We get error when trying to add return and break together in switch case-

paste the switch1

```
_ _
      package com.day13;
         3 public class switch1 {
               public int getstudentmarks(String name) {
    System.out.println("student name is "+ name);
                    switch (name.toLowerCase().trim()) {
        90
                    case "piyush":
        10
                        return 80:
                        break; //Unreachable code
       11
        129
                    case "rose":
                       return 90;
        13
                    case "tiger'
        15
                        return 70;
        16⊖
                        System.out.println("pass right student name");
        17
        18
                        return -1; //best practice to return false or negative boolean when no condition match.
        19
                        //we can also return zero.
        20
                    }
        21
                }
        22
        23 }
        24
```

```
ctionsinuava.java 🔯 "StudentSneet.java 25 🗓 Customer.java
  package javasessions;
  public class StudentSheet {
       //WAF: getStudentMarks(String name)
       //return: marks(int)
       //0 to 100
      //WAF: getStudentMarks(String name)
      //return: marks(int)
      //0 to 100
      //studnet is not found : return -1
      public int getStudentMarks(String name) {
          System.out.println("student name : " + name);
          switch (name.toLowerCase().trim()) {
          case "priya":
              return 90;
          case "ravi":
              return 10;
          case "shikha":
              return 100;
              System.out.println("plz pass the right student name " + name);
              return -1;
 27
 28
          public static void main(String[] args) {
 29=
               StudentSheet sh = new StudentSheet()
 30
 31
               int m = sh.getStudentMarks("priya");
 32
               System.out.println(m);
 33
          }
 34
 35
 36 }
         <terminated> StudentSheet [Java Application] /Users/
student name : priya
90
```

Use the values returned by method-

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
   StudentSheet sh = new StudentSheet();
   int m = sh.getStudentMarks("naveen");
   System.out.println(m);
   if(m>0) {
      System.out.println("print marksheet");
   }
}
```

```
student name : naveen
plz pass the right student r
-1
```

Duplicate methods in one class not allowed-

paste duplicate1

```
□ □ duplicate1.java ×
        package com.day13;
        3 public class duplicate1 {
              //cannot have duplicate method in one class.
               public void test1() {
        9
       10
               public void test1() { //Duplicate method test1() in type duplicate1
      №11⊖
       12
       14
               public double test1() { //Duplicate method test1() in type duplicate1
      15⊖
       16
       17
       18
      19⊖
               public void test1(String name) { //not duplicate.
       20
       21
      23 public void test1(String name) { //Duplicate method test1(String) in type duplicate1
      æ27⊖public double test1(String name) { //Duplicate method test1(String) in type duplicate1
       28
       29 }
       30
       31 //so return type doesnt matter when checking for duplicacy, only the parameters matter.
       32
       33 }
       34
```

Method overloading-

```
☑ StudentSheet.java ☑ Customer.java ☑ *EmployeeSheet.java ※
   1 package javasessions;
   3 public class EmployeeSheet {
iun
tol
   4
   5⊕
          public void test() {// 0 param
   6
MC
   7
   8
Lib
   90
          public void test(int a) {// 1 param
ons 10
co 11
          }
ne: 12
pe 13e
          public void test(String x) {//1 param
va 14
/ec 15
          }
on: 16
17⊜
          public void test(String x, String y) {//2 param
en 18
19 ma
          }
ILC 20
21e
          public void test(String a, int b) {//2 param
1t.j 22
ca 23
          }
 24
         public void test(int a, String b) {//2 param
 25∘
 26
 27
         } 1
 28
         public static void main(String[] args) {
 29⊕
 30
         }
 31
 32
 33 }
 34
```

Also known as polymorphism.

Poly means many.

Morphism means different forms.

Within same class.

```
5
            //method overloading: Poly(many)+morphism(form)
tAss
     6
            //within the same class if we have multiple methods:
vaSe
     7
            //1. with the same method name
            //2. with the different number of parameters
eleniu
            //3. with the different sequence of parameters
Sess
            //4. return type doesn't matter here
   10
    11
 139
         public int test() {// 0 param
 14
              return 100;
 15
 16
 17⊜
         public double test(int a) {// 1 param
 18
              return 12.33;
 19
 20
  5
        //method overloading: Poly(many)+morphism(form)
  6
        //within the same class if we have multiple methods:
        //1. with the same method name
  8
        //2. with the different number of parameters
  9
        //3. with the different sequence of parameters (if number of params are the same)
 10
        //4. return type doesn't matter here
  28
  29⊕
          public void test(String a, int b) {//2 param
  30
  31
  32
  33⊜
          public int test(int a, String b) {//2 param
  34
              return 100;
  35
  36
38
39e
        public static void main(String[] args) {
41
            EmployeeSheet obj = new EmployeeSheet();
42
            obj.test(90);
43
        }
44
```

Test(int a) method called.

Compiler knows which method to call.

```
//method overloading: Poly(many)+morphism(form): compileTime(static)

//within the same class if we have multiple methods:

//1. with the same method name

//2. with the different number of parameters

//3. with the different sequence of parameters (if number of params are the same)

//4. return type doesn't matter here
```

```
39
         // use cases:
         // login
  40
Se 41⊖
         public void login() {
  42
  43
         }
  44
         public void login(String un, String pwd) {
  45⊕
ns 46
o
  47
         }
  48
         public void login(String un, String pwd, int otp) {
  49⊕
eL 50
         }
  51
52
ome
   53
           // search:
Type
hilet 54⊖
           public void search() {
java 55
56
oyee
tion: 57
ı.javı 58⊖
           public void search(String name) {
tcon 59
   60
ema 61
           public void search(String name, String color) {
edLc 62⊕
cArr: 63
gCoi 64
ent.j
ents 65
thCa 66⊖
           public void search(String name, String color, int price) {
Com 67
Cast 68
           }
java
13
        //will be used for same functionality (login, search, payment)
```

Maintenance easy due to modularity of the code.

0.4

```
55
       // search:
 56⊕
       public void search() {
 57
 58
 59
 60⊕
       public void search(String name) {
 61
 62
 63
       public void search(String name, String color) {
 640
 65
 66
 67
 68e
       public void search(String name, String color, int price) {
           System.out.println("seach with: " + name + " " + color + " " + price);
 69
 70
71
739
          public static void main(String[] args) {
  74
s: 75
              EmployeeSheet obj = new EmployeeSheet();
ss 76
              obj.test("naveen", 70);
  77
  78
              obj.search("Tshirt", "Black", 1000);
  79
         <terminated> EmployeeSheet [Java Application] /Users/naveenautom
naveen70
seach with: Tshirt Black 1000
 /1
 72
        // payment:
 73⊖
        public void doPayment(String upi) {
 74
 75
 76
        public void doPayment(String cc, int cvv) {
 77⊖
 78
79
80
81⊜
        public void doPayment(String cc, int cvv, int otp) {
82
83
        }
```

```
// uber:
 85
 86
           carBooking:
        public void carBooking(String stPoint, String endPoint) {
 88
 90
 91
        public void carBooking(String carType, String stPoint, String endPoint) {
 92
 93
 94
 95
        public void carBooking(String carType, String stPoint, String endPoint, int passengers) {
 96
        } I
 97
103
1049
         public double calculateTax(int totalIncome, int bonus, int stocksProfit) {
105
             System.out.println("calculating tax");
106
             double totalTax = (totalIncome/30)*100 + (bonus/5)*100;
107
             return totalTax;
         }
108
109
```

double tax = obj.calculateTax(1000, 500, 300);

System.out.println(tax);

13300.00.

119 120

121

122

```
e 102
103
 1049
         public double calculateTax(int totalIncome, int bonus, int stocksProfit) {
105
106
             System.out.println("calculating tax");
             double totalTax = (totalIncome*30)/100 + (bonus*5)/100 + (stocksProfit*2)/100;
107
             return totalTax;
 108
n 109
         public double calculateTax(int totalIncome, int bonus) {
 110⊖
             System.out.println("calculating tax");
c 111
             double totalTax = (totalIncome*30)/100 + (bonus*5)/100;
n 112
113
             return totalTax;
s 114
         }
131
132
               double tax = obj.calculateTax(1000, 500, 300);
133
               System.out.println(tax);
134
135
136
               obj.calculateTax(4000, 200);
137
```

Note-

All the parameters should be used within the body of method, else not good practice.

Void return-

paste void1

```
_ _ _
     🚺 void1.java 🗡
       1 package com.day13;
         public class void1 {
       5
             //when void is return then blank return also works.
       6
             public void click(String element) {
       8
                 System.out.println("click on the element " + element);
       9
                 return;
      10
             }
      11
      12⊖
             public static void main(String[] args) {
      13
                 void1 v1=new void1();
      14
      15
                 v1.click("login");
      16
             }
      17
      18 }
      19
      20 //click on the element login
      21
      22
```

```
FunctionsInJava.java StudentSheet.java

☑ Customer.java

☑ EmployeeSheet.java
☑ Browser.java
☑ Browser.java
    1 package javasessions;
    3 public class Browser {
            public void click(String element) {
                 System.out.println("click on element " + element);
    8
    9
            public void sendKeys(String element, String value) {
   System.out.println("entering value : " + value + " into the element : " + element);
   10⊖
   11
    12
   13
   148
            public String getTitle() {
                 return "google";
    15
   16
```

```
//WAF: launchBrowser(String browserName)
//browserName: chrome, firefox, safari, edge
//return: print: success messg and return boolean(true/false)
```

Boolean not allowed in switch() -

paste browser2-

```
browser2.java X
        1 package com.day13;
           public class browser2 {
               public boolean launchBrowser(String browserName) {
         5⊝
         6
                   System.out.println("browser name : " + browserName);
         8
                   boolean flag = true;
         9
                   //switch cannot have boolean as its parameter.
       <mark>@</mark>11⊖
                   switch (flag) { //Cannot switch on a value of type boolean. Only convertible int
        12 //
                   values, strings or enum variables are permitted
        13⊖
                       case "chrome":
                          System.out.println("launch google chrome");
        14
        15
                          break;
        16
                       case "firefox":
        17⊖
                           System.out.println("launch firefox");
        18
        19
                           break;
        20
        21⊖
                       case "edge":
        22
                           System.out.println("launch edge");
                           break;
        24
        25⊖
                       case "safari":
                           System.out.println("launch safari");
        26
        27
                           break:
        28
        29⊝
        30
                           System.out.println("plz pass the right browser name : " + browserName);
        31
        32
                   }
        33
        34
                   return flag;
        35
               }
        36
        37 }
```

```
switch (browserName.toLowerCase().trim() { {
```

```
22
  23⊜
         public boolean launchBrowser(String browserName) {
  24
  25
             System.out.println("browser name : " + browserName);
  26
             boolean flag = true;
  27
  28
             switch (browserName.toLowerCase().trim()) {
  29
             case "chrome":
  30
                 System.out.println("launch google chrome");
  31
  32
             case "firefox":
  33
                 System.out.println("launch firefox");
  34
                 break;
             case "edge":
  35
                 System.out.println("launch edge");
  36
  37
                 break;
             case "safari":
  38
                 System.out.println("launch safari");
  39
  40
  41
  42
             default:
  43
                 System.out.println("plz pass the right browser name : " + browserName);
  44
                 break;
             }
  45
  46
  47
             return flag;
  48
  49
         }
  50
  52
  53⊕
           public static void main(String[] args) {
  54
  55
  56
                Browser obj = new Browser();
  57
                boolean exec = obj.launchBrowser("chrome");
  58
                System.out.println(exec);
  59
  60
  61
           }
  62
  63 }
  64
   <terminated> Browser (9) [Java Application] /User
```

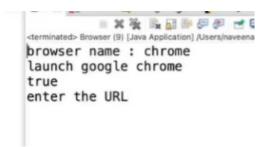
```
cterminated> Browser (9) [Java Application] /Use
browser name : chrome
launch google chrome
true
```

paste browser4

```
₿ □ □ D browser4.java ×
        1 package com.day13;
         3 public class browser4 {
               public boolean launchBrowser(String browserName) {
         5⊝
         6
                   System.out.println("browser name : " + browserName);
                   boolean flag = false;
         8
         9
        10
                   switch (browserName.trim().toLowerCase()) {
        11⊖
        12
13⊖
                      case "chrome":
                          System.out.println("launch google chrome");
        14
        15
                          break;
        16
                      case "firefox":
        17⊝
                          System.out.println("launch firefox");
        18
        19
                          break;
        20
                      case "edge":
        21⊖
                          System.out.println("launch edge");
        22
        23
                          break;
        24
                      case "safari":
        25⊝
                          System.out.println("launch safari");
        26
        27
                          break;
        28
        29⊖
                          System.out.println("plz pass the right browser name : " + browserName);
        30
        31
        32
                   }
```

```
System.out.bi.TiltTil( biz bass the Lif
    שכ
    31
                          break;
                 }
    32
    33
    34
                 return flag;
    35
            }
    36
            public static void main(String[] args) {
    37⊝
    38
                 browser4 b3=new browser4();
    39
                 boolean exec=b3.launchBrowser("chrome");
    40
    41
                 System.out.println(exec);
            }
    42
    43
    44
       }
    45
    46 //browser name : chrome
       //launch google chrome
    47
       //false
    48
    49
    50
    51
                             1:1:0
             Smart Insert
able
```

```
46
47
      }
48
49⊕
      public static void main(String[] args) {
50
          Browser obj = new Browser();
51
          boolean exec = obj.launchBrowser("safari");
52
53
          System.out.println(exec);
54
          if (exec) {
55
              System.out.println("enter the URL");
56
57
58
```



paste browser5

```
🖁 🗖 🚺 browser5.java 🗡
       1 package com.day13;
         3 public class browser5 {
         4
        5⊜
               public boolean launchBrowser(String browserName) {
                   System.out.println("browser name : " + browserName);
         8
                  boolean flag = false;
         9
        10
        11⊖
                   switch (browserName.trim().toLowerCase()) {
        12
                       case "chrome":
        13⊖
        14
                          System.out.println("launch google chrome");
        15
                          break;
        16
        17⊝
                      case "firefox":
                          System.out.println("launch firefox");
        18
        19
                          break;
        20
        21⊖
                      case "edge":
        22
                          System.out.println("launch edge");
        23
                          break;
        24
                      case "safari":
        25⊝
                          System.out.println("launch safari");
        26
        27
                          break;
        28
        29⊝
                      default:
        30
                          System.out.println("plz pass the right browser name : " + browserName);
        31
                          break;
                  }
        32
```

```
שכ
                    System.out.printin( piz pass the right prowser ham
31
                    break;
32
33
34
           return flag;
       }
35
36
       public static void main(String[] args) {
37⊝
38
            browser5 b3=new browser5();
39
40
            boolean exec=b3.launchBrowser("chrome");
41
            System.out.println(exec);
42
            if(exec) {
43⊜
44
                System.out.println("run the url");
45
       }
46
47
  }
48
49
50 //browser name : chrome
51 //launch google chrome
52 //false
53
54
55
```

Wrong handling of flag-

Even with invalid browser, it gives flag true.

```
47
        }
                                     Ι
 48
 49⊕
        public static void main(String[] args) {
 50
             Browser obj = new Browser();
 51
             boolean exec = obj.launchBrowser("ie");
 52
 53
             System.out.println(exec);
 54
 55
             if (exec) {
 56
                 System.out.println("enter the URL");
 57
 58
 59
        }
60
```

```
cterminated> Browser (9) [Java Application] /Users/naveenautomationlabs/.p2/pool/pluging
browser name : ie
plz pass the right browser name : ie
true
lenter the URL
```

Proper way to use flags for invalid case-

```
39
40
           default:
41
              System.out.println("plz pass the right browser name : " + browserName);
              flag = false;
43
              break;
44
45
46
          return flag;
    47
    48
    49
    50⊖
            public static void main(String[] args) {
    51
    52
                 Browser obj = new Browser();
    53
                 boolean exec = obj.launchBrowser("ib");
    54
                 System.out.println(exec);
    55
    56
                 if (exec) {
    57
                     System.out.println("enter the URL");
    58
    59
    60
            }
                           <terminated> Browser (9) [Java Application] /Users/naveenautomationlabs/.p2/pool,
 browser name : ie
 plz pass the right browser name : ie
 false
```

Start with negative value for flag-

//another way to handle flags in nice way.

//start with false and make try and break when condition satisfied.

```
public bootean cauncherowser (string browsername) ?
           System.out.println("browser name : " + browserName);
           boolean flag = false;
           switch (browserName.toLowerCase().trim()) {
           case "chrome":
               System.out.println("launch google chrome");
               flag = true;
               break;
           case "firefox":
               System.out.println("launch firefox");
               flag = true;
               break;
           case "edge":
               System.out.println("launch edge");
               flag = true;
               break;
           case "safari":
               System.out.println("launch safari");
               flag = true;
               break;
           default:
               System.out.println("plz pass the right browser name : " + browserName);
46
               //flag = false;
               break;
49
50
           return flag;
       }
         public static void main(String[] args) {
              Browser obj = new Browser();
              boolean exec = obj.launchBrowser("chrome");
              System.out.println(exec);
              if (exec) {
                   System.out.println("enter the URL");
              }
<terminated> Browser (9) [Java Application] /Users
browser name : chrome
launch google chrome
true
enter the URL
```

From same families overloading-

```
public void getNumber(int a) {
    System.out.println("hi int " + a);
}

public void getNumber(byte a) {
    System.out.println("hi byte " + a);
}

system.out.println("hi byte " + a);
}

obj.getNumber(100);
```

In java by default all numbers without decimals are int.

To call byte-

```
141
142 obj.getNumber((byte)100);
143
hi byte 100
```

Int versus long-

Call long-

```
145
146 obj.getNumber([100L);
147
hi long 100 I
```

Short-

```
public void getNumber(short a) {
    System.out.println("hi short " + a);
    }

132    }

149
150     obj.getNumber([short)100);
151

catculating tax
hi short 100 I
```

For decimals double is default.

Cast with f and get floating.

Character-

just pass character and we get the ascii value.

```
obj.getNumber('a');

hi int 97
```

paste overload7 and overload8-

```
package com.day13;
          public class overload7 {
        4
             public void getnumber(int a) {
        5⊝
        6
                 System.out.println("integer " +a);
        7
             }
        8
             public void getnumber(char b) {
        9⊝
                 System.out.println("char " + b);
       10
       11
       12
       13⊜
             public static void main(String[] args) {
       14
                 overload7 obj = new overload7();
       15
                 obj.getnumber(10);
       16
             }
       17
       18
       19 }
       20
       21 //integer 10
       22
         //int wins against char.
       23
       24
       25
```

```
🗾 overload8.java 🗙
         1 package com.day13;
           public class overload8 {
         4
         5⊜
               public void getnumber(int a) {
                  System.out.println("integer " +a);
         6
         7
               }
         8
               public void getnumber(char b) {
         9⊝
                  System.out.println("char " + b);
        10
        11
               }
        12
        13⊖
              public static void main(String[] args) {
        14
        15
                  overload8 obj = new overload8();
                  obj.getnumber('r');
        16
        17
               }
        18
        19 }
        20
        21 //char r
        22 //to call char use single quote
        23
        24
        25
```

When int method is not there-

```
122 //
       public void getNumber(int a) {
123 //
           System.out.println("hi int " + a);
124 //
125
126⊖
        public void getNumber(byte a) {
127
            System.out.println("hi byte " + a);
128
129
130⊜
       public void getNumber(short a) {
            System.out.println("hi short " + a);
131
132
133
134⊖
        public void getNumber(long a) {
135
            System.out.println("hi long " + a);
136
137
             ODJ. CO. CO. CO. CO. CO.
 150
             obj.getNumber((short)100);
 151
             obj.getNumber('a');//97
 hi short 100
 hi long 97 I
```

//second highest precedence is for long after int.

```
public void getNumber(int a) {
123 //
            System.out.println("hi int " + a);
124 // }
125
1269
        public void getNumber(byte a) {
            System.out.println("hi byte " + a);
127
128
129
130⊜
        public void getNumber(short a) {
            System.out.println("hi short " + a);
131
132
133
        public void getNumber(long a) {
134 //
            System.out.println("hi long " + a);
135 //
136 // }
             UUJ. Calculatelax(4000, 200);
             obj.getNumber((short)100);
             obj.getNumber(()'a')//97
```

Error for character as no long, no int present.

```
151 obj.getNumber((byte)'a');//97
```

Hi byte 97.

paste overload12

```
$ ▼ () ▼ (4 ▼ (4) ▼ (2) ▼ (3) ▼ (3) ▼ (3) ▼ (4) ▼ (4) ▼ (4) ▼ (4) ▼ (5) ▼ (7)

    □ overload12.java ×

              package com.day13;
              public class overload12 {
            4
                   public void getnumber(byte a) {
            5⊝
                       System.out.println("byte " + a);
            6
            7
            8
                   public void getnumber(short a) {
           9⊝
                       System.out.println("short " + a);
           10
                   }
           11
           12
           13
           14⊖
                   public static void main(String[] args) {
           15
           16
                       overload12 obj = new overload12();
                       obj.getnumber((short)10);
           17
           18
                       obj.getnumber((byte)10);
                       obj.getnumber((short)'a');
           19
           20
                       obj.getnumber((byte)'a');
           21
                   }
           22
           23 }
           24
           25
           26
           27 //short 10
           28 //byte 10
           29 //short 97
           30
             //byte 97
           31
```

paste overload 13

```
🖁 🗖 🖟 overload13.java 🗴
           package com.day13;
             public class overload13 {
                  public void getnumber(byte a) {
   System.out.println("byte " + a);
           9 // public void getnumber(short a) {
10 // System.out.println("short " + a);
          10 //
11 // }
          13
          14
          15
                  public static void main(String[] args) {
          17
                       overload13 obj = new overload13();
          18
         19
                       obj.getnumber('a');
                       //The method getnumber(byte) in the type overload13 is not applicable for the arguments (char)
                       //since no int or long, so byte and short cant handle char.
                       //even if we comment short and keep byte same error.
//even if we comment byte and keep short then same error.
          22
          23
          25
          26 }
27
          28
```

paste overload 14

```
🚺 overload14.java 🔀
          package com.day13;
        1
        2
        3
          public class overload14 {
        4
        5⊜
              public void getnumber(long a) {
                  System.out.println("long " +a);
        6
        7
              }
        8
        9
       10⊝
              public static void main(String[] args) {
       11
                  overload14 obj = new overload14();
       12
       13
                  obj.getnumber('r');
       14
              }
       15
       16
          }
       17
       18
          //long 114
          //calls ascii value when we pass char to int.
       19
       20
       21
       22
```

paste overload11

```
| Decision of the property of the content of the property of t
```

```
obj.getNumber((short)100);
obj.getNumber((short) 'a');//97
```

Hi short 97.