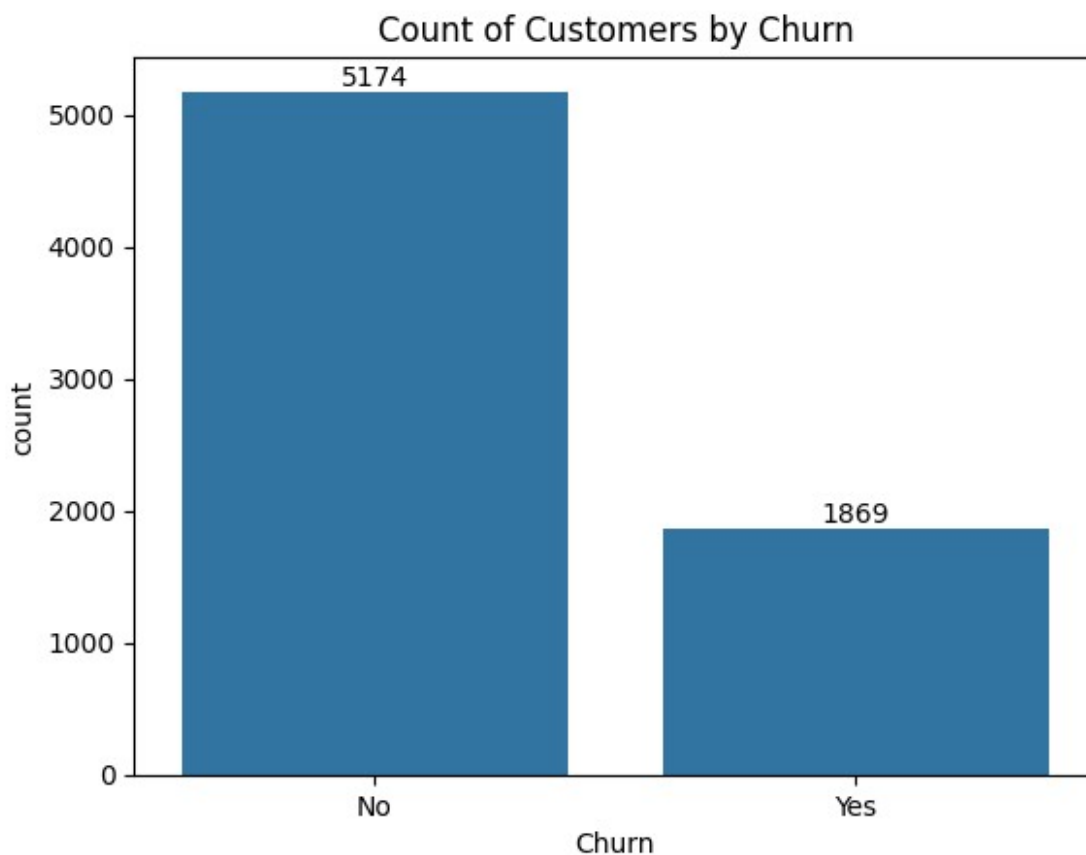
```

#converted 0 and 1 values of senior citizen to yes/no to make it easier to understand

```

ax = sns.countplot(x = 'Churn', data = df )
ax.bar_label(ax.containers[0])
plt.title("Count of Customers by Churn")
plt.show()

```

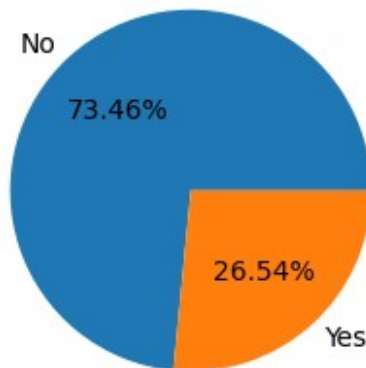


```

plt.figure(figsize = (3,4))
gb = df.groupby("Churn").agg({'Churn':"count"})
plt.pie(gb['Churn'], labels=gb.index, autopct = "%1.2f%%")
plt.title("percentage of Churned Customers", fontsize = 10)
plt.show()

```

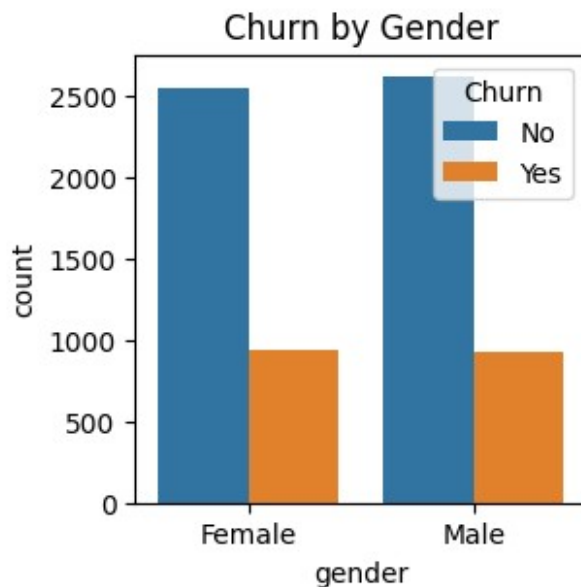
percentage of Churned Customers



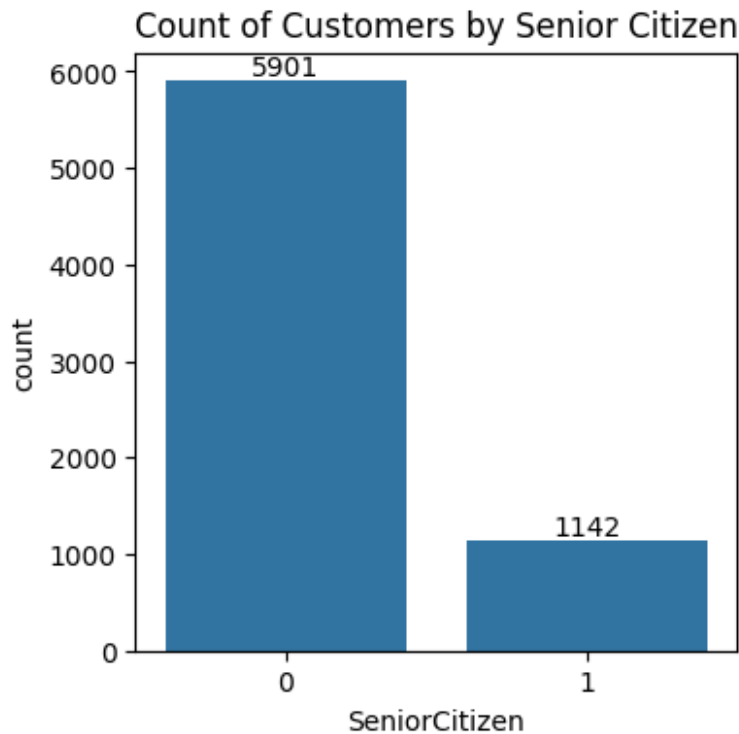
#from the given pie chart we can conclude that 26.54% of our customers have churned out

#not let's explore the reason behind it

```
plt.figure(figsize = (3,3))
sns.countplot(x = "gender", data = df, hue = "Churn")
plt.title("Churn by Gender")
plt.show()
```



```
plt.figure(figsize = (4,4))
ax = sns.countplot(x = "SeniorCitizen", data = df)
ax.bar_label(ax.containers[0])
plt.title("Count of Customers by Senior Citizen")
plt.show()
```



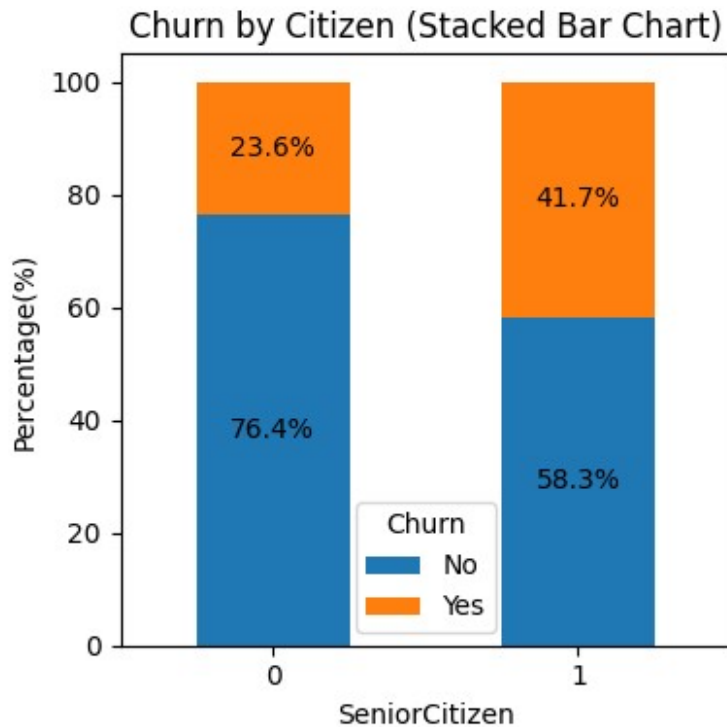
```
grouped = df.groupby(['SeniorCitizen', 'Churn']).size().unstack()

# Calculate percentages
percentages = grouped.divide(grouped.sum(axis=1), axis=0) * 100

# Plot stacked bar chart
ax = percentages.plot(kind='bar', stacked=True, figsize=(4,4))

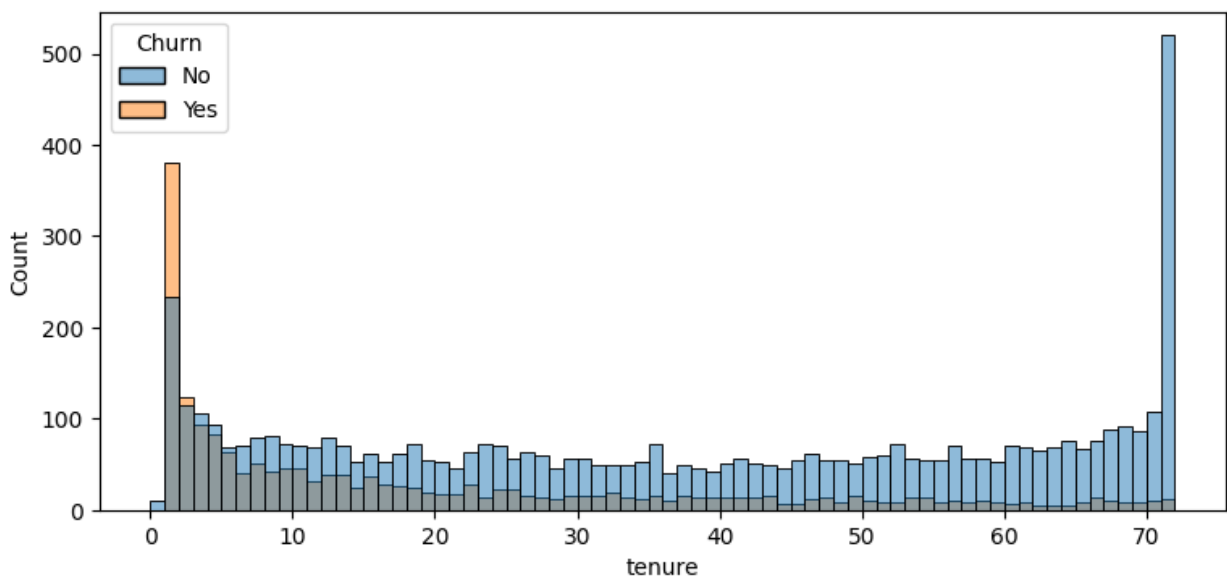
# Add % labels
for idx, row in percentages.iterrows():
    cumulative = 0
    for churn_status in percentages.columns:
        pct = row[churn_status]
        if pct > 0:
            ax.text(idx, cumulative + pct/2, f'{pct:.1f}%',
                    ha='center', va='center', fontsize=10)
            cumulative += pct

# Title and labels
plt.title("Churn by Citizen (Stacked Bar Chart)")
plt.ylabel("Percentage(%)")
plt.xlabel("SeniorCitizen")
plt.xticks(rotation=0)
plt.legend(title="Churn")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

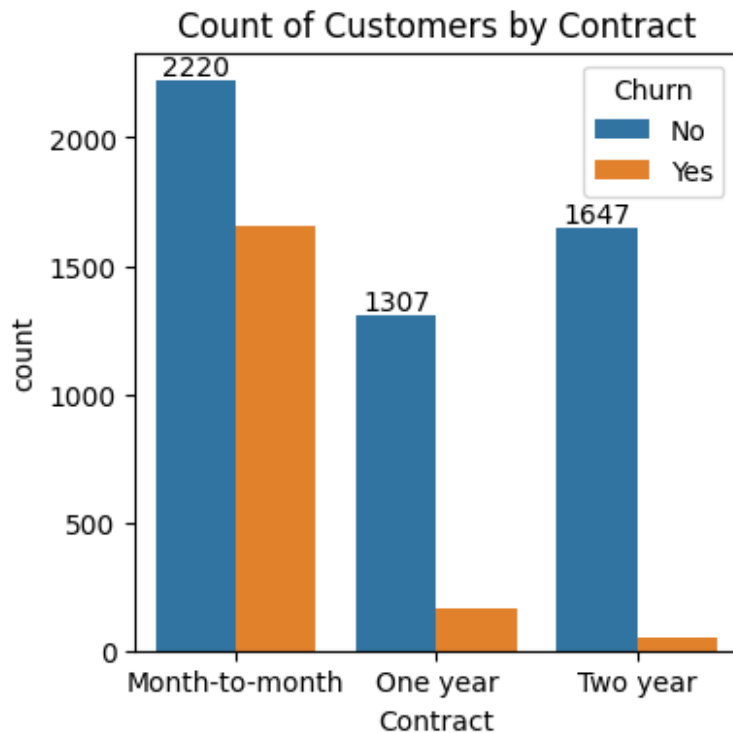
#comapratively a greater percentage of people in seniour citizen category have churned

```
plt.figure(figsize = (9,4))
sns.histplot(x = "tenure", data = df, bins=72, hue="Churn")
plt.show()
```



#people who have used our services for long time have stayed and people who have used our services #1 or 2 months have churned

```
plt.figure(figsize = (4,4))
ax = sns.countplot(x = "Contract", data = df, hue="Churn")
ax.bar_label(ax.containers[0])
plt.title("Count of Customers by Contract")
plt.show()
```



#people who have month to month contract are likely to churn than form those who have 1 or 2 years of contract

```
df.columns.values
array(['customerID', 'gender', 'SeniorCitizen', 'Partner',
      'Dependents',
      'tenure', 'PhoneService', 'MultipleLines', 'InternetService',
      'OnlineSecurity', 'OnlineBackup', 'DeviceProtection',
      'TechSupport', 'StreamingTV', 'StreamingMovies', 'Contract',
      'PaperlessBilling', 'PaymentMethod', 'MonthlyCharges',
      'TotalCharges', 'Churn'], dtype=object)
```

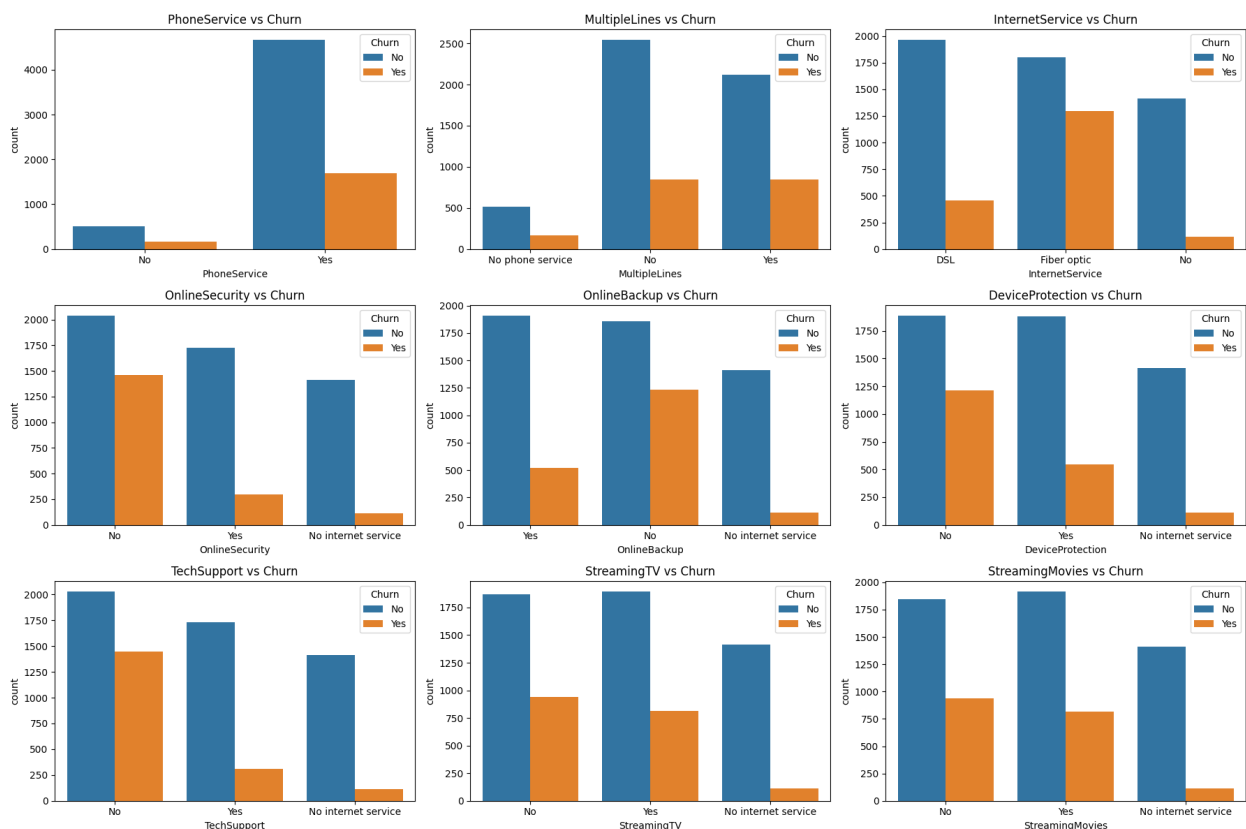
```
# List of columns
cols = ['PhoneService', 'MultipleLines', 'InternetService',
        'OnlineSecurity', 'OnlineBackup', 'DeviceProtection',
        'TechSupport', 'StreamingTV', 'StreamingMovies']
```

```
# Create subplots grid
```

```
fig, axes = plt.subplots(nrows=3, ncols=3, figsize=(18, 12)) # 3x3
grid
axes = axes.flatten() # Flatten to 1D array for easy iteration

# Loop through columns and axes
for i, col in enumerate(cols):
    sns.countplot(x=col, data=df, hue='Churn', ax=axes[i])
    axes[i].set_title(f'{col} vs Churn')

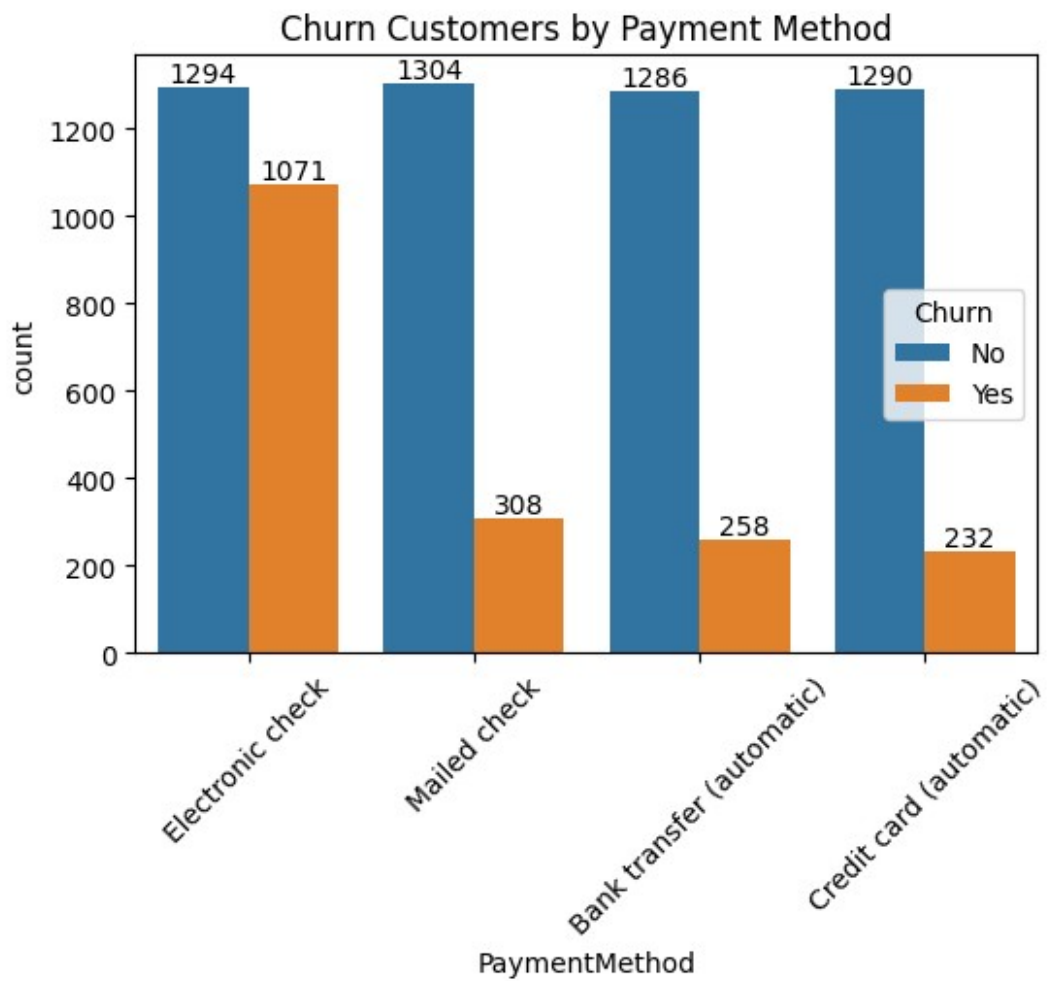
# Adjust layout
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



#the majority of customers who do not churn tend to have services like PhoneService, InternetService and OnlineService enabled. for service like OnlineBackup, TechSupport and StreamingTV, churn rates are noticeably higher when these Service are not used or are unavailable.

```
plt.figure(figsize = (6,4))
ax = sns.countplot(x = "PaymentMethod", data = df, hue="Churn")
ax.bar_label(ax.containers[0])
ax.bar_label(ax.containers[1])
plt.title("Churn Customers by Payment Method")
```

```
plt.xticks(rotation=45)  
plt.show()
```



#customers is likely to churn when he is electronic check as payment method.