## Problem Set 3

The required weekly readings and lecture slides should be helpful in completing the assignment. You can find these on our course website. For your submission, you must submit a PDF that has been typed. Provide all responses using your own words.

- 1. **Regularization** [2 points]: Define what is regularization in deep learning and describe the motivation for using regularization.
- 2. CNN Features [3 points]: Describe what are low-level, mid-level, and high-level features in CNNs.
- 3. **Fine-Tuning** [2 points]: Identify two advantages of fine-tuning a neural network over training a network from scratch.
- 4. Computer Vision Problems [6 points]: Define the problems of image classification, object detection, and semantic segmentation and describe how the output layers of computer vision models for these three problems differ.
- 5. Recurrent Neural Networks; i.e., RNNs [12 points]:
  - (a) Describe two advantages of using recurrent layers instead of fully connected layers in a neural network.
  - (b) Describe how recurrent layers differ from convolutional layers and when one should choose the former versus latter in a neural network.
  - (c) Describe how to design recurrent neural networks to solve each of the following problems: one-to-many, many-to-one, and many-to-many sequence problems. Your response should indicate what should be the input and output of each network.
  - (d) Describe the motivation for gated RNNs and identify two types of gated RNNs.
  - (e) Assume you design a 2-layer RNN to predict a character sequence when given an input character sequence. What will happen to the number of model parameters when the number of input characters doubles?