## INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY BHILAI CS203: Theory of Computation I

## Tutorial Sheet 1

## • Solve the following problems before the Tutorial.

- 1. For strings x and y, prove  $(xy)^R = y^R x^R$ .
- 2. For language  $L_1$  and  $L_2$ , prove  $(L_1L_2)^R = L_2^R L_1^R$  and  $(L_1 \cap L_2)^R = L_1^R \cap L_2^R$ .
- 3. For language L, prove  $L^+ = L^*$  if and only if  $\epsilon \in L$ .
- 4. Let  $L = \{ab, aa, baa\}$ . Which of the following strings are in  $L^*$ : abaabaaabaa, aaaabaaaa, baaaaabaaaab, baaaaabaaa? Which strings are in  $L^4$ ?
- 5. Let  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$  and  $L = \{aa, bb\}$ . Use set notation to describe  $\overline{L}$ , complement of L.
- 6. Let  $L_1 = \{\varepsilon, a\}$  and  $L_2 = \{a, b\}$ . List the elements of the following sets.
  - (i)  $L_1^2$
  - (ii)  $L_2^3$
  - (iii)  $L_1L_2$
  - (iv)  $L_1^+$
  - (v)  $L_2^*$
- 7. Find Kleene star  $(L^*)$  of the language  $L = \{\varepsilon, 0, 01\}$ .
- 8. Prove distributive properties for the languages  $L_1, L_2, L_3$ 
  - (i)  $(L_1 \cup L_2)L_3 = L_1L_3 \cup L_2L_3$
  - (ii)  $L_1(L_2 \cup L_3) = L_1L_3 \cup L_1L_3$
- 9. Prove  $L^*L = LL^* = L^+$ .
- 10. Write the regular expressions corresponding to the following languages:
  - (i) The set of all strings over some alphabet  $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$  with even number of 0's.
  - (iii) The set of all strings over some alphabet  $\sum$  that have an a in the 5th position from the right.
  - (iv) The set of all strings over some alphabet  $\sum$  with no consecutive a's.
  - (v) The set of all strings over  $\{a,b\}$  in which every occurrence of b is not before an occurrence of a.