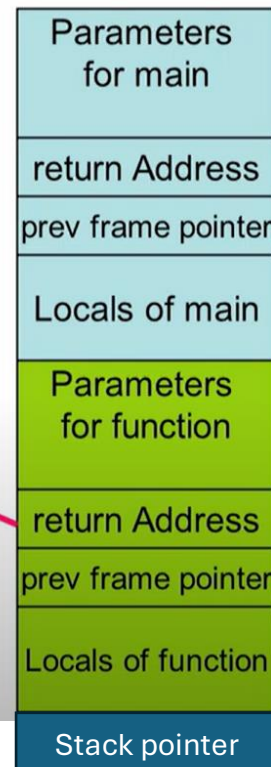


```

void function(int a, int b, int c){
    char buffer1[5];
    char buffer2[10];
}

int main(int argc, char **argv){
    function(1,2,3);
}

```



## Stack Usage Contd.

```

void function(int a, int b, int c)
{
    char buffer1[5];
    char buffer2[10];
}

void main()
{
    function(1,2,3);
}

```

What is the output of the following?

- printf("%x", buffer2) : 966
- printf("%x", &buffer2[10])  
976 → buffer1

Therefore buffer2[10] = buffer1[0]

**A BUFFER OVERFLOW**

Stack (top to bottom):	
address	stored data
1000 to 997	3
996 to 993	2
992 to 989	1
988 to 985	return address
984 to 981	%ebp (stored frame pointer)
(%ebp)980 to 976	buffer1
975 to 966	buffer2
(%sp) 964	