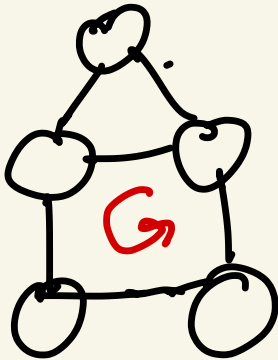


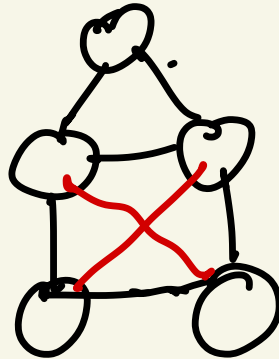
ECE 6143
Practice Final Exam
Solutions

Q1) JTA:

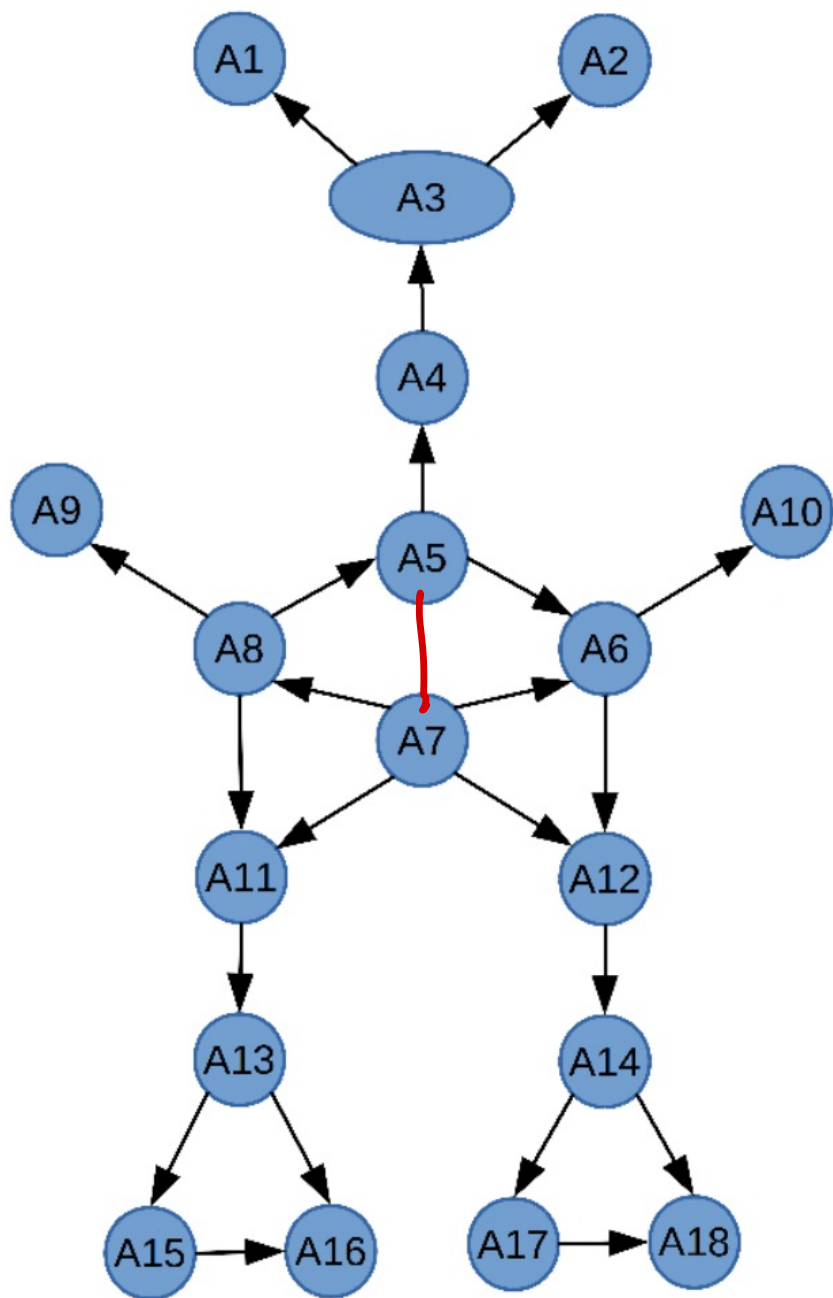
- 1) Moralisation: Marry parents that share common children.
- 2) Drop arrow heads
- 3) Introduce evidence
- 4) Triangulation.



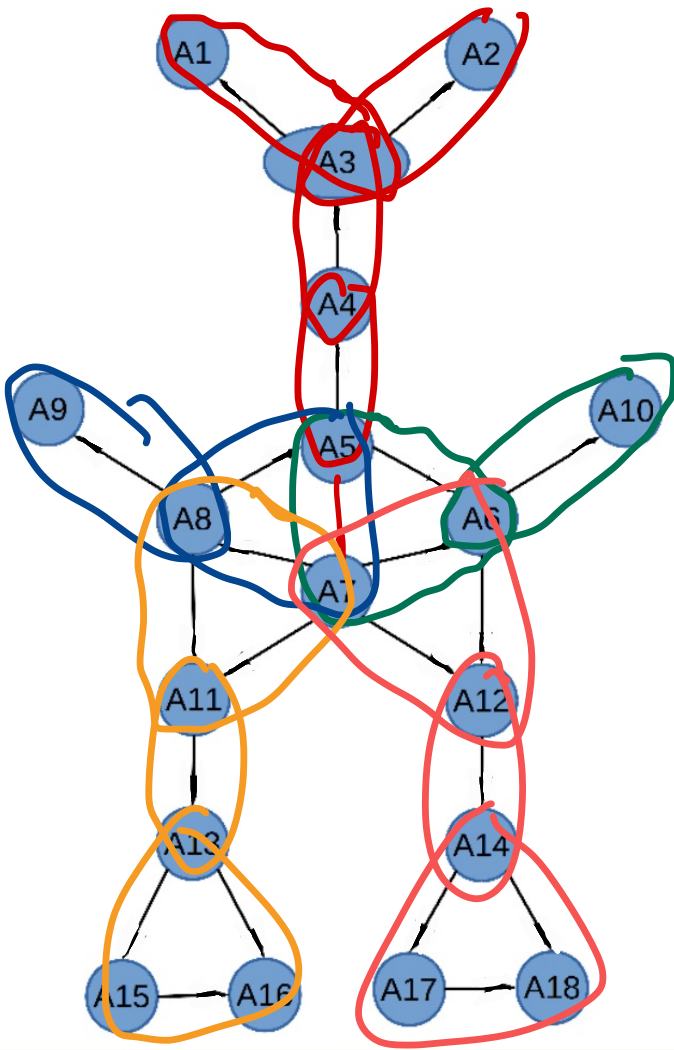
Tri
 \Rightarrow



Q1



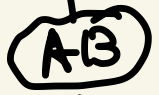
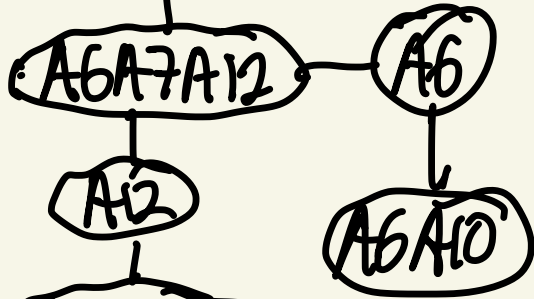
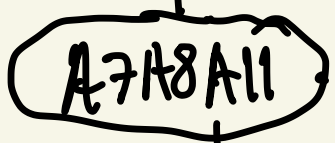
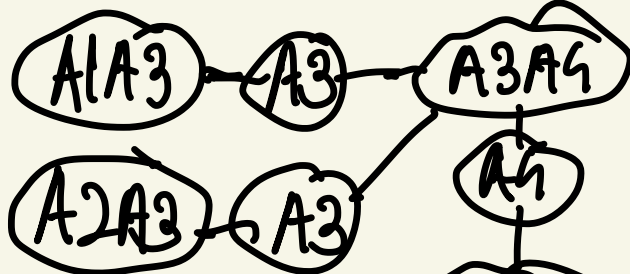
Q1)



$A1A3$
 $A2A3$
 $A3A4$
 $A4A5$
 $A5A6A7$ •
 $A6A10$
 $A5A7A8$ •
 $A8A9$
 $A7A8A11$ •
 $A11A13$
 $A13A15A16$ •
 $A6A7A12$ •
 $A12A14$
 $A14A17A18$ •

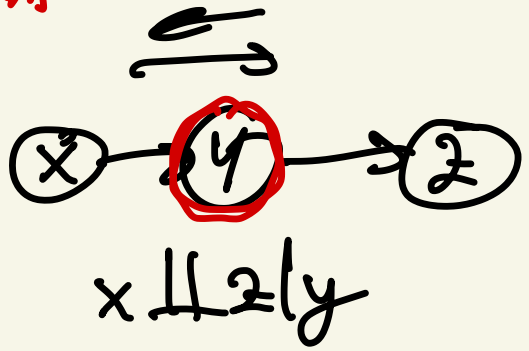
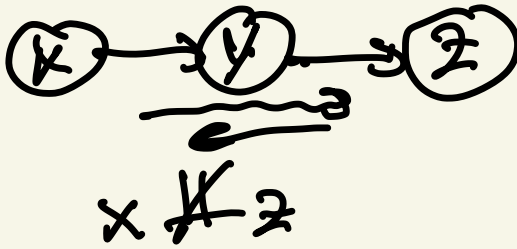
Use Kruskal Alg.!

Q1)

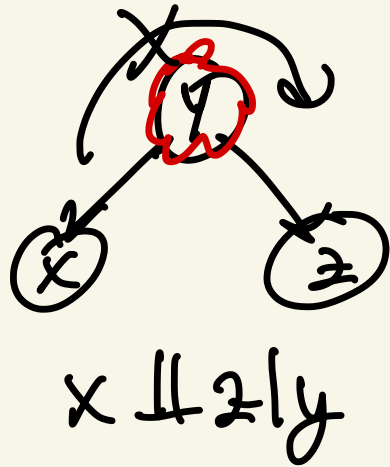
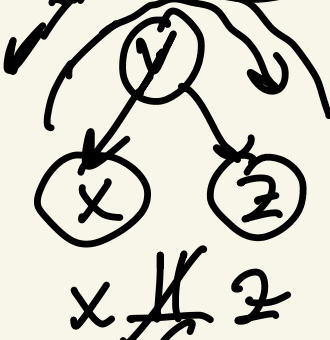


Bayer Ball Algorithm

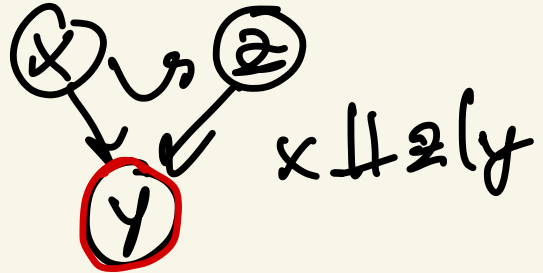
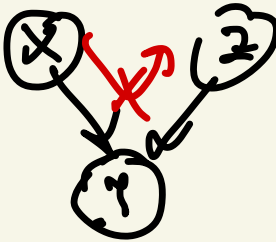
1) Markov Chain



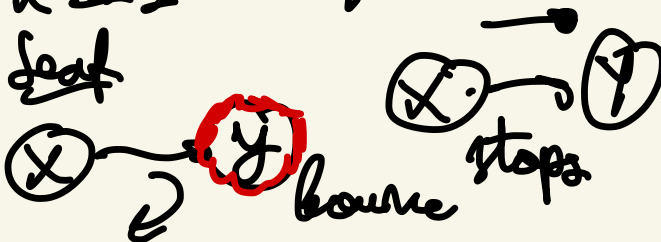
2) Two Effects:



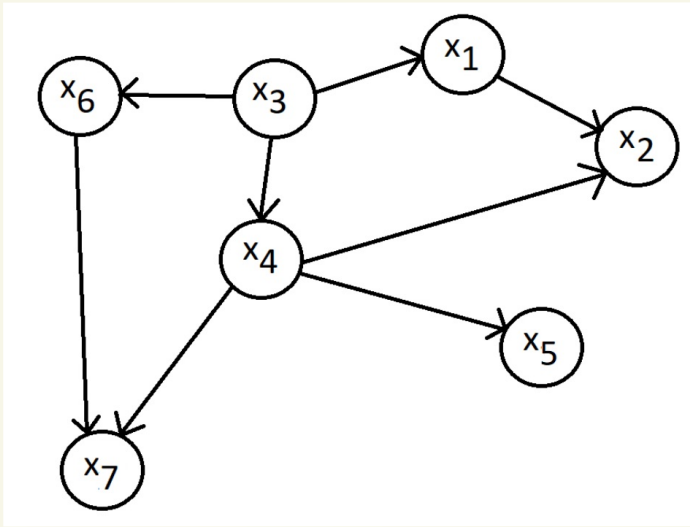
3) Two Causes:



4) Leaf

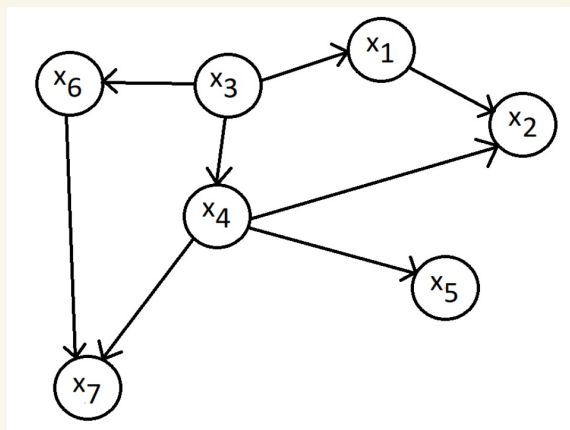


Q2)



$$\begin{aligned}
 p(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_7) &= p(x_3) \cdot p(x_6 | x_3) \cdot p(x_4 | x_3) \cdot \\
 &\quad p(x_2 | x_6, x_4) \cdot p(x_1 | x_3) \cdot \\
 &\quad p(x_5 | x_4) \cdot p(x_7 | x_6, x_4)
 \end{aligned}$$

Q2)



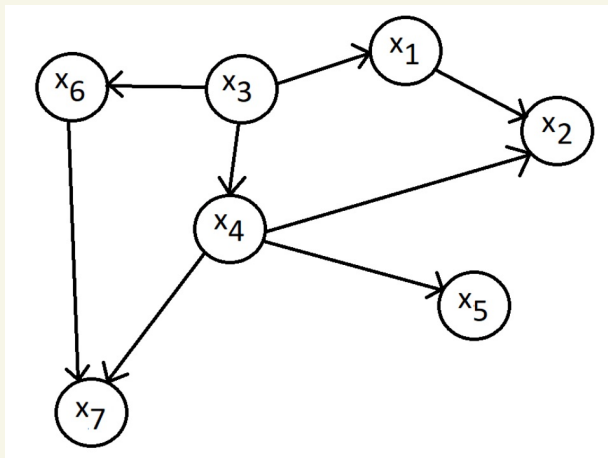
i) $x_2 \perp\!\!\!\perp x_6$?

$x_2 - x_4 - x_3$ MC ✓

$x_1 - x_3 - x_6$ 2 effects ✓

False

92)



True

(i) $x_2 \perp\!\!\!\perp x_6 \mid x_1, x_3, x_5$ ✓

* $x_2 - (x_1) - (x_3)$ stops X

* $x_2 - x_4 - x_7$ (2 eff.) pars

* $x_4 - x_7 - x_6$ (2 causes) X

* $x_2 - x_4 - (x_3)$ (MC) ✓

$x_4 - (x_3) - x_6$ X

* $x_2 - x_4 - (x_6)$ 2 effects ✓

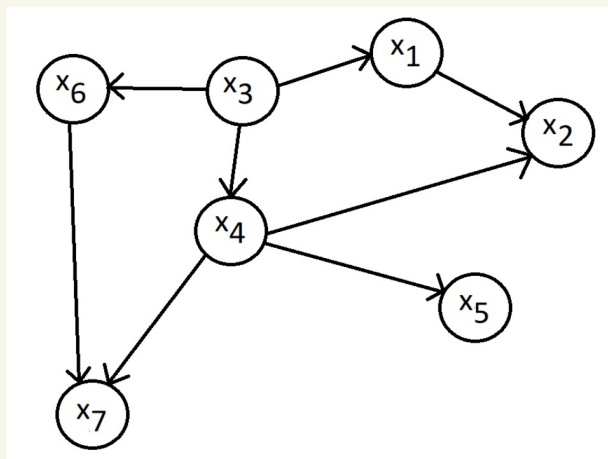
$x_4 - (x_5)$ bounces

$(x_6) - x_4 - x_7$ 2 effects ✓

$x_4 - x_7 - x_6$ (2 causes) X

$x_4 - x_5$ ✓
 $(x_5) - x_4 - (x_3)$
 $x_4 - (x_3) - x_6$ X

Q2)



(i) $x_1 \not\perp x_7 | x_5$

α $x_1 - x_2 - x_4$ (2 causes) \times

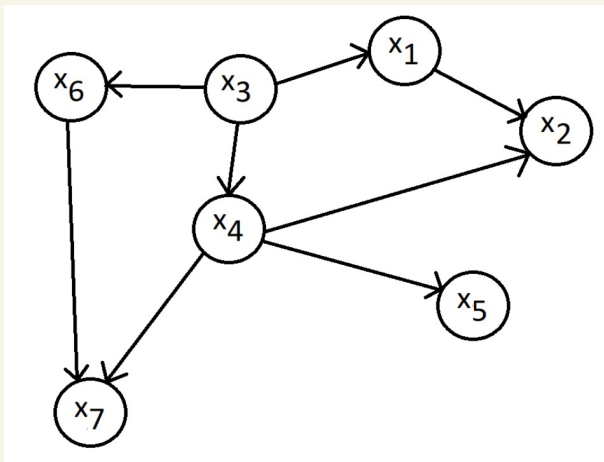
α $x_1 - x_3 - x_4$ (2 effects) \checkmark

$x_3 - x_4 - x_7$ (MC) \checkmark

False

$x_1 \not\perp x_7$

Q2)



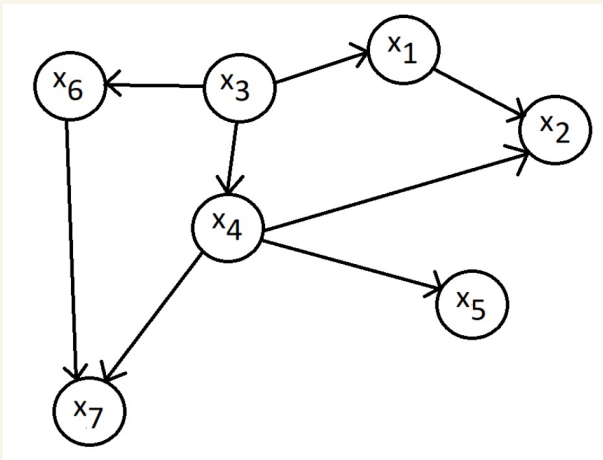
(V) $x_5 \not\perp x_3 \mid x_1, x_2$ ✓

$x_3 - x_4 - x_5$ (MC) ✓

False

$x_5 \not\perp x_3$

Q2)



V) $x_5 \perp\!\!\!\perp x_6 \mid x_1 x_2 x_4$ ✓

✗ $x_5 - (x_4) - x_7$ (2 eff.) ✗

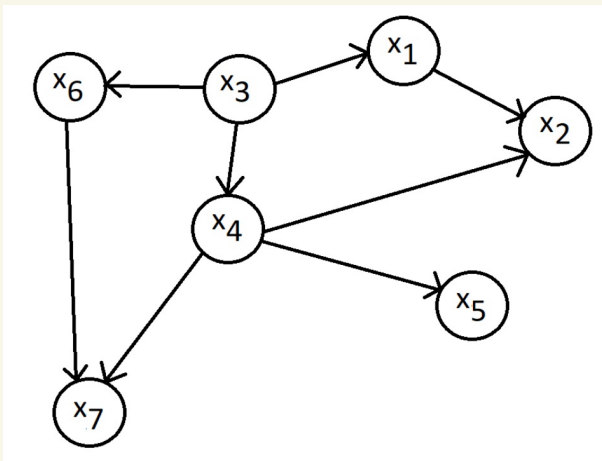
✗ $x_5 - (x_4) - x_3$ (MC) ✗

✗ $x_5 - (x_4) - x_2$ (2 eff.) ✗

True

$x_5 \perp\!\!\!\perp x_6 \mid x_4$

Q2)

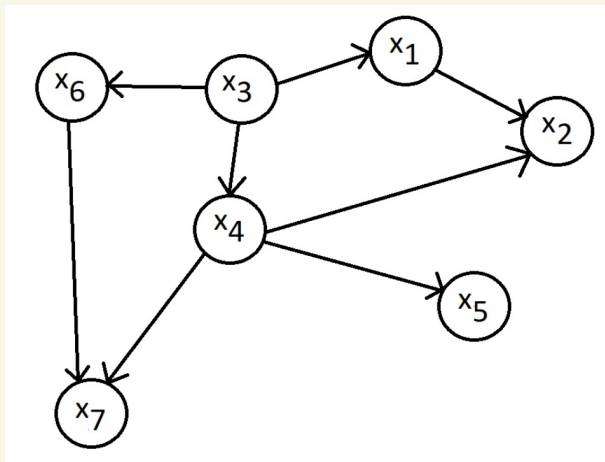


vi) $x_5 \perp\!\!\!\perp x_6 \mid x_4$

part v implies that this is

True

Q2)



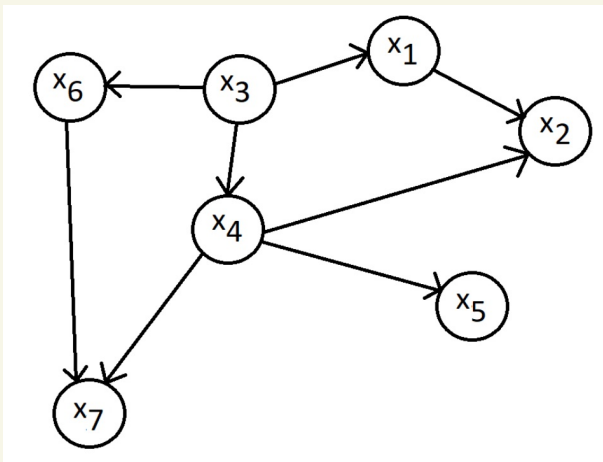
vii) $x_5 \nmid x_6 \mid x_1$

a $x_5 - x_4 - x_3$ (MC) ✓

$x_4 - x_3 - x_6$ (2 eff.) ✓

False

Q2)



True

viii) $x_2 \perp\!\!\!\perp x_6 \mid x_3, x_5$

* $x_2 - x_1 - \textcircled{x_3}$ MC ✓

$x_1 - \textcircled{x_3} - x_6$ 2 left X

* $x_2 - x_4 - \textcircled{x_3}$ MC ✓

$x_4 - \textcircled{x_3} - x_6$ 2 left X

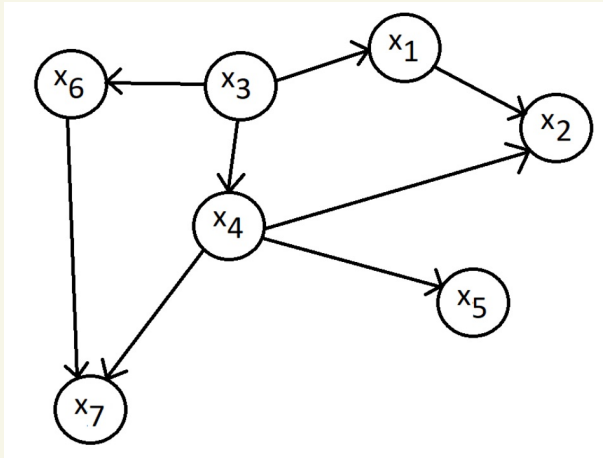
* $x_2 - x_4 - x_7$ 2 left ✓

$x_4 - x_7 - x_6$ 2 cons. X

* ~~leaf~~: $x_2 - x_4 - \textcircled{x_5}$ 2 left ✓

$| x_5 - x_4 - x_7$ (2 left) ✓

Q2)



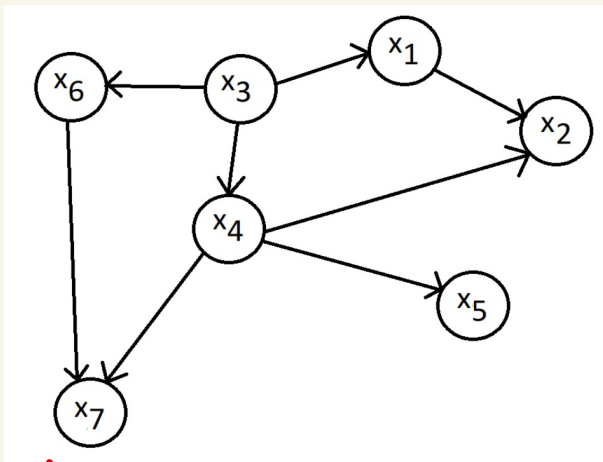
ix) ~~x_1~~ x_7

a $x_1 - x_3 - x_4$ (2 eff.) ✓

$x_3 - x_4 - x_7$ (MC) ✓

False

Q2)



- x) $x_1 \nrightarrow x_7 \mid x_4$
- a $x_1 - x_3 - \textcircled{x_4}$ (2 eff.) ✓
- $x_3 - \textcircled{x_4} - x_7$ (MC) ✗
- a $x_1 - x_3 - x_6$ (2 eff.) ✓✓
- $x_3 - x_6 - x_7$ (MC) ✓

False

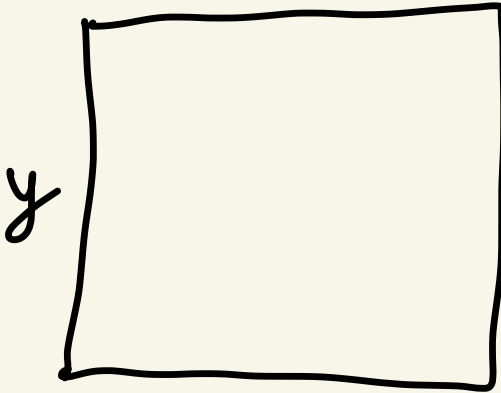
Q3) Conv filter:

x

Filter size of f_x

Stride of S_x

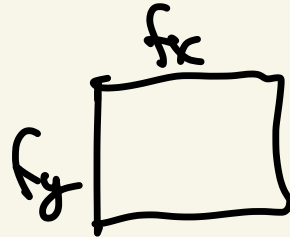
x



y

Filter size: f_y

Stride: S_y

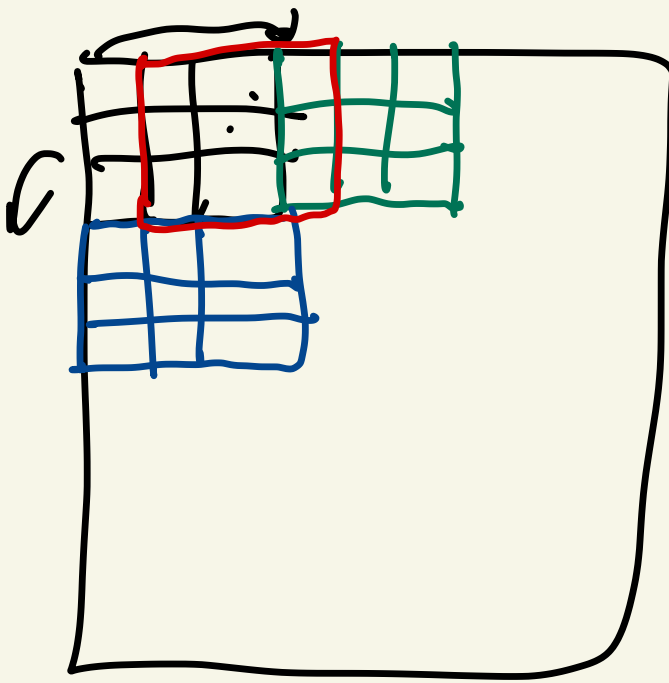


S_x, S_y

(11)
↓
of filters

$$\left(\underbrace{\frac{x - f_x}{S_x} + 1}_{\downarrow}, \underbrace{\frac{y - f_y}{S_y} + 1}_{\downarrow} \right)$$

(n,)



$$(x, y)$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\left(\frac{x}{3}, \frac{y}{3}\right)$$

When kernel size 3
stride is 3

$$\left(\frac{x - f_x}{s_x} + 1, \frac{y - f_y}{s_y} + 1\right)$$

$$\left(\frac{x-3}{3} + 1, \frac{y-3}{3} + 1\right) = \left(\frac{x}{3} - 1 + 1, \frac{y}{3} - 1 + 1\right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{x}{3}, \frac{y}{3}\right)$$

Input: $1 \times 2 \times 4$

Conv 1: $4 \times \left(\frac{x-5}{2} + 1, \frac{y-5}{3} + 1 \right)$

ReLU: no effect \times

Max pool: $4 \times \left(\frac{x-5}{6} + \frac{1}{3}, \frac{y-5}{9} + \frac{1}{3} \right)$
 $= 4 \times \left(\frac{x-3}{6}, \frac{y-2}{9} \right)$

Conv 2: $6 \times \left(\frac{\frac{x-3}{6} - 4}{2} + 1, \frac{\frac{y-2}{9} - 4}{2} + 1 \right)$
 $= 6 \times \left(\frac{x-15}{12}, \frac{y-20}{18} \right)$

ReLU \rightarrow no effect.

$$= 6 \times \left(\frac{x-15}{12} \right) \times \left(\frac{y-20}{18} \right)$$

Max Pool : (2x2), (2x2)

$$\rightarrow 6 \times \left(\frac{x-15}{24} \right) \times \left(\frac{y-20}{36} \right)$$

$$\rightarrow 6 \times 12 \times 8$$

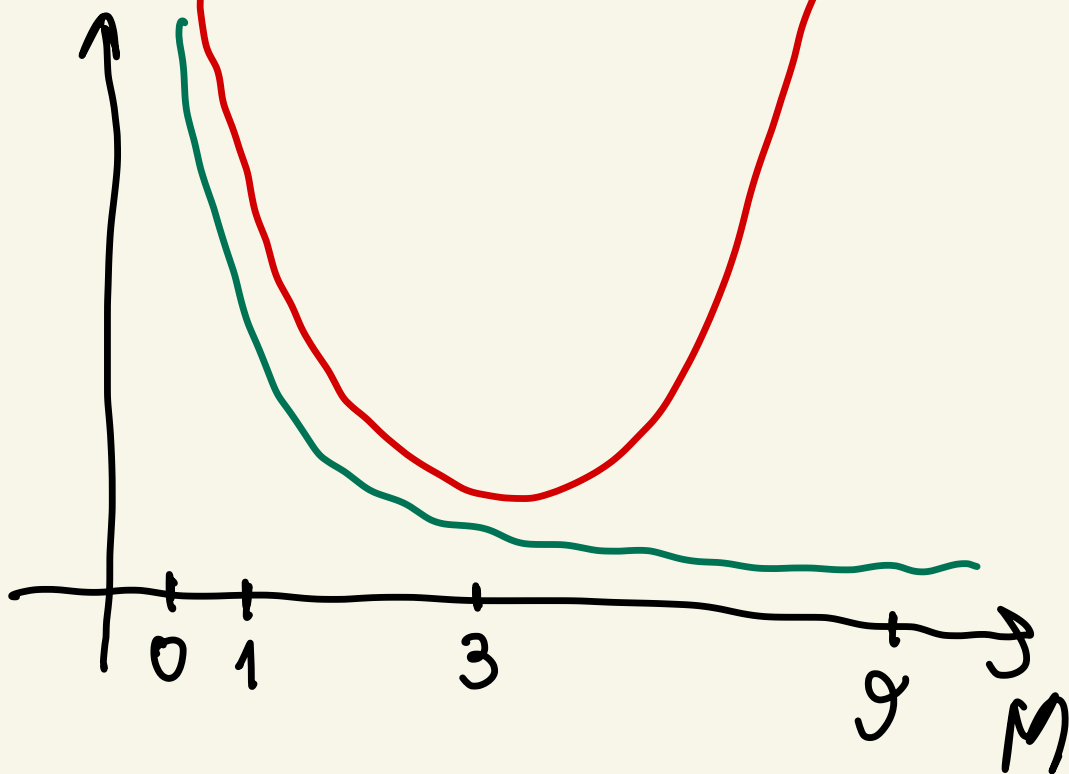
$$x-15 = \underbrace{24 \cdot 12}_{288} \rightarrow x = \underline{\underline{303}}$$

$$y-20 = \underbrace{8 \cdot 36}_{288} \rightarrow y = \underline{\underline{308}}$$

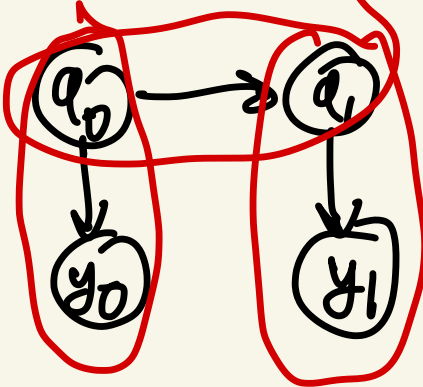
Initial Input Image Size

$$1 \times 303 \times 308$$

Q5) Loss (L)

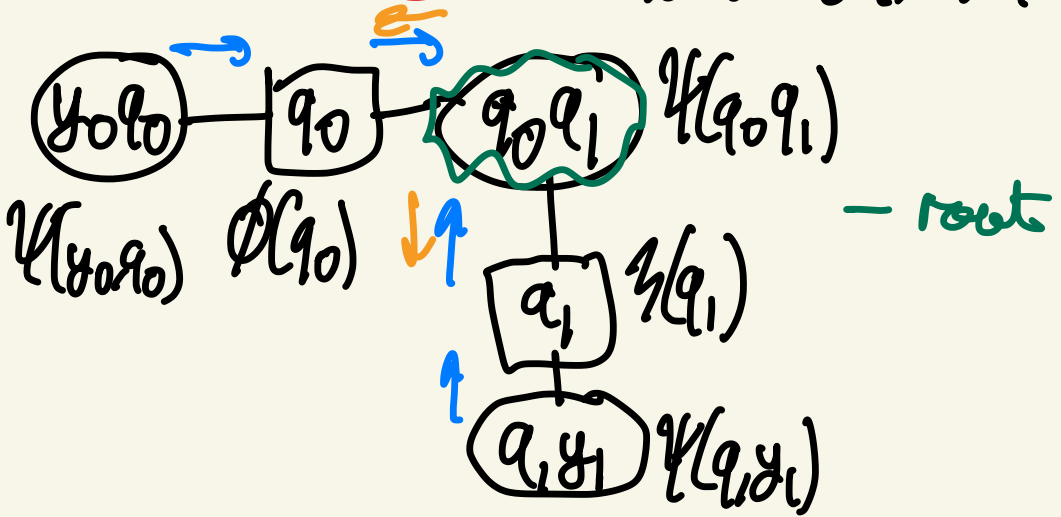


Q5)



JTA

$q_0 y_0, q_0 q_1, q_1 y_1$



1) Initialize : $\phi(q_0) = [1 \ 1]$ $\psi(q_0) = [1 \ 1]$



Lecture 11, 12, 13

$$\psi(q_0 x_0) = p(q_0) p(x_0 | q_0)$$

$$\stackrel{q_0}{=} \begin{bmatrix} 1/4 & 3/4 \\ 2/4 & 1/8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\stackrel{q_0}{=} \begin{bmatrix} 1/4 & 3/4 \\ 2/4 & 1/8 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{q_0} \begin{bmatrix} 1/16 & 3/32 \\ 3/32 & 2/32 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\psi(q_0 q_1) = p(q_1 | q_0) \stackrel{q_0}{=} \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 & 1/2 \\ 1/3 & 2/3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\psi(q_{x_1}) = p(x_1 | q_1) \stackrel{q_1}{=} \begin{bmatrix} 1/4 & 3/4 \\ 1/8 & 7/8 \end{bmatrix}$$

2) Collect up:

$$\hat{\pi}(q_1) = \sum_{x_1} \psi(q_1 x_1) = \begin{bmatrix} 3/4 & 7/8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\psi^q(q_0 q_1) = \frac{\hat{\pi}(q_1)}{\hat{\pi}(q_1)} \psi(q_0 q_1) \quad \checkmark$$

$$\stackrel{q_1}{=} \frac{\begin{bmatrix} 3/4 & 7/8 \end{bmatrix}}{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}} \begin{bmatrix} 1/2 & 1/2 \\ 1/3 & 2/3 \end{bmatrix} \stackrel{q_0}{=} \begin{bmatrix} 3/8 & 7/16 \\ 1/4 & 7/12 \end{bmatrix}$$

8) Collect left - 2 - right:

$$\phi(q_0) = \sum_{y_0} \psi(q_0 y_0) = {}^{q_0} \begin{bmatrix} 1/16 & 3/32 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \psi^{**}(q_0 q_1) &= \frac{\phi^{**}(q_0) \psi^{**}(q_0 q_1)}{\phi(q_0)} \\ &= \frac{{}^{q_0} \begin{bmatrix} 1/16 & 3/32 \end{bmatrix}}{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}} \begin{bmatrix} 3/8 & 7/16 \\ 1/4 & 7/12 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3/128 & 7/256 \\ 3/128 & 7/128 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

4) Distributes:

$$\phi^{**}(q_0) = \sum_{q_1} \psi^{**}(q_0 q_1) = {}^{q_0} \begin{bmatrix} 13/256 & 5/64 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\psi^{**}(q_1) = \sum_{q_0} \psi^{**}(q_0 q_1) = {}^{q_1} \begin{bmatrix} 3/64 & 21/256 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$p(y) = \frac{13}{256} + \frac{5}{64} = \frac{3}{64} + \frac{21}{256} = \underline{\underline{\frac{33}{256}}}$$

4) Distributions:

$$P^{xy}(q_0) = \sum_{q_1} P^{xy}(q_0, q_1) = \begin{matrix} q_0 & 1 & 2 \\ \left[\frac{13}{256} & \frac{5}{64} \right] \end{matrix}$$

$$P^{xy}(q_1) = \sum_{q_0} P^{xy}(q_0, q_1) = \begin{matrix} q_1 & 1 & 2 \\ \left[\frac{3}{64} & \frac{21}{256} \right] \end{matrix}$$

$$P(y) = \frac{13}{256} + \frac{5}{64} = \frac{3}{64} + \frac{21}{256} = \frac{33}{256}$$

$$\begin{matrix} q_0 & q_1 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 \end{matrix}$$

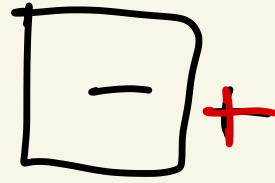
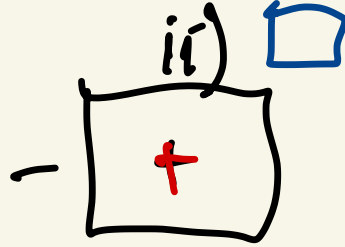
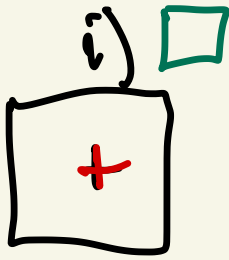
$$P(q_0=1|y) = \frac{\frac{13}{256}}{\frac{13}{256} + \frac{5}{64}} = \frac{13}{33}$$

$$P(q_0=2|y) = \frac{\frac{5}{64}}{P(y)} = \frac{20}{33}$$

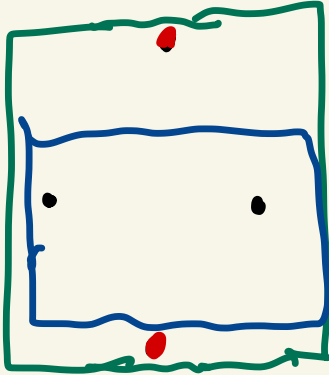
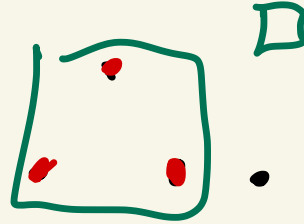
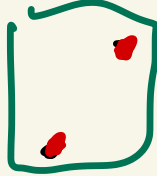
$$P(q_1=1|y) = \frac{\frac{3}{64}}{P(y)} = \frac{12}{33}$$

$$P(q_1=2|y) = \frac{\frac{21}{256}}{P(y)} = \frac{7}{11}$$

Q6)



i)



→ failed shattering

i) VC dim = 3

ii) 5 points, it cannot shatter rectangles → general form of a square
VC dim = 4