TECHNICAL APPENDIX

Insight in Sight: Complaint Detection and Aspect-based Reasoning through Visually-grounded Reviews with VLLMs

No Author Given

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A Experimental Setup

A.1 Metrics

For CD task, we report scores for Accuracy, Weighted-F1 (w-F1), and Macro-F1 (m-F1). To ensure comparability with existing benchmarks for complaint detection, such as the MCI framework [4], we prioritize the w-F1 metric as it was emphasized in the referenced work. Additionally, we report Macro-F1, as it is widely regarded as a more suitable metric for tasks involving class-imbalanced datasets.

For ARG task, we evaluate on two of the most popular and reliable metrics [3, 1,5,2] for assessing LLM-generated outputs: Consistency and Relevance. Consistency measures the factual alignment of the generated output (ARG) with the input content (original review), ensuring no factual inaccuracies are introduced. Relevance, on the other hand, evaluates whether the generated output captures all key and important content from the source (original review).

A.2 Model Descriptions and Prompts

- LLaVA-1.5 13B: LLaVA is an open-source chatbot fine-tuned from LLaMA/Vicuna
 on GPT-generated multimodal instruction-following data. It operates as an
 auto-regressive language model based on the transformer architecture.
- LLaVA-1.6 13B: Building on LLaVA-1.5, LLaVA-1.6 enhances performance by increasing input image resolution and leveraging an improved visual instruction tuning dataset. These upgrades significantly improve OCR capabilities and common-sense reasoning.
- LLaMA-3.2 11B Vision-Instruct: LLaMA-3.2 Vision extends the LLaMA-3.1 text-only model into a multimodal framework. It uses an optimized transformer architecture, with instruction tuning tailored for visual recognition and image reasoning tasks.
- Mistral-7B Instruct-v0.2: This is a fine-tuned 7-billion-parameter model designed for instruction-following tasks, including question answering and

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text generation. It enhances the base Mistral-7B model by aligning more closely with user intent and improving context awareness, offering strong performance in a compact and efficient design.

Table 1: Prompts for the Complaint Detection and the Aspect-based Rationale Generation (ARG) Tasks.

Task	Prompt
\mathbf{CD}	{IMAGE} TITLE: {TITLE} REVIEW: {REVIEW}
	Here is a product's image, accompanied by the user's review and the review title. The task is to classify the review as either '0' or '1' based on the provided image and the text. A classification of '0' indicates the review is 'non-complaint', meaning the user does not express any dissatisfaction with the product. A classification of '1' indicates the review is a 'complaint', where the user is expressing a grievance or issue with the product. The output should be either '0' or '1'.
	COMPLAINT LABEL:
ARG	TITLE: {TITLE} REVIEW: {REVIEW} COMPLAINT LABEL: {LABEL}
	Here is a product's review accompanied by the review's title and the associated label (either '0' or '1'). A label of '0' indicates the review is 'non-complaint', meaning the user does not express any dissatisfaction with the product. A label of '1' indicates the review is a 'complaint', where the user is expressing a grievance or issue with the product. Generate a detailed aspect-based rationale for why the review falls under the given label. Ensure the rationale is grounded for the provided label (complaint or non-complaint) and focusses on the key aspects discussed in the review. The rationale should combine the aspect, description, and impact into a cohesive explanation tied to the assigned label. The rationale must not include the repetition of the user's review, the review's title and the label. The rationale should be in a single paragraph.
	RATIONALE:

Table 2: Prompts for the zero-shot baseline setup and the generation for the Visually-grounded Enhanced Review (VER) Generation of step 0.

Task	Prompt
Zero-shot Baseline	{IMAGE}
(CD+ARG)	TITLE: {TITLE}
	REVIEW: {REVIEW}
	Here is a product's image, accompanied by the user's review and the review title. The task is to classify the review as either '0' or '1' and then generate a detailed aspect-based rationale for the review's classification based on the provided image and the text. A classification of '0' indicates the review is 'non-complaint', meaning the user does not express any dissatisfaction with the product. A classification of '1' indicates the review is a 'complaint', where the user is expressing a grievance or issue with the product. The classification output should be either '0' or '1'. Ensure the generated rationale is grounded for the classification label and focuses on the key aspects discussed in the review. The rationale should combine the aspect, description, and impact into a cohesive explanation tied to the label.
	OUTPUT: The review is classified as
VER Generation	{IMAGE} TITLE: {TITLE} REVIEW: {REVIEW}
	Examine the given product image with the user's review and the review title. If the review is incomplete or missing details, refer the image to identify additional information about the product, such as issues or positive features. The task is to enhance the review by making it more descriptive and precise, ensuring it is grounded in both the review's text and the visual elements of the image. Avoid adding any unrelated details, ensure that the enhanced review remains coherent and accurately portrays the user's overall experience.
	ENHANCED REVIEW:

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