## **Incident Report: Composer DAG Overload from Cloud Function**

## **Issue Summary**

Due to a mass upload of ~50,000 files into GCS, a Pub/Sub notification system triggered a Cloud Function which invoked an Airflow DAG (`gdw\_to\_apmf\_push\_dag`) for each file. This caused:

- ~55,000 DAG runs queued in Composer
- Cloud Function instance exhaustion (`no available instance` error)
- Airflow queue congestion and risk of Composer resource limits

## **Immediate Fixes Applied**

- 1. \*\*Pub/Sub purge:\*\* All unacknowledged messages were purged to stop additional function invocations.
- 2. \*\*DAG filtering logic:\*\* DAG already includes a 5-minute gating mechanism.
- 3. \*\*Cloud Function disablement:\*\* Temporarily disabled by setting max instances = 0 to stop inflow.
- 4. \*\*Queued DAG cleanup:\*\* DAG runs were cleared manually or via gcloud CLI.

## **Recommended Preventive Actions**

- 1. Implement rate-limiting inside the Cloud Function using timestamp validation.
- 2. Use GCP Secret Manager or Firestore to track last-triggered timestamps.
- 3. Enhance deduplication logic to prevent duplicate STS triggers.
- 4. Consider Eventarc filtering or Pub/Sub Dead-letter Topic to prevent flooding.
- 5. Monitor Composer, Pub/Sub, and Function metrics continuously with alerting policies.

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