

WEB TECHNOLOGIES

React JS – Stateless Components

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Acknowledgement

The slides are created from various internet resources with valuable contributions from multiple professors and teaching assistants in the university.

Agenda



- Introduction
- Demo
- Key differences

Introduction



- A component that has no internal state management in it
- Can be written as functions that just return the JSX element
- Simple functional components without having a local state
- Usually associated with how a concept is presented to the user
- Properties are passed like regular parameters. The props are displayed like {props.name}
- Hook in react is available to add state behavior in functional component



Sample code

```
function Demo(props) {
  return <h1> Welcome to REACT JS, {props.Name} </h1>; }
```

Code to render such components remains the same.

```
ReactDOM.render(<Demo Name = "friend"/>, destination)
```

```
//Rendering the component in React 18
const root = ReactDOM.createRoot(document.getElementById('root'));
root.render(<Demo Name="friend" />);
```

Demo



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>React 18 Example</title>
</head>
<body>
  <div id="root"></div>
  <script src="https://unpkg.com/react@18/umd/react.development.js" crossorigin></script>
  <script src="https://unpkg.com/react-dom@18/umd/react-dom.development.js" crossorigin></script>
  <script src="https://unpkg.com/@babel/standalone/babel.min.js"></script>
  <script type="text/babel">
    function Demo(props) {
      return <h1>Welcome to React JS, {props.Name}</h1>;
    const root = ReactDOM.createRoot(document.getElementById('root'));
    root.render(<Demo Name="friend" />);
  </script>
</body>
</html>
```

Welcome to React JS, friend

Key differences - Stateless and Stateful components



Stateless component

- Either functional components (the standard approach today) or class component
- It takes an input (props) and returns the output (react element)
- No internal state management in it
- Also known as Presentational components/Dump components

Stateful component

- Always a class component(traditional approach) or a functional component using React Hooks.
- It is created by extending the React.Component class.
- Dependent on its state object and can change its own state. The component re-renders based on changes to its state
- Also known as Smart or container Components



THANK YOU

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