MongoDB - Aggregation and Indexing: Design and Develop MongoDB Queries using aggregation and indexing with suitable example using MongoDB.

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Create collection student { Rollno, Name, Class, Div, Subject, Marks, Address} and enter
       6 entries or more. And perform the following:
   1. Find average of total marks in TOC.
       db.student.aggregate([
        { $match: { Subject: "TOC" } },
        { $group: { id: null, avgMarks: { $avg: "$Marks" } } }
       1);
   2. Find the number of students division wise.
       db.student.aggregate([
     { $group: { id: "$Div", count: { $sum: 1 } } }
   1);
   3. Find students of div B who scored min marks in DBMS.
       db.student.aggregate([
        { $match: { Div: "B", Subject: "DBMS" } },
        { $group: { id: null, minMarks: { $min: "$Marks" } } }
       1);
   4. Find total sum of marks in SPOS of students staying pune
       db.student.aggregate([
        { $match: { Subject: "SPOS", "Address.City": "Pune" } },
        { $group: { id: null, totalMarks: { $sum: "$Marks" } } }
       1);
   5. Find the division wise count of students whose DBMS marks.
       db.student.aggregate([
        { $match: { Subject: "DBMS" } },
        { $group: { id: "$Div", count: { $sum: 1 } } }
   6. ]); Find the count of each city.
       db.student.aggregate([
        { $group: { id: "$Address.City", count: { $sum: 1 } } }
ANS =
Step 1: Create the "student" collection and insert sample data
javascript
Copy code
db.student.insertMany([
{ Rollno: 1, Name: "Aman", Class: "TE", Div: "A", Subject: "TOC", Marks: 85, Address: { City:
"Pune", State: "MH" } },
```

```
{ Rollno: 2, Name: "Bhavna", Class: "TE", Div: "B", Subject: "DBMS", Marks: 72, Address: { City:
"Mumbai", State: "MH" } },
{ Rollno: 3, Name: "Chetan", Class: "TE", Div: "A", Subject: "SPOS", Marks: 90, Address: { City:
"Pune", State: "MH" } },
{ Rollno: 4, Name: "Divya", Class: "TE", Div: "B", Subject: "DBMS", Marks: 60, Address: { City:
"Bangalore", State: "KA" } },
{ Rollno: 5, Name: "Ekta", Class: "TE", Div: "C", Subject: "TOC", Marks: 78, Address: { City:
"Pune", State: "MH" } },
{ Rollno: 6, Name: "Farhan", Class: "TE", Div: "B", Subject: "SPOS", Marks: 65, Address: { City:
"Pune", State: "MH" }}
]);
1. Find the average marks of students in the subject "TOC".
javascript
Copy code
db.student.aggregate([
{ $match: { Subject: "TOC" } },
{ $group: { _id: null, avgMarks: { $avg: "$Marks" } } }
1)
2. Find the number of students in each division.
javascript
Copy code
db.student.aggregate([
{ $group: { _id: "$Div", count: { $sum: 1 } } }
1)
3. Find the student(s) of division "B" who scored the minimum marks in "DBMS".
javascript
Copy code
db.student.aggregate([
{ $match: { Div: "B", Subject: "DBMS" } },
{ $group: { _id: null, minMarks: { $min: "$Marks" } } }
])
4. Find the total sum of marks in "SPOS" for students staying in Pune.
javascript
```

```
Copy code
db.student.aggregate([
{ $match: { Subject: "SPOS", "Address.City": "Pune" } },
{ $group: { _id: null, totalMarks: { $sum: "$Marks" } } }
])
5. Find the division-wise count of students in the "DBMS" subject.
javascript
Copy code
db.student.aggregate([
{ $match: { Subject: "DBMS" } },
{ $group: { _id: "$Div", count: { $sum: 1 }} }
])
6. Find the count of students in each city.
javascript
Copy code
db.student.aggregate([
{ $group: { _id: "$Address.City", count: { $sum: 1 }} }
])
Indexing Example
To optimize the above queries, especially those involving matching by subject or city, you can
create indexes. For example, you can create indexes on the "Subject" and "Address.City" fields:
javascript
Copy code
db.student.createIndex({ Subject: 1 });
db.student.createIndex({ "Address.City": 1 });
```