

# Indian Institute of Technology Bhilai

## IC105: Probability and Statistics

### Assignment 3

January 13, 2022

1. Let  $X$  be a random variable with distribution function  $F$ . Then find the distribution function for  $|X|$ ,  $aX + b$ , where  $a \neq 0$ ,  $b \in \mathbb{R}$ ,  $\max\{X, 0\}$  and  $\min\{X, 0\}$ .
2. Let  $X$  be a discrete random variable with p.m.f.  $P(X = -2) = \frac{1}{5}$ ,  $P(X = -1) = \frac{1}{6}$ ,  $P(X = 0) = \frac{1}{5}$ ,  $P(X = 1) = \frac{1}{15}$  and  $P(X = 2) = \frac{11}{30}$ . Find the p.m.f. and d.f. of  $Y = X^2$ .
3. Let  $X$  be a random variable with p.d.f.

$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}, & -1 < x < 1, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Find the distribution function of  $Y = \max\{X, 0\}$ .

4. The random variable  $X$  has p.d.f.  $f_X(x) = \frac{1}{2}e^{-|x|}$ ,  $-\infty < x < \infty$ . Find the distribution of  $Y = X^2$ .
5. Suppose  $X$  have the density function

$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} c(x+1), & -1 < x < 2, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Find the value of  $c$ . Hence calculate the p.d.f. and c.d.f. of  $Y = X^2$ .

6. Suppose  $X$  have the density function

$$f_X(x) = \begin{cases} 3x^2, & 0 < x < 1, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

Find the density function of  $Y = 40(1 - X)$ .

7. Among the 15 applicants for a job, 9 are women and 6 are men. 5 applicants are randomly selected from the applicant pool for final interviews. Let  $X$  be the number of female applicants among the final 5. (i) Give the probability mass function for  $X$ . (ii) Define  $Y$ , the number of male applicants among the final 5, as a function of  $X$ . Find the probability mass function for  $Y$ .
8. If  $X$  is a random variable such that  $E(X) = 3$  and  $E(X^2) = 13$ , then determine a lower bound for  $P(-2 < X < 8)$ .
9. Let the random variable  $X$  has the m.g.f.  $M(t) = \frac{e^{-2t}}{8} + \frac{e^{-t}}{4} + \frac{e^{2t}}{8} + \frac{e^{3t}}{2}$ . Find the distribution function of  $X$  and find  $P(X^2 = 4)$ .
10. Let  $X$  be a random variable with m.g.f.  $M(t)$ ,  $-h < t < h$ 
  - (a) Prove that  $P(X \geq a) \leq e^{-at}M(t)$ ,  $0 < t < h$ ;
  - (b) Prove that  $P(X \leq a) \leq e^{-at}M(t)$ ,  $-h < t < 0$ .