

Name:

Class:

Audio 1.5

Audio Transcript 1

Today's topic for the animal is orangutans. The name orangutan means "man of the forest." It's the largest arboreal mammal.

Pongo pygmaeus is their scientific name.

Their long, powerful arms and holding hands, as well as their feet, help them to move through the branches.

Orangutans are one of the smartest primates. They can vary in height from 1 to 1.4 meters and

weight from 29.9 to 99.79 kgs.

Orangutans live in Borneo's swamps and forests. They usually go down from the trees to explore the ground. They sleep at night and relax during the day on trees. They eat lychees, mangosteens, and figs, and drink from holes in the ground.

Threats to orangutans include habitat loss through deforestation and illegal hunting.

Adapted from: <https://www.worldwildlife.org/species/orangutan>

Audio Transcript 2

Good morning. Today, we'll learn about another critically endangered Indonesian bird, the Helmeted Hornbill, or *Rhinoplax vigil*.

This large bird has a long tail feather in the middle. Its length is 190 cm from the tip of the beak to the tip of the tail, it has a 90 cm wingspan, and its weight is 3 kgs. Males have a red featherless patch on the neck, while females have a bluish-white patch.

It lives in lowland to semi-tropical forests with tall, big trees up to 1,500 meters above sea level. Its laugh is unique and can be heard from 2 km away.

The helmeted hornbill consumes large fruits from *Ficus* trees and also small animals.

Helmeted hornbills' threats include forest loss, a lack of conservation programs, and frequent hunting.

Adapted from: [https://rangkong.org/en/enggang-in-in](https://rangkong.org/en/enggang-in-indonesia/helmeted-hornbill)

[donesia/helmeted-hornbill](https://rangkong.org/en/enggang-in-indonesia/helmeted-hornbill)