SEMESTER 1(2)

BOOKS LECTURES LECTURE NOTES CLASS LINK TIERCE PAPERS

DAY	8:30	10:00	11:30	2:30	4:00
MON	QUANTUM PHYSICS	MICROECO	PROBABILITY AND STATASTICS	ЕМРТҮ	ЕМРТҮ
TUE	MICROECO	LA 1 & 2	QUANTUM PHYSICS [TUT]	CAL 1 & 2	EMPTY
WED	CAL 1 & 2	QUANTUM PHYSICS	PROBABILITY AND STATASTICS [TUT]	LA 1 & 2 [TUT]	EMPTY
THU	ЕМРТҮ	CAL 1 & 2 [TUT]	LA 1 & 2	PROBABILITY AND STATSTICS	MICRO
FRI	PROBABILITY AND STATSTICS	CAL 1 & 2	QUANTUM PHYSICS	LA 1 & 2	MICRO

Probability and Statistics

Probability spaces, conditional probability, Bayes' theorem; random variables, probability distribution functions, joint distributions, independence, mathematical expectations, Chebyshev's inequality; special distributions: binomial, hypereometric, Poisson, exponential, uniform, normal distributions. Random sampling, sample mean, sample variance, weak law of large numbers and central limit theorems; estimation of parameters, the method of maximum likelihood estimation, confidence intervals, testing of hypotheses, goodness of fit, nonparametric tests, correlation analysis.

Quantum Physics

Classical to quantum cross-over, basic principles of quantum mechanics, wave function and uncertainty principle, probability wave amplitude, probability density, wave equation and Schrodinger formalism, time-independent and time-dependent Schrodinger equations, Dirac formulation of quantum mechanics, linear vector spaces, bra and ket vectors, completeness and ortho-normalization of basis vectors, basis sets, change of basis, eigenstate and eigenvalues, expectation values.

Calculus II

Continuity, partial derivatives, directional derivatives, gradient, differentiability, chain rule; tangent planes and <u>normals</u>, maxima and minima for function of two variables, Lagrange multiplier method; double and triple integrals with applications to volume, surface area, moments of inertia, change of variables; vector fields, line integrals, Green's theorem and its applications, path independence; surface integrals, evaluation, Gauss's divergence theorem and its applications

Linear Algebra II

Eigenvalues, eigenvectors and some applications of eigenvalue problems, Hermitian, skewHermitian, unitary matrices and their eigenvalues; eigenbases, diagonalization, annihilating

polynomial, the minimal polynomial and the characteristic polynomial, Cayley-Hamilton theorem; Inner product spaces, orthonormal bases, Gram-Schmidt process.

Computer lab by using appropriate software tools like Python, MATLAB etc.

Microeconomics

- 1. Economic way of thinking, important core principles of economics,
- Basics of demand and supply, consumer behavior, price elasticities, government pricing
- 3. policies of tax and subsidy
- Industrial production and costs, market structures such as perfect competition, monopoly,
- 5. imperfect competition and oligopoly,
- 6. Product pricing strategies of companies.