```
1 package seleniumsessions;
    3 public class WaitConcept {
         public static void main(String[] args) {
    6
             //wait -- sync between script vs app
             //auto wait
   10
   11
             //1. static wait: Thread.sleep(10000) -- Java lib
   12
             //e1 --> 2 secs --> total timeout : 10 secs
   13
             //e1 -- 0 secs --> total timeout : 10 secs
   14
             //e1 -- 15 secs --> total timeout : 10 secs
16
             //2. dynamic wait: total time
17
             //10 secs: 2 secs -->
18
             //10 secs : 15 secs
19
                 //a. Implicitly wait
20
                 //b. Explicit wait
21
                      //b.1: WebDriverWait
22
                      //b.2: FluentWait
23
```

Manage method returns options class. Timeout returns timeout class. Implicit wait also returns timeout class. Implicit is overloaded-

```
| impl
| property | implicitly Wait (Duration duration): Timeouts - Timeouts
| implicitly Wait (long time, TimeOnit unit): Timeouts - Timeouts
| of getImplicitWaitTimeout(): Duration - Timeouts - Timeouts
| of getImplicitWaitTimeout(): Duration - Timeouts -
```

Second method is deprecated.

```
WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
driver.manage().timeouts().implicitlyWait(10, TimeUnit.SECONDS);
```

```
1 package seleniumsessions;
99
   3. import java.time.Duration;
   5 import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriver;
    6 import org.openga.selenium.chrome.ChromeDriver;
    8 public class ImplicitlyWait {
   10∘
         public static void main(String[] args) {
   11
              WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
   12
   13
              //driver.manage().timeouts().implicitlyWait(10, TimeUnit.SECONDS);//sel 3.x
   14
   15
              driver.manage().timeouts().implicitlyWait(Duration.ofSeconds(10));//sel 4.x
   16
              driver.get("");
  17
   18
              //global wait: it will be applied for all the webelements
   19
              //login page: 10 secs
              //e1 : 10 --> 2 : 2
   20
   21
              //e2 : 10 --> 5 : 5
   22
              //e3 : 10 --> 4 : 4
           //product page: 15 secs
25
26
27
           driver.manage().timeouts().implicitlyWait(Duration.ofSeconds(15));//sel 4.x
           //e4
           //e5
           //e6
           //login page: 15 secs
31
           driver.manage().timeouts().implicitlyWait(Duration.ofSeconds(10));//sel 4.x
32
           //e1 e2 e3: 10 secs
```

15.00

The latest wait value will be applied globally. So first ten seconds, then we increased to 15 seconds, so latest value which is 15 seconds will be applied globally, unless you change it further. Unnecessary waiting for all elements-

E2 and e3 dont need waits. Slows down everything. Dont use implicit.

One bad approach is nullify the implicit wait-

```
//e1: 10 secs: 4 secs:
//nullify of Imp wait
driver.manage().timeouts().implicitlyWait(Duration.ofSeconds(0));//sel 4.x
//e2: imp wait: 0
//e3: imp wait: 0

//e3: imp wait: 0
```

And then again give value when needed.

```
//it wont work for non web elements: title, url, alert, windows
```

Explicitly wait-

Until is method.

Wait is interface.

Until is abstract.

Fluent wait class implements wait interface.

Webdriver wait extends fluent wait.

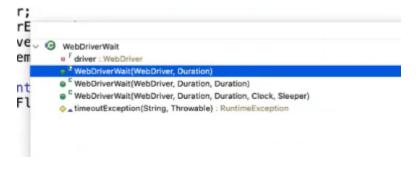
```
workspace1 - org.openga.selenium.support.ui.WebDriverWa

☑ WaitConcept.java ☑ ImplicitlyWait.java ☑ *ExplicitWait.java 🔐 WebDriverWait.class ※
  20 import java.time.Clock;
  21 import java.time.Duration;
  22 import org.openga.selenium.NotFoundException;
  23 import org.openqa.selenium.TimeoutException;
  24 import org.openga.selenium.WebDriver;
  25 import org.openqa.selenium.WebDriverException;
  26 import org.openqa.selenium.WrapsDriver;
  27 import org.openqa.selenium.remote.RemoteWebDriver;
  29 /** A specialization of {@link FluentWait} that uses WebDriver instances. */
  30 public class WebDriverWait extends FluentWait<WebDriver> {
  31
       private final WebDriver driver;
  32
  33⊜
  34
       * Wait will ignore instances of NotFoundException that are encountered (thrown) by de
  35
       * 'until' condition, and immediately propagate all others. You can add more to the ic
  36
       * calling ignoring(exceptions to add).
```

```
Eclipse File Edit Source Refactor Navigate Search Project Scout Run Window
      pport.ui.Fluent
 . . .

☑ WaitConcept.java ☑ ImplicitlyWait.java ☑ *ExplicitWait.java 🙀 WebDriverWait.class 
  8
 12
           * 
      45
               // Waiting 30 seconds for an element to be present on the page, checking
           *
 99
      46
               // for its presence once every 5 seconds.
 Ju
          *
      47
               Wait<WebDriver&gt; wait = new FluentWait&lt;WebDriver&gt;(driver)
 10
      48
                   .withTimeout(Duration.ofSeconds(30L))
          *
                   .pollingEvery(Duration.ofSeconds(5L))
      49
          *
      50
          *
                   .ignoring(NoSuchElementException.class);
      51
          *
               WebElement foo = wait.until(new Function<WebDriver, WebElement&qt;() {
      52
          *
      53
          *
                 public WebElement apply(WebDriver driver) {
                   return driver.findElement(By.id("foo"));
      54
          *
      55
          *
      56
               });
           *
      57
          * 
      58
         * <em>This class makes no thread safety guarantees.</em>
      59
      60
      61
          * @param <T> The input type for each condition used with this instance.
      62
          */
         public class FluentWait<T> implements Wait<T> {
      63
      64
            protected static final long DEFAULT_SLEEP_TIMEOUT = 500;
      65
      66
            private static final Duration DEFAULT_WAIT_DURATION = Duration.ofMillis(DEFAULT_SLE
      67
      68
      69
            protected final T input;
      70
            protected final java.time.Clock clock;
      71
            protected final Sleeper sleeper;
      72
🔐 📝 WaitConcept.java 📝 ImplicitlyWait.java 📝 *ExplicitWait.java 🖟 WebDriverWait.class 🥋 FluentWait.class 🛣 Wait.class
   1*// Licensed to the Software Freedom Conservancy (SFC) under one
10
   18 package org.openqa.selenium.support.ui;
Ju
   19
   20 import java.util.function.Function;
   21
   229/**
   23 * A generic interface for waiting until a condition is true or not null. The condition may take a
   24
      * single argument of type .
   25 *
   26 * @param <F> the argument to pass to any function called
   27 */
   28 public interface Wait<F> {
   29
   308
        * Implementations should wait until the condition evaluates to a value that is neither null nor
   31
         * false. Because of this contract, the return type must not be Void.
   32
   33
         * If the condition does not become true within a certain time (as defined by the implementing
   34
         * class), this method will throw a non-specified {@link Throwable}. This is so that an
   35
   36
         * implementor may throw whatever is idiomatic for a given test infrastructure (e.g. JUnit4 would
   37
         * throw {@link AssertionError}).
   38
   39
         * @param <T> the return type of the method, which must not be Void
        * @param isTrue the parameter to pass to the {@link ExpectedCondition}
   40
        * @return truthy value from the isTrue condition
   41
   42
        <T> T until(Function<? super F, T> isTrue);
   43
   44 }
   45
```

Control+o will give all methods of that class. Webdriver wait has only one method in it-Protected cant be accessed outside class. 34.00 No public methods inside webdriver wait. Only three overloaded constructors available in webdriver wait.



```
workspace1 - org.openqa.selenium.support.ui.WebDriverWait - Eclipse IDE

☑ WaitConcept.java ☑ ImplicitlyWait.java ☑ *ExplicitWait.java ☑ *BuptiverWait.class ※ ☐ FluentWait.class ☑ Wait.class
           * @see WebDriverWait#ignoring(java.lang.Class)
     60
la
Ju
     619
          public WebDriverWait(WebDriver driver, Duration timeout, Duration sleep) {
     62
            this(driver, timeout, sleep, Clock.systemDefaultZone(), Sleeper.SYSTEM_SLEEPER);
     63
           * @param driver the WebDriver instance to pass to the expected conditions
           * @param clock used when measuring the timeout
           * @param sleeper used to make the current thread go to sleep
           * @param timeout the timeout when an expectation is called
     69
           * @param sleep the timeout used whilst sleeping
     70
     71
     72⊖
          public WebDriverWait(
            WebDriver driver, Duration timeout, Duration sleep, Clock clock, Sleeper sleeper) { super(driver, clock, sleeper);
     73
74
     75
76
            withTimeout(timeout);
            pollingEvery(sleep);
     77
            ignoring(NotFoundException.class);
     78
            this.driver = driver;
     79
     80
     81⊕
          @Override
          protected RuntimeException timeoutException(String message, Throwable lastException) {
     82
            WebDriver exceptionDriver = driver;
TimeoutException ex = new TimeoutException(message, lastException);
     83
     84
            ex.addInfo(WebDriverException.DRIVER_INFO, exceptionDriver.getClass().getName()); while (exceptionDriver instanceof WrapsDriver) {
     85
     86
               exceptionDriver = ((WrapsDriver) exceptionDriver).getWrappedDriver();
            if (exceptionDriver instanceof RemoteWebDriver) {
     90
               RemoteWebDriver remote = (RemoteWebDriver) exceptionDriver;
     91
               if (remote.getSessionId() != null) {
     92
                 ex.addInfo(WebDriverException.SESSION_ID, remote.getSessionId().toString());
     93
     94
               if (remote.getCapabilities() != null) {
     95
                 ex.addInfo("Capabilities", remote.getCapabilities().toString());
               }
     96
     97
     98
            throw ex;
     99
          }
    100 }
```

Naveen website-Login page. Email field. Password field. Login button.

```
| WebConcective | DimplicityWebLive | DisplicityWebLive | Displici
```

Webdriver wait has three constructors.

```
    WebDriverWait(WebDriver driver, Duration timeout) - org.openqa.selenium.support.ui.WebDriverWait
    WebDriverWait(WebDriver driver, Duration timeout, Duration sleep) - org.openqa.selenium.support.ui.WebDriverWait
    WebDriverWait(WebDriver driver, Duration timeout, Duration sleep, Clock clock, Sleeper sleeper) - org.openqa.selenium.support.ui.WebDriverWait
```

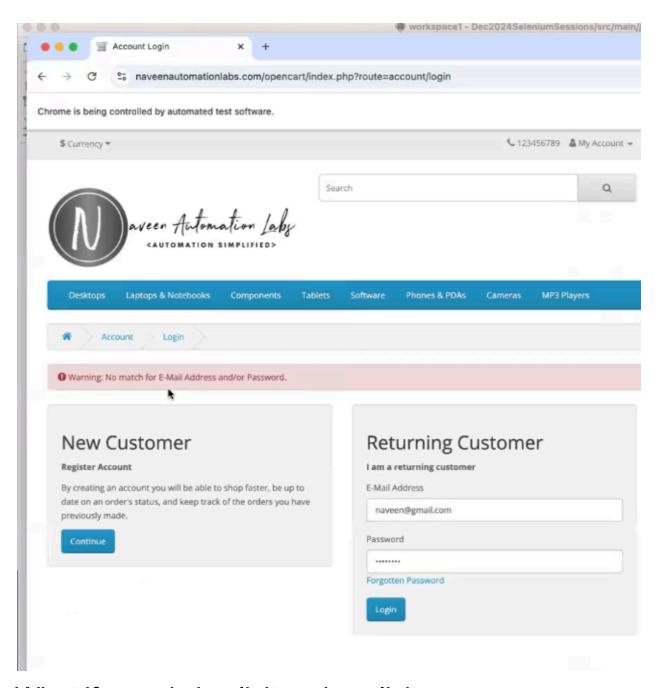
Expected conditions is class. Loads of static methods in it.

Until returns web element.

Wait for email-

```
WebDriverWait wait = new WebDriverWait(driver, Duration.ofSeconds(10));//sel 4.x
WebElement email_ele = wait.until(ExpectedConditions.presenceOfElementLocated(emailId));
email_ele.sendKeys("naveen@gmail.com");
```

Password and login is normal as they must have been loaded by now(assumption)-



What if we mix implicit and explicit-

```
WebDriver driver = new ChromeDriver();
           driver.get("https://naveenautomationlabs.com/opencart/index.php?route=account/login");
21
           driver.manage().timeouts().implicitlyWait(Duration.ofSeconds(20));//global wait = 20
22
           By emailId = By.id("input-email");
           By password = By.id("input-password");
25
           By loginBtn = By.xpath("//input[@value='Login']");
26
27
           WebDriverWait wait = new WebDriverWait(driver, Duration.ofSeconds(10));//sel_4.x
28
           WebElement email_ele = wait.until(ExpectedConditions.presenceOfElementLocated(emailId));
29
30
           email_ele.sendKeys("naveen@gmail.com");
31
32
           driver.findElement(password).sendKeys("test@123");
33
           driver.findElement(loginBtn).click();
```

For password and login button it will wait for 20 seconds. For email first explicit wait will work then implicit wait will work for another 20 seconds. Never mix implicity with explicit.

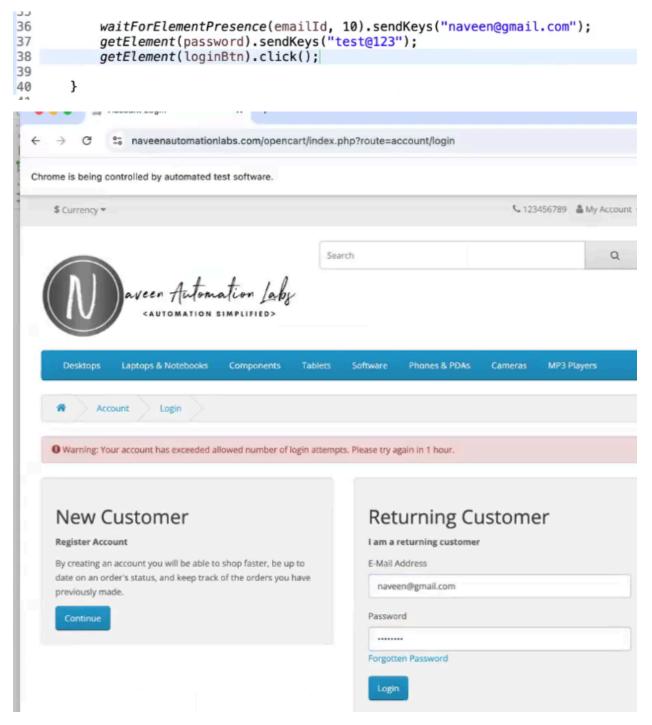
Create utility-

Added 14.

Updated 22.

```
openiqui se centumi suppor ci uti Enpecceu
   10 import org.openqa.selenium.support.ui.WebDrive
   11
   12 public class ExplicitWait {
   13
   14
           static WebDriver driver;
   15
           public static void main(String[] args) {
   16⊜
   17
   18
                //ExplicitWait
   19
   20
                //Wait(I): until(); <---implements Flu
   21
   22
                driver = new ChromeDriver();
   23
                driver get("https://payeenautomationla
42
43⊕
      public static WebElement waitForElementPresence(By locator, int timeOut) {
44
         WebDriverWait wait = new WebDriverWait(driver, Duration.ofSeconds(timeOut));
45
         return wait.until(ExpectedConditions.presenceOfElementLocated(locator));
      }
46
47
48
49⊕
      public static WebElement getElement(By locator) {
50
         return driver.findElement(locator);
51
52
```

Call the methods-Same class.



Give wrong email locator-

```
By emailId = By.id("input-email11");
By password = By.id("input-password");
By loginBtn = By.xpath("//input[@value='Login']");
By loginBtn = By.xpath("//input[@value='Login']");
```

After ten seconds gives this exception-

```
Consols XI @ Problems @ Javasace @ Declaration Till Progress M Results of noning state to Debug & Expressions of Terminal to determinated Explication (I) [Java Application] [Java Appli
```

Give wrong email locator-

This time use normal get elements method.

Wont wait for ten seconds.

Immediate error.

```
25
            By emailId = By.id("input-email11");
26
            By password = By.id("input-password");
27
           By loginBtn = By.xpath("//input[@value='Login']");
28
29 //
           WebDriverWait wait = new WebDriverWait(driver, Duration.ofSeconds(10));//sel 4.x
30 //
           WebElement email_ele = wait.until(ExpectedConditions.presenceOfElementLocated(emailId));
31 //
            email_ele.sendKeys("naveen@gmail.com");
32 //
33 //
            driver.findElement(password).sendKeys("test@123");
34 //
           driver.findElement(loginBtn).click();
35
36
           //waitForElementPresence(emailId, 10).sendKeys("naveen@gmail.com");
           getElement(emailId).sendKeys("naveen@gmail.com");
37
           getElement(password).sendKeys("test@123");
38
39
           getElement(loginBtn).click();
40
41
```

```
Console 32 @ Problems @ Juradec @ Declaration & Propess @ Results of running suite & Debug @ Expressions & Terminal (declaration) place in the Application | Propession & Problems | Proble
```

No auto wait in selenium.

Pw and cypress have auto wait.

Move to element util-

First dom comes then browser ui webelements.

```
360
361
362
        //Wait Utils***********//
363
364⊜
365
         * An expectation for checking that an element is present on the DOM of a page.
366
         * This does not necessarily mean that the element is visible.
367
        * @param timeOut
368
        * @return
370
371 €
        public WebElement waitForElementPresence(By locator, int timeOut) {
372
            WebDriverWait wait = new WebDriverWait(driver, Duration.ofSeconds(timeOut));
373
            return wait.until(ExpectedConditions.presenceOfElementLocated(locator));
374
```

Dangerous method because if the element is not there on ui then error.

Best method-

Element util class.

In any wait util you create, never give webelement as parameter. We are waiting for web element and if we pass as parameter that means there is no need to wait for it.

Click with wait-

Send keys with wait-

```
public void clickWithWait(By locator, int timeOut) {
    waitForElementVisible(locator, timeOut).click();
}

public void sendKeysWithWait(By locator, int timeOut, CharSequence... value) {
    waitForElementVisible(locator, timeOut).sendKeys(value);
}
```

1.02 - char sequence to be the last method because its array and we need to pass atleast one value.

Overload get element with wait

```
public WebElement getElementWithWait(By locator, int timeOut) {
    return waitForElementVisible(locator, timeOut);
    137
    138 }
```