

Software Design

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Software Design

Software Design Fundamentals

- General Design Concepts
- Context of Software Design
- Software Design Process
- Software Design Principles

Key Issues in Software Design

- Concurrency
- Control and Handling of Events
- Data Persistence
- Distribution of Components
- Error and Exception Handling and Fault Tolerance
- Interaction and Presentation
- Security

Software Structure and Architecture

- Architectural Structures and Viewpoints
- Architectural Styles
- Design Patterns
- Architecture Design Decisions
- Families of Programs and Frameworks

User Interface Design

- General User Interface Design Principles
- User Interface Design Issues
- The Design of User Interaction Modalities
- The Design of Information Presentation
- User Interface Design Process
- Localization and Internationalization
- Metaphors and Conceptual Models

Software Design Quality Analysis and Evaluation

- Quality Attributes
- Quality Analysis and Evaluation Techniques
- Measures

Software Design Notations

- Structural Descriptions (Static View)
- Behavioral Descriptions (Dynamic View)

Software Design Strategies and Methods

- General Strategies
- Function-Oriented (Structured) Design
- Object-Oriented Design
- Data Structure-Centered Design
- Component-Based Design (CBD)
- Other Methods

Software Design Tools

Introduction

The process of defining the architecture, components, interfaces, and other characteristics of a system or component.

Describes the software architecture how software is decomposed and organized into components and the interfaces between those components.

Content

- Software Design Fundamentals
- Key Issues in Software Design
- Software Design Notations
- Software Design Tools

Software design fundamentals

General Design Concepts

- form of problem solving
- understanding the limits of design

Software Design Process

- Architectural design: how software is organized into components
- Detailed design: Desired behaviour of these components

Software Design Principles

- Abstraction
- Coupling and Cohesion
- Decomposition and modularization
- Separation of interface and implementation

Key issues of software design

Concurrency - decompose into process and threads with issues of efficiency, sync and scheduling.

Control and Handling of Events - control flow and organize data

Data Persistence - handle long lived data

Distribution of Components - component communication, middleware

Error and Exception Handling and Fault Tolerance

Interaction and Presentation - interaction with user and info

Security - prevent unauthorized disclosure, change, deletion, or denial of access to information, etc. Tolerate security-related attacks by limiting damage, speeding repair and recovery

Software design notion

UML

- UML is general purpose, developmental, modelling language
- Used for visualizing, specifying, constructing and documenting the components
- UML gives design a meaning
- There are two broad categories of diagrams:
 - Structural Diagrams
 - Behavioural Diagrams

Structural description (Static view)

- Class diagrams
- Object diagrams
- Deployment diagrams
- Component diagrams

Behavioural description (Dynamic view)

- Activity diagrams
- Use case diagrams
- State machine diagrams
- Interaction diagram

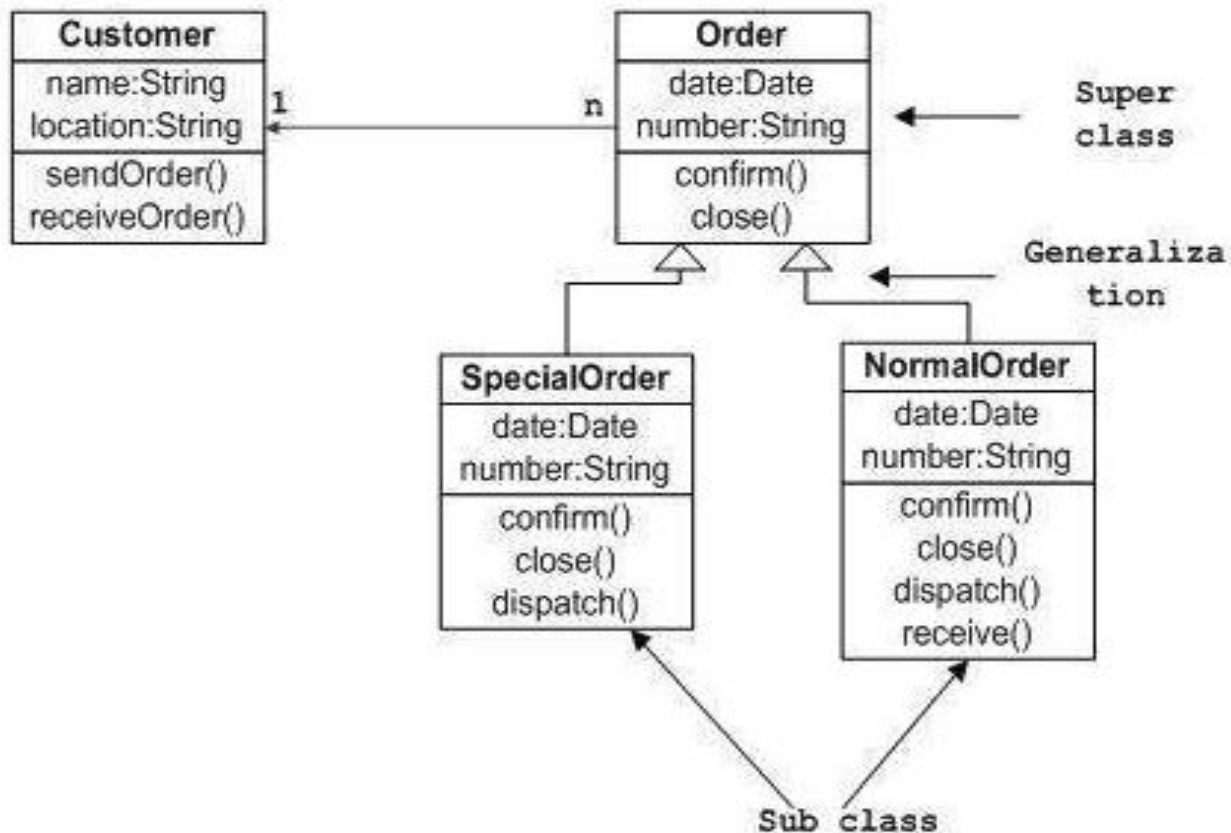
Structural diagrams

- Represent the static aspect of the system
- Static aspects represent those parts of a diagram, which forms the main structure and are therefore stable.
- There are four structural diagrams:
 - Class diagram
 - Object diagram
 - Component diagram
 - Deployment diagram

Class diagrams

- Represents the static view of an application
- Shows a collection of classes, interfaces, associations, collaborations, and constraints
- Only diagram which can be directly mapped with object-oriented languages
- Describe responsibilities of a system
- Base for component and deployment diagrams
- Forward and reverse engineering.

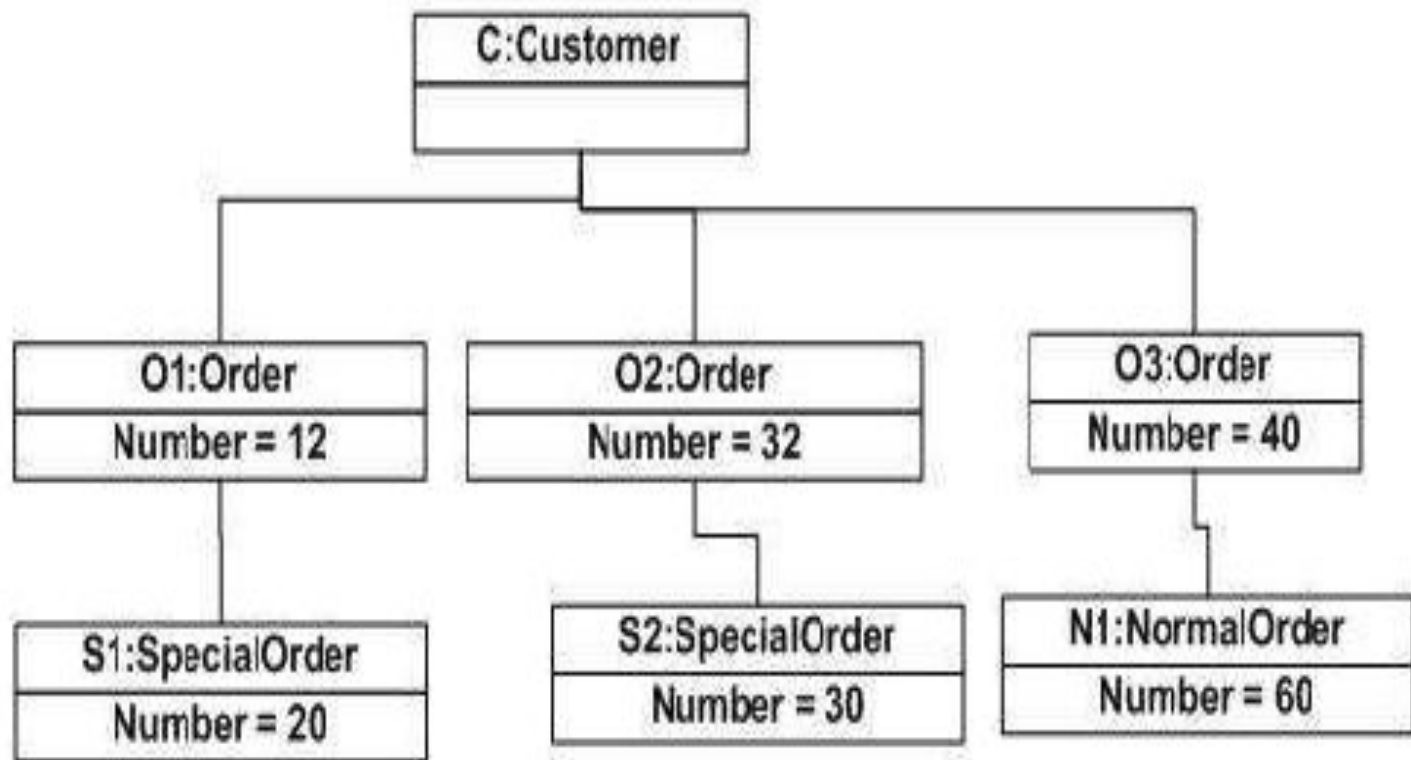
Sample Class Diagram



Object diagrams

- Represent an instance of a class diagram
- Reverse engineering.
- Object relationships of a system
- Static view of an interaction.
- Understand object behaviour and their relationship from practical perspective
- Modeling complex data structures.

Object diagram of an order management system

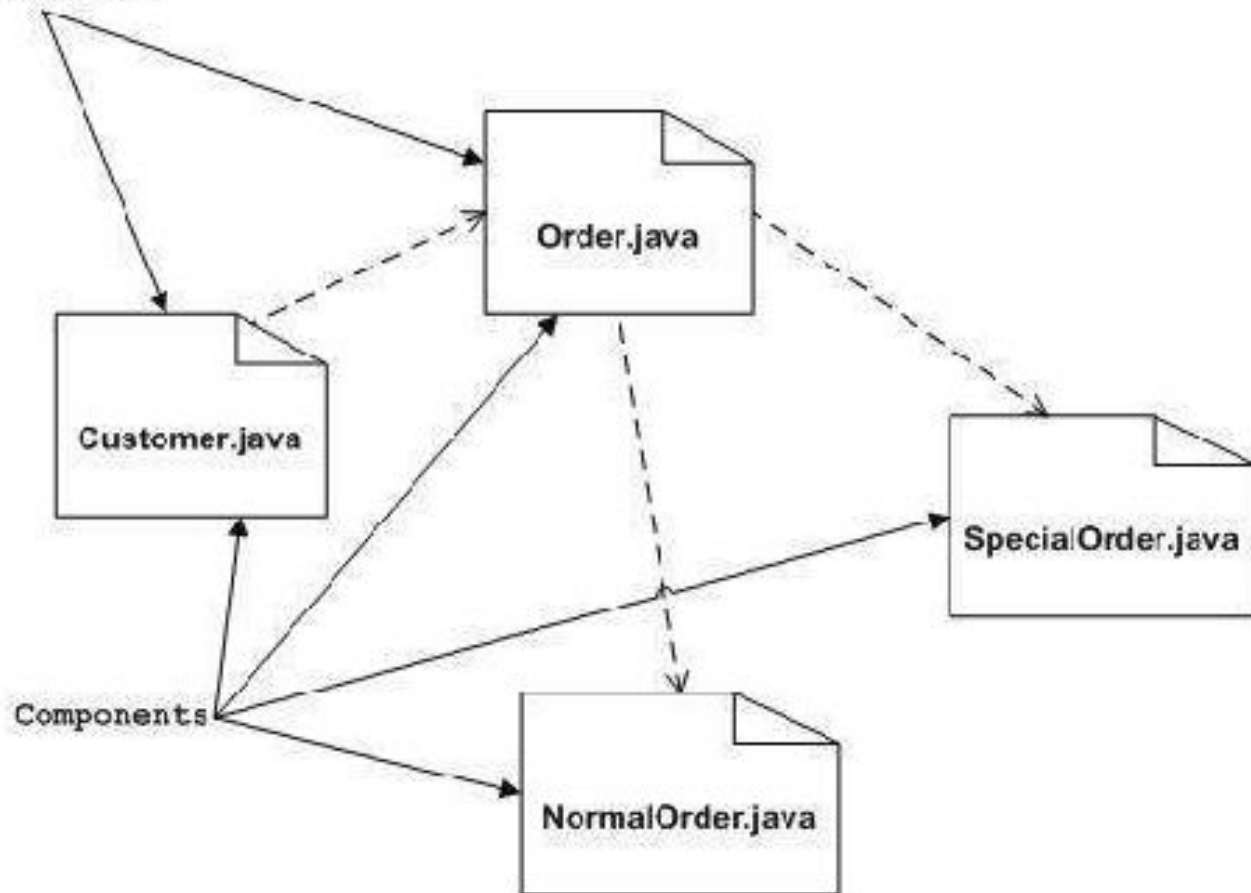


Component diagrams

- Visualize the components of a system such as libraries, packages, files, etc.
- Construct executables by using forward and reverse engineering
- Describe the organization and relationships of the components.
- Used during the implementation phase of an application
- Used to model the database schema

Component diagram of an order management system

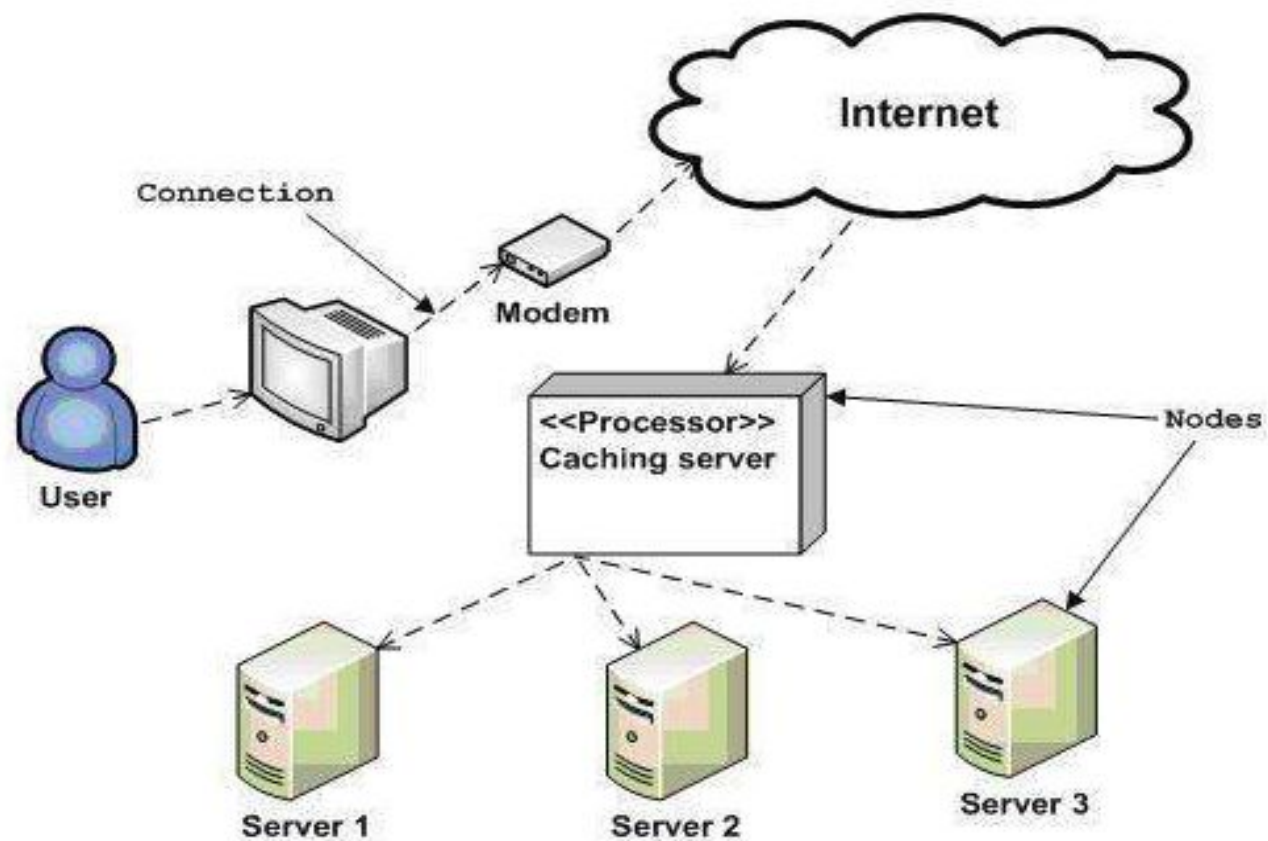
Java files



Deployment diagrams

- Visualize the hardware topology of a system
- Describe the hardware components used to deploy software components
- Consist of nodes and relationship

Deployment diagram of an order management system



Behaviour diagram

- Behaviour diagram emphasize on what must happen in system being modelled
- Behaviour diagrams show the interaction and flow of action of a working system
- Behaviour diagram visualize and document the dynamic aspects of the system

Activity diagram

- Activity diagram represent the workflow with support for choice, iterations and concurrency
- Flow can be sequential, branch or concurrent
- Used for business process modeling
- Activity diagram have no message part

Elements of activity diagram



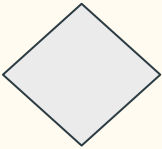
Start point



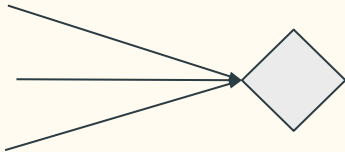
Action state



Action Flow(Edge)

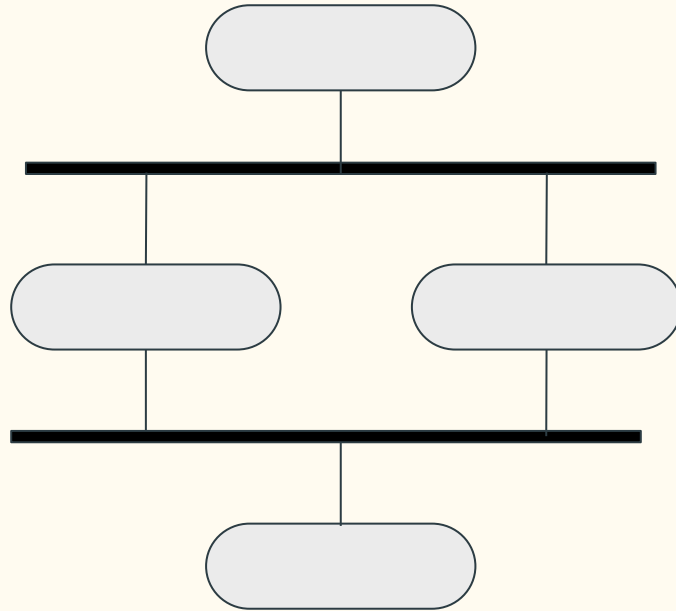


Decision



Merge event

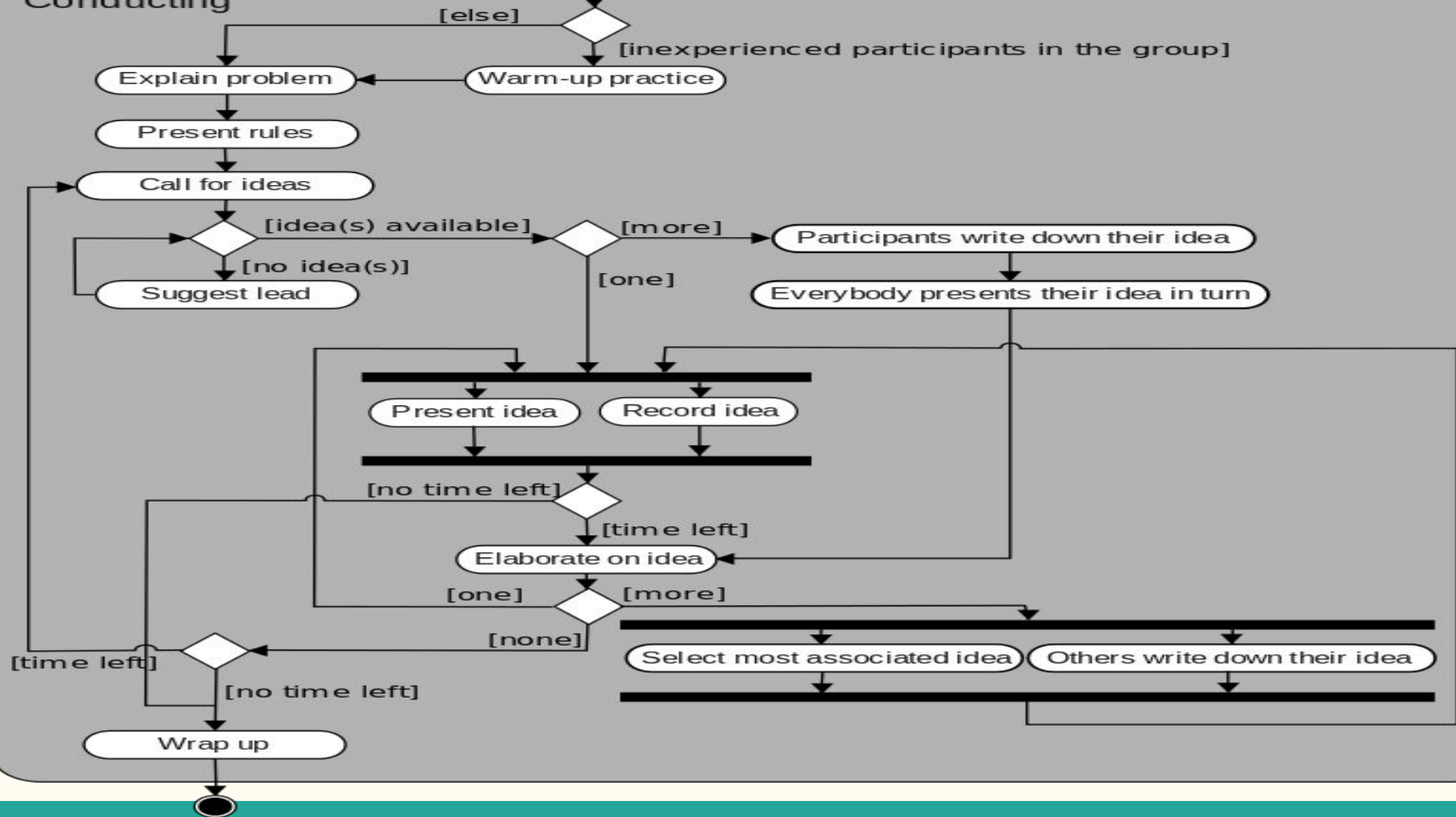
Elements of activity diagram



Fork Node

Join Node

Conducting

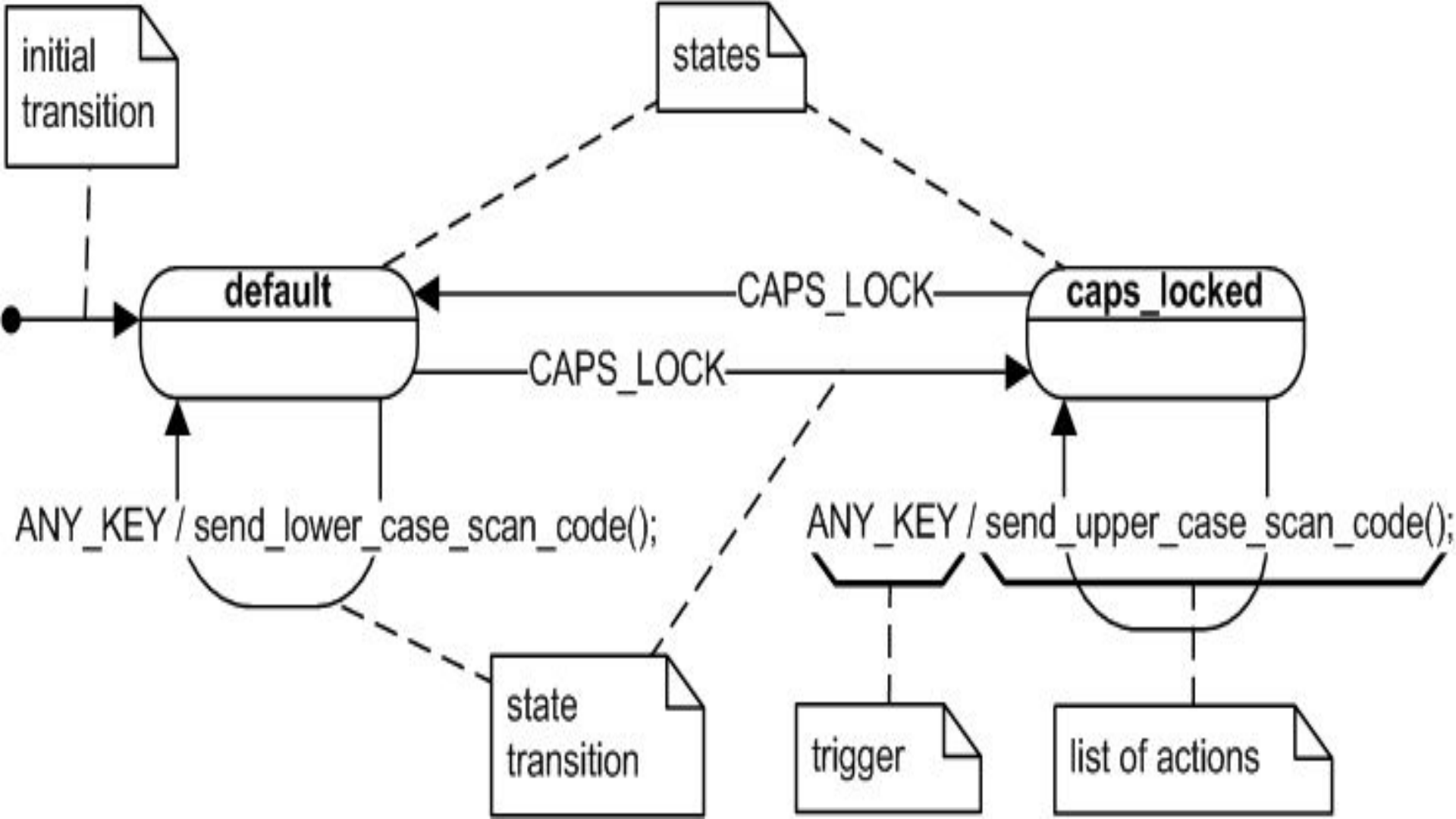


State machine diagram

- UML State diagrams is an enhanced realization of the concept of finite state automata
- State chart diagrams describe the flow of control from one state to another triggered by some action
- State diagrams are used to model reactive systems
- Also used for forward and reverse engineering
- State diagrams are basically directed graphs where nodes represent states and connectors represent transitions

Elements of state machine

- EVENTS: Any trigger or stimuli
- STATES: Well defined behaviour of any event
- GUARD CONDITIONS: Condition based flow
- ACTIONS: Response to the events
- TRANSITIONS: Switch from one state to another on some trigger



Use case diagram

- Use case diagrams depict what are the actions that system can perform in collaboration of external user(s)
- Use case diagrams consist of actors, use cases, and their relationships
- Use case diagrams describes the events and their flows, but never describes how they are implemented. It is like a black box

Elements of use case diagram

Use case

Black box of functionality

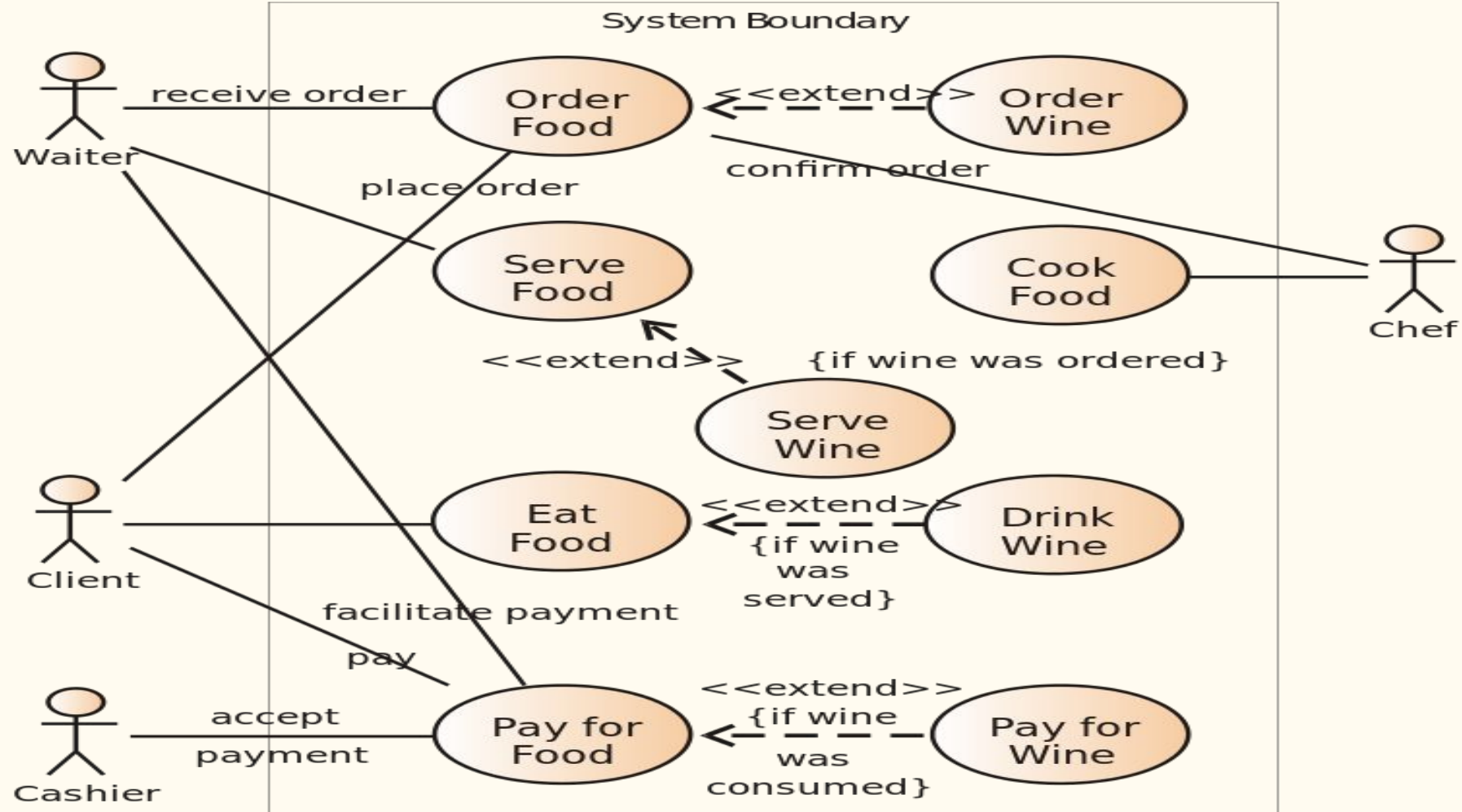
Actors

Humans, Internal or
external influence

Relationships

Connection between
use cases

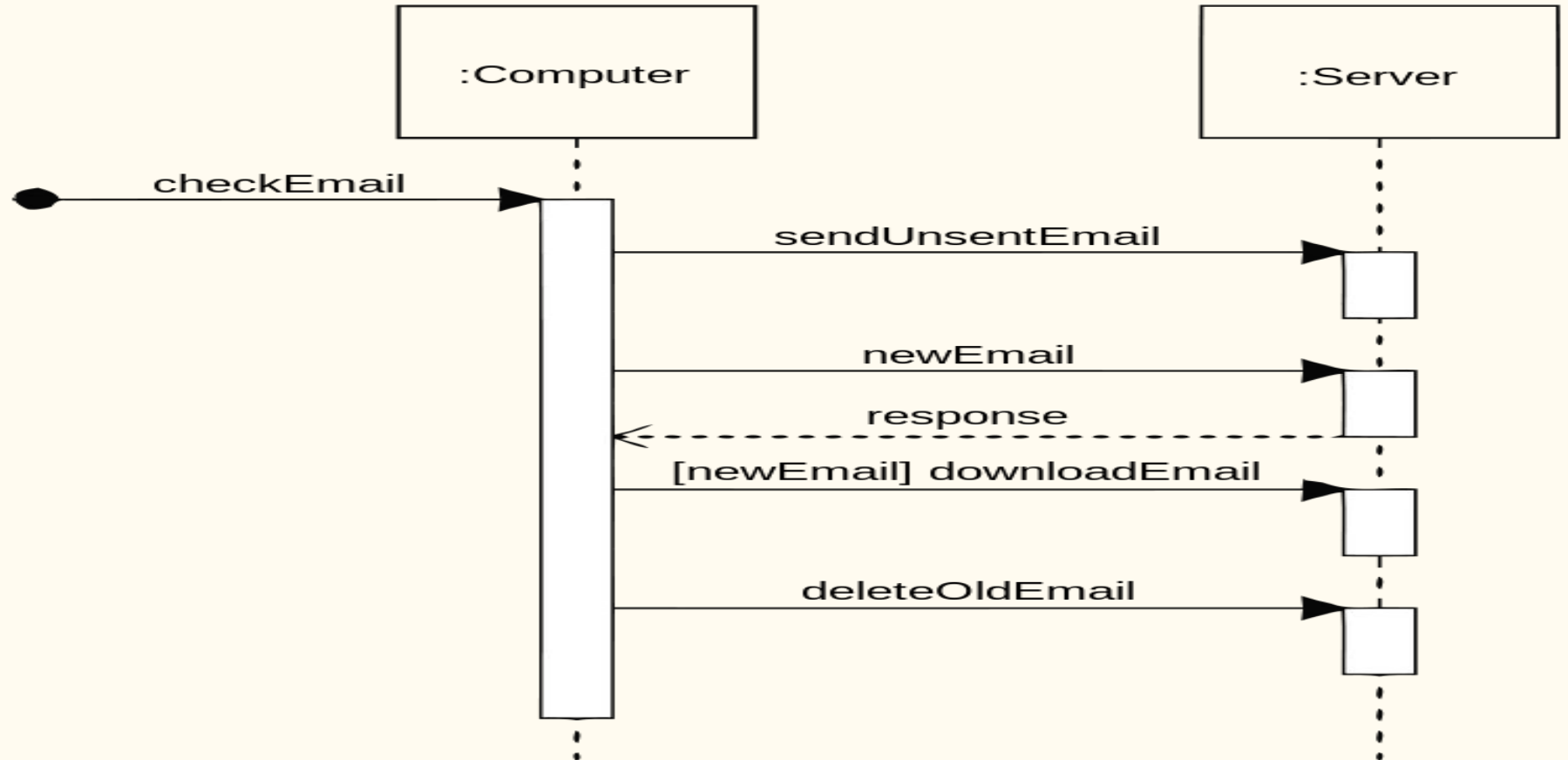
uc Use Cases



Interaction diagram

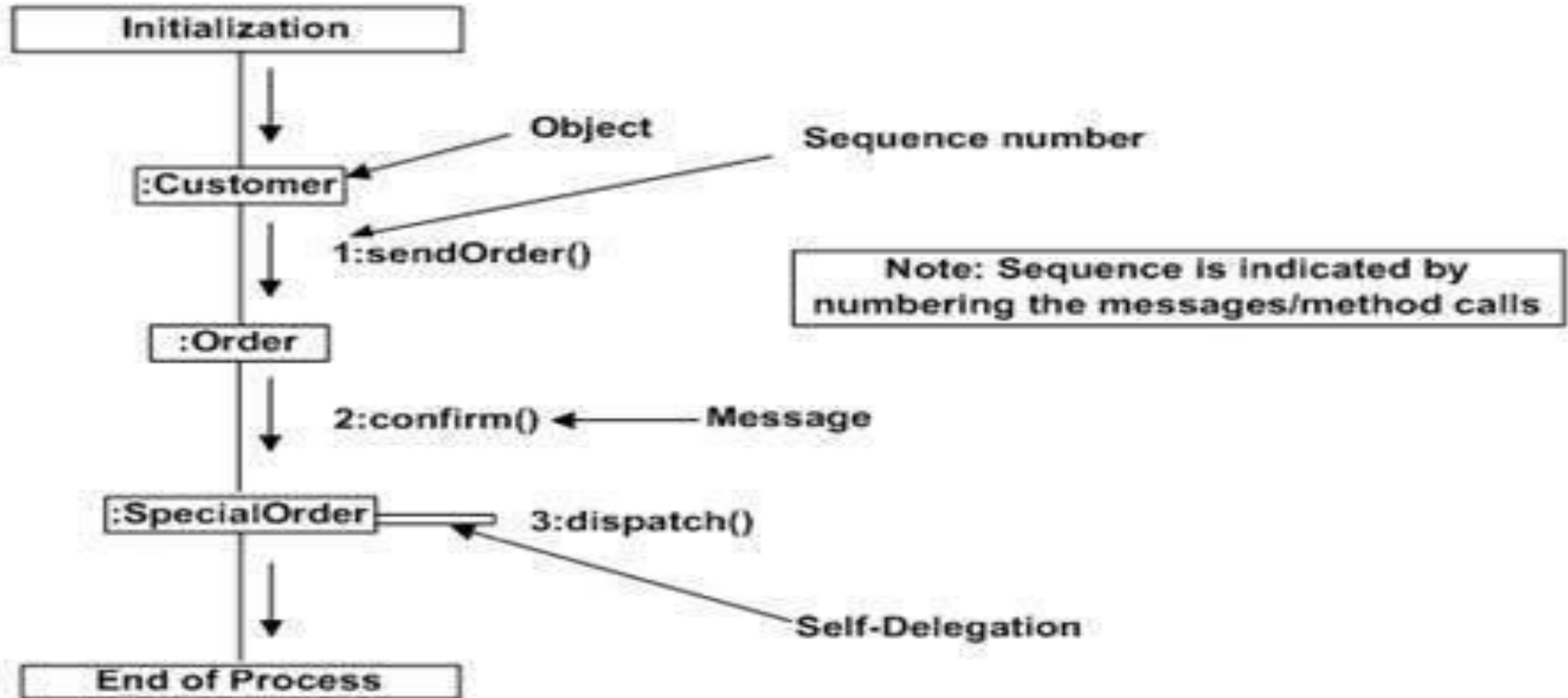
- Interaction diagrams are used when we want to understand the sequence of control flow
- It can be subcategorized into:
 - Sequence diagram
 - Collaboration diagram

Sequence diagram



Collaboration diagram

Collaboration diagram of an order management system



Uses of Behavioural diagrams

- **Activity Diagrams** : For concurrent events
- **State Diagrams** : When states and actions are well defined
- **Use case Diagrams** : For high level and practical understanding
- **Interaction Diagrams** : When sequence and organisation is important

Tools for UML diagram design

- Visual Paradigm
- StarUML
- ArgoUML
- Umbrello UML
- MagicDraw
- Papyrus

Containers



1. What are Containers?

3. How it works?



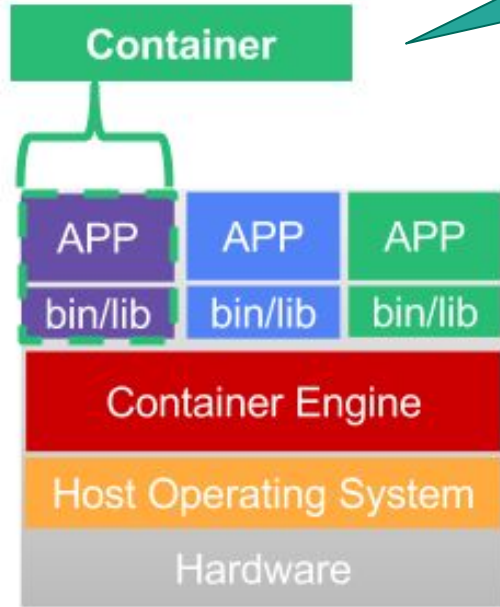
2. Why use Containers?

4. Docker example

5. Containers vs VMs

CONTAINERS

Partitions, jails or
virtual environment



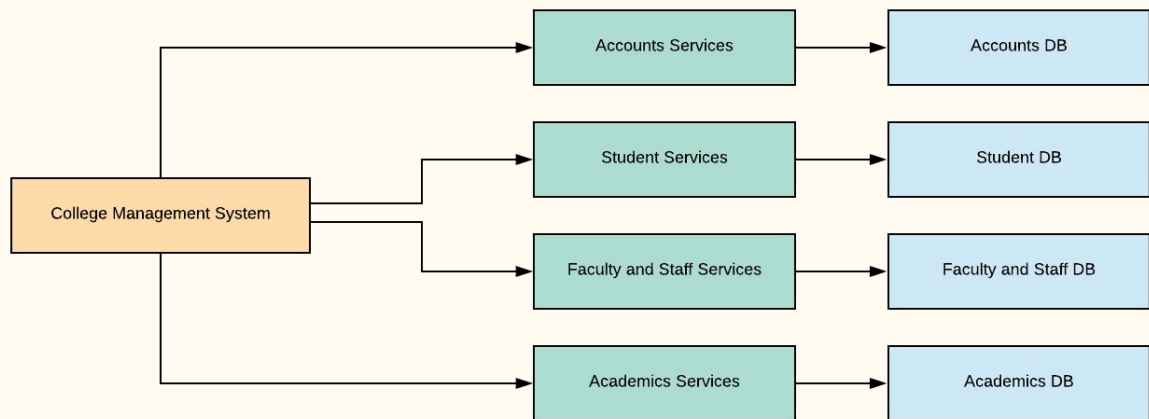
- It is an isolated user space in which computer programs run directly on the host operating system's kernel but have access to a restricted subset of its resources
- It is a standard unit of software that packages up code and all its dependencies so the application runs quickly and reliably from one computing environment to another.
- A container image is a lightweight, standalone, executable package of software that includes everything needed to run an application: code, runtime, system tools, system libraries and settings.

Before Containers

Microservices

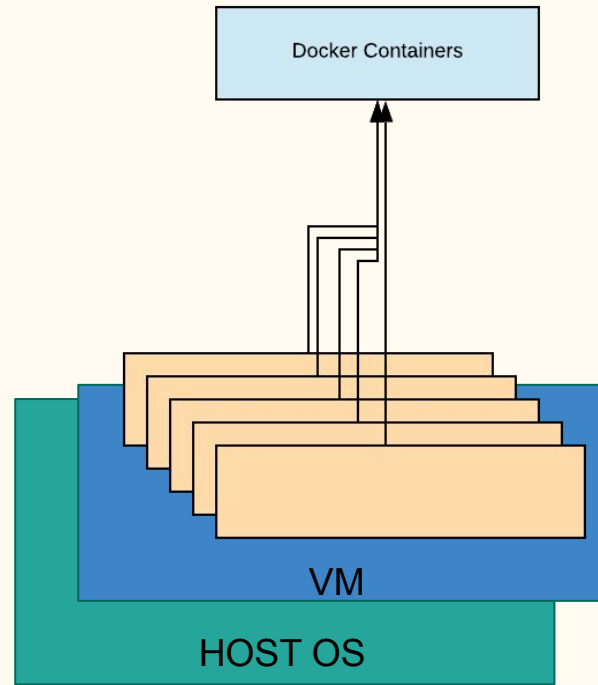
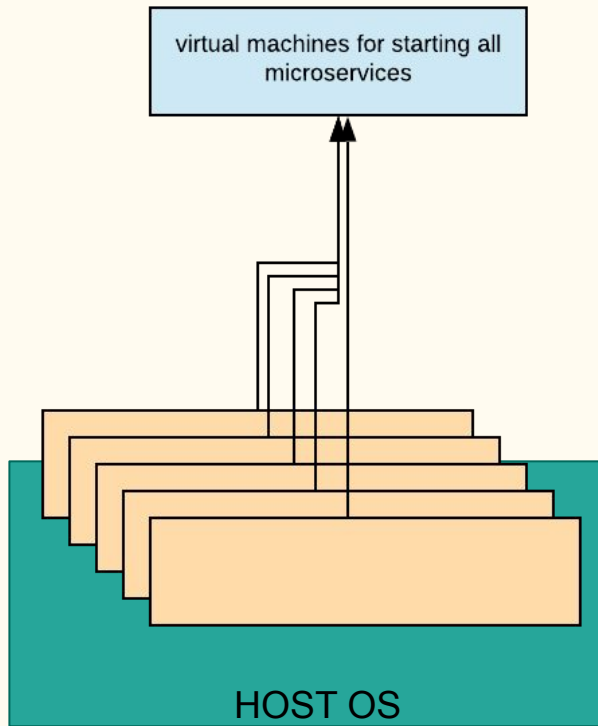
Application can be easier to build and maintain when broken into smaller services. Each component developed separately and application will be sum of its constituent components.

Ex: College management system

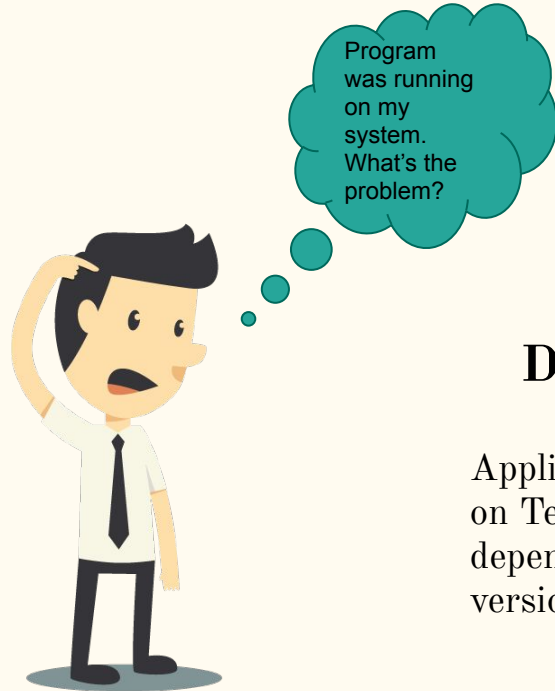


Problems

1. Updating module
2. If a service breaks down, whole service affected.



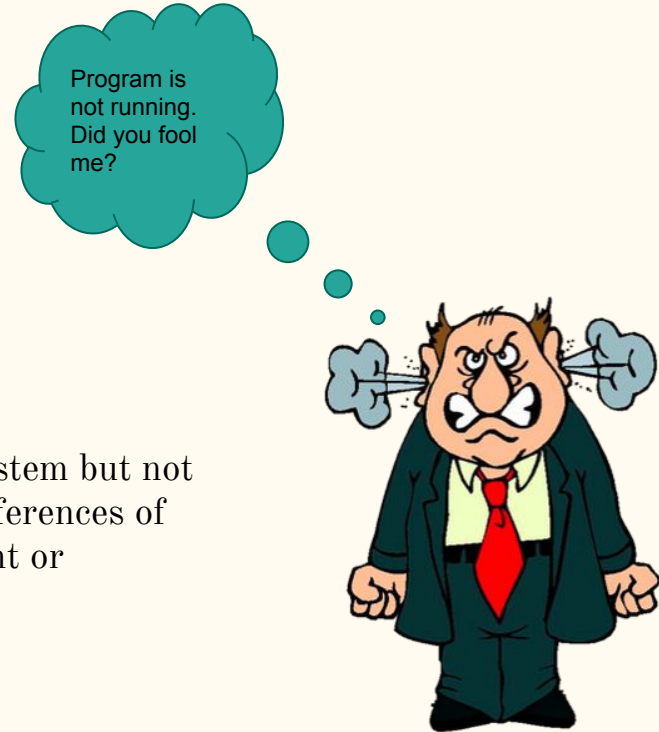
Before Containers



Developer

During SDLC

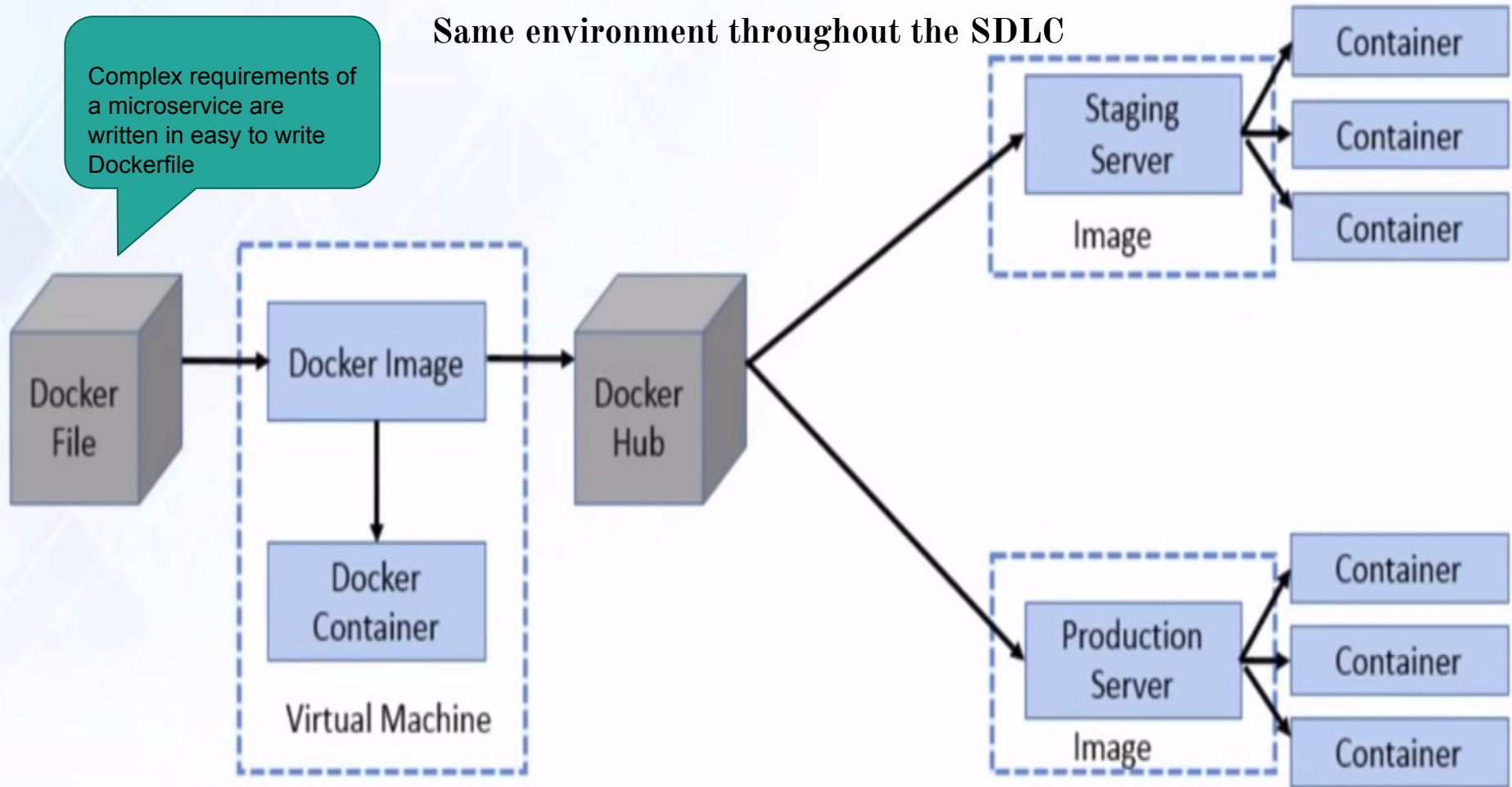
Application run on dev's system but not on Test and Prod due to differences of dependencies or environment or versions



Tester

Same environment throughout the SDLC

Complex requirements of a microservice are written in easy to write Dockerfile



Container Platforms

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Linux VServers

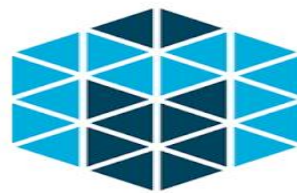
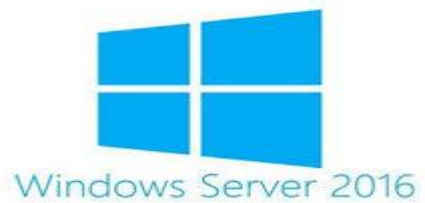


- Linux-VServer is a sort of jail mechanism
- It can be used to securely partition resources on a computer system (such as the file system, CPU time, network addresses and memory)
- Unable to implement live migration and check point

OpenVZ



- OpenVZ container has its own isolated set of resources
- Each container act as a standalone server
- Each container has its own semaphores, shared memory segment, message, network stack, firewall rules etc.
- Unlike Linux VServers, check points and live migration is possible in OpenVZ



Docker



Docker

- Dockers are lightweight containers that packages your application and all its dependencies together in the form of a docker container to ensure that your application works seamlessly in any environment.
- In a nutshell, dockers are lightweight container to provide process isolation
- Docker is a tool that is designed to benefit both developers and system administrators(DevOps)
- Docker gives flexibility and potentially reduces the number of systems needed because of its small footprint and lower overhead.

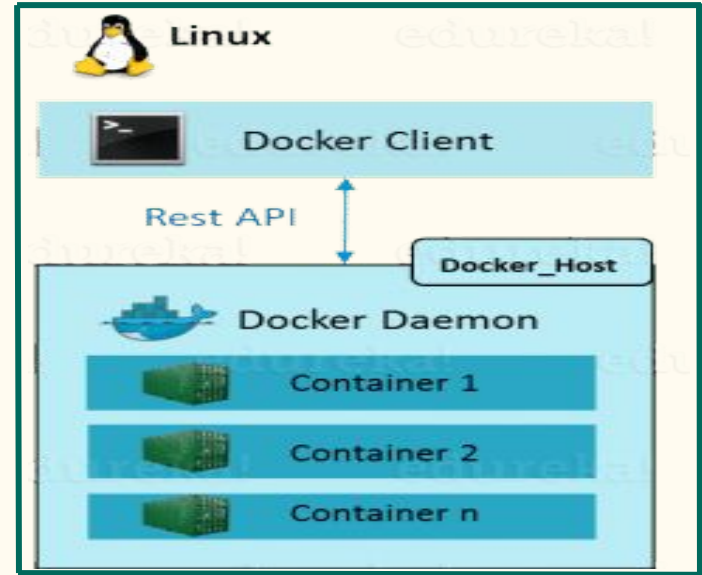
An Example

A company needs to develop a Java Application. In order to do so the developer will setup an environment with tomcat server installed in it. Once the application is developed, it needs to be tested by the tester. Now the tester will again setup tomcat environment from the scratch to test the application. Once the application testing is done, it will be deployed on the production server. Again the production needs an environment with tomcat installed on it, so that it can host the Java application. If you see the same tomcat environment setup is done thrice.

Docker Terminology

Docker Engine

Docker engine or Docker is a client-server application that builds and executes containers using Docker components. Docker engine creates and run dockers. It's like a client server application



Docker Image

Images are like templates.

It let docker create and share the softwares. It's like a blueprint.

Docker Container

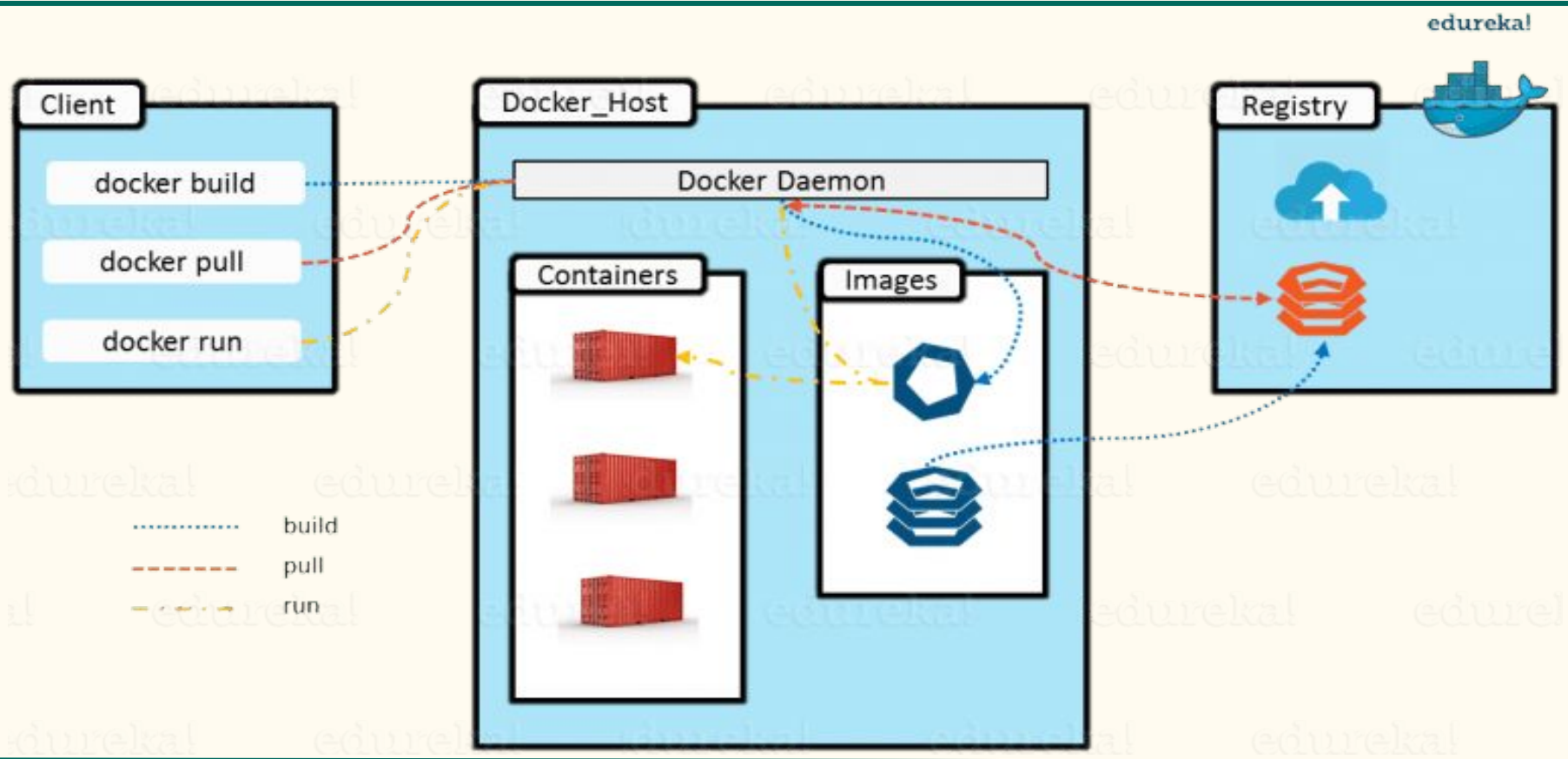
It is the running instance of the docker image and holds the entire package needed to run the application.

Docker Registry

Docker Registry is where the Docker Images are stored.

Registry can be either a user's local repository or a public repository like a Docker Hub allowing multiple users to collaborate in building an application.

Docker Architecture



- To build a Docker Image, we can use the CLI (client) to issue a build command to the Docker Daemon (running on Docker_Host). The Docker Daemon will then build an image based on our inputs and save it in the Registry, which can be either Docker hub or a local repository
- If we do not want to create an image, then we can just pull an image from the Docker hub, which would have been built by a different user
- Finally, if we have to create a running instance of my Docker image, we can issue a run command from the CLI, which will create a Docker Container.

Docker Implementation

—

```
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$ sudo apt-get install docker.io
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:
  android-libadb android-libbase android-libcutils android-liblog
  ca-certificates-mono cli-common libgdiplus libglade2.0-cil libglib2.0-cil
  libgsoap8 libgtk2.0-cil libllvm4.0 libmono-cairo4.0-cil
  libmono-corlib4.5-cil libmono-i18n-west4.0-cil libmono-i18n4.0-cil
  libmono-posix4.0-cil libmono-security4.0-cil
  libmono-system-configuration4.0-cil libmono-system-drawing4.0-cil
  libmono-system-security4.0-cil libmono-system-xml4.0-cil
  libmono-system4.0-cil libqt4-opengl libvncserver1 linux-headers-4.10.0-28
  linux-headers-4.10.0-28-generic linux-headers-4.10.0-32
  linux-headers-4.10.0-32-generic linux-headers-4.10.0-35
  linux-headers-4.10.0-35-generic linux-headers-4.10.0-37
  linux-headers-4.10.0-37-generic linux-headers-4.10.0-38
  linux-headers-4.10.0-38-generic linux-headers-4.10.0-40
  linux-headers-4.10.0-40-generic linux-headers-4.10.0-42
  linux-headers-4.10.0-42-generic linux-headers-4.13.0-26
  linux-headers-4.13.0-26-generic linux-headers-4.13.0-32
  linux-headers-4.13.0-32-generic linux-headers-4.13.0-36
  linux-headers-4.13.0-36-generic linux-headers-4.13.0-37
  linux-headers-4.13.0-37-generic linux-headers-4.13.0-38
  linux-headers-4.13.0-38-generic linux-headers-4.13.0-39
  linux-headers-4.13.0-39-generic linux-headers-4.13.0-41
  linux-headers-4.13.0-41-generic linux-headers-4.13.0-43
  linux-headers-4.13.0-43-generic linux-headers-4.15.0-29
  linux-headers-4.15.0-29-generic linux-headers-4.15.0-30
  linux-headers-4.15.0-30-generic linux-headers-4.15.0-32
  linux-headers-4.15.0-32-generic linux-headers-4.15.0-33
  linux-headers-4.15.0-33-generic linux-headers-4.15.0-34
  linux-headers-4.15.0-34-generic linux-headers-4.15.0-36
  linux-headers-4.15.0-36-generic linux-headers-4.15.0-39
  linux-headers-4.15.0-39-generic linux-headers-4.15.0-42
  linux-headers-4.15.0-42-generic linux-headers-4.15.0-43
  linux-headers-4.15.0-43-generic linux-image-4.10.0-28-generic
  linux-image-4.10.0-32-generic linux-image-4.10.0-35-generic
  linux-image-4.10.0-37-generic linux-image-4.10.0-38-generic
  linux-image-4.10.0-40-generic linux-image-4.10.0-42-generic
  linux-image-4.13.0-26-generic linux-image-4.13.0-32-generic
  linux-image-4.13.0-36-generic linux-image-4.13.0-37-generic
  linux-image-4.13.0-38-generic linux-image-4.13.0-39-generic
```

```
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$ sudo docker info
Containers: 0
  Running: 0
  Paused: 0
  Stopped: 0
Images: 0
Server Version: 18.09.2
Storage Driver: overlay2
  Backing Filesystem: extfs
  Supports d_type: true
  Native Overlay Diff: true
Logging Driver: json-file
Cgroup Driver: cgroupfs
Plugins:
  Volume: local
  Network: bridge host macvlan null overlay
  Log: awslogs fluentd gcplogs gelf journald json-file local logentries splunk syslog
Swarm: inactive
Runtimes: runc
Default Runtime: runc
Init Binary: docker-init
containerd version: 9754871865f7fe2f4e74d43e2fc7ccd237edcbce
runc version: 09c8266bf2fcf9519a651b04ae54c967b9ab86ec
init version: v0.18.0 (expected: fec3683b971d9c3ef73f284f176672c44b448662)
Security Options:
  apparmor
  seccomp
   Profile: default
Kernel Version: 4.15.0-46-generic
Operating System: Ubuntu 16.04.3 LTS
OSType: linux
Architecture: x86_64
CPUs: 4
Total Memory: 3.784GiB
Name: sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC
ID: UZCN:305Z:WW2L:3FZN:DBTQ:3543:XVTM:5RQQ:NUIK:Z7HS:ONTP:4NOS
Docker Root Dir: /var/lib/docker
Debug Mode (client): false
Debug Mode (server): false
Registry: https://index.docker.io/v1/
Labels:
Experimental: false
Insecure Registries:
```



```
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$ sudo docker login
```

Login with your Docker ID to push and pull images from Docker Hub. If you don't have a Docker ID, head over to <https://hub.docker.com> to create one.

```
Username: 173050054
```

```
Password:
```

```
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$ sudo docker login
```

Login with your Docker ID to push and pull images from Docker Hub. If you don't have a Docker ID, head over to <https://hub.docker.com> to create one.

```
Username: 173050054
```

```
Password:
```

WARNING! Your password will be stored unencrypted in `/home/sourabh/.docker/config.json`.

Configure a credential helper to remove this warning. See

<https://docs.docker.com/engine/reference/commandline/login/#credentials-store>

```
Login Succeeded
```

```
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$ sudo docker pull hello-world  
Using default tag: latest  
latest: Pulling from library/hello-world  
1b930d010525: Pull complete  
Digest: sha256:2557e3c07ed1e38f26e389462d03ed943586f744621577a99efb77324b0fe535  
Status: Downloaded newer image for hello-world:latest  
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$ sudo docker run hello-world
```

Hello from Docker!

This message shows that your installation appears to be working correctly.

To generate this message, Docker took the following steps:

1. The Docker client contacted the Docker daemon.
2. The Docker daemon pulled the "hello-world" image from the Docker Hub.
(amd64)
3. The Docker daemon created a new container from that image which runs the executable that produces the output you are currently reading.
4. The Docker daemon streamed that output to the Docker client, which sent it to your terminal.

To try something more ambitious, you can run an Ubuntu container with:

```
$ docker run -it ubuntu bash
```

Share images, automate workflows, and more with a free Docker ID:

<https://hub.docker.com/>

For more examples and ideas, visit:

<https://docs.docker.com/get-started/>

```
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$ sudo docker image
```

Usage: docker image COMMAND

Manage images

Commands:

build	Build an image from a Dockerfile
history	Show the history of an image
import	Import the contents from a tarball to create a filesystem image
inspect	Display detailed information on one or more images
load	Load an image from a tar archive or STDIN
ls	List images
prune	Remove unused images
pull	Pull an image or a repository from a registry
push	Push an image or a repository to a registry
rm	Remove one or more images
save	Save one or more images to a tar archive (streamed to STDOUT by default)
tag	Create a tag TARGET_IMAGE that refers to SOURCE_IMAGE

```
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$ sudo docker images
```

REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED
hello-world	latest	fce289e99eb9	3 months ago
1.84kB			

```
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$ sudo docker pull nginx
```

Using default tag: latest

latest: Pulling from library/nginx

27833a3ba0a5: Pull complete

e83729dd399a: Pull complete

ebc6a67df66d: Pull complete

Digest: sha256:c8a861b8a1eeef6d48955a6c6d5dff8e2580f13ff4d0f549e082e7c82a8617a2

Status: Downloaded newer image for nginx:latest


```
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$ sudo docker images
```

REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED
nginx	latest	2bcb04bdb83f	6 days ago
109MB			
ubuntu	latest	94e814e2efa8	3 weeks ago
88.9MB			
hello-world	latest	fce289e99eb9	3 months ago
1.84kB			

```
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$ sudo docker search nginx
```

NAME	DESCRIPTION	STARS	OFFICIAL
AUTOMATED			
nginx	Official build of Nginx.	11159	[OK]
jwilder/nginx-proxy	Automated Nginx reverse proxy for docker con...	1575	
[OK]			
richarvey/nginx-php-fpm	Container running Nginx + PHP-FPM capable of...	698	
[OK]			
jrcs/letsencrypt-nginx-proxy-companion	LetsEncrypt container to use with nginx as p...	495	
[OK]			
kitematic/hello-world-nginx	A light-weight nginx container that demonstr...	124	
webdevops/php-nginx	Nginx with PHP-FPM	123	
[OK]			
zabbix/zabbix-web-nginx-mysql	Zabbix frontend based on Nginx web-server wi...	93	
[OK]			
bitnami/nginx	Bitnami nginx Docker Image	65	
[OK]			
linuxserver/nginx	An Nginx container, brought to you by LinuxS...	58	
1and1internet/ubuntu-16-nginx-php-phpmyadmin-mysql-5	ubuntu-16-nginx-php-phpmyadmin-mysql-5	50	
[OK]			
tobi312/rpi-nginx	NGINX on Raspberry Pi / armhf	24	
[OK]			
nginx/nginx-ingress	NGINX Ingress Controller for Kubernetes	17	
schmunk42/nginx-redirect	A very simple container to redirect HTTP tra...	13	
[OK]			
nginxdemos/hello	NGINX webserver that serves a simple page co...	13	
[OK]			
wodby/drupal-nginx	Nginx for Drupal container image	12	
[OK]			
blacklabelops/nginx	Dockerized Nginx Reverse Proxy Server.	12	
[OK]			
Centos/nginx-18-centos7	Platform for running nginx 1.8 or building n...	10	
centos/nginx-112-centos7	Platform for running nginx 1.12 or building ...	7	
nginxinc/nginx-unprivileged	Unprivileged NGINX Dockerfiles	4	
iscience/nginx	Nginx Docker images that include Consul Temp...	4	
[OK]			
mailu/nginx	Mailu nginx frontend	3	
[OK]			
travix/nginx	NGINX reverse proxy	2	
[OK]			
toccoag/openshift-nginx	Nginx reverse proxy for Nice running on same...	1	
[OK]			
ansibleplaybookbundle/nginx-apb	An APB to deploy NGINX	0	

Creating a Docker

—

```
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$ sudo docker login
```

Login with your Docker ID to push and pull images from Docker Hub. If you don't have a Docker ID, head over to <https://hub.docker.com> to create one.

```
Username: 173050054
```

```
Password:
```

```
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$ sudo docker login
```

Login with your Docker ID to push and pull images from Docker Hub. If you don't have a Docker ID, head over to <https://hub.docker.com> to create one.

```
Username: 173050054
```

```
Password:
```

WARNING! Your password will be stored unencrypted in `/home/sourabh/.docker/config.json`.

Configure a credential helper to remove this warning. See

<https://docs.docker.com/engine/reference/commandline/login/#credentials-store>

```
Login Succeeded
```



```
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$ sudo docker pull ubuntu
Using default tag: latest
latest: Pulling from library/ubuntu
898c46f3b1a1: Pull complete
63366dfa0a50: Pull complete
041d4cd74a92: Pull complete
6e1bee0f8701: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:017eef0b616011647b269b5c65826e2e2ebddbe5d1f8c1e56b3599fb14fabec8
Status: Downloaded newer image for ubuntu:latest
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$ sudo docker run --name lamp-server
-template -it ubuntu:latest bash
```

```
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$ sudo docker images
```

REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED
nginx	latest	2bcb04bdb83f	6 days ago
ubuntu	latest	94e814e2efa8	3 weeks ago
hello-world	latest	fce289e99eb9	3 months ago

```
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$ sudo docker ps -a
```

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED
3d8391010584	ubuntu:latest	"bash"	2 minutes ago
Exited (100) About a minute ago			Sourabh
2468f5f49038	ubuntu:latest	"bash"	9 minutes ago
Exited (100) 8 minutes ago			lamp-server-template
18a5532c3afd	hello-world	"/hello"	42 minutes ago
Exited (0) 42 minutes ago			trusting_chaplygin

```
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$ sudo docker ps -a
```

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED
3d8391010584	ubuntu:latest	"bash"	2 minutes ago
Exited (100) About a minute ago			
2468f5f49038	ubuntu:latest	"bash"	9 minutes ago
Exited (100) 8 minutes ago			
18a5532c3af0	hello-world	"/hello"	42 minutes ago
Exited (0) 42 minutes ago			

```
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$ sudo docker commit 2468f5f49038 lamp-server-template:v1.30.3.2019
```

sha256:d4d953fde2de42a0a9b1ae30ce2bc5f451a50df7d0cfad60cd4ece5e00a94777

```
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$ sudo docker images
```

REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED
lamp-server-template	v1.30.3.2019	d4d953fde2de	14 seconds ago
88.9MB			
lamp-server-template	latest	bb3b64efd265	4 minutes ago
88.9MB			
nginx	latest	2bcb04bdb83f	6 days ago
109MB			
ubuntu	latest	94e814e2efa8	3 weeks ago
88.9MB			
hello-world	latest	fce289e99eb9	3 months ago
1.84kB			


```
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$ sudo docker push lamp-server-templ
ate:v1.30.3.2019
The push refers to repository [docker.io/library/lamp-server-template]
f919699c34cf: Preparing
b57c79f4a9f3: Preparing
d60e01b37e74: Preparing
e45cfbc98a50: Preparing
762d8e1a6054: Preparing
denied: requested access to the resource is denied
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$ sudo docker tag lamp-server-templa
te:v1.30.3.2019 173050054/lamp-server-template:v1.30.3.2019
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$ sudo docker push 173050054/lamp-se
rver-template:v1.30.3.2019
The push refers to repository [docker.io/173050054/lamp-server-template]
f919699c34cf: Pushed
b57c79f4a9f3: Pushed
d60e01b37e74: Pushed
e45cfbc98a50: Pushed
762d8e1a6054: Pushed
v1.30.3.2019: digest: sha256:d43dfd28bed82279f2d1fe6e4eb4e071685364557f799d418c3
77ddb43c4d4d6 size: 1357
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$
```

We made some changes to our autobuilds. [Learn more.](#)

173050054 / lamp-server-template

This repository does not have a description 

🕒 Last pushed: 13 minutes ago

Docker commands

Public View

To push a new tag to this repository,

```
docker push 173050054/lamp-server-  
template:tagname
```

Tags

This repository contains 1 tag(s).

v1.30.3.2019



🕒 14 minutes ago

[See all](#)

```
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$ sudo docker run 173050054/lamp-server-template
```

```
Unable to find image '173050054/lamp-server-template:latest' locally  
docker: Error response from daemon: manifest for 173050054/lamp-server-template:latest not found.
```

```
See 'docker run --help'.
```

```
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$ sudo docker pull 173050054/lamp-server-template
```

```
Using default tag: latest
```

```
Error response from daemon: manifest for 173050054/lamp-server-template:latest not found
```

```
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$ sudo docker pull 173050054/lamp-server-template:v1.30.3.2019
```

```
v1.30.3.2019: Pulling from 173050054/lamp-server-template
```

```
Digest: sha256:d43dfd28bed82279f2d1fe6e4eb4e071685364557f799d418c377ddb43c4d4d6
```

```
Status: Image is up to date for 173050054/lamp-server-template:v1.30.3.2019
```

```
sourabh@sourabh-HP-Pavilion-15-Notebook-PC:~$
```



```
karan@divu:~$ sudo docker pull 173050054/lamp-server-template:v1.30.3.2019
v1.30.3.2019: Pulling from 173050054/lamp-server-template
898c46f3b1a1: Pull complete
63366dfa0a50: Pull complete
041d4cd74a92: Pull complete
6e1bee0f8701: Pull complete
effedca25304: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:d43dfd28bed82279f2d1fe6e4eb4e071685364557f799d418c377ddb43c4d4d6
Status: Downloaded newer image for 173050054/lamp-server-template:v1.30.3.2019
karan@divu:~$ sudo docker images
```

REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED
173050054/lamp-server-template	v1.30.3.2019	d4d953fde2de	About a
n hour ago	88.9MB		

Docker VS Virtual Machine

—

Size

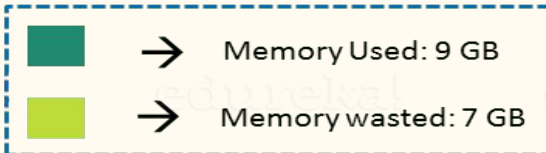
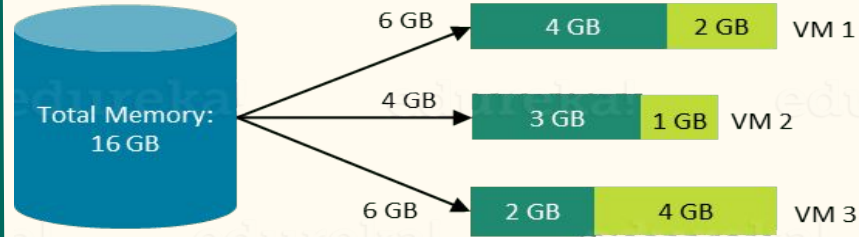
Startup

Parameters

Integration

SIZE

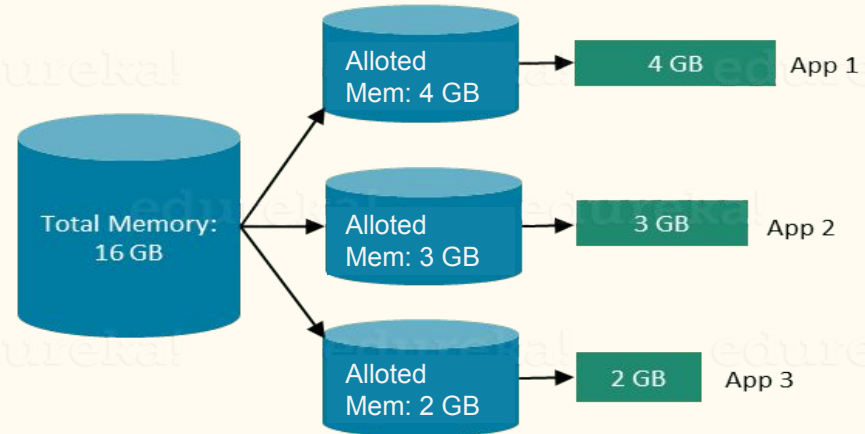
In case of Virtual Machines



7 Gb of Memory is blocked and cannot be allotted to a new VM

In case of Docker

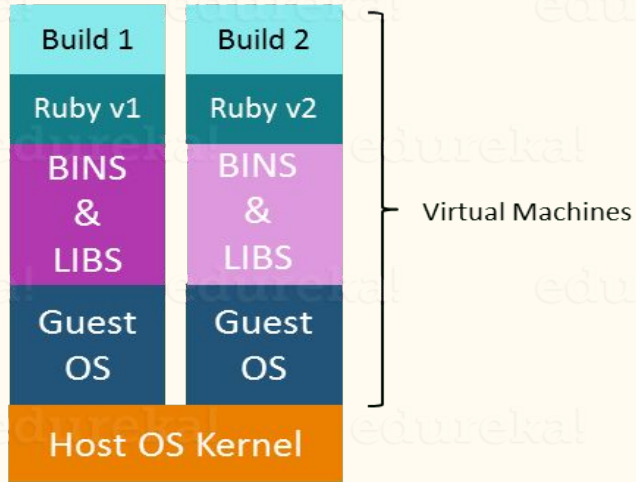
edureka!



Only 9 GB memory utilized;
7 GB can be allotted to a new Container

STARTUP

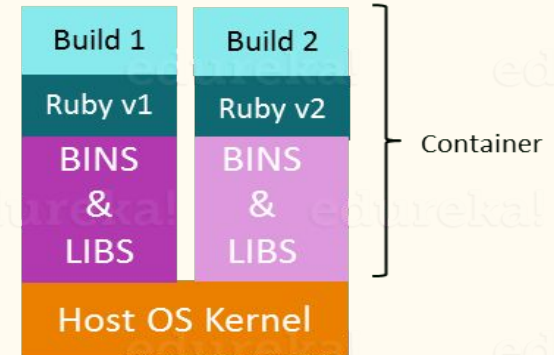
In case of Virtual Machines



New Builds → Multiple OS → Separate Libraries
→ Heavy → **More Time**

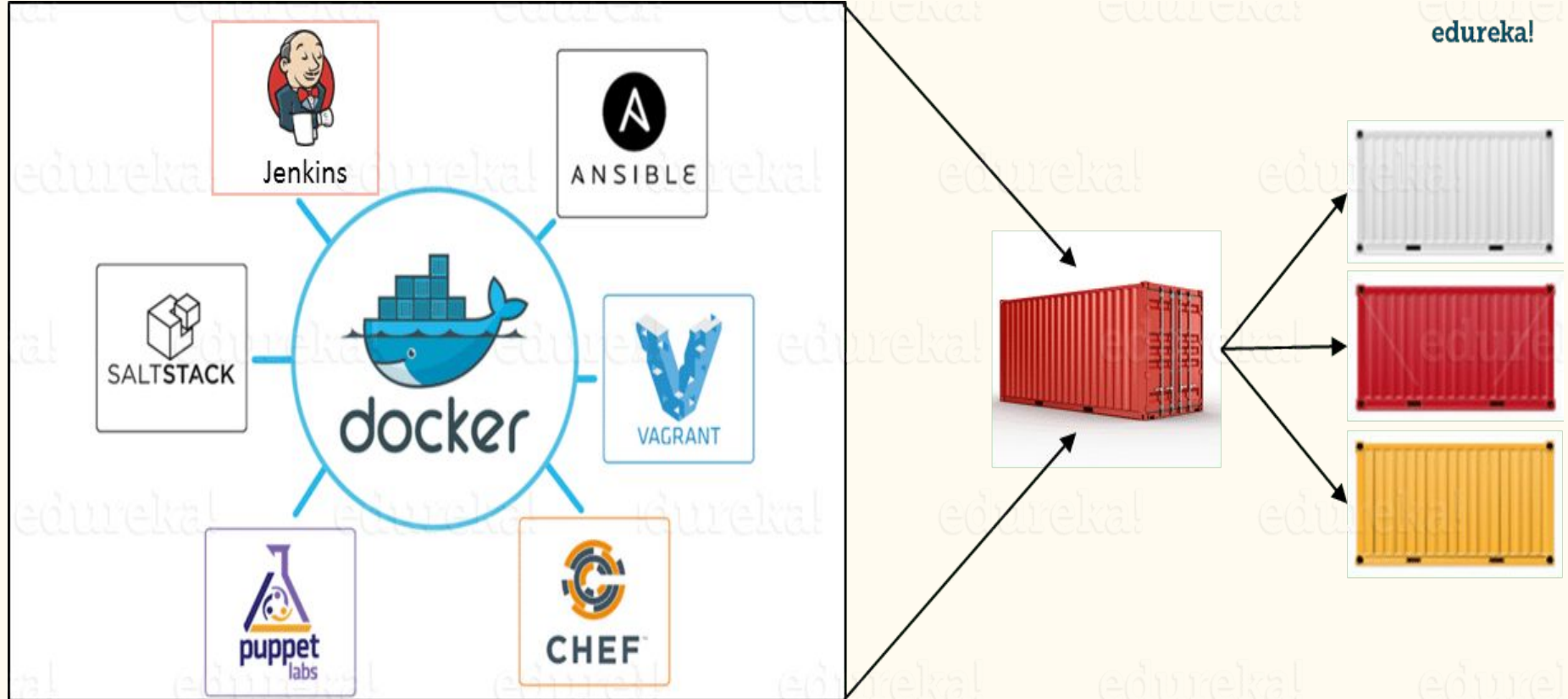
In case of Docker

edureka!



New Builds → Same OS → Separate Libraries
→ Lightweight → **Less Time**

INTEGRATION



PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS

- For small processes, containers always wins over VMs.
- Is it always true?
- What happen when there are hefty complex process?
- Will container still be better under complex situation?

Deployment Convenience



Index	
I Introduction	1
II Background	2
II-A Container v.s. ...	2
II-B Spark	3
III Related Work	3
IV Performance St...	3
IV-A Setup	3
IV-B Deployment ...	4
IV-C Bootup Effici...	5
IV-D Application ...	5
V Conclusions and ...	8
References	8

TABLE I

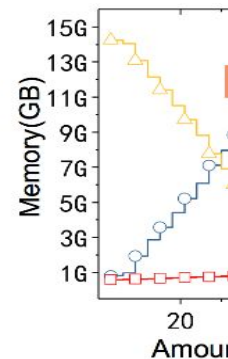
COMPARISON OF TIME SPENT ON BUILDING A THREE-NODE SPARK CLUSTER USING CONTAINERS V.S. VIRTUAL MACHINES (MINUTES)

	Total	Build Image	Setup Spark	Start Cluster
VM	46	28	13	5
Container	23	6	12	5

C. Bootup Efficiency

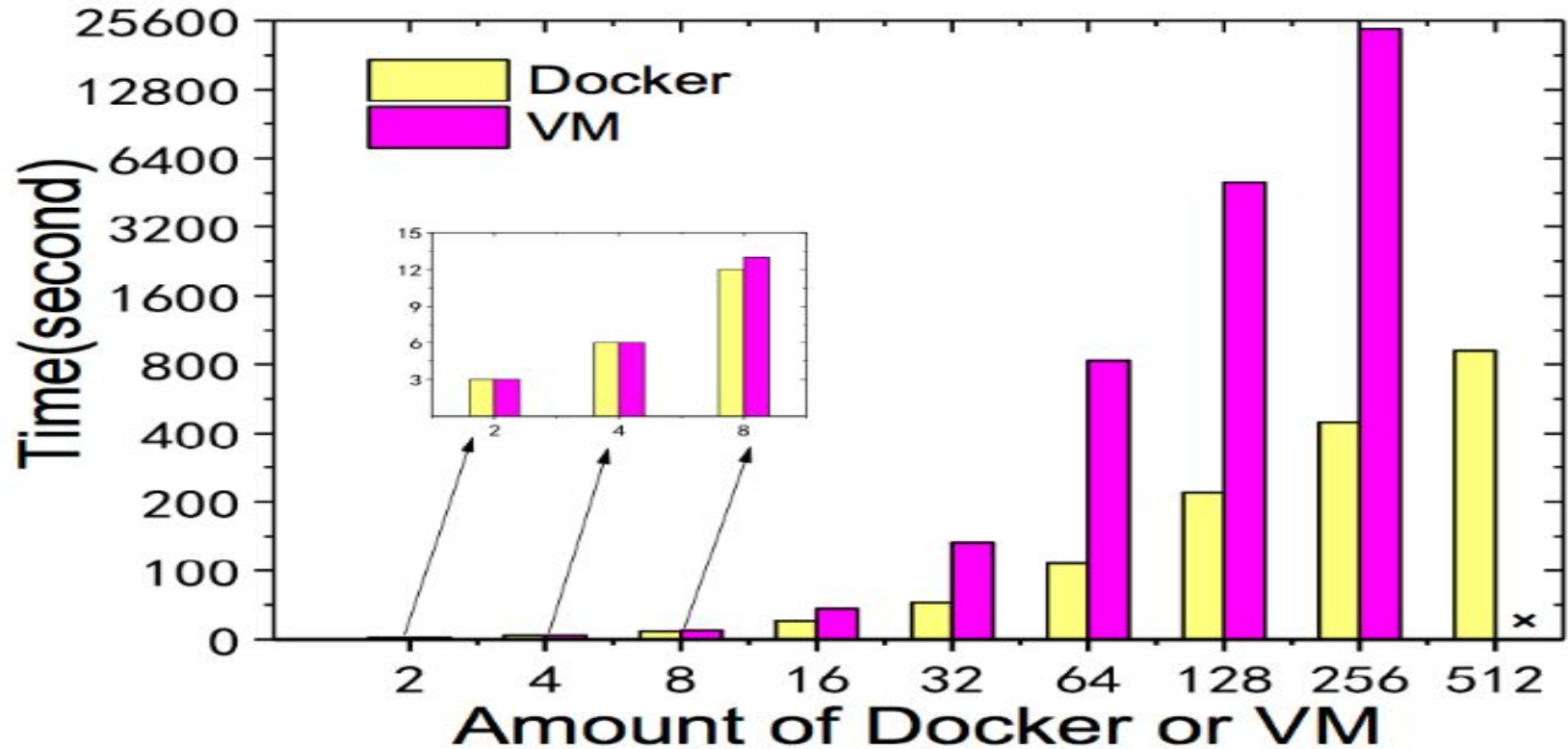
Bootup latency refers to the period from starting a VM or container to the time that it can provide services to clients. This is an important factor that cloud service providers usually consider. There are several reasons. On one hand, a shorter bootup latency means a smaller latency to provide services,

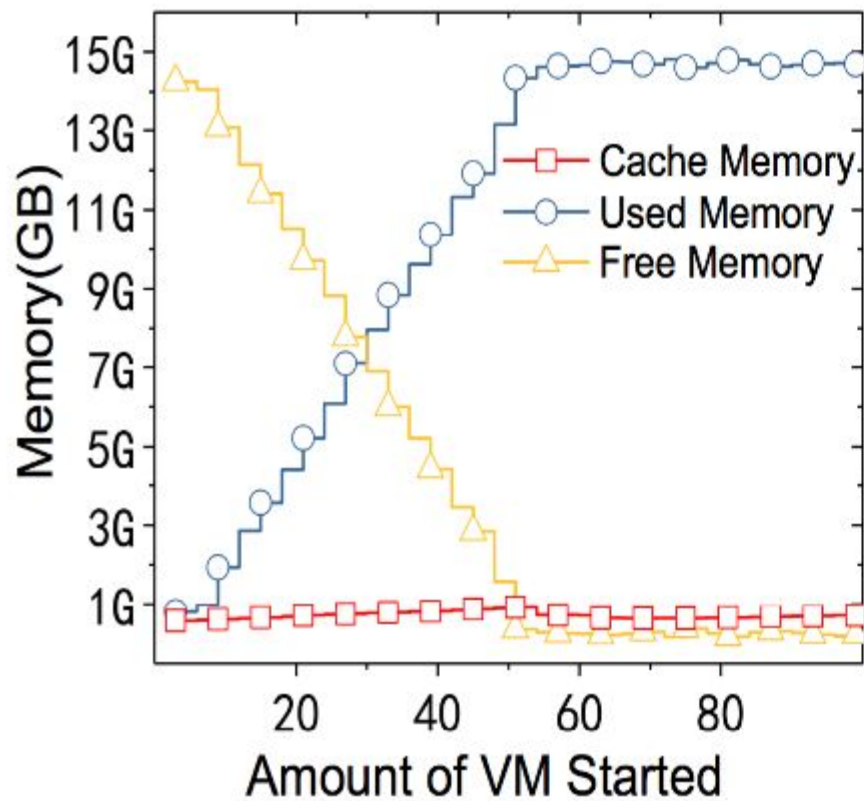
longer.



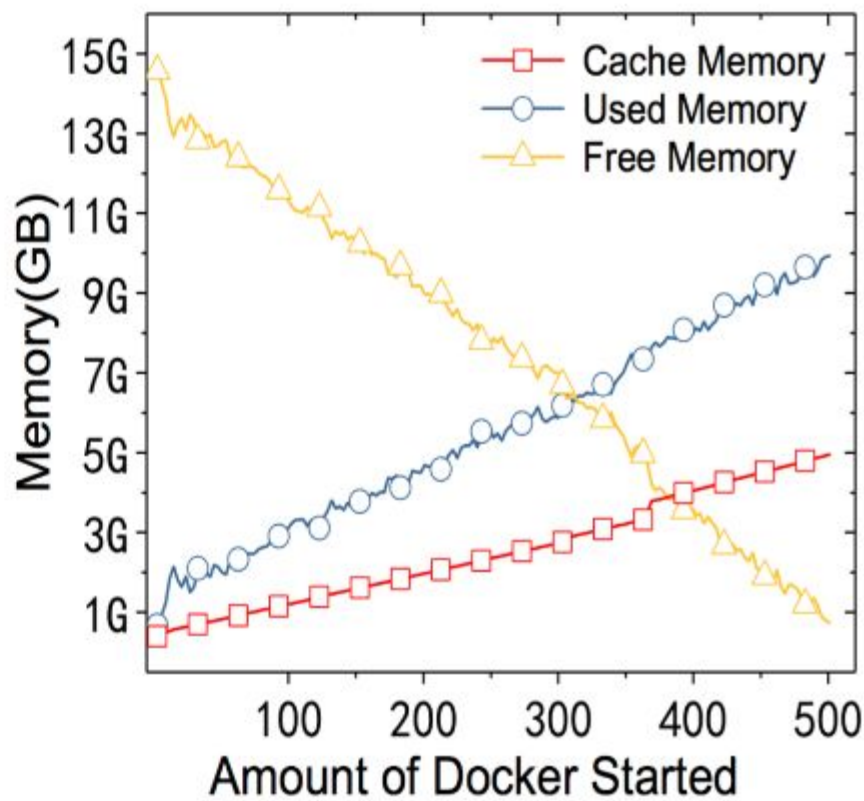
(a)

Bootup Efficiency





(a) VM



(b) Docker container