



## CS553: Crypto In Action Series

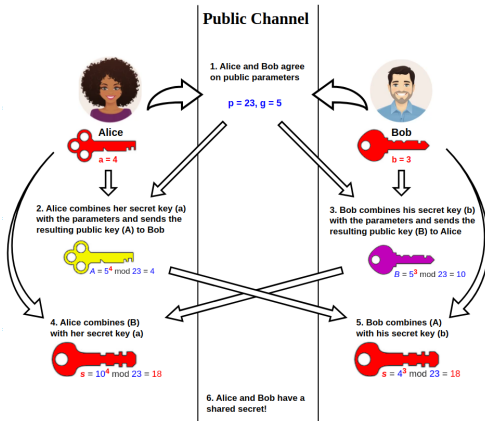
# CS 553

## CRYPTOGRAPHY

### CIA: Crypto In Action

#### Secure Key Encapsulation

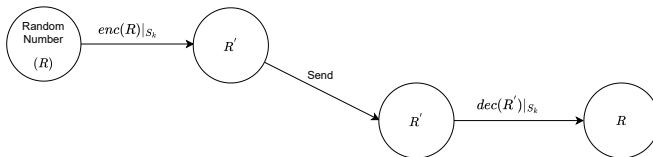
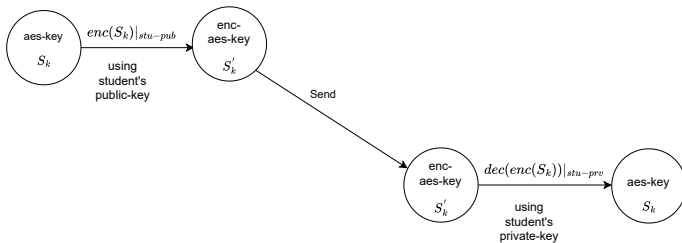
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Key encapsulation is a cryptographic mechanism where a symmetric key is securely shared using asymmetric encryption.

- ▶ Sender encrypts the AES key using the recipient's public key.
- ▶ Recipient decrypts it with their private key to obtain the AES key.

# What Will Do



We have a AES-KEY in file :- aes\_key.bin

- ▶ Encrypt AES Key with Student's Public Key

```
openssl pkeyutl -encrypt -inkey student_pub_key.pem  
-pubin -in aes_key.bin -out enc_aes_key.bin
```

- ▶ Send the Encrypted AES Key to the Students.

- ▶ Decrypt AES Key Using Private Key

```
openssl pkeyutl -decrypt -inkey student_prv.pem  
-in enc_aes_key.bin -out aes_key.bin
```

- ▶ Each student will now have the AES key (K1).
- ▶ **Next Step:** Use this AES key to decrypt the next message from the TA.

- ▶ Generate a Random 128-Bit Number

```
openssl rand -hex 16 > random_num.bin
```

- ▶ Encrypt the Random Number with the AES Key (K1)

```
openssl enc -aes-128-cbc -K $(cat aes_key.bin)  
-iv 00000000000000000000000000000000  
-in random_num.bin -out enc_random_num.bin
```

- ▶ Send the Encrypted Random Number to the Students

- ▶ Decrypt the Encrypted Random Number Using the AES Key (K1)

```
openssl enc -d -aes-128-cbc -K $(cat aes_key.bin)  
-iv 00000000000000000000000000000000  
-in enc_random_num.bin -out decrypted_num.bin
```

- ▶ Send the Decrypted Random Number Back to the TA.
- ▶ TA's will Verify the Random Number Received from Students.