



SRI RAMACHANDRA

INSTITUTE OF HIGHER EDUCATION AND RESEARCH

(Category - I Deemed to be University) Porur, Chennai

SRI RAMACHANDRA ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY

DAY-1: 19-10-2020

MODULE -1 : ASSIGNMENT -1

1. What is the time complexity of following function fun()?

Assume that $\log(x)$ returns log value in base 2.

```
void fun() //O(1) function declaration
```

```
{
```

```
    int i, j; //O(1) variable declaration
```

```
    for (i=1; i<=n; i++) //O(n) ->for loop
```

```
        for (j=1; j<=log(i); j++) //O(n log(n))
```

```
            printf("Welcome to the course"); //O(1)
```

```
}
```

Answer:

$\theta(n) \times \theta(\log n)$

Time complexity: $\theta(n \log n)$

2. What is the time, space complexity of following code:

```
int a = 0, b = 0;
```

```
for (i = 0; i < N; i++) {
```

```
    a = a + small();
```

```
}
```

```
for (j = 0; j < M; j++) {
```

```
    b = b + small();
```

```
}
```

Space complexity: $\theta(1)$

Time complexity: $\theta(M + N)$

3. What is the time complexity of following code:

```
int a = 0;
```

```
for (x = 0; x < N; x++) //n times
```

```
{
```

```
    for (y = N; y > x; y--) //(n+1)/2 times
```

```
    {
```

Answer: $\theta(n^2)$

```

    a = a + x + y;
}
}

```

4. What is the time complexity of following code:

```

int i, j, k = 0;
for (i = n / 2; i <= n; i++) { //runs n/2
    for (j = 2; j <= n; j = j * 2) { //logn
        k = k + n / 2;
    }
}

```

Answer: $\Theta(n \log n)$

5) What is the complexity of the code given below?

a.

```

for (int i = 1; i <= n; i *= c) {
    // some O(1) expressions
}

```

Explanation: i increase exponentially
Answer: $\Theta(\log(n))$

b.

```

for (int i = n; i > 0; i /= c) {
    // some O(1) expressions
}

```

Explanation: i decreases exponentially
Answer: $\Theta(\log n)$

6) What is the complexity of the code given below?

a. // Here d is a constant greater than 1

```

for (int i = 2; i <= n; i = pow(i, d)) {
    // some O(1) expressions
}

```

Explanation: $2, 2^d, (2^d)^d = 2^{d^2}, (2^{d^2})^d = 2^{d^3}, \dots, 2^{d^{\log_d(\log(n))}}$
Answer: $\Theta(\log(\log n))$

b. //Here fun is sqrt or cuberoot or any other constant root

```
for (int i = n; i > 1; i = fun(i)) {  
    // some O(1) expressions  
}
```

Explanation: $n, n^{1/k}, (n^{1/k})^{1/k} = n^{1/k^2}, n^{1/k^3}, \dots, n^{1/k^{\log_k(\log(n))}}$
Answer: $\theta(\log(\log n))$

7) What is the complexity of the code given below?

```
while (x > 0) {  
    x /= 2;  
}
```

Explanation: x decreases exponentially
Answer: $\theta(\log n)$

8) What is the complexity of the code given below?

```
function O_SQRT(n)  
{  
    count = 0;    //1 time  
    for (var i = 1; i * i < n; i++)  
    {  
        count++;  
    }  
    return count  
}
```

Explanation: i increases exponentially
Answer: $\theta(\log n)$

9) Arrange the following order of complexity of algorithms in increasing order of growth.

- Constant time
- Linear time
- Logarithmic time
- Polynomial time
- Exponential time
- Factorial time

Answer:

1. Constant Time
2. Logarithmic time
3. Linear time
4. Polynomial time
5. Exponential time
6. Factorial time

