

Question Number 4

An affine cryptosystem is given by the following encryption function, where a, b are chosen from \mathbb{Z}_{26} .

$$\begin{aligned} \text{enc}_{a,b} : \mathbb{Z}_{26} &\rightarrow \mathbb{Z}_{26} \\ x &\rightarrow ax + b \pmod{26} \end{aligned}$$

- Encrypt the plaintext cryptography using the affine code $\text{enc}_{3,5}$. What is the decryption function corresponding to $\text{enc}_{3,5}$? Decrypt the ciphertext XRHLAFUUK.
- A central requirement of cryptography is that the plaintext must be computable from the key and the ciphertext. Explain why $\text{enc}_{2,3}$ violates this rule. Show that the function $\text{enc}_{a,b}$ satisfies the rule if and only if $\gcd(a, 26) = 1$.
- In the following we consider only functions $\text{enc}_{a,b}$ with $\gcd(a, 26) = 1$. Show that all affine codes with $b = 0$ map the letter a to a and the letter n to n .

Solution.